

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock Code: 543)

ANNUAL REPORT 2009













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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Lam Wai Yan (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Ho Kam Wah Mr. Wang Ta-Hsing Ms. Zhang Cong Min Mr. Tsung Shih Kin, Samuel

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak Mr. Louie Ming

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Wong Huk Yung, Hudson

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Wang Ta-Hsing Mr. Wong Huk Yung, Hudson

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec (Chairman) Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak Mr. Louie Ming

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec (Chairman) Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak Mr. Louie Ming

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Wing Hang Bank China Merchants Bank China Construction Bank BNP Paribas

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited Butterfield House 68 Fort Street P.O. Box 705 Grand Cayman KY1-1107 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 26/F, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

11/F, Pacific Electronics & Technology Plaza 1–7 Shipai West Road Tianhe Guangzhou, 510630 PRC

PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Portion of Unit 807, Tower 2 Lippo Centre 89 Queensway Hong Kong

GROUP'S PORTAL ADDRESSES

www.pconline.com.cn www.pcauto.com.cn www.pcgames.com.cn www.pclady.com.cn www.pcbaby.com.cn

WEBSITE ADDRESS

corp.pconline.com.cn

STOCK CODE

543

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

We are pleased with our effort in the past year after the challenges we faced early in the year, when China's economic recovery was by no means assured. In the first quarter, GDP growth fell to 6.1%, the slowest in 10 years. The slowdown affected consumer spending as well as internet advertising, the core of our business. The domestic economy bounced back in the second half of the year, with fourth quarter growth reaching a high of 10.7%. China has led the world's major economies in recovering from the financial crisis, providing a platform for growth of all of our businesses.

Despite facing the headwinds of the global financial crisis in 2009, I am proud to report good results of Pacific Online Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries collectively as the "Group") for the year. We saw a 19.2% increase in revenue to RMB387.0 million, from RMB324.6 million in 2008, and we maintained our gross profit margin at 73.3%, comparable to 72.8% achieved in 2008. In 2009, audited profit attributable to shareholders grew by 52.9% to RMB135.0 million, from RMB88.3 million in 2008. During the year, revenue for PConline, the Group's information technology ("IT") and consumer electronics portal, increased by 3.7% to RMB205.4 million, from RMB198.1 million in 2008. The entire IT market in China, which was among the first to move to internet advertising, is beginning to reach maturity. This is in contrast to our other segments, where we are in an earlier and steeper phase of growth in internet advertising. PCauto, our automobile portal, saw revenue growth of 39.3% to RMB149.9 million, from RMB107.6 million in 2008, and our other portals, PClady, PCbaby, and PCgames, saw revenue growth of 67.5% to RMB31.7 million, from RMB18.9 million in 2008.

These business segments are expected to see even greater growth in 2010. As auto manufacturers and consumer groups increasingly move from traditional media advertising to internet advertising, we are adding features to the site to make it more user friendly and to increase the hit rate. For example, we plan to create fan clubs for certain cars, and to add more social networking features to the site. In our PClady business, we are finding an appetite for more luxurious home furnishings along with the expansion of the middle class and rising wealth levels. As market demand becomes more defined in the home furnishings area, we may consider establishing a new portal to cover interior decorating and home products. In terms of our sales and marketing efforts, we made progress during the year penetrating secondary and tertiary cities.

Our business model is based on both horizontal and vertical expansion. We carefully monitor market demand prior to launching new websites. Once launched, we are able to take advantage of our experience with other websites, our infrastructure, and our strong pool of Research and Development talent. At the same time, we are enlarging markets within our vertical segments by developing new products and features that cater to customer needs.

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") has recommended the payment of a final dividend of RMB94.5 million, equivalent to RMB10.23 cents per ordinary share and a payout ratio of 70%, together with a bonus issue of shares on the basis of one new share for every twenty existing issued shares held. Currently, the Group is in sound financial position and the cash inflow increased by 42.9% from operating activities. As of 31 December 2009, we had a net cash position of RMB444.0 million, with no external debt. With zero leverage and healthy internally generated cash flow, barring significant cash expenditure, we expect to maintain a healthy dividend payout

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

ratio for the future. We must mention, of course, that future dividend payouts, will depend on factors such as our future earnings, financial condition, and cash requirements. Any future declaration of dividends or distributions may or may not reflect our historical declarations of dividends or distribution and will be at the absolute discretion of the Board.

In 2010, we expect internet advertising to continue the robust trend of the second half of 2009. We will continue to develop and launch new portal initiatives and to enrich our portal content. The Group's sales and marketing teams across various regional offices will expand to match our growth. In our core businesses, PConline and PCauto, we have strong brand recognition and are poised to capture future growth.

APPRECIATION

I would like to take this opportunity to express my gratitude, on behalf of the Board, to all our employees for their contribution and to all our shareholders for their continuous support of our Group.

Lam Wai Yan Chairman Hong Kong, 29 March 2010

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

REVENUE

Revenue increased by 19.2% from RMB324.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2008 to RMB387.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2009. Revenue for PConline, the Group's IT and consumer electronics portal, increased by 3.7% from RMB198.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2008 to RMB205.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2009. The slight increase in revenues from PConline was due to a slowdown in advertising spending from IT manufacturers as the global financial crisis adversely impacted their advertising budgets. Revenue for PCauto, the Group's automobile portal, increased by 39.3% from RMB107.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2008 to RMB149.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2009. The increase in revenues from PCauto was due to a growth of the automobile industry in China and their corresponding need to advertise, and new features on the Company's auto portal that helped to attract a larger number of users. Revenue for the Group's other operations, such as games, lady, baby portals and others, increased by 67.5%. Revenues from this segment are increasing significantly as consumer goods companies start to experiment with and direct a greater share of their advertising budgets to internet advertising. PConline and PCauto accounted for the majority of the Group's total revenue, at 91.8%, however, the Group's diversification strategy is proving beneficial, as new revenue sources are helping supplement and offset risk of the Group's main verticals.

COST OF REVENUE

Cost of revenue increased by 17.3% from RMB88.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2008 to RMB103.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2009. The gross profit margin was 73.3% for fiscal year 2009 and was stable compared to fiscal year 2008. The increase in cost of revenue was due to an increase in headcount to support the Group's expansion plans.

SELLING AND MARKETING COSTS

Selling and Marketing Costs increased by 11.7% from RMB47.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2008 to RMB52.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2009. The increase was primarily due to increase in staff costs to accommodate a larger client base.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Administrative Expenses increased by 3.0% from RMB37.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2008 to RMB39.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2009. The increase was mainly due to an increase in expenses associated with being a publicly listed company, such as compliance costs, professional fees and an increase in staff.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

Product Development Expenses increased by 21.5% from RMB14.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2008 to RMB17.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2009. The increase was primarily due to an increase in staff costs as the Group expanded its headcount in the research and development team.

FINANCE INCOME AND COST

The Group realized a net finance income of RMB5.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2009, compared with a net finance cost of RMB19.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2008. The net finance income was primarily attributed to interest income on short term bank deposits.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Income Tax Expense increased by 66.8% from RMB29.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2008 to RMB48.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2009. The increase was due to increase of withholding tax on profits retained by PRC subsidiaries.

NET PROFIT

Net Profit increased by 52.9% from RMB88.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2008 to RMB135.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2009.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As of 31 December 2009, the Group had financial resources in the form of short term bank deposits and cash amounting to RMB444.0 million, compared to RMB623.6 million as at 31 December 2008. The cash inflow increased by 42.9% from operating activities during the year and there was no external debt.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS OUTLOOK

As the Group expected, the advertising industry saw a significant improvement in the second half of 2009. Our strong market position allowed us to reap the benefits from the recovery in both the global economy and the advertising industry in China. Despite a weaker first half in 2009, we continued to deliver strong results, which contributed to our positive outlook for 2010.

Throughout the year, we have been further developing our portals to provide a more interactive experience for our users. Our 2009 results were primarily driven by strong growth in PCauto, as the automobile companies enjoyed substantial growth and their corresponding need to advertise. Our other portals such as PClady and PCgames also saw meaningful growth, and we expect to see even stronger contribution from these portals in 2010. PConline, our core IT portal, continued to grow, though at a slower pace than in 2008, as the IT sector was impacted by global budget constraint by the major consumer electronics brands.

We remain highly confident of our business outlook and continue to invest in our future growth. We agreed to purchase three new buildings in Guangzhou to enhance the working environment for our employees, prepare for further expansion and attract top talents in the markets. We are constantly recruiting new talents and setting up proprietary training programs to continuously develop our staff. As always, we invest heavily in our technology and R&D activities in an effort to further enhance our content offering and user experience.

The future of the advertising market in China is bright and appropriate positioning is the key to sustaining our strong growth in this market. In 2010, we will be releasing new portals as well as increasing our share of existing markets with new features that cater to our customers' needs. We remain committed to executing our core business strategies so as to drive the strong growth of our Company and deliver value to our shareholders.

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Lam Wai Yan ("Mr. Lam"), aged 58, is an executive director, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He is also a director and the controlling shareholder of Pac Tech Investment Co. Ltd., a substantial shareholder of the Company. Mr. Lam obtained a bachelor's degree in Science from the University of Texas, EL PASO, in 1975. He has extensive local and overseas general management experience and has more than 10 years of experience in IT industry. He had been a vice president and director of Dean Witter Reynolds Inc. from 1979 to 1989 and a director of Credit Lyonnais Securities (Asia) Limited from 1990 to 1991. Mr. Lam co-founded the Group and has played a key role in developing the businesses of the Group since 1997 and led the Group to become one of the leading specialized content portal in China.

Mr. Ho Kam Wah ("Mr. Ho"), aged 57, is an executive director of the Company and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He is also a director and the controlling shareholder of Treasure Field Holdings Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company. Mr. Ho obtained a bachelor's degree in Science from Illinois State University in 1976. He is principally involved in strategic planning and assisting in overall management and business development of the Group. Mr. Ho co-founded the Group and has played a major role in developing the businesses of the Group since 1997 and has an extensive management experience over 10 years in the IT industry.

Mr. Wang Ta-Hsing ("Mr. Wang"), aged 35, is an executive director and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He joined the Group in 2005. Mr. Wang obtained a bachelor's degree in Science from the University of California, Berkeley in 1998 and a master's degree in Business Administration from Columbia University in 2004. Mr. Wang is responsible for financing and accounting management of the Group.

Ms. Zhang Cong Min ("Ms. Zhang"), aged 42, is an executive director and the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Ms. Zhang obtained a bachelor's degree in Chemical Analysis from the University of Science and Technology of China (中國科學技術大學) in 1991. She is also a standing member of the Political Consultation Committee of Tianhe District, Guangzhou (中國廣州天河區政治協商會議委員會) since September 2006. Ms. Zhang joined the Group in January 2003. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Zhang worked as a marketing manager and assistant general manager of Guangdong Pacific Electronic Technology Mall Co., Ltd. (廣東太平洋電子科技廣場有限公司). Ms. Zhang has over 10 years of experience in operation management and the IT industry. She has held various management positions in the Group.

Mr. Tsung Shih Kin, Samuel ("Mr. Tsung"), aged 59, is an executive director and the Chief Technical Officer of the Company. He joined the Group in 2003. Mr. Tsung obtained a bachelor's degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of Texas, Austin, in 1975. He has over 30 years of progressive IT industry experience in Canada, Hong Kong and China. Mr. Tsung is in charge of commercial application of information technology and development of Internet and e-commerce capabilities. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Tsung held several key senior management positions in the IT service industry. He had worked in Canada for 18 years and served as a manager of application development for the Ministry of Agriculture & Food in Ontario, Canada until 1996.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec ("Mr. Tsui"), aged 60, is an independent non-executive director and the chairman of both the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company. He joined the Group in November 2007. Mr. Tsui obtained a bachelor's degree in Science (Industrial Engineering) and a master's degree in Engineering (Industrial Engineering) from the University of Tennessee, Knoxville in 1975 and 1976, respectively. He attended the Programme for Senior Managers in Government at the John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University in 1993. He has been a member of the Hong Kong Securities Institute since 1998. Mr. Tsui has over 20 years' extensive experience in finance and administration, corporate and strategic planning, information technology and human resources management, having served at various international companies. He held key positions at the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong prior to joining the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in 1994 as an executive director of the finance and operations services division and becoming the chief executive in 1997. He was also the chairman of the Hong Kong Securities Institute from 2001 to 2004. He was an adviser and a council member of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange from July 2001 to June 2002. Currently, Mr. Tsui is acting as independent non-executive director of the following listed companies:

Name of listed companies

China BlueChemical Ltd. China Chengtong Development Group Limited China Huiyuan Juice Group Limited China Oilfield Services Limited China Power International Development Limited COSCO International Holdings Limited Greentown China Holdings Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited Melco Crown Entertainment Limited ATA Inc.

Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak ("Mr. Beczak"), aged 59, is an independent non-executive director and a member of both the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company. He joined the Group in November 2007. Mr. Beczak graduated from Georgetown University (B.S.F.S.) and Columbia University (M.B.A.). He is a member of the board of advisers of the School of Foreign Services at Georgetown University. He is currently the chairman of Latitude Capital Group. Currently, Mr. Beczak is acting as non-executive director of a number of non-listed companies and independent non-executive director of the following listed companies:

Name of listed companies

Advanced Semiconductor Manufacturing Corporation Limited Arnhold Holdings Limited Phoenix Satellite Television Holdings Limited

From June 2004 until March 2008, Mr. Beczak was the senior advisor of Nomura International (Hong Kong) Limited and was also the chairman of Nomura Asia Holdings N.V. from April 2006 until March 2008. From November 1997 until December 2002, Mr. Beczak was the chairman of the Listing Committee of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and a member of Board of Directors of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange from 1998 until 2001. He was a member of the Advisory Committee of the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong from 2001 until 2007 and was also a member of the Advisory Committee of the China Securities Regulatory Commission. From September 1997 until December 2003, Mr. Beczak was a director of Kerry Holdings Limited. During this time he also held various board and operating positions within the group, including deputy chairman of SCMP Group Limited and publisher of South China Morning Post Publishers Limited, deputy chairman of Shangri-La Asia Limited, deputy chairman of Kuok Philippines Properties, a director of China World Trade Center Limited and a director of Kerry Properties Limited. Prior to joining the Kerry Group, Mr. Beczak was the managing director of J.P. Morgan Inc., and president of J.P. Morgan Securities Asia from 1990 until 1997. While at J.P. Morgan, Hong Kong, Mr. Beczak was a director of the Bank of the Philippine Islands and a committee member of the Hong Kong Association of Banks. Mr. Beczak has over 20 years of experience in Asia.

Mr. Louie Ming ("Mr. Louie"), aged 63, is an independent non-executive director and a member of both the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company. He joined the Group in November 2007. Mr. Louie graduated from Polytechnic University of New York (BSEE) and obtained a master's degree from Princeton University and a master's degree in Business Administration from Drexel University. He has been the managing director of Dynasty Capital Services LLC (Consulting) since January 2002 and is currently a director of Mindspeed Technologies Inc., a world leader in communications integrated circuits listed on NASDAQ. He co-founded and has served as the managing director of Mobile Radius, Inc., since March 2002.

From October 2003 to May 2005, Mr. Louie served as the China president of GSM Association, whose members include more than 650 wireless communication operators (including Vodafone, China Mobile, NTT DoCoMo and T-mobile) and more than 200 manufacturers (such as Nokia, Siemens, Ericsson, Microsoft and Intel). As president, Mr. Louie reported to a global board of directors representing, among others, Hutchison Whampoa Group, T-Mobile and SingTel Mobile. During his presidency, Mr. Louie established the strategic alliance between previously conflicting standards involving WCDMA/GSM and TD-SCDMA, successfully coordinating the interests of the Asian, European and U.S. members. Mr. Louie also served as Qualcomm's president of Greater China (world's largest mobile communications market) from May 2000 to October 2001 and as vice president, business development of Globalstar Communications Limited from January 1989 to May 2000.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Lu Wu Qing ("Ms. Lu"), aged 41, is the chief administrative officer of the Group and joined the Group in 2003. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Lu worked as a deputy manager of the administrative department of Guangdong Pacific Electronic Technology Mall Co., Ltd. (廣東太平洋 電子科技廣場有限公司). She obtained a bachelor's degree in Computer Software from Zhongshan University (中山大學) in 1990.

Mr. Wong Huk Yung, Hudson ("Mr. Wong"), aged 44, is the company secretary and financial controller of the Group and joined the Group in 2005. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Wong was a qualified accountant working for international accounting firms and a Hong Kong listed company. He obtained a bachelor's degree in Economics and Accounting from University of Reading.

Ms. Fan Zeng Chun ("Ms. Fan"), aged 39, is the accounting director of the Group and joined the Group in 2003. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Fan worked as a senior accounting manager at Guangdong Pacific Electronic Technology Mall Co., Ltd. (廣東太平洋電子科技廣場有限公司). Ms. Fan is a qualified accountant (enterprise) and certified internal auditor. Ms. Fan graduated from the Zhejiang Zhijin Economic Professional School (浙江治金經濟專科學校) with a Certificate of Industrial Economics (經濟系工業經濟專業專科).

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company acknowledges the important role of its Board in providing effective leadership and direction to Company business, and ensuring transparency and accountability of Company operations. The Board sets appropriate policies and implements corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of the Group's business.

The Company has applied the principles set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

In the opinion of the Board, the Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2009 save for the deviation from the code provision A.2.1 which requires that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company as well as details relating to the foregoing deviation are summarized below.

The Board will continue to enhance its corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of its business and to review such practices from time to time to ensure that they comply with statutory and professional standards and align with the latest developments.

A. THE BOARD

A.1 Responsibilities and Delegation

The Board is responsible for overall management and control of the Company. Its main roles are to provide leadership and to approve strategic policies and plans with a view to enhancing shareholder value. All directors carry out their duties in good faith and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, taking decisions objectively, and acting in the interests of the Company and its shareholders at all times.

All directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary and senior management, with a view to ensuring compliance with Board procedures and all applicable laws and regulations. Any director may request independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon making reasonable request to the Board.

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters of the Company, including approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

Pacific Online Limited

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board has delegated a schedule of responsibilities to the executive directors and senior management of the Company. These responsibilities include implementing decisions of the Board and directing and co-ordinating day-to-day operation and management of the Company. The delegated functions and responsibilities are periodically reviewed by the Board. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the aforesaid officers.

A.2 Board Composition

The composition of the Board reflects the necessary balance of skills and experience appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Company and to the exercising of independent judgment.

The Board comprises the following members:

Executive Directors Mr. Lam Wai Yan (Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Ho Kam Wah Mr. Wang Ta-Hsing Ms. Zhang Cong Min Mr. Tsung Shih Kin, Samuel

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec (Chairman of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee)

Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak (Member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee)

Mr. Louie Ming (Member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee)

None of the members of the Board is related to one another.

The list of directors (by category) is set out under the section headed "Corporate Information" in this annual report and is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company from time to time pursuant to the Listing Rules. The independent non-executive directors are expressly identified in all corporate communications of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the Board has at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors with at least one independent non-executive director possessing appropriate professional qualifications and accounting and related financial management expertise. The Company has also adopted the recommended best practice under the CG Code for having at least one-third of its Board members being independent non-executive directors.

All directors have brought a wide range of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Moreover, through active participation in Board meetings and taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflict of interests, all independent non-executive directors had made various contributions to the effective direction of the Company and provided adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of both the Group and the shareholders.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent nonexecutive director of his independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of its independent non-executive directors independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

A.3 Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Code provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Mr. Lam Wai Yan is the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. As Mr. Lam is a co-founder of the Group and has extensive experience in the internet industry, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Group to have Mr. Lam taking up both roles for continuous effective management and business development of the Group.

The Board considers that the current structure of vesting the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in the same person will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company.

A.4 Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

All directors are appointed for a specific term. Each of the executive directors entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of 3 years. The Company has issued a letter of appointment to each of independent non-executive directors for a term of 3 years.

The Company has not set up a nomination committee and the Board as a whole is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of directors, monitoring the appointment and succession planning of directors and assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors. In addition, the Company has adopted "Directors Nomination Procedures" as written guidelines in providing formal, considered and transparent procedures to the Board for evaluating and selecting candidates for directorships. Where vacancies on the Board exist, the Board will carry out the selection process by making reference to the skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal

integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations. An external recruitment agency may be engaged to carry out the recruitment and selection process as necessary.

Besides, the procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of directors are laid down in the Company's Articles of Association (the "Articles of Association"). According to the Articles of Association, all directors of the Company are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and are eligible for re-election at annual general meetings of the Company. Any new director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall submit himself/herself for re-election by shareholders at the first general meeting and any new director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall submit himself/herself for re-election by shareholders at the next following annual general meeting.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec, Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak and Mr. Louie Ming shall retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming 2010 annual general meeting of the Company. The Board recommended their re-appointment. The Company's circular, sent together with this annual report, contains detailed information of the above three directors as required by the Listing Rules.

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the Board met once, with the presence of Mr. Lam Wai Yan, Mr. Ho Kam Wah, Mr. Wang Ta-Hsing, Ms. Zhang Cong Min, Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec, Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak and Mr. Louie Ming, for (i) reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Group; (ii) recommending the re-appointment of those directors standing for re-election at the 2009 annual general meeting of the Company; and (iii) assessing the independence of the independent non-executive directors of the Company.

A.5 Induction and Continuing Development of Directors

All the directors of the Company received an induction on appointment to ensure he/ she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements. Such induction is normally supplemented with visits to the Group's key business sites and/or meetings with the senior management of the Company.

Directors are continually updated on legal and regulatory developments and changes in the business and the market to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. Continuing briefings and professional development for directors will be arranged as necessary.

A.6 Board Meetings

A.6.1 Board Practices and Conduct of Meetings

Schedules for regular Board meetings are normally agreed with directors in advance to facilitate attendance. Notice of regular Board Meetings is served to all directors at least 14 days before the meeting. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given.

Draft agenda of each Board meeting is usually sent to all directors together with the notice of meeting in order to give them an opportunity to include any other matters in the agenda for discussion in the meeting.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting to keep the directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Group and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each director also have separate and independent access to the senior management whenever necessary.

The Chairman and other relevant senior management normally attend regular Board meetings and, where necessary, other Board and committee meetings to advise on business developments, financial and accounting matters, statutory compliance, corporate governance and other major aspects of the Group.

The Company Secretary is responsible to take and keep minutes of all Board and committee meetings. Draft minutes are normally circulated to directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for directors' inspection.

According to current Board practice, any material transaction, which involves a conflict of interests for a substantial shareholder or a director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Articles of Association contain provisions requiring directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

Pacific Online Limited

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

A.6.2 Directors' Attendance Records at Board Meetings

During the year ended 31 December 2009, 5 Board meetings were held, out of which 4 were regular meetings held at approximately quarterly intervals for reviewing and discussing the financial and operating performance and development of the Group, acquisitions and investments and other related matters. Directors' attendance records at Board meetings during the year ended 31 December 2009 are set out below:

	Attendance/ Number of
Name of Director	Meetings
Executive Directors	
Mr. Lam Wai Yan	5/5
Mr. Ho Kam Wah	5/5
Mr. Wang Ta-Hsing	5/5
Ms. Zhang Cong Min	5/5
Mr. Tsung Shih Kin, Samuel	4/5
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec	5/5
Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak	4/5
Mr. Louie Ming	5/5

A.7 Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted its own code of conduct governing directors' dealings in the Company's securities (the "Own Code") on terms no less exacting than the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Specific enquiry has been made of the Company's directors and all of them have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the period from 1 January 2009 to the date of this report.

The Company has also established written guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code (the "Employees Written Guidelines") for relevant employees, who are likely to be in possession of unpublished price-sensitive information in relation to the Company and its securities, in respect of their dealings in the securities of the Company. No incident of non-compliance of the Employees Written Guidelines by the employees was noted by the Company.

In case when the Company is aware of any restricted period for dealings in the Company's securities, the Company will notify its directors and relevant employees in advance.

B. BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three Board committees, namely, the Executive Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees have been established with defined written terms of reference, which are available to shareholders upon request. All Board committees report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations.

All Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

B.1 Executive Committee

The Executive Committee comprises all the executive directors of the Company with the Chairman of the Board, Mr. Lam Wai Yan, acting as the Chairman of such Committee. The Executive Committee operates as a general management committee under the direct authority of the Board to increase the efficiency for the business decision. It monitors the execution of the Company's strategic plans and operations of all business units of the Group and discusses and makes decisions on matters relating to the management and day-to-day operations of the Group.

B.2 Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises a total of three members, being the three independent non-executive directors, namely, Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec, Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak and Mr. Louie Ming.

The duties of the Remuneration Committee are mainly to (i) make recommendations to the Board on the Company's remuneration policy and structure for directors and senior management and the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing such remuneration policy and structure; (ii) make recommendations on the remuneration packages of executive directors and senior management; and (iii) review and approve performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives.

Human Resources Department is responsible for collection and administration of the human resources data and making recommendations to the Remuneration Committee for consideration. The Remuneration Committee consults with the Chairman of the Board/ Chief Executive Officer of the Company about these recommendations on remuneration policy and structure and remuneration packages.

Details of the remuneration of each director of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2009 are set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this annual report.

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the Remuneration Committee met once, with the presence of Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec, Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak and Mr. Louie Ming, for reviewing and making recommendations on the payment of discretionary bonus to the executive directors of the Company.

B.3 Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises a total of three members, being the three independent non-executive directors, namely, Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec, Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak and Mr. Louie Ming. Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec is the Chairman of the Audit Committee and possesses relevant accounting and financial management expertise. None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the Company's existing external auditor.

The duties of the Audit Committee are mainly to (i) review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the financial officers of the Group or external auditor before submission to the Board; (ii) review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process; (iii) make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditor; and (iv) review the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems.

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the Audit Committee met twice together with the Company's external auditor and/or the senior management and performed the following major tasks:

- Review and discussion of the annual financial statements, results announcement and report for the year ended 31 December 2008, the related accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and the relevant audit findings; and the recommendation of the re-appointment of the external auditor; and
- Review and discussion of the interim financial statements, results announcement and report for the six months ended 30 June 2009 and the related accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group.

The attendance records of members at the said two Audit Committee meetings are set out below:

Name of Audit Committee Member	Attendance/ Number of
	Meetings
Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec <i>(Chairman)</i>	2/2
Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak	2/2
Mr. Louie Ming	2/2

C. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, price sensitive announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements. The management has provided such explanation and information to the Board as necessary to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial information and position of the Group put forward to the Board for approval.

The directors have acknowledged their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2009.

There are no material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

D. INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has overall responsibility for the internal control system of the Group. The Board is responsible for maintaining an adequate internal control system to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets and for reviewing the effectiveness of such system on an annual basis. The internal control system of the Group is designed to facilitate effective and efficient operations, to ensure reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, to identify and manage potential risks and to safeguard assets of the Group. The senior management reviews and evaluates the control process, monitors any risk factors on a regular basis and reports to the Audit Committee on any findings and measures to address the variances and identified risks.

During the year under review, the Board conducted a review of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company including the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

E. EXTERNAL AUDITOR AND AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The statement of the external auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities in respect of the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 is set out in the section headed 'Independent Auditor's Report' in this annual report.

The fees paid/payable to the Company's external auditors in respect of audit services and non-audit services for the year ended 31 December 2009 are analyzed below:

Type of services provided by the external auditors	Fees paid/ payable (RMB)
Audit services	2,387,000
Non-audit services	
— Interim review	250,000
— Others	350,000
TOTAL:	2,987,000

F. COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company considers that effective communication with shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company also recognizes the importance of transparency and timely disclosure of corporate information, which will enable shareholders and investors to make the best investment decisions.

effective communication, То promote the Company maintains а website at "http://corp.pconline.com.cn", where extensive information and updates on the Group's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access. Shareholders and investors may write directly to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit 807, Tower 2, Lippo Centre, 89 Queensway, Hong Kong for inquiries. Enquiries are dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

The Board welcomes views of shareholders and encourages them to attend general meetings to raise any concerns they might have with the Board or the management directly. The Chairman of the Board as well as the Chairmen and/or other members of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee will normally attend the annual general meetings and other shareholders' meetings of the Company to answer questions raised.

The 2009 annual general meeting of the Company was held on 15 May 2009, the notice of which was sent to shareholders no less than 20 clear business days before the meeting.

The Company continues to enhance communication and relationship with its investors. Designated senior management maintains regular dialogue with institutional investors and analysts to keep them informed of the Group's developments.

G. SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

As one of the measures to safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors, for shareholders' consideration and voting. Besides, the Articles of Association contain rights of shareholder(s) to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in the requisition.

All resolutions put forward at shareholders' meetings will be voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and the poll voting results will be posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (http://corp.pconline.com.cn) immediately after the relevant general meetings.



The Board is pleased to present the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009.

GROUP REORGANISATION

The Company was incorporated on 27 August 2007 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap. 22, (Law 3 of 1961, as combined and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The Company is an investment holding company of the companies now comprising the Group.

The Company's shares have been listed on Main Board of the Stock Exchange since 18 December 2007. After the completion of group reorganisation as set out in the prospectus of the Company dated 5 December 2007 (the "Prospectus"), pursuant to an agreement dated 12 November 2007, the Company acquired the entire issued capital of Takehigh Industry Limited through a share swap and became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of internet advertising services in the People's Republic of China. The activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 42.

The Board has recommended (i) the payment of a final dividend of RMB10.23 cents per ordinary share in cash for the year ended 31 December 2009 (the "Proposed Final Dividend") and (ii) a bonus issue of shares on the basis of one new share for every twenty existing issued shares held (the "Proposed Bonus Issue of Shares") to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company at the close of business on 24 May 2010. Subject to shareholders' approval at the Company's forthcoming Annual General Meeting to be held on Monday, 24 May 2010, the dividend warrants relating to the Proposed Final Dividend will be sent to the shareholders on or about 31 May 2010 and the new share certificates relating to the Proposed Bonus Issue of Shares will be sent to the shareholders on or about 7 June 2010.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 19 May 2010 to Monday, 24 May 2010 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to qualify for entitlement to the Proposed Final Dividend and Proposed Bonus Issue of Shares and for attending and voting at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Monday, 24 May 2010, unregistered holders of shares of the Company should ensure

that all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates and the appropriate transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's Branch Share Registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 26/F., Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 18 May 2010.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities and assets less liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and the Prospectus, is set out on page 96 of the annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year set out in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

Pursuant to the shareholders' resolutions of the Company passed on 23 November 2007, the Company has adopted a Pre-IPO Share Option Plan and a Post-IPO Share Option Plan for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations.

Summary of the Share Option Schemes of the Company is as follows:

	Details	Pre-IPO Share Option Plan	Post-IPO Share Option Plan
1.	Purpose	executive directors, certain senior management staff and employees of the Group and to retain those persons	To advance the interests of the Company and its shareholders by enabling the Company to grant share options to attract, retain and reward the eligible persons, to provide to the eligible persons a performance incentive for continued and improved services with the Company and its subsidiaries, and to enhance such persons' contribution to increase the profits by encouraging capital accumulation and share ownership.
2.	Participants	Any executive directors, senior management staff and employees of the Group.	Any directors (whether executive or non-executive and whether independent or not), any employee (whether full-time or part-time), any consultant or adviser of or to the Company or the Group (whether on an employment, contractual or honorary basis and whether paid or unpaid), who, in the absolute opinion of the Board, have contributed to the Company or the Group.
3.	Total number of ordinary shares available for issue	No further option could be granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Plan.	80,037,000 shares, being 8.6% of the issued share capital as at the date of this annual report.
4.	Maximum entitlement of each participant	Determined by the Board.	Where any grant or further grant of options to a participant would result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all the options already granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant or further grant representing in aggregate over 1% of the total number of shares in issue, such grant or further grant must be separately approved by the shareholders in a general meeting.
			Where any grant or further grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or any of their respective associates, would result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant:
			(a) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the relevant class of shares in issue; and
			(b) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares at the date of each grant, in excess of HK\$5,000,000,
			such grant or further grant of options must be approved by the shareholders in a general meeting.

	Details	Pre-IPO Share Option Pl	an	Post-IPO Share Option Plan
5.	Period within which the securities must be taken up under an option	determined and notified but shall not be more th grant of options subject	by the Board to each grantee, an 10 years from the date of	An option may be exercised at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Board to each grantee, but shall not be more than 10 years from the date of grant of options subject to the provisions for early termination set out in the Post-IPO Share Option Plan.
6.	Minimum period for which an option must be held	The minimum period for w held before it can be exer		There is no minimum period for which an option granted must be held before it can be exercised except otherwise
	before it can be exercised	Minimum Period	Number of options exercisable	imposed by the directors.
		24 months from the date of grant	1st phase options, being one- third of the total number of options granted	
		36 months from the date of grant	2nd phase options, being a further one-third of the total number of options granted	
		48 months from the date of grant	3rd phase options, being a further one-third of the total number of options granted	
7.	Acceptance of offer	1 3	taken up within 14 days from ayment of HK\$1 per grant.	Options granted must be taken up within 28 days from the date of offer, upon payment of HK\$1 per grant.
8.	Basis of determining the exercise price	Determined by the Board.		Determined by the Board but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer of the grant of options, which must be a trading day; (ii) the average closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five trading immediately preceding the date of offer of the grant of options; and (iii) the nominal value of an ordinary share.
9.	Remaining life of the scheme	Expired on 28 November 2	2007.	It will remain in force for a period of 10 years, commencing on 23 November 2007.



Movements of the Share Option Schemes of the Company during the year are as follows:

(a) Pre-IPO Share Option Plan

				Number of share options				
		Fuerciae	Exercise	As at	Granted	Exercised/ cancelled	Lapsed	As at 31
Category	Date of grant	Exercise period	price per share	1 January 2009	during the year	during the year	during the year	December 2009
Director								
Ms. Zhang Cong Min	23 November 2007	А	1	5,292,000	_	_	_	5,292,000
	23 November 2007	В	Ш	5,292,000	_	_	_	5,292,000
	23 November 2007	C		5,292,000	_	_	_	5,292,000
				15,876,000	_	_	_	15,876,000
Mr. Tsung Shih Kin,	23 November 2007	А	I	1,004,333	_	_	_	1,004,333
Samuel	23 November 2007	В	II	1,004,333	_	_	_	1,004,333
	23 November 2007	С		1,004,334	_	_	_	1,004,334
				3,013,000	_	_	_	3,013,000
				18,889,000	_	_	_	18,889,000
Employees in	23 November 2007	А	I	9,107,000	_	_	(1,805,000)	7,302,000
aggregate	23 November 2007	В	II	9,107,000	_	_	(1,805,000)	7,302,000
	23 November 2007	C	III	9,103,000	_	_	(1,804,000)	7,299,000
				27,317,000	_	_	(5,414,000)	21,903,000
Total				46,206,000	_	_	(5,414,000)	40,792,000

Notes:

Exercise period	Exercise price
A: from 23 November 2009 to 22 November 2017	I: HK\$1.52
B: from 23 November 2010 to 22 November 2017	II: HK\$1.97
C: from 23 November 2011 to 22 November 2017	III: HK\$2.27

The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.

(b) Post-IPO Share Option Plan

				Number of share options				
Category	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise price per share	As at 1 January 2009	Granted during the year	Exercised/ cancelled during the year	Lapsed during the year	As at 31 December 2009
		Period	51141 0		une year	the year	une yeu	2005
Director								
Mr. Lam Wai Yan	18 May 2009	А	1	_	1,100,000	_	_	1,100,000
	18 May 2009	В	I	_	1,100,000	_	_	1,100,000
	18 May 2009	C	1	_	1,100,000	_		1,100,000
					3,300,000	_		3,300,000
Mr. Wang Ta-Hsing	18 May 2009	А	I	_	1,000,000	_	_	1,000,000
	18 May 2009	В	I	_	1,000,000	_	_	1,000,000
	18 May 2009	C	1	_	1,000,000	_		1,000,000
					3,000,000			3,000,000
Ms. Zhang Cong Min	18 May 2009	А	I	_	1,660,000	_	_	1,660,000
	18 May 2009	В	1	_	1,660,000	_	_	1,660,000
	18 May 2009	C	1	_	1,680,000		_	1,680,000
					5,000,000	_	_	5,000,000
Mr. Tsung Shih Kin,	6 July 2009	D	11	_	500,000	_	_	500,000
Samuel	6 July 2009	E	II	_	500,000	_	_	500,00
	6 July 2009	F	11	_	500,000	_	_	500,000
					1,500,000	_		1,500,000
Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec	6 July 2009	D	II	_	66,000	_	_	66,000
	6 July 2009	E	II	_	67,000	_	_	67,000
	6 July 2009	F		_	67,000	_		67,000
					200,000	_	_	200,000



Exercise price

II: HK\$1.81

1:

HK\$1.51

				Number of share options				
						Exercised/		
			Exercise	As at	Granted	cancelled	Lapsed	As at 31
		Exercise	price per	1 January	during	during	during	December
Category	Date of grant	period	share	2009	the year	the year	the year	2009
Director								
Mr. Thaddeus Thomas	6 July 2009	D	II	_	66,000	_	_	66,000
Beczak	6 July 2009	E	II	_	67,000	_	_	67,000
	6 July 2009	F		_	67,000		_	67,000
					200,000	_	_	200,000
Mr. Louie Ming	6 July 2009	D	II	—	66,000	_	—	66,000
	6 July 2009	E	II	—	67,000	_	—	67,000
	6 July 2009	F			67,000	_	_	67,000
					200,000		_	200,000
					13,400,000	_	_	13,400,000
	40.14 2000							
Employees in	18 May 2009	A	I	_	440,000	_	_	440,000
aggregate	6 July 2009	D	<u> </u>		1,123,000		_	1,123,000
					1,563,000	_	_	1,563,000
Total					14,963,000	_	_	14,963,000

Notes:

Exercise period

A: from 18 May 2011 to 17 May 2014

B: from 18 May 2012 to 17 May 2014

C: from 18 May 2013 to 17 May 2014

D: from 6 July 2011 to 5 July 2014

E: from 6 July 2012 to 5 July 2014

F: from 6 July 2013 to 5 July 2014

The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.

The closing prices of the shares of the Company immediately before the dates of grant on 18 May 2009 and 6 July 2009 are HK\$1.45 and HK\$1.77 respectively.

Further details of Share Option Schemes of the Company are set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2009.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2009, the Company had distributable reserves amounting to RMB499.4 million (2008:RMB679.3 million).

Under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as combined and revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account and the retained earnings are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which any dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for 23.6% of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 6.4%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 56.1% of the total purchases for the year and purchase from the largest supplier included therein amounted to 37.1%.

None of the Directors or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers.

EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2009, the Group had 754 employees (2008: 674), increased by 11.9% over 2008. The increase in staff level represented the expansion of the Group's operations in 2009. The Group determines its staff's remuneration based on factors such as qualifications and years of experience.



DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company as at the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors: Mr. Lam Wai Yan (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Ho Kam Wah Mr. Wang Ta-Hsing Ms. Zhang Cong Min Mr. Tsung Shih Kin, Samuel

Independent Non-executive Directors: Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak Mr. Louie Ming

In accordance with Article 87 of the Company's articles of association, Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec, Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak and Mr. Louie Ming will retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec, Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak and Mr. Louie Ming pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers the independent non-executive directors to be independent as at the date of this report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company has a service agreement with the Company, which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No contract of significance in relation to the Group's businesses to which the Company, its subsidiaries, its fellow subsidiaries or its holding companies was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2009, the interests of the directors of the Company in the shares and underlying shares of the Company (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

Number of

(1) Interests in shares of the Company

			Number of ordinary shares		Percentage of the Company's
	Long/Short		in the		issued share
Name of director	position	Capacity	Company	Note	capital ⁺
Mr. Lam Wai Yan	Long	Interests held by a controlled corporation	256,576,000	(1)	27.77%
	Long	Interests held jointly with spouse	5,847,000	(2)	0.63%
			262,423,000		28.40%
Mr. Ho Kam Wah	Long	Interests held by a controlled corporation	86,016,000	(3)	9.31%
	Long	Beneficial owner	1,780,000	_	0.19%
	Long	Interests of spouse	1,442,000	(4)	0.16%
			89,238,000		9.66%
Ms. Zhang Cong Min	Long	Beneficial owner	1,700,000		0.18%
Mr. Tsung Shih Kin, Samuel	Long	Interests held jointly with spouse	200,000	(5)	0.02%

Notes:

- (1) These shares were held by Pac Tech Investment Co. Ltd., a controlled corporation of Mr. Lam Wai Yan.
- (2) These shares were held jointly by Mr. Lam Wai Yan and his spouse, Ms. Ma Muk Lan.
- (3) These shares were held by Treasure Field Holdings Limited, a controlled corporation of Mr. Ho Kam Wah.
- (4) Mr. Ho Kam Wah was deemed to be interested in 1,442,000 shares of the Company through the interests of his spouse, Ms. Yeung Yuk Chun.



- (5) These shares were held jointly by Mr. Tsung Shih Kin, Samuel and his spouse, Mrs. Tsung Lam Suk Yee, Fina.
- ⁺ The percentage represents the number of ordinary shares interested divided by the number of the Company's issued shares as at 31 December 2009.

(2) Interests in shares of associated corporation — GZ Yingxin Computer Technology Exchange Co., Ltd. ("GZ Yingxin")

				Percentage of GZ Yingxin's
Name of director	Long/Short position	Capacity	Number of shares in GZ Yingxin	issued share capital
Ms. Zhang Cong Min	Long	Beneficial owner	2,280,000	40%

(3) Interests in underlying shares of the Company — physically settled unlisted equity derivatives

Name of director	Long/Short position	Capacity	Number of underlying shares in respect of the share options granted	Percentage of the underlying shares over the Company's issued share capital [†]
Mr. Lam Wai Yan	Long	Beneficial owner	3,300,000	0.36%
Mr. Wang Ta-Hsing	Long	Beneficial owner	3,000,000	0.32%
Ms. Zhang Cong Min	Long	Beneficial owner	20,876,000	2.26%
Mr. Tsung Shih Kin, Samuel	Long	Beneficial owner	4,513,000	0.49%
Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec	Long	Beneficial owner	200,000	0.02%
Mr. Thaddeus Thomas Beczak	Long	Beneficial owner	200,000	0.02%
Mr. Louie Ming	Long	Beneficial owner	200,000	0.02%

Note: Details of the above share options as required by the Listing Rules have been disclosed in above section headed "Share Option Schemes" and note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

⁺ The percentage represents the number of underlying shares interested divided by the number of the Company's issued shares as at 31 December 2009.

Save as disclosed above and in the above section headed "Share Option Schemes", as at 31 December 2009, none of the directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which he/she was deemed or taken to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required to be entered into the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or which were required to be notified to the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the share option scheme disclosures in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any director or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.



SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2009, the following persons (other than the directors and chief executives of the Company) had interests of 5% or more in the shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO:

(1) Interests in shares of the Company

		Capacity			Percentage of the Company's issued share capital [†]
Name of substantial shareholder	Long/ Short position		Number of ordinary shares in the Company	Note	
Pac Tech Investment Co. Ltd.	Long	Beneficial owner	256,576,000	(1)	27.77%
Ms. Ma Muk Lan	Long Long	Interests of spouse Interests held jointly with another person	256,576,000 5,847,000	(2) (3)	27.77% 0.63%
			262,423,000		28.40%
Gallop Assets Management Limited	Long	Beneficial owner	225,024,000	(4)	24.36%
Mr. Wang Ko Chiang	Long	Interests held by a controlled	225,024,000	(4)	24.36%
	Long	corporation Beneficial owner	31,402,000		3.40%
			256,426,000	_	27.76%
Mrs. Wang Tang Shi Ming	Long	Interests of spouse	256,426,000	(5)	27.76%
Treasure Field Holdings Limited	Long	Beneficial owner	86,016,000	(6)	9.31%
Ms. Yeung Yuk Chun	Long Long	Interests of spouse Beneficial owner	87,796,000 1,442,000	(7)	9.50% 0.16%
			89,238,000		9.66%

Notes:

- (1) The interests of Pac Tech Investment Co. Ltd. was also disclosed as the interests of Mr. Lam Wai Yan in the above section headed "Directors' interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporation".
- (2) Ms. Ma Muk Lan was deemed to be interested in 256,576,000 shares of the Company through the interests of her spouse, Mr. Lam Wai Yan.
- (3) These shares were held jointly by Ms. Ma Muk Lan and her spouse, Mr. Lam Wai Yan.

- (4) These shares were beneficially owned by Gallop Assets Management Limited, a controlled corporation of Mr. Wang Ko Chiang.
- (5) Mrs. Wang Tang Shi Ming was deemed to be interested in 256,426,000 shares of the Company through the interests of her spouse, Mr. Wang Ko Chiang.
- (6) The interests of Treasure Field Holdings Limited was also disclosed as the interests of Mr. Ho Kam Wah in the above section headed "Directors' interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporation".
- (7) Ms. Yeung Yuk Chun was deemed to be interested in 87,796,000 shares of the Company through the interests of her spouse, Mr. Ho Kam Wah.
- ⁺ The percentage represents the number of ordinary shares interested divided by the number of the Company's issued shares as at 31 December 2009.

(2) Interests in underlying shares of the Company — physically settled unlisted equity derivatives

Name of			Number of underlying shares in respect	Percentage of the underlying shares over the Company's
Substantial Shareholder	Long/Short position	Capacity	of the share options granted	issued share capital ⁺
Ms. Ma Muk Lan	Long	Interests of spouse	3,300,000	0.36%

Note: Ms. Ma Muk Lan was deemed to be interested in 3,300,000 share options of the Company through the interests of her spouse, Mr. Lam Wai Yan. Details of the above share options as required by the Listing Rules have been disclosed in above section headed "Share Option Schemes" and note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

⁺ The percentage represents the number of underlying shares interested divided by the number of the Company's issued shares as at 31 December 2009.



Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2009, no person, other than the directors of the Company who interests are set out in the above section headed "Directors' interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporation", had an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 December 2009, to the best knowledge of the directors, none of the directors and their respective associates was considered to have any interests in businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, other than those businesses where the directors were appointed as directors to represent the interests of the Company and/or the Group.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the corporate governance are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" in this annual report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors of the Company as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements, during the year under review, the Group also had continuing connected transactions in the form of structure contracts (the "Structure Contracts Transactions").

The Group conducts its online advertising business through GZ Yingxin, Guangdong Pacific Internet Information Service Co., Ltd. ("GDP Internet") and the subsidiaries of GDP Internet under the structure contracts entered into with the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Guangzhou Pacific Computer Information Consulting Co., Ltd.. Ms. Zhang Cong Min, an executive director of the Company, holds a 40% equity interest in GZ Yingxin. As such, GZ Yingxin is an associate of Ms. Zhang under the Listing Rules and therefore a connected person of the Company. The structure contracts are fundamental to the Group's legal structure and business operations. The Directors believe that the nature of the Group structure whereby the Group's financial results of GZ Yingxin, GDP Internet and the subsidiaries of GDP Internet are consolidated with the Group's financial statements as if they were subsidiaries of the Company and the economic benefits of their business flow to the Company. The transactions (technical support, information consulting and technical services) under structure contracts carried out during the year ended 31 December 2009 was approximately RMB238,803,000 and the amounts have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The independent non-executive directors of the Company have reviewed the continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2009 and confirmed as follows:

- (I) The continuing transactions as disclosed in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements (the "Transactions") had been:
 - a) entered into by the Group in the ordinary and usual course of business;

- b) entered into by the Group on normal commercial terms; and
- c) entered into by the Group in accordance with the respective agreements governing such transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.
- (II) The Structure Contracts Transactions had been entered into in accordance with the relevant provisions of the structure contracts; the terms of the structure contracts remain unchanged and consistent with those disclosed in the Prospectus; and no dividends have been made by GZ Yingxin to the GZ Yingxin's shareholders; and any new structural contractual arrangements entered into, renewed and/or "cloned" during the year ended 31 December 2009 are fair and reasonable so far as the Company is concerned and in the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

We have also engaged the Company's auditor to perform certain fact finding procedures on the Transactions and the Structure Contracts Transactions on a sample basis in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Related Services 4400, "Engagements to Perform Agreed-Upon Procedures Regarding Financial Information" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has reported its factual findings on the selected samples based on the agreed upon procedures to the Board.

The auditor has reported to the Board that:

- a) The Transactions and the Structure Contracts Transactions have been approved by the Board;
- b) The Transactions and the Structure Contracts Transactions have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions;
- c) The amounts of the Transactions have not exceeded the relevant caps; and
- d) No dividends or other distributions had been made by GZ Yingxin to its legal equity owners during the year ended 31 December 2009.

On 24 December 2009, the Company has entered into the renewed Tenancy Agreements and Advertising Agreement for a term of 36 months from 1 January 2010 to 31 December 2012 so as to renew the continuing connected transactions of the Company.



AUDITOR

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting to re-appoint Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board **Lam Wai Yan** *Chairman*

29 March 2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

PricewaterhouseCoopers 22/F, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong Telephone (852) 2289 8888 Facsimile (852) 2810 9888 www.pwchk.com

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PACIFIC ONLINE LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Pacific Online Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 42 to 95, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 December 2009, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2009 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 29 March 2010

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

		Year ended 31 December			
		2009	2008		
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000		
Revenue	5	386,994	324,608		
Cost of revenue	6	(103,401)	(88,180)		
Gross profit		283,593	236,428		
Selling and marketing costs	6	(52,475)			
Administrative expenses	6	(39,097)			
Product development expenses	6	(17,069)	(14,048)		
Other income	8	2,963			
Oneverting prefit		177,915	127 /67		
Operating profit		177,915	137,457		
Finance income	9	6,926	16,885		
Finance cost	9	(1,078)	(36,819)		
		(1,070)	(30,013)		
Finance income/(cost) — net	9	5,848	(19,934)		
		5,0-10	(15,551)		
Profit before income tax		183,763	117,523		
Income tax expense	10	(48,782)	(29,242)		
			· · ·		
Profit for the year		134,981	88,281		
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		134,981	88,281		
Earnings per share for profit attributable to					
equity holders of the Company during the year					
basic (RMB)	11	14.613 cents	9.405 cents		
		44.504	0.402		
— diluted (RMB)	11	14.584 cents	9.403 cents		
Dividends per share					
— Final dividend proposed	12	RMB10.23 cents	RMB7.00 cents		
	14	hitbit.25 cents	NINDY OU CENTS		
— Special dividend proposed	12		RMB27.00 cents		
			AMBE/100 cents		
		RMB10.23 cents	RMB34.00 cents		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Year ended 31 December	
	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Profit for the year	134,981	88,281
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	<u> </u>	
Total comprehensive income for the year	134,981	88,281
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Company	134,981	88,281

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

		As at 31 De	ecember
		2009	2008
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	12,534	13,540
Intangible assets	14	9,321	947
Deferred income tax assets	17	4,843	2,785
		20,000	17 777
		26,698	17,272_
Current assets			
Derivative financial instrument		<u> </u>	1,640
Trade and other receivables	18	135,772	99,726
Restricted cash	19	—	10,252
Short-term bank deposits with original terms of			
over three months	19	34,680	30,509
Cash and cash equivalents	19	409,330	582,854
		579,782	724,981
Total assets		606,480	742,253
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders			
of the Company			
Ordinary shares	20	8,737	8,737
Reserves	21	474,561	646,744
Total equity		483,298	655,481
Current liabilities			
Accruals and other payables	22	61,445	40,848
Prepaid advertising subscriptions from customers	23	21,271	23,322
Current income tax liabilities		40,466	22,602
Total current liabilities		123,182	86,772
Total equity and liabilities		606,480	742,253
Net current assets		456,600	638,209
Total assets less current liabilities		483,298	655,481

Lam Wai Yan Director

Wang Ta-Hsing Director



	As at 31 D	ecember
	2009	2008
Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
ASSETS		
Non-current assets		
Intangible assets	8,793	-
Investments in subsidiaries 15	102,713	95,815
	111,506	95,815
	111,500	55,015
Current assets		
Derivative financial instrument	<u> </u>	1,640
Trade and other receivables 18	300,259	112,845
Restricted cash 19	—	10,252
Cash and cash equivalents 19	106,318	476,397
	406,577	601,134
Total assets	518,083	696,949
EQUITY		
Capital and reserves attributable to		
equity holders of the Company		
Ordinary shares 20	8,737	8,737
Reserves 21	499,360	679,299
Total equity	508,097	688,036
Current liabilities		
Accruals and other payables 22	9,986	8,913
Total current liabilities	9,986	8,913
Total equity and liabilities	518,083	696,949
······································		
Net current assets	396,591	592,221
Total assets less current liabilities	508,097	688,036

Lam Wai Yan Director Wang Ta-Hsing Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company Ordinary			
		shares	Reserves	Total equity
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Note	(note 20)	(note 21)	
Balance at 1 January 2008		8,986	656,195	665,181
Comprehensive income Profit			88,281	88,281
Other comprehensive income		_		00,201 —
Total comprehensive income			88,281	88,281
Dividends paid	12	—	(70,965)	(70,965)
Employees' share option benefits		—	6,776	6,776
Repurchase of shares of the Company		(249)	(33,543)	(33,792)
Balance at 31 December 2008		8,737	646,744	655,481
Comprehensive income				
Profit		_	134,981	134,981
Other comprehensive income				
Total comprehensive income			134,981	134,981
Dividends paid	12	_	(314,062)	(314,062)
Employees' share option benefits			6,898	6,898
Balance at 31 December 2009		8,737	474,561	483,298

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Year ended 3	1 December
		2009	2008
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	24	175,690	117,600
Income tax paid		(32,976)	(17,740)
Net cash generated from operating activities		142,714	99,860
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(3,092)	(6,107)
Purchase of intangible assets		(9,291)	(433)
Decrease/(increase) in short-term bank deposits with			
original terms of over three months and restricted cash		6,081	(22,761)
Interest received		4,275	13,807
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,027)	(15,494)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repurchase of shares of the Company		—	(33,792)
Dividends paid		(314,062)	(70,965)
Net cash used in financing activities		(314,062)	(104,757)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(173,375)	(20,391)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	19	582,854	621,057
Exchange losses on cash and cash equivalents		(149)	(17,812)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	19	409,330	582,854

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

(a) General information

Pacific Online Limited (the "Company") was incorporated on 27 August 2007 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Company Law, Cap.22, (Law 3 of 1961, as combined and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the provision of internet advertising services in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Company has its shares listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors (the "Board") on 29 March 2010.

(b) Operations of the online advertising business of the Group

The PRC laws and regulations limit foreign ownership of companies providing value-added telecommunications services, which include online advertising through the internet, as such the following arrangements have been made:

— Establishment of Guangzhou Yingxin Computer Technology Exchange Co., Ltd. (廣州英 鑫計算機科技交流有限公司, "GZ Yingxin")

GZ Yingxin, a PRC limited liability company, was established on 25 November 2003 by Ms. Zhang Cong Min, Ms. Fan Zeng Chun and Ms. Lu Wu Qing, employees of Takehigh Industrial Limited ("Takehigh") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Takehigh Group") who are PRC citizens as its legal owners (the "3 Registered Owners"). Takehigh also made loans to the 3 Registered Owners for the financing of the initial working capital of GZ Yingxin in connection with its establishment. Through the execution of various contracts and agreements (collectively defined as "Structure Contracts", see below for more details) among the Takehigh Group, GZ Yingxin and the 3 Registered Owners, the Takehigh Group controls GZ Yingxin. GZ Yingxin is accounted for as a subsidiary of the Takehigh Group.

 Transfer/Acquisition of equity ownership of certain PRC operating companies to GZ Yingxin

Through various equity transfer arrangements commenced after the establishment of GZ Yingxin, all the equity interests of two operating companies in the PRC, Guangzhou Pacific Advertising Co., Ltd. (廣州市太平洋廣告有限公司, "GZP Advertising") and Guangdong Pacific Internet Information Service Co., Ltd. (廣東太平洋互聯網信息服務有限公司, "GDP Internet") were transferred to GZ Yingxin in or before August 2007.

Thereafter, GZ Yingxin became the holding company of GDP Internet and GZP Advertising.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Operations of the online advertising business of the Group (Continued)

— Structure Contracts arrangements

In addition to GZ Yingxin, Structure Contracts have also been executed among Guangzhou Pacific Computer Information Consulting Co., Ltd. (廣州太平洋電腦信息咨詢有限公司, "GZP Computer"), a subsidiary of the Takehigh Group, the subsidiaries of GZ Yingxin, and the 3 Registered Owners. Through these contractual arrangements, the decision-making rights and operating and financing activities of GZ Yingxin and its subsidiaries (collectively the "GZ Yingxin Group") are ultimately controlled by Takehigh. Takehigh and GZP Computer are also entitled to substantially all the operating profits and residual benefits generated by GZ Yingxin Group under these arrangements. In particular, the 3 Registered Owners are required under the contractual arrangements made with the Takehigh Group to transfer their interests in GZ Yingxin to the Takehigh Group or its designee, upon the Takehigh Group's request at the lowest amount of consideration permitted by PRC law and upon the time when the relevant PRC law and regulations allow such to do so.

Further, the Takehigh Group owns the intellectual property developed by GDP Internet and it also receives the cash flow derived from the operations of GDP Internet and its subsidiaries through the levying of service and consultancy fees. The ownership interests in GZ Yingxin and GDP Internet have also been pledged by the 3 Registered Owners to the Takehigh Group.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by derivative financial instrument which is stated at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of presentation (Continued)

Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

(a) New standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards adopted by the Group

The following new standard and amendments to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the financial year ended 31 December 2009.

- HKAS 1 (revised), 'Presentation of financial statements' (effective 1 January 2009). The revised standard prohibits the presentation of items of income and expenses (that is, 'non-owner changes in equity') in the statement of changes in equity, requiring 'non-owner changes in equity' to be presented separately from owner changes in equity in a statement of comprehensive income. As a result the Group presents in the consolidated statement of changes in equity all owner changes in equity, whereas all non-owner changes in equity are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Comparative information has been represented so that it also is in conformity with the revised standard. Since the change in accounting policy only impacts presentation aspects, there is no impact on earnings per share.
- HKFRS 8, 'Operating segments' (effective 1 January 2009). HKFRS 8 replaces HKAS 14, 'Segment reporting', and aligns segment reporting with the requirements of the US standard SFAS 131, 'Disclosures about segments of an enterprise and related information'. The new standard requires a 'management approach', under which segment information is presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes. This has resulted in an increase in the number of reportable segments presented. In addition, the segments are reported in a manner that is more consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker.
- HKFRS 2 (amendment), 'Share-based payment' (effective 1 January 2009) deals with vesting conditions and cancellations. It clarifies that vesting conditions are service conditions and performance conditions only. Other features of a share-based payment are not vesting conditions. These features would need to be included in the grant date fair value for transactions with employees and others providing similar services; they would not impact the number of awards expected to vest or valuation there of subsequent to grant date. All cancellations, whether by the entity or by other parties, should receive the same accounting treatment. The Group has adopted HKFRS 2 (amendment) from 1 January 2009. The amendment does not have a material impact on the Group's or Company's financial statements.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of presentation (Continued)

Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (Continued)

- (a) New standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - HKFRS 7, 'Financial Instruments Disclosures' (amendment) (effective 1 January 2009). The amendment requires enhanced disclosures about fair value measurement and liquidity risk. In particular, the amendment requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of a fair value measurement hierarchy. As the change in accounting policy only results in additional disclosures, there is no impact on earnings per share.

The following new interpretations and amendments to existing standards, which have been published and are mandatory for the financial year ended 31 December 2009, are not currently relevant to the Group.

HKAS 23 (Revised)	Borrowing costs
HKFRS 1 (Amendment)	First-time Adoption of HKFRSs and HKAS 27
	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 32 and HKAS 1	Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations
(Amendment)	Arising on Liquidation
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Financial Instruments: Recognition and
	Measurement
HK(IFRIC) 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes
HK(IFRIC) 15	Agreements for Construction of Real Estate
HK(IFRIC) 16	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign
	Operation
HK(IFRIC) 18	Transfers of Assets from Customers
Amendment to HK(IFRIC)	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives
— Int 9 and HKAS 39	
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs (effective 1 January 2009)

The following amendment to existing standard that is not yet effective but has been early adopted by the Group for the financial year beginning 1 January 2009:

• Amendment to HKFRS 8, 'Operating segments' (effective 1 January 2010). The amendment states that a measure of segment assets should only be disclosed when such amounts are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker. As such amounts are not regularly provided to the chief operation decision maker, the Group early adopted the amendment and does not disclose such information. Please refer to note 5 for details.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of presentation (Continued)

Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (Continued)

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group

The following new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010 or later periods, but the Group has not early adopted them:

		Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
HKAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	1 July 2009
HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations	1 July 2009
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Financial Instruments: Recognition and measurement — Eligible Hedge Items	1 July 2009
HKFRS 1 (Revised)	First-time Adoption of HKFRSs	1 July 2009
HK(IFRIC) 17	Distribution of Non-cash Assets to Owners	1 July 2009
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs	1 January 2010
HKFRS 1 (Amendment)	Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters	1 January 2010
HKFRS 2 (Amendment)	Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transaction	1 January 2010
HKAS 32 (Amendment)	Classification of Rights Issues	1 February 2010
HK(IFRIC) 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments	1 July 2010
HKAS 24 (Revised)	Related Party Disclosures	1 January 2011
Amendment to HK(IFRIC) 14	Pre-payments of a Minimum Funding Requirement	1 January 2011
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments	1 January 2013

Management is in the process of making an assessment of their impact and are not yet in a position to state whether any substantial changes to the Group's significant accounting policies and presentation of the financial information will be resulted.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries made up to 31 December.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement.

The directors of the Company have concluded that it is appropriate to include GZ Yingxin Group in its consolidated financial statements, notwithstanding the lack of share ownership, because in substance the contractual arrangements described in note 1(b) above give Takehigh control over GZ Yingxin and GDP Internet by way of controlling the operational and financial decisions of the GZ Yingxin Group.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary in the consolidated financial statements to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's balance sheet, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses (note 2.7). The results of subsidiaries are accounted by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement within 'finance income/(cost) — net', except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges or qualifying net investment hedges.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Computers and servers	3–5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Furniture, fittings and equipment	5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2.7).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within administrative expenses, in the consolidated income statement.

2.6 Intangible assets

(a) Computer software licences

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 2 to 5 years.

(b) Club membership

Club membership is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. No amortisation is charged as the club membership has an indefinite useful life because the Company has the contractual right to control over the asset and legal with no definite period.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.7 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example club membership, are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cashgenerating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets.

2.8 Financial assets

2.8.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The loans and receivables comprise 'trade and other receivables' (note 2.11), 'restricted cash', 'short-term bank deposits with original terms of over three months' and 'cash and cash equivalents' (note 2.12) in the balance sheet.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

2.8.2 Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date — the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the income statement within 'finance income/(cost) — net' in the period in which they arise.

2.9 Impairment of financial assets

Assets carried at amortised cost

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The criteria that the Group uses to determine that there is objective evidence of an impairment loss include:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor;
- A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- The Group, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granting to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

- The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or
- Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a portfolio of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial assets in the portfolio, including:
 - (i) adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the portfolio;
 - (ii) national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the portfolio.

The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists.

The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The asset's carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2.10 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. The Group's derivative instrument does not qualify for hedge accounting, and is accounted for at fair value through profit and loss. Changes in the fair value of these derivative instruments are recognised immediately in the consolidated income statement within 'finance income/(cost) — net'.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.11 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where any group company purchases the Company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

2.14 Accruals and other payables

Accruals and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.15 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.16 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

The group companies incorporated in the PRC contributes based on certain percentage of the salaries of the employees to a defined contribution retirement benefit plan organised by relevant government authorities in the PRC on a monthly basis. The government authorities undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations payable to all existing and future retired employees under these plans and the Group has no further obligation for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions made.

The group companies incorporated in Hong Kong operate a defined contribution plan, the assets of which are generally held in a separate trustee-administered fund. These group companies pay fixed contribution into such defined contribution plan and have no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee services in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to these defined contributions plans are expensed as incurred.

(b) Housing benefits

Full-time PRC employees of the Group are entitled to participate in governmentsponsored housing funds. The Group contributes to these funds based on certain percentages of the salaries of these employees on a monthly basis. The Group's liability in respect of these funds is limited to the contribution payable in each period. Contributions to the housing funds are expensed as incurred.

2.17 Share-based payment

The Group operates a number of equity-settled, share-based compensation plans, under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions;
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period);and
- excluding the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save).

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.17 Share-based payment (Continued)

Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each reporting period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

The cash subscribed for the shares issued when the options are exercised is credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium, net of any directly attributable transaction costs.

The grant by the Company of options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiary undertakings, with a corresponding credit to equity.

2.18 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

(a) Online advertising revenues

The Group derives its online advertising services revenues from placing online advertisements such as banners, links and logos on the Group's websites in the PRC for its customers.

Revenues from online advertisements are derived from written contracts with customers that include the related fee, payment terms and provide persuasive evidence of the arrangement. The majority of the online advertising contracts are for the provision of online advertisement for a fixed period of time with no guaranteed minimum impression level. Revenues from these contracts are recognised based on the time period the advertisement is displayed. In all contracts, there are no future obligations after the completion of the contract and no rights of refund related to the impression levels.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.18 Revenue recognition (Continued)

(b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired receivable is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

(c) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

2.19 Operating leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straightline basis over the period of the lease.

2.20 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's equity holders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

2.21 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred government grants and are credited to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign exchange risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in the PRC and most of the Group's transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB, which is the Group's functional currency. As at 31 December 2009, the non-RMB assets of the Group are mainly cash proceeds from the listing of shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange in December 2007.

The directors of the Company have used forward exchange contracts to control foreign exchange risk. During 2008, the Company entered into foreign exchange forward contracts for buying RMB140,860,000 by selling US\$ in one year's time in order to control the exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations between RMB and US\$ related to a contract amounting to US\$20 million. The forward exchange contracts were fully settled in October 2009.

At 31 December 2009, the exchange rate of RMB to HK\$ and US\$ were 0.8805 and 6.8282, respectively. If RMB had strengthened by 0.5% against the HK\$/US\$ with all other variables held constant, post tax profit for the year would have been RMB612,000 (2008: RMB3,120,000) lower, mainly as a result of net foreign exchange losses in HK\$/ US\$ denominated cash at bank and other receivables as at 31 December 2009.

(ii) Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to its cash and cash equivalents, deposits (including restricted cash) with banks and financial institution, derivative financial instruments, as well as accounts and other receivables.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, short-term deposits with original terms of over three months, and account and other receivables represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets. To manage this risk, deposits are mainly placed with state-owned financial institutions in the PRC and international high credit quality financial institutions outside the PRC. There was no recent history of default of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and term deposits with original terms of over three months from these financial institutions.

For trade receivable, as mentioned in note 2.18(a), a material portion of online advertising services revenues were derived from advertising agents. If they experience financial difficulties in paying us, the Group's online advertising services might be adversely affected in terms of recoverability of receivables.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(ii) Credit risk (Continued)

However, in view of the Group's history of cooperation with the advertising agents and the sound collection history of the receivables due from them, management believes that there is no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding trade receivable balances.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The Group aims to finance its operations with its own capital and earnings. It did not have any borrowings or credit facilities committed/utilised during the year ended 31 December 2009. Management considers that the Group does not have significant liquidity risk.

(b) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

(c) Fair value estimation

Effective 1 January 2009, the Group adopted the amendment to HKFRS 7 for financial instruments that are measured in the balance sheet at fair value, this requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is calculated as the present value of expected future cash flows relating to the difference between the contract rates and the market forward rates at the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables and accruals and other payables approximate their fair values due to their short maturities.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Estimated impairment of receivables

The Group records impairment of receivables based on an assessment made by management on the recoverability of trade and other receivables. Provisions are applied where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. Impairment assessment requires the use of judgment and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact carrying value of trade and other receivables and impairment charges in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

(b) Recognition of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available in the future against which the temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses could be utilized. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date and which are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled. The directors consider that there would be adequate taxable profits to be generated in the future in order to utilise these deferred tax assets recognised.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of internet advertising services for different commodities. The chief operating decision maker reviews the Group's internal reports in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on these internal reports.

The chief operating decision maker considers the business from the performance of the internet advertising generated from different internet portals which it operates. As all revenues of the Group are generated from customers in the PRC, it is not further evaluated on a geographic basis.

The chief operating decision maker assesses the performance of the operating segments based on revenue derived from its different internet portals. The reportable operating segments derive their revenue primarily from the two major portals PConline and PCauto. The Company currently does not allocate cost of revenue, operating costs or assets to its segments, as its chief operating decision maker does not use this information to allocate resources to or evaluate the performance of the operating segments. Therefore, the Company does not report a measure of profit for each reportable segment and total assets.

Other segments relate to revenues generated from other portals, including on-line game, lady and kids products, e-commerce and other services.

There were no inter-segment sales for the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008: same). The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated income statement.

	PConline	PCauto	Others	Group
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
For the year ended 31 December 2009				
Revenue	205,390	149,860	31,744	386,994
For the year ended 31 December 2008				
Revenue	198,108	107,554	18,946	324,608

Though the Company is domiciled in the Cayman Islands, for the year ended 31 December 2009, all revenues of the Group were derived from external customers and they were all generated from the PRC (2008: same).

As at 31 December 2009, the total non-current assets of the Group were all located in the PRC (2008: same).

For the year ended 31 December 2009, there was no revenue derived from a single external customer accounting for ten per cent or more of the Group's revenues (2008: same).

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

6. EXPENSES BY NATURE

Expenses included in cost of revenue, selling and marketing costs, administrative expenses and product development expenses were analysed as follows:

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Employee benefit expenses (note 7)	90,083	79,028
Business tax	41,433	32,126
Sales commission	27,460	23,119
Rental expenses	13,720	13,034
Advertising expenses	14,079	13,562
Depreciation and amortisation expenses (note 13 and 14)	4,891	4,867
Auditors' remuneration	2,987	3,480
Conference and office expenses	3,046	3,279
Travelling expenses	2,277	2,899
Professional fees	5,022	3,160
Provision for impairment of receivables	3,085	4,362
Utilities and energy costs	444	360
Other expenses	3,515	3,875
Total cost of revenue, selling and marketing costs, administrative		
expenses and product development expenses	212,042	187,151

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

7. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Wages, salaries and bonuses	70,930	62,198
Share options granted to directors and employees (note 21(a))	6,898	6,776
Social security contributions	4,887	3,473
Contributions to pension schemes (a)	4,380	4,293
Contributions to housing fund	2,988	2,288
	90,083	79,028

(a) Pensions scheme — defined contribution plans

The employees of the Group participate in defined contribution retirement schemes based on laws and regulations in the PRC. Each employee covered by these schemes is entitled to, after their retirement from the Group, a monthly pension as determined by these schemes. The local government authorities of the PRC are responsible for the pension liabilities to these retired employees. The Group made monthly contributions to the retirement schemes at rates ranging from 12% to 22% of the basic salaries of employees during the year ended 31 December 2009.

All the Hong Kong employees of the Group participate in a mandatory provident scheme (the "MPF Scheme"). Under the MPF Scheme, each company of the Group in Hong Kong (the employer) and its employees make monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. The contributions from each of the employers and employees are subject to a cap of HK\$1,000 per month and thereafter contributions are voluntary. For the year ended 31 December 2009, no contributions were forfeited.

The Group has no other obligations for the payment of retirement and other post-retirement benefits of employees or retirees other than the payments mentioned above.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

7. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

(b) Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of every Director for the year ended 31 December 2009 is set out below:

				Other	Share	Contributions	
			Discretionary	benefits and	options	to retirement	
Name of Director	Fees	Salary	bonuses	allowances	scheme	scheme	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Mr. Lam Wai Yan	-	4	220	_	242	_	466
Mr. Tsung Shih Kin Samuel	_	1,140	139	_	545	11	1,835
Mr. Wang Ta-Hsing							
(as known as Wang							
Da-shin, Jeff)	_	745	132	—	220	11	1,108
Mr. Ho Kam Wah	_	4	—	—	_	—	4
Ms. Zhang Cong Min	_	914	180	—	2,617	42	3,753
Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa Alec	264	_	_	_	16	_	280
Mr. Thaddeus Thomas							
Beczak	264	_	_	_	16	_	280
Mr. Louie Ming	264	_	_	_	16	_	280

The remuneration of every Director for the year ended 31 December 2008 is set out below:

			Discretionary	Other benefits and	Share options	Contributions to retirement	
Name of Director	Fees	Salary	bonuses	allowances	scheme	scheme	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Mr. Lam Wai Yan	_	5	273	_	-	_	278
Mr. Tsung Shih Kin							
Samuel	_	1,041	125	_	442	11	1,619
Mr. Wang Ta-Hsing							
(as known as Wang							
Da-shin, Jeff)	_	583	400	_	_	11	994
Mr. Ho Kam Wah	_	5	_	—	_	—	5
Ms. Zhang Cong Min	_	891	150	_	2,328	39	3,408
Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa Alec	273	_	—	—	_		273
Mr. Thaddeus Thomas							
Beczak	273	_	_	_	_	_	273
Mr. Louie Ming	273	_	_	_	_	_	273

7. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

(c) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include two (2008: three) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining three (2008: two) individuals during the year are as follows:

	2009 RMB'000	2008 RMB'000
Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances and		
benefits in kind	3,169	2,125
Share option schemes	1,064	405
Contributions to pension schemes	22	22
	4,255	2,552

The emoluments of the remaining three individuals (2008: two) fell within the following bands:

	Number of individuals		
	2009	2008	
Emolument bands			
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1	2	
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	2	—	

During the year ended 31 December 2009, none (2008: same) of the directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments and no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

8. OTHER INCOME

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Government grants	2,963	

The Group obtained and recognised as income government grants of RMB2,963,000 (2008: nil) for the development of e-commerce initiatives and improvement of its internet websites.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

9. FINANCE INCOME/(COST) - NET

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Finance income		
 Interest income on short-term bank deposits 	4,275	15,245
 Change in fair values of forward foreign exchange contracts 	2,651	1,640
	6,926	16,885
Finance cost		
— Net foreign exchange losses	(1,078)	(36,819)
Finance income/(cost) — net	5,848	(19,934)

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
PRC current tax	50,840	29,359
Deferred taxation	(2,058)	(117)
Income tax expense	48,782	29,242

The Company, which is a Cayman Islands corporation, is not subject to any profits tax. The subsidiaries of the Group incorporated in Hong Kong were not subject to Hong Kong profits tax as they had no assessable income arising in or derived from Hong Kong during the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008: same).

Current taxation primarily represented the provision for PRC Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") for subsidiaries operating in the PRC. These subsidiaries are subject to CIT on their taxable income as reported in their respective statutory financial statements adjusted in accordance with the relevant tax laws and regulations in the PRC.

On 16 March 2007, the National People's Congress approved the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law (the "New CIT Law"). The New CIT Law, which became effective from 1 January 2008, unifies the CIT rate for domestic enterprises and foreign invested enterprises to 25%. In addition, the New CIT Law provides for, among others, a preferential tax rate of 15% for enterprises qualified as High and New Technology Enterprises ("HNTE"). In 2008, GZP Computer and GDP Internet, the principal operating subsidiaries of the Group, were formally designated as HNTE under the New CIT Law. As a result, GZP Computer and GDP Internet are subject to CIT at a rate of 15% in both 2008 and 2009.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

All the other PRC entities of the Group are subject to CIT at 25% (2008: same) in accordance with the New CIT Law.

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the statutory tax rate applicable to profits of all the consolidated PRC entities as follows:

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Profit before income tax	183,763	117,523
Tax calculated at the statutory tax rate of 25% (2008: 25%)	45,941	29,381
Tax effects of:		
— Tax concessions available to certain PRC subsidiaries (a)	(20,683)	(14,746)
— Income not subject to tax	(824)	(3,561)
— Expenses not deductible for tax purposes (b)	3,667	12,555
Withholding tax on the earnings anticipated to be remitted by		
a PRC subsidiary	20,681	5,394
Others	<u> </u>	219
Tax charge	48,782	29,242

- (a) Two of the Group's major operating subsidiaries in the PRC were approved by the relevant tax authority to be entitled to the HNTE status in 2008. Accordingly, preferential tax treatments were enjoyed by these two companies for the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008: same).
- (b) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes include primarily share-based payment charges, and expenses incurred by the Company and subsidiaries incorporated in Hong Kong.

11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year:

	2009	2008
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (RMB'000)	134,981	88,281
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue		
(thousand shares)	923,710	938,612
Basic earnings per share (RMB)	14.613 cents	9.405 cents

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

11. EARNINGS PER SHARE (CONTINUED)

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company has one category of dilutive potential ordinary shares: share options. A calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average annual market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options. Due to the fact that the exercise price for certain options granted are higher than the average market price, the impact had not been included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

	2009	2008
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (RMB'000)	134,981	88,281
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue		
(thousand shares)	923,710	938,612
Adjustments for — share options (thousand shares)	1,809	236
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings		
per share (thousand shares)	925,519	938,848
Diluted earnings per share (RMB)	14.584 cents	9.403 cents

12. DIVIDENDS

The dividends paid in 2008 were RMB70,965,000 (RMB7.47 cents per ordinary share).

The dividends paid in 2009 included the payment of the 2008 final dividend of RMB7.00 cents per ordinary share out of the retained earnings, totalling RMB64,660,000, and a special dividend for 2008 of RMB27.00 cents per ordinary share out of the share premium amount, totalling RMB249,402,000.

The directors recommended the payment of a final dividend of RMB10.23 cents per ordinary share in cash for the year ended 31 December 2009, totalling RMB94,487,000 based on the ordinary shares in issue as of 31 December 2009, and a bonus issue of shares on the basis of one new share for every twenty existing issued shares. Such final dividend and bonus issue of shares are to be approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting on 24 May 2010. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect these dividend payable and bonus issue of shares.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

			Furniture,	
	Computers	Motor	fittings and	
	and servers	vehicles	equipment	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 January 2008				
Cost	18,352	425	3,678	22,455
Accumulated depreciation	(9,244)	(266)	(1,595)	(11,105)
	(3,244)	(200)	(1,555)	(11,105)
Net book amount	9,108	159	2,083	11,350
Year ended 31 December 2008				
Opening net book amount	9,108	159	2,083	11,350
Additions	5,267	—	840	6,107
Disposals	(82)		(39)	(121)
Depreciation (note 6)	(3,148)	(48)	(600)	(3,796)
Closing net book amount	11,145	111	2,284	13,540
	11,145		2,204	13,540
At 31 December 2008				
Cost	21,044	425	4,214	25,683
Accumulated depreciation	(9,899)	(314)	(1,930)	(12,143)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net book amount	11,145	111	2,284	13,540
Year ended 31 December 2009	11 145	111	2 294	12 5 40
Opening net book amount Additions	11,145 1,926	111 471	2,284 695	13,540 3,092
Disposals	(34)	(67)	(23)	(124)
Disposais Depreciation (note 6)	(3,229)	(07)	(673)	(3,974)
	(3,223)	(72)	(075)	(3,374)
Closing net book amount	9,808	443	2,283	12,534
	•		-	·
At 31 December 2009				
Cost	22,646	471	4,723	27,840
Accumulated depreciation	(12,838)	(28)	(2,440)	(15,306)
Net book amount	9,808	443	2,283	12,534

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense has been charged to the consolidated income statement as follows:

	2009 RMB'000	2008 RMB'000
Cost of revenue	3,699	3,590
Selling and marketing costs	70	89
Administrative expenses	205	117
	3,974	3,796

Lease rentals amounted to RMB3,155,000 (2008: RMB2,669,000) relating to the lease of office buildings were included in the income statement.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Computer software licences RMB'000	Club membership RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2008			
Cost	6,927	_	6,927
Accumulated amortisation	(5,342)		(5,342)
Net book amount	1,585		1,585
	1,365		1,565
Year ended 31 December 2008			
Opening net book amount	1,585	_	1,585
Additions	433	_	433
Amortisation charge (note 6)	(1,071)	—	(1,071)
Closing net book amount	947		947
At 31 December 2008	7 2 6 0		7.260
Cost	7,360	_	7,360
Accumulated amortisation	(6,413)		(6,413)
Net book amount	947	_	947
Year ended 31 December 2009			
Opening net book amount	947	—	947
Additions	498	8,793	9,291
Amortisation charge (note 6)	(917)	—	(917)
Chains not back succest	520	0 700	0.221
Closing net book amount	528	8,793	9,321
At 31 December 2009			
Cost	7,858	8,793	16,651
Accumulated amortisation	(7,330)	_	(7,330)
Net book amount	528	8,793	9,321

Amortisation has been charged to the consolidated income statement as follows:

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cost of revenue	425	671
Selling and marketing costs	54	97
Administrative expenses	438	303
	917	1,071

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Investments, at cost:		
Unlisted shares (a)	102,713	95,815

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries of the Company at 31 December 2009:

	Place and date of		Particulars of issued share capital or	
Name	incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	registered capital	Interest held
Takehigh	Hong Kong, 27 May 1993, limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	HK\$11,875	*100%
Pacific E-Commerce Limited	Hong Kong, 10 October 2003, limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	НК\$2	*100%
Joylock Limited ("Joylock")	Cayman Island, 28 May 2008, limited liability company	Not yet commenced formal operations	US\$1	*100%
GZP Computer	The PRC, 7 November 1997, foreign investment enterprise	Information technology and software development and provision of computer information consultancy services in the PRC	RMB80,000,000	100%
GDP Internet (b)	The PRC, 27 November 2002, limited liability company	Provision of online advertising services in the PRC	RMB10,000,000	100%
GZ Yingxin (b)	The PRC, 25 November 2003, limited liability company	Provision of computer technology services in the PRC	RMB5,700,000	100%

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

	Place and date of		Particulars of issued share capital or	
	incorporation and kind	Principal activities and	registered	Interest
Name	of legal entity	place of operation	capital	held
GZP Advertising (b)	The PRC, 24 March 1998, limited liability company	Provision of advertising services in the PRC	RMB500,000	100%
Shanghai Pan-Pacific Information Technology Co., Ltd. (上海環宇太平洋信息科 技有限公司)	The PRC, 29 December 2006, foreign investment enterprise	Not yet commenced formal operations	US\$140,000	100%
Shanghai Huanyu Pacific Network and Technology Consulting Co., Ltd. (上海環宇太平洋網絡科 技咨詢有限公司, "Shanghai Huanyu") (b)	The PRC 18 January 2007, limited liability company	Dormant	RMB1,000,000	100%

- * Shares held directly by the Company.
- (a) The increase in 2009 represented the amortisation of share-based payment charges relating to share options granted by the Company to certain directors and employees working for subsidiaries of the Group. They were recorded as deemed investments made by the Company in these subsidiaries.
- (b) As described in note 1(b), GZ Yingxin, GDP Internet, GZP Advertising and Shanghai Huanyu (a subsidiary of GDP Internet) are non-legally owned subsidiaries of the Company. They are owned by three PRC citizens. The Group obtains control of GZ Yingxin and GDP Internet (which in turn holds 100% interest in GZP Advertising and Shanghai Huanyu) by way of certain contractual arrangements and are entitled to substantially all of the operating profits and residual benefits generated by GZ Yingxin Group.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

(a) Group

	Loans and receivables RMB'000	Financial instruments at fair value through the profit and loss RMB'000	Total RMB′000	
Assets				
At 31 December 2009				
Trade and other receivables (note 18)	135,772	<u> </u>	135,772	
Short-term bank deposits with original				
terms of over three months (note 19)	34,680	—	34,680	
Cash and cash equivalents (note 19)	409,330		409,330	
Total	579,782		579,782	
At 31 December 2008				
Trade and other receivables (note 18)	99,726	—	99,726	
Restricted cash (note 19)	10,252	_	10,252	
Short-term bank deposits with original	20 500		20 500	
terms of over three months (note 19)	30,509	—	30,509	
Cash and cash equivalents (note 19)	582,854		582,854	
Derivative financial instrument		1,640	1,640	
Tatal	777 744	1 (40	724 004	
Total	723,341	1,640	724,981	
		Other financia		
	at amortised cost			

	at amortised cost		
	2009	2008	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Liabilities			
Accruals and other payables	61,445	40,848	

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

(b) Company

		Financial instruments at fair value through	
	Loans and	the profit	
	receivables	and loss	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Assets			
At 31 December 2009			
Trade and other receivables (note 18)	300,259	_	300,259
Cash and cash equivalents (note 19)	106,318	—	106,318
Total	406,577		406,577
At 31 December 2008			
Trade and other receivables (note 18)	112,845	—	112,845
Restricted cash (note 19)	10,252	—	10,252
Cash and cash equivalents (note 19)	476,397	—	476,397
Derivative financial instrument		1,640	1,640
Total	599,494	1,640	601,134
		Other financial	
		amortise	
		2009	2008
		RMB'000	RMB'000

	RMB'000	RMB'000
Liabilities		
Accruals and other payables	9,986	8,913

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

17. DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS

Deferred income taxes are calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using the tax rates of 15% or 25% (2008: same) which are expected to apply to the period when the assets are realised.

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Deferred income tax assets:		
— to be recovered after more than 12 months	4,330	2,118
— to be recovered within 12 months	513	667
	4,843	2,785

The movement in deferred income tax assets during the year is as follows:

	Intra-group software sales(a) RMB'000	Provision for impairment of trade receivables RMB'000	Provision for tax losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2008	1,902	519	247	2,668
(Charged)/credited to the consolidated				
income statement	(1,042)	1,074	85	117
At 31 December 2008 (Charged)/credited to the consolidated	860	1,593	332	2,785
income statement	(13)	696	1,375	2,058
At 31 December 2009	847	2,289	1,707	4,843

(a) The deferred income tax assets recognised related to the temporary differences arising from certain intra-group software sales transactions. The credits to the consolidated income statement represented originating temporary differences arising from these software sales while the charge to the consolidated income statement represented the reversal of the temporary differences as a result of the amortisation of the costs of these related software.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Gro	up	Comp	bany
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade receivables, net of impairment provision (a)	133,164	96,267	_	_
Receivables from related parties				
(Note 26(d))	423	423	<u> </u>	—
Dividend receivable from a subsidiary	<u> </u>	—	244,000	102,000
Other receivables (b)	2,185	3,036	56,259	10,845
	135,772	99,726	300,259	112,845
Denominated in				
— RMB	135,607	98,137	231,000	102,000
— US\$	1	1,325	1	1,325
— НК\$	164	264	69,258	9,520
	135,772	99,726	300,259	112,845

(a) Trade receivables

Credit terms granted to customers by the Group are generally within six months. At 31 December 2009, the ageing analysis of the trade receivables (net of impairment provision of approximately RMB9,156,000 (2008: RMB6,070,000)) was as follows:

	Group		
	2009	2008	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Current to 6 months	113,477	82,191	
6 months to 1 year	17,946	12,197	
1 year to 2 years	1,741	1,879	
	133,164	96,267	

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(a) Trade receivables (Continued)

As of 31 December 2009, trade receivables of RMB12,281,000 (2008: RMB11,996,000) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables was as follows:

	Group	
	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Current to 6 months	6,024	6,054
6 months to 1 year	4,516	4,063
1 year to 2 years	1,741	1,879
	12,281	11,996

(b) Other receivables

Other receivables of the Group mainly represent petty cash advance made to employees, prepaid operating rental and telecommunication fees and interest receivables from bank deposits.

Other receivables of the Company mainly represent amounts due from subsidiaries which are unsecured, interest-free, and repayable on demand.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of receivable mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS WITH ORIGINAL TERMS OF OVER THREE MONTHS AND RESTRICTED CASH

	Group		Comp	bany
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cash at bank and on hand	299,532	71,976	3,256	13,065
Short-term bank deposits	144,478	541,387	103,062	463,332
Restricted Cash	<u> </u>	10,252		10,252
	444,010	623,615	106,318	486,649
Less:				
Short-term bank deposits with original				
terms of over three months	(34,680)	(30,509)	—	—
Restricted cash		(10,252)		(10,252)
	(34,680)	(40,761)	_	(10,252)
Cash and cash equivalents	409,330	582,854	106,318	476,397

An analysis of the cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits with original terms of over three months and restricted cash as at 31 December 2009 denominated in different currency is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
— RMB	321,823	115,844	<u> </u>	—
— нк\$	14,890	75,408	13,153	74,790
— US\$	107,297	432,363	93,165	411,859
	444,010	623,615	106,318	486,649

RMB is not a freely convertible currency and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC Government.

The weighted average effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits with original terms of over three months of the Group was 1.98% as at 31 December 2009 (2008: 3.90%). The weighted average effective interest rate of the remaining short-term bank deposits of the Group was 1.75% as at 31 December 2009 (2008: 3.16%).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS WITH ORIGINAL TERMS OF OVER THREE MONTHS AND RESTRICTED CASH (CONTINUED)

The table below shows the bank deposits balance placed with major counterparties of the Group as at 31 December 2009.

	Group		Company	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Counterparties				
Listed banks				
— BNP Paribas	34,961	416,588	34,961	416,588
— Wing Hang Bank	4,938	70,677	3,202	70,061
- China Construction Bank	294,730	60,284	68,155	—
— Bank of China	61,120	36,939	—	—
— Bank of East Asia	20,765	20,267	—	—
— China Merchants Bank	26,654	17,267	—	_
— Industrial and Commercial				
Bank of China	1	38	<u> </u>	—
Total listed banks	443,169	622,060	106,318	486,649
Non-listed banks				
— Agricultural Bank of China	687	1,411	—	_
Total non-listed banks	687	1,411	_	_
	443,856	623,471	106,318	486,649

The remaining balance of the cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2009 represents cash on hand (2008: same).

Management did not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

20. ORDINARY SHARES

	Authorised ordinary shares Number of shares			
	(000	HK\$'000	RMB'000	
At 31 December 2008 and 2009 (a)	100,000,000	1,000,000	969,200	
		d fully paid u	p	
	Number of shares			
	<u> </u>	HK\$'000	RMB'000	
At 31 December 2008 and 2009	923,710	9,237	8,737	

(a) The total authorised number of ordinary shares as at 31 December 2009 is 100,000,000,000 shares (2008: 100,000,000,000 shares) with a par value of HK\$0.01 per share (2008: HK\$0.01 per share). All issued shares are fully paid.

21. RESERVES

Group

	Share premium RMB'000	Merger reserve RMB'000	Capital redemption reserve RMB'000	Share option reserves RMB'000 note (a)	Statutory reserve funds RMB'000 note (b)	Retained earnings RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2008	560,469	4	_	754	4,000	90,968	656,195
Employee share option benefits (net of reversal arising from early departure of employees)	_	_	_	6,776	_	_	6,776
Repurchase of shares of				,			
the Company	(33,543)	_	249	_	_	(249)	(33,543)
Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	88,281	88,281
Dividends paid to the Company's shareholders	_	_	_	_	_	(70,965)	(70,965)
Appropriation to statutory reserves	_	_	_	_	11,963	(11,963)	_
At 31 December 2008	526,926	4	249	7,530	15,963	96,072	646,744
Employee share option benefits (net of reversal arising from early							
departure of employees)	—	_	—	6,898	—	—	6,898
Profit for the year	—	—	—	—	—	134,981	134,981
Dividends paid to the Company's shareholders	(249,402)	_	_	_	_	(64,660)	(314,062)
Appropriation to statutory reserves	_	_			16,986	(16,986)	_
At 31 December 2009	277,524	4	249	14,428	32,949	149,407	474,561

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

21. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

Company

	Share premium RMB'000	Capital redemption reserve RMB'000	Share option reserves RMB'000 note (a)	Contributed surplus RMB'000	Retained earnings RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2008 Employee share option benefits (net of reversal arising	545,469	_	754	88,277	(5,405)	629,095
from early departure						
of employees)	_	_	6,776	_	_	6,776
Repurchase of shares of						
the Company	(33,543)	249	_	_	(249)	(33,543)
Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	147,936	147,936
Dividends paid to the						
Company's						
shareholders	_				(70,965)	(70,965)
At 31 December 2008	511,926	249	7,530	88,277	71,317	679,299
Employee share option benefits (net of reversal arising from early departure of						
employees)	_	_	6,898	_	_	6,898
Profit for the year	_	—	_	—	127,225	127,225
Dividends paid to the Company's						
shareholders	(249,402)	_	_	_	(64,660)	(314,062)
	i.					
At 31 December 2009	262,524	249	14,428	88,277	133,882	499,360

The profit attributable to equity holders of the Company is dealt within the financial statements of the Company to the extent of RMB127,225,000 (2008: RMB147,936,000).

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

21. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Share options reserves

Options were granted to directors and selected employees according to their contribution to the Group. All the options granted will not be exercisable within the first 24 months after the date of grant. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash.

Pre-IPO Share Option Plan

On 23 November 2007, the Company granted share options to directors and selected employees under a Pre-IPO Share Option Plan, under which the option holders are entitled to acquire an aggregate of 49,929,000 shares of the Company. All options under the Pre-IPO Share Option Plan had been granted.

Post-IPO Share Option Plan

Pursuant to a shareholders' resolution passed on 23 November 2007, the Company also adopted a Post-IPO Share Option Plan for the primary purpose of providing incentives and/ or reward to directors, employees, consultants and advisers of the Group (collectively referred as "Eligible Person"). Under the Post-IPO Share Option Plan, the Board of the Company may grant options to Eligible Person to subscribe for shares in the Company.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Plan is not permitted to exceed, in aggregate, 95,000,000 shares of the Company, without prior approval obtained from the Company's shareholders. The number of shares issued and to be issued in respect of these options granted and may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval obtained from the Company's shareholders. Options granted to independent non-executive directors and substantial shareholders of the Company in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share capital or with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

No consideration is payable upon the grant of an option. Options may be exercised at any time during the option period, which should not be more than 10 years from the date of grant. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, and will not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the share for the five business dates immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

On 18 May 2009 and 6 July 2009, the Company granted share options to selected directors and employees under the Post-IPO Share Option Plan, under which the option holders are entitled to acquire an aggregate of 11,740,000 and 3,223,000 shares of the Company, respectively.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

21. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Share options reserves (Continued)

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	Pre-IPO Share Option Plan Po		Post-IPO Share		
					Total
	Average	No. of	Average	No. of	No. of
	exercise	options	exercise	options	options
	price (HK\$)	(thousands)	price (HK\$)	(thousands)	(thousands)
At 1 January 2008	1.92	49,929	—	—	49,929
Forfeited	1.92	(3,723)	_	_	(3,723)
At 31 December 2008	1.92	46,206	_	_	46,206
Granted	_	_	1.57	14,963	14,963
Forfeited	1.92	(5,414)	_	_	(5,414)
At 31 December 2009	1.92	40,792	1.57	14,963	55,755
Currently exercisable as					
at 31 December 2009	1.52	13,598	_		13,598

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry date and exercise prices:

Expiry date	Exercise price in HK\$ per share	Options (tł	nousands)
		2009	2008
17 May 2014 (Post-IPO Share Option Plan)	1.51	11,740	—
5 July 2014 (Post-IPO Share Option Plan)	1.81	3,223	—
22 November 2017 (Pre-IPO Share Option Plan)	1.52	13,598	15,403
22 November 2017 (Pre-IPO Share Option Plan)	1.97	13,598	15,403
22 November 2017 (Pre-IPO Share Option Plan)	2.27	13,596	15,400
At 31 December		55,755	46,206

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

21. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Share options reserves (Continued)

Fair value of option:

The fair value of options granted on 23 November 2007 under Pre-IPO Share Option Plan determined using the Binomial valuation model was approximately RMB19.8 million. The significant inputs into the model were expected Price to Earnings ratio of 20 as at the grant date, the exercise price shown above, volatility of 43.01%, dividend yield of 2.5% and an annual risk-free interest rate of 2.656%. The volatility measured at the standard deviation of continuously compounded share returns is based on statistical analysis of daily share prices over the last three years.

The fair values of options granted on 18 May 2009 and 6 July 2009 under Post-IPO Share Option Plan determined using the Trinomial valuation model were approximately RMB3.8 million and RMB1.3 million, respectively. The significant inputs into the model were average closing price of share of the Company at HK\$1.45 and HK\$1.75 for the five business dates immediately preceding the dates of grant, exercise price and expected option life shown above, volatility of 59.60% and 59.67%, dividend yield of 8.0%, and an annual risk-free interest rate of 1.624% and 1.959% respectively. The volatility is based on 260 daily historical volatilities of the Company.

See note 7 for the total expense recognised in the consolidated income statement for share options granted to directors and employees.

(b) Statutory reserve funds

In accordance with the Companies Laws of the PRC and the provisions of the articles of association of subsidiaries with limited liabilities in the PRC, appropriation of net profits (after offsetting accumulated losses from prior years) should be made by these companies to their respective Statutory Surplus Reserve Funds and the Discretionary Reserve Funds before distributions are made to the owners. The percentage of appropriation to Statutory Surplus Reserve Fund is 10%. The amount to be transferred to the Discretionary Reserve Fund is determined by the equity owners meetings of these companies. When the balance of the Statutory Surplus Reserve Fund reaches 50% of the registered capital, such transfer needs not be made. Both the Statutory Surplus Reserve Fund and Discretionary Reserves Fund can be capitalised as capital of an enterprise, provided that the remaining Statutory Surplus Reserve Fund shall not be less than 25% of the registered capital.

In addition, in accordance with the Law of the PRC on Enterprises with Foreign Investments and the provisions of the articles of association of wholly owned foreign subsidiary of the Company in the PRC, appropriations from net profit (after offsetting accumulated losses brought forward from prior years) should be made by these companies to their respective Reserve Funds. The percentage of net profit to be appropriated to the Reserve Funds is not less than 10% of the net profit. When the balance of the Reserve Fund reaches 50% of the registered capital, such transfer needs not be made.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

22. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Salary payables	20,374	11,555	30	30
Accrued expenses (a)	19,254	20,040	1,352	—
Other payables (b)	21,817	9,253	<u> </u>	881
Amounts due to subsidiaries (c)	<u> </u>	—	8,604	8,002
	61,445	40,848	9,986	8,913

(a) Accrued expenses of the Group mainly represented accrued sales commission fees payable to advertising agencies.

- (b) Other payables of the Group mainly represented business tax and other levies payable.
- (c) The amounts due to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand.

23. PREPAID ADVERTISING SUBSCRIPTIONS FROM CUSTOMERS

Prepaid advertising subscriptions from customers represent subscription fees paid by customers in advance for online advertising services not yet rendered by the Group at the balance sheet date. Upon commencement of delivery of services, the balances would be transferred to revenue based on the time period of the respective online advertisements are displayed by the Group.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

24. CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Profit before income tax	183,763	117,523
Adjustments for:		
— Finance income	(6,926)	(16,885)
— Finance costs	4,440	17,812
— Depreciation (note 13)	3,974	3,796
 Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment 	124	121
— Amortisation of intangible assets (note 14)	917	1,071
— Share-based payment (note 21)	6,898	6,776
	193,190	130,214
Changes in working capital:		
 Trade and other receivables 	(36,046)	(20,587)
 Accruals and other payables 	20,597	11,597
 Prepaid advertising subscriptions from customers 	(2,051)	(3,624)
Cash generated from operations	175,690	117,600

25. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure authorised but not contracted for and not yet incurred at the end of the year is as follows:

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Property	148,650	

On 28 January 2010, GZP Computer (the "Purchaser") and Administrative Committee of Tianhe Software Park (the "Vendor") entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Vendor shall sell and the purchaser shall acquire the property in No. 115, Gaopu Road, Gaotang Software Station, Tianhe District, Guangzhou, the PRC with a total gross floor area of approximately 29,730 square meters at a total consideration of RMB148,650,000.

In light of the development plan of the Group, the Board has decided to establish its headquarters, research and development center, e-business platform operation center, as well as software and services contracting center in the above property.

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

25. COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Operating lease commitments

The Group's future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Not later than 1 year	3,931	3,283
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	6,523	5
	10,454	3,288

26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties are those parties that have the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control.

(a) Name and relationship with related parties

Name	Relationship
Mr. Wang Ko Chiang	Substantial shareholder
Guangdong Pacific Electronic Technology Mall Company Limited (廣東太平洋電子科技廣場有限公司,"GPET Mall")	Controlled by Mr. Wang Ko Chiang
Shanghai Huanyu Pacific Digital Consulting Co., Ltd. (上海環宇太平洋數碼諮詢有限公司, "SHPD Consulting")	Controlled by Mr. Wang Ko Chiang
Beijing University Pacific Electronic Technology Company Limited (北京北大太平洋電子科技有限公司, "BUPE Technology")	Controlled by Mr. Wang Ko Chiang
Kexim Company Limited ("Kexim")	Controlled by Mr. Wang Ko Chiang
Shanghai Huanyu Pacific Digital Technology Company Limited (上海環宇太平洋數碼科技有限公司, "SHPD Technology")	Controlled by Mr. Wang Ko Chiang

(All amounts are stated in Renminbi (RMB) unless otherwise stated)

26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Related party transactions

The Group undertook the following related party transactions during the year ended 31 December 2009:

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Continuing:		
Rental expenses for office and advertising bill board paid/payable:		
GPET Mall	3,273	3,960
SHPD Consulting	774	770
BUPE Technology	227	227
Kexim	209	212
SHPD Technology	72	72
	4,555	5,241

These transactions were conducted at terms pursuant to agreements entered into between the Group and the respective related parties.

(c) Key management compensation

The remuneration of directors who are also identified as members of key management during the year ended 31 December 2009 is set out in note 7.

(d) Balances with related parties

	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Included in trade and other receivables:		
GPET Mall	423	423

Balances with related parties were unsecured and non-interest bearing, and had no fixed repayment terms.

27. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Save as disclosed in note 25(a), there were no other significant post balance sheet events up to the date of approval of these financial statements.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements and restated/reclassified/re-presented as appropriate, is set out below.

	Year ended 31 December				
RESULTS	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Revenue	386,994	324,608	236,830	170,973	114,341
Profit before income tax	183,763	117,523	108,456	82,035	52,277
Income tax expense	(48,782)	(29,242)	(17,425)	(14,836)	(6,285)
Profit for the year	134,981	88,281	91,031	67,199	45,992
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company	134,981	88,281	91,031	67,199	45,992
Dividends (excluding special dividend)	94,487	64,660	70,965	92,400	56,530
ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND					
ASSETS LESS LIABILITIES					
Total assets	606,480	742,253	732,361	174,096	101,499
Total liabilities	123,182	86,772	67,180	62,746	40,074
Total assets less liabilities	483,298	655,481	665,181	111,350	61,425

The historical financial information of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2005 was extracted from the Prospectus of the Company.