





Annual 2011 Report



中國高精密自動化集團有限公司 CHINA HIGH PRECISION AUTOMATION GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock Code: 591

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Financial Highlights

			Increase/
	2011	2010	(decrease)
	RMB'000	RMB'000	%
Turnover	900,613	667,583	34.9
Profit from operations (Note 1)	366,404	281,182	30.3
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders of			
the Company	304,393	227,658	33.7
Earnings per share (cents)			
- basic	29.34 cents	24.47 cents	19.9
- diluted	29.32 cents	24.47 cents	19.8
Shareholders' equity	2,012,876	1,733,404	16.1

Note 1: Included in the profit from operations were share option related expenses of approximately RMB25,839,000.

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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Wong Fun Chung (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*) Mr. Zou Chong Mr. Su Fang Zhong Mr. Cheung Chuen

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor Ms. Ji Qin Zhi Dr. Hu Guo Qing

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor *(Chairman)* Ms. Ji Qin Zhi Dr. Hu Guo Qing

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor *(Chairman)* Ms. Ji Qin Zhi Dr. Hu Guo Qing

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor *(Chairman)* Ms. Ji Qin Zhi Dr. Hu Guo Qing

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Cheung Chuen, CPA, AICPA

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Cheung Chuen Mr. Wong Fun Chung

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN CHINA

No. 1 Cha Shan Road, Mawei Hi-Tech Development Zone, Fuzhou 350015, The PRC

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 2805, China Resources Building, 26 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.chpag.net

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Sun Hung Kai International Limited

AUDITOR

KPMG Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISERS

As to Hong Kong law Fred Kan & Co.

As to PRC law Helun Law Offices

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited Butterfield House, 68 Fort Street, P.O. Box 609, Grand Cayman KY1-1107, Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.

STOCK CODE

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Chairman's Statement

On behalf of the Board of China High Precision Automation Group Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present to the shareholders the audited annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2011 (the "Year").

DEVELOPMENT TREND OF THE INDUSTRY AND EXPANSION OPPORTUNITIES OF THE COMPANY

China has demonstrated a strong economic recovery during the Year and gradually maintained a sound economic growth trend and foundation. In view of the continued encouragement from the PRC Government on indigenous innovation as well as its support on the development of domestic manufacturing industry, the domestic manufacturing of instrument industry was provided with favorable conditions to its development and enhancement. As an emerging industry of strategic importance during the "12th Five-Year Plan for High-End Equipment Manufacturing Development" period, the instrument industry played a significant role in development of green and low carbon economy. Although the domestic instrument industry currently lags its peers in other developed countries in the standard of high-end industrial automation instruments, it is essential for industry players, which are backed by the enormous market demand in the PRC, to narrow down the technology gap in terms of product stability and reliability and to boost their production scales against competition.

OVERALL OPERATING RESULTS OF THE COMPANY

During the Year, the expanded production line of 2nd phase plant development has commenced operation and reached production targets. Sales of industrial automation instrument and technology products for the Year amounted to RMB741,597,000, representing a year-on-year increase of 40.5%, which significantly enhances the Company's competitiveness in the market.

For the year ended 30 June 2011, revenue of the Group increased by approximately 34.9% to approximately RMB900,613,000 as compared to that of last year. The Group's gross profit increased by approximately 38.5% to approximately RMB438,444,000 as compared to that of last year. Net assets was approximately RMB2,012,876,000, representing an increase of approximately 16.1% over the previous year.

As a strong player in the domestic instrument industry, the Company strives to strengthen its existing products, and at the same time to capture the advantages in its sales network and capital market to materialize the 3rd phase intelligent control valve production in accordance with the schedule. By combining internal steady growth and external expansion, the Group is devoted to fight for a privileged position to meet future competition in the industry.

Looking ahead, the Company will further enhance its sales network coverage and penetration rate through effective marketing and will commit to increase sales orders from industries with significant growth, such as petrochemical, nuclear power and utilities sector, including water supply, heating supply, fuel gas system and sewage treatment, so as to outpace other market competitors and gain trust and support from customers.

In conclusion, the Board expresses sincere gratitude to fellow directors, the Group's senior management and staff for their innovation, dedication and contribution to the Group. The continuing support from the Group's business partners and shareholders is also highly appreciated.

Wong Fun Chung

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 September 2011

Management Discussion and Analysis

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of China High Precision Automation Group Limited (the "Company") is pleased to announce the audited consolidated annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2011 (the "Year").

MARKET AND BUSINESS REVIEW

Over the last year, China's macroeconomic policy shifted from easing to tightening, and the People's Bank of China made upward adjustments on interest rate and deposit reserve ratio, gradually cooling down the rapid economic growth. In addition, uncertainties in investment environment have been posed by rising wages in China. Despite the above uncertainties, in view of the Group's market position and the industry environment, the Directors hold positive view on the Group's foreseeable future and are confident to achieve stable and healthy growth in the Group's business.

Pursuant to "12th Five-Year Plan for High-End Equipment Manufacturing Development" (the "12th Five-Year Plan"), one of the key priorities is the initiatives to develop precision and intelligent instruments as well as testing instruments, intelligent control systems, critical basic parts and components, premium computer numerical control lathe and intelligent special-purpose equipment. Such initiatives are crucial in upgrade and re-generation of manufacturing industry, which would help promoting China to be a powerful manufacturing country. With the Group's strength in production of high precision and intelligent instruments, control systems and high precision parts and components, the Group is well positioned to benefit from the 12th Five-Year Plan over the next five years. It is anticipated that domestic manufacturing will be vigorously promoted across various industries in the 12th Five-Year Plan period, expecting over 90% of oil refinery equipment and over 85% of ethylene equipment for petrochemical industry being domestically manufactured will be achieved at the end of the 12th Five-Year Plan Period. In such favorable environment, the Directors are striving for excellence in production support so to take advantage of the development opportunities available over the next five years.

For the Group's businesses, major tasks for the management were production expansion of the 2nd phase development of the new plant as well as preproduction of the 3rd phase development for actuators. Production of 2nd phase development commenced in October 2010 and substantially increased in April 2011 upon trial run and fine tuning of a large amount of equipment delivered after Lunar New Year. As a result, additional production capacity of automation instrument and technology products was achieved in June 2011 as originally scheduled. However, since fully automated operation was needed for the new production line, production expansion of watch movements could not be finalised before June 2011 due to technological complexity. The management will endeavor to commence operation of fully automated production line for watch movements as soon as possible. Additionally, in view of the early delivery of production equipment, small lot trial production of actuators was commenced ahead of its schedule before June 2011 in the temporary factory of 2nd phase development plant.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has the following two business segments:

Automation instrument and technology products

During the Year, sales of high precision industrial automation instrument and technology products amounted to approximately RMB741,597,000 (2010: approximately RMB527,954,000), representing approximately 82.3% (2010: 79.1%) of the Group's total turnover. The Group continued to focus on production and expansion of high precision industrial automation instrument and technology products, and to manage its inventory levels and its distribution network. Reportable segment profit of this business segment was approximately RMB361,794,000 (2010: approximately RMB242,855,000), representing an increase of about 49.0% as compared to that of 2010.

Horological instruments

Sales of horological instruments were approximately RMB159,016,000 (2010: approximately RMB139,629,000), which accounts for approximately 17.7% (2010: 20.9%) of the Group's total turnover during the Year. This segment recorded reportable segment profit of approximately RMB62,453,000, as compared to approximately RMB49,879,000 in 2010.

MANUFACTURING FACILITIES

The Group has large-scale production facilities and is expanding its productivity to enhance its competitive strength.

The utilization rate of the existing manufacturing facility (1st phase development) of the Group located at Lot No. 15, Kuaian Road, Mawei Science and Technology Park, Fuzhou (福州馬尾科技園區快安大道15號) has reached its maximum since 2008, the Group is in the process of expanding and upgrading its production capacity in two phases (i.e. 2nd and 3rd phase developments). Both developments are located at Long Men Village, Kuaian Technology Park, Fuzhou Economic and Technological Development Zone (福州經濟技術開發區快安科技園龍門 村) in the PRC, covering a total site area of approximately 47,665 square metres.

The 2nd phase development is solely for the expansion of the Group's production capacity of its existing products. The factory on site commenced production in 2010 and reached its full-scale production capacity in June 2011. Accordingly, the Group's production capacity of its existing products has been doubled as scheduled.

The 3rd phase development is solely for actuators, one of the Group's new products. The construction is in progress and is expected to complete in December 2011, and is expected to reach its full-scale production capacity in 2013. In light of the instability of the global economic market, the Directors will proceed with the future developments cautiously.

PROSPECTS

In the short and medium term, the management will be more focused with the development of detectors business. With further development of the "Internet of Things", demand for sensors will grow rapidly in China at compound annual growth rate of approximately 30% over the next five years. Therefore, the management is optimistic about the prospects of detectors market.

In the medium and long term, the management is confident in actuators market as such product would be sold at higher price as well as margins than other existing products of the Group. Mid-to-high end valves market in China is substantially monopolized by international brands and domestic companies with capacities in producing high precision, reliable, durable and safe valves are rare. After years of research and development, the Group has mastered the technology of valves production at a mature level. Together with the introduction of world class processing equipment imported from overseas and more resources will be placed on development of the Group's actuators business, the management is optimistic in mid-to-high end valves markets and is confident in the Group's development of valves business.

Research and development is always the Group's priority. Upon completion of the Group's new research and development centre, it will conduct research and development on various new products and technologies with advanced equipment imported from overseas. Given the comprehensive range of the Group's products, the management will endeavor to develop the business of system integration, which is initially expected to be explored in financial year 2012. Despite the problematic issues such as rising wages and labor shortages commonly found in enterprises in China, the Group has adequate human resources and competent technologies for automated production of watch movements and automaton instruments, resulting in positive impacts on cost control and product quality in the future.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Turnover

Turnover of the Group amounted to approximately RMB900,613,000 for the Year (2010: approximately RMB667,583,000), representing an increase of about 34.9% as compared to that of last year. The increase is attributable to the additional production capacity contributed by the 2nd phase development.

Gross profit and profit from operations

During the Year, the Group's gross profit and profit from operations amounted to approximately RMB438,444,000 (2010: approximately RMB316,622,000) and approximately RMB366,404,000 (2010: approximately RMB281,182,000) respectively. The increase is attributable to the additional production capacity contributed by the 2nd phase development.

The segment gross profit margin of automation instrument and technology products segment slightly increased from 50.3% for 2010 to 50.7% for the Year. It was mainly due to the effect of changes in product mix while the average selling price for individual products remained relatively stable over the years.

The segment gross profit margin of horological instruments segment increased from 36.7% for 2010 to 39.5% for the Year. It was because average unit selling price was increased from RMB1.74 for 2010 to RMB1.85 for the Year. The Group adjust the selling prices from time to time, if necessary, to maintain market share in an intensely price competitive market.

During the Year, the Group recognised approximately RMB25,839,000 for share option related expenses. Together with an exchange loss of approximately RMB12,387,000 and increase in interest income of approximately RMB6,530,000, the Group's profit from operations increased by 30.3% as compared to 2010.

Net profit

The profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the Year was approximately RMB304,393,000, as compared to that of approximately RMB227,658,000 in 2010. It was mainly attributable to the factors as mentioned above and the reduction of finance cost by approximately RMB9,818,000 as all bank loans of the Group have been repaid in November 2009.

Earnings per share

The basic and diluted earnings per share for the Year was RMB29.34 cents (2010: RMB24.47 cents) and RMB29.32 cents (2010: RMB24.47 cents) respectively.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

For the Year, the Group's working capital requirement was principally financed by its internal resources.

As at 30 June 2011, the Group had cash and cash equivalents, net current assets and total assets less current liabilities of approximately RMB1,257,031,000 (30 June 2010: approximately RMB1,369,617,000), approximately RMB1,509,906,000 (30 June 2010: approximately RMB1,519,834,000) and approximately RMB2,030,898,000 (30 June 2010: approximately RMB1,751,370,000) respectively.

Borrowings

As at 30 June 2011, the Group had no bank borrowings (30 June 2010: Nil).

Equity

Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company as at 30 June 2011 increased by approximately RMB279,472,000 to approximately RMB2,012,876,000 (30 June 2010: approximately RMB1,733,404,000).

Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio (calculated as the ratio of total liabilities: total equity) of the Group as at 30 June 2011 was approximately 0.1 (30 June 2010: approximately 0.1).

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE PLACING AND THE PUBLIC OFFER

The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") with a total of 287,500,000 offer shares (including shares issued as a result of the exercise of the over-allotment option), and the net proceeds from the placing and the public offer of approximately HK\$1,043,000,000 (the "Net Proceeds") will mainly be utilized as follows:

- Approximately HK\$711 million will be used for establishment of production facilities for new products of the Group;
- Approximately HK\$129 million will be used for research and development efforts;
- Approximately HK\$81 million will be used for network development and sales support services;
- 4. Approximately HK\$18 million will be used for the Group's information system development; and
- Approximately HK\$104 million will be used for general working capital.

Up to 30 June 2011, the Group has utilized the Net Proceeds as follows:

- Approximately HK\$238 million were used for establishment of production facilities for new products of the Group;
- Approximately HK\$21 million were used for research and development efforts;
- Approximately HK\$19 million were used for network development and sales support services; and
- Approximately HK\$1 million were used for the Group's information system development.

The remaining balance of the Net Proceeds has been placed in the short-term deposits with financial institutions.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of changes in the Company's share capital during the Year were set out in note 25(c) to the financial statement.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

The Group had no significant investment held during the Year.

ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

There was no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries or associated companies by the Group during the Year.

EMPLOYEES AND SHARE OPTION SCHEME

As at 30 June 2011, the Group employed a total of 1,343 employees (30 June 2010: 1,233). It is the Group's policy to review its employee's pay levels and performance bonus system regularly to ensure the competitiveness of the Group's remuneration policy within the relevant industry. During the Year, the employment cost (including Directors' emoluments) amounted to approximately RMB65,742,000 (2010: approximately RMB33,184,000). In order to provide incentives to the staff, Directors and consultants of the Group, share options would be granted to staff, Directors and consultants under the Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") adopted on 28 October 2009. During the Year, 39,000,000 share options have been granted and outstanding under the Scheme. No option has been exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the Year. Details of share options granted by the Company during the Year are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

CHARGE ON ASSETS

As at 30 June 2011, the Group did not have any charges on its assets.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND EXPECTED SOURCES OF FUNDING

Apart from the expansion of manufacturing facilities as described in page 6, the Group had no future plans for material investments subject to disclosure as at 30 June 2011.

The Group will continue to monitor the industry closely and review its business expansion plans regularly, so as to take necessary measures in the Group's best interests.

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES

The Group has foreign currency risk as certain financial assets and liabilities are denominated in foreign currencies principally in United States dollars and Hong Kong dollars. The Group does not expect any appreciation or depreciation of the Renminbi Yuan against foreign currency which might materially affects the Group's result of operations. The Group did not use any financial instruments to hedge its exposure to currency risk during the Year and will continue to closely monitor such risk exposures from time to time.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 30 June 2011, the Group had capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements and capital expenditure authorized but not contracted for capital commitments in the financial statements amounted to approximately RMB35.372.000 (30 June 2010: approximately RMB201,015,000) approximately and RMB214,586,000 (30 June 2010: approximately RMB483,629,000) respectively.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 30 June 2011, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

Biographical Information of Directors and Senior Management

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Wong Fun Chung (黃訓松), aged 58, is the chairman of the Board, the chief executive officer of the Company and founder of the Group. He was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 29 November 2007 and has served the Group for 20 years. Mr. Wong graduated from Tianjin University (天津大學) in 1978 specialising in high precision timing instruments (計時儀器專業) and has over 20 years' experience in the production of horological instruments. During his career in the horological industry, Mr. Wong was recognised as one of the top one hundred youth factory managers in China, which is awarded jointly by China Youth Magazine (中國青年雜誌社), China Enterprise Management Association (中國企業管理協會), Central Propaganda Department of the Chinese Communist Youth League (中國共產主義青年團中央宣傳部) and China Central Television Station (中央電視臺). In 1987, Mr. Wong was the factory manager of the Fuzhou Watch Factory (福州手錶廠), a state-owned enterprise. In 1989, Mr. Wong was approved as an engineer by the Fujian Provincial Bureau of Personnel (福建省人事局). In 1990, one of the quartz clock movement products developed by Mr. Wong was awarded third prize in the technological advancement award by the National Science and Technology Advancement Award Adjudication Committee (國家科學技術進步評審委員會). Mr. Wong is responsible for the formulation of the Group's corporate strategy, overseeing its production operations and the overall steering of the Group's strategic development.

Mr. Zou Chong (鄒崇), aged 41, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 2 July 2008 and is the deputy general manager of the Group. Mr. Zou graduated from the Sichuan University (四川大學) in 1991 specialising in computer application (計算機應用專業). Mr. Zou has served the Group for 20 years and participated in the development of the "WP-series Multi-channel Embedded-type Colored Paperless Recorder" (WP-系列多通道嵌入式彩 色顯示無紙記錄儀), which, together with Mr. Tang Chong Sen, was awarded the "Grade Three of Fuzhou Science and Technology Advancement Award (福州市科學技術進步三等獎)" by Fuzhou Municipal Government in 2006. Mr. Zou is responsible for the technical service centre, system integration, purchasing and sales and marketing of the Group.

Mr. Su Fang Zhong (蘇方中), aged 61, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 2 July 2008 and is the deputy general manager of the Group. He graduated from Fujian Broadcasting Television University (福建廣播 電視大學) in 1990 specializing in financial accounting (財務會計). In 1991, Mr. Su successfully completed quality management (計量管理) training provided by the State Bureau of Technical Supervision (國家技術監督局). Mr. Su has served the Group for 19 years. In 2003, he was appointed as a deputy general manager of Fujian Wide Plus and was approved as an electrical engineer (intermediate level) (中級電子工程師) by the Intermediate and Primary Level Adjudication Committee of the Fuzhou City Rural Enterprise Engineering Department (福州市鄉鎮企業工程系列中、初級評委會). Mr. Su was recognized by the Fuzhou Bureau of Light Industry (福州市輕工業局) as an outstanding performer in the technological development of light industry system (輕工系統技術開發優秀工作者) in 1989 and also as a pioneer worker in production management (生產管理先進工作者) in 1991. Mr. Su is responsible for the warehouse management, production workshops and quality control of the Group.

Biographical Information of Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Cheung Chuen (張全), aged 37, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company since 2 April 2008. He is also the company secretary of the Company. Mr. Cheung graduated from the Hong Kong Shue Yan College (presently Hong Kong Shue Yan University) in 1999 majoring in accounting and obtained a master degree in professional accounting from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2004. He is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Cheung has over a decade gained experience in accounting and auditing. He is currently an independent non-executive director of Anxin-China Holdings Limited and Kingwell Group Limited, both of which are companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Cheung is responsible for the management reporting and planning of the Group, and is in charge of all the Group's financial and statutory reporting.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Hu Guo Qing (胡國清博士), aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company since 2 April 2008. Dr. Hu graduated from the Department of Aviation Automation Control (航空自動控制系) of the Northwestern Polytechnical University (西北工業大學) in 1987 and acquired his doctorate degree from the Department of Hydraulic Engineering (水利工程系) of the Chengdu University of Science and Technology (成都科技大學) in 1993. Since 1993, Dr. Hu has been involved in scientific research and academic teaching in areas such as MEMS technology, sensor technology, industrial automation, mechanical control engineering and automation control. Dr. Hu is currently a Professor at the College of Industrial Equipment and Control Engineering of the South China University of Technology (華南理工大學).

Ms. Ji Qin Zhi (吉勤之), aged 70, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company since 2 April 2008. Ms. Ji graduated from the Department of Precision Instruments Engineering (精密儀器工程系) of Tianjin University (天津大學) in 1964 and acquired the qualification of Senior Engineer in 1988. She was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Shenzhen Fiyta Holdings Limited, a company listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange, in 2006 and 2009. She is currently the vice president of the Horology Association of the People's Republic of China.

Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor (陳玉曉), aged 33, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company since 2 April 2008. Mr. Chan holds an Honours Diploma in Accounting from Hong Kong Shue Yan College (presently Hong Kong Shue Yan University), and a Master Degree in Accounting from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Since graduation he has acquired various accounting, auditing and company secretarial work experience both from certified public accountants firms and listed companies. Mr. Chan is currently the company secretary of FAVA International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chan has over nine years of experience in professional accounting and auditing practice.

Biographical Information of Directors and Senior Management

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Tang Chong Sen (唐崇森), aged 71, graduated from the Mechanical Engineering Department (電機系) of the Harbin Institute of Technology (哈爾濱工業大學) in 1964 specialising in electrical measurement technology (電氣測量技術專業). In 1992, he was an associate professor of the Electrical Engineering Department of Fuzhou University specializing in industrial electrical automation system (工業電氣自動化). He has served the Group for 16 years. Mr. Tang had been the researcher of various provincial new product development projects. In 2002, the WP-series Intelligent Flow Controller for Natural Gas (WP-系列天然氣智能流量控制儀) co-developed by Mr. Tang also received the "Grade Three of Fujian Science and Technology Advancement Award (福建省科學技術獎三等獎)" by Fujian Provincial Government of the PRC. In 2006, the "WP-series Multi-channel Embedded-type Colored Paperless Recorder" (WP-系列多通道嵌入式彩色顯示 無紙記錄儀) which was co-developed by Mr. Tang and Mr. Zou Chong was awarded "Grade Three of Fuzhou Science and Technology Advancement Award (福州市科學技術進步三等獎)" by Fuzhou Municipal Government. Mr. Tang is the chief electrical engineer of the Group and is responsible for overseeing the design and processing of electrical products and electronic software research and development of the Group.

Mr. Gao Wen Jiang (高文江), aged 69, graduated from the Agricultural Machinery Department (農業機械系) of the Fujian Institute of Agriculture (福建農學院) specialising in agricultural mechanisation (農業機械化專業) in 1964. In 1990, Mr. Gao was the deputy technical factory manager of Nanchang Watch Factory (南昌手錶廠). From 1993 to 2004, he was the deputy general manager of Guang Yu Electronic Industrial Co., Ltd. (廣宇電子實業有限公司). Mr. Gao joined Fujian Wide Plus as a chief mechanical engineer in 2004 and has been holding the same position since then. He is responsible for overseeing the crafts processing and high precision mechanical research and development of the Group.

Corporate Governance Report

The Group is committed to upholding statutory and regulatory corporate governance standards and adhering to the principles of corporate governance emphasising accountability, transparency, independence, fairness and responsibility.

The Company has complied with most of the code provisions stipulated in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") for the year ended 30 June 2011, except for the deviation from the code provision A.2.1 of the Code as described in the following section.

A. SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as the required standard for securities transactions by Directors.

Having made specific enquiries of all Directors, all Directors confirmed to the Company that they have complied with the Model Code for the year ended 30 June 2011.

B. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. Composition of the Board of Directors

As at 30 June 2011, the Board consisted of four executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Fun Chung, Mr. Zou Chong, Mr. Su Fang Zhong, and Mr. Cheung Chuen, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Hu Guo Qing, Ms. Ji Qin Zhi and Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor. Each of Directors' respective biographical details is set out in the section headed "Biographical Information of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

The composition of the Board is well balanced with each Director having sound knowledge, experience and/or expertise relevant to the business of the Group. To the best knowledge of the Company, save as disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Information of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report, there is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship among members of the Board (including the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer).

2. Functions of the Board of Directors

The Board is responsible for the oversight of the Company's business and affairs with the objective of enhancing shareholder value. The Board also makes decisions on matters such as approving the annual results and interim results of the Group, notifiable and connected transactions of the Company, appointment and re-appointment of Directors, declaring dividend and adopting accounting policies, etc. Details of the experience and qualifications of Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Information of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report.

The Board delegates the authority and responsibility for implementing daily operations, business strategies and management of the Group's businesses to the executive Directors and the senior management. When the Board delegates different aspects of its management and administrative functions to the senior management, it has given clear directions in relation to the scope of powers of the senior management, in particular, with respect to the circumstances regular report of progress from the senior management and prior approval be obtained from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company.

3. Board Meetings and Board Practices

For the year ended 30 June 2011, the Board conducted seven meetings and the Board will meet on other occasions when a board-level decision on a particular matter is required. The attendance records of those meetings held are set out below:

Members	No. of attendance
Executive Directors	
Mr. Wong Fun Chung (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	7/7
Mr. Zou Chong	7/7
Mr. Su Fang Zhong	7/7
Mr. Cheung Chuen	7/7
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Dr. Hu Guo Qing	6/7
Ms. Ji Qin Zhi	6/7
Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor	6/7

The Directors will receive details of agenda and minutes of committee meetings in advance of each Board meeting. The company secretary will distribute relevant documents to Directors in a timely manner to enable the Directors to make informed decisions on matters discussed in the Board meetings. The company secretary will ensure the procedures of the Board meetings are observed and provide to the Board opinions on matters in relation to the compliance with the procedures of the Board meetings. Minutes of the Board meetings are kept by the company secretary.

4. Independent Non-executive Directors

In compliance with Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules, there are three independent non-executive Directors representing which is more than one-third of the Board. Among the three independent non-executive Directors, one of them has appropriate professional qualifications in accounting or relevant financial management expertise as required by Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

Corporate Governance Report

The independent non-executive Directors bring independent judgment on issues of strategy, performance and risk. The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors written confirmations of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Based on the said confirmations, the Board considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

5. Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Code provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Wong Fun Chung is the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Such deviation from Code provision A.2.1 is deemed appropriate as it is considered to be more efficient to have one single person as the Chairman of the Company as well as to discharge the executive functions of a chief executive officer, and it provides the Group with strong and consistent leadership in the development and execution of long term business strategies. The Board of Directors believes that the balance of power and authority is adequately ensured by the operations of the Board which comprises highly experienced individuals. There are three independent non-executive Directors on the Board. All of them possess adequate independence and therefore the Board considers the Company has achieved balance and provided sufficient protection of its interests.

6. Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

Mr. Wong Fun Chung has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of 3 years commencing from 29 November 2007 and subject to termination in accordance with the provisions of the service contract or by either party giving the other not less than 3 months' prior written notice.

Mr. Cheung Chuen has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of 3 years commencing from 2 April 2008 and subject to termination in accordance with the provisions of the service contract or by either party giving the other not less than 3 months' prior written notice.

Mr. Zou Chong and Mr. Su Fang Zhong have entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of 3 years both commencing from 2 July 2008 and subject to termination in accordance with the provisions of the service contract or by either party giving the other not less than 3 months' prior written notice.

Each of independent non-executive Directors has entered into a formal appointment letter with the Company for a term of one year commencing from 2 April 2008 with automatic renewal, subject to termination by either party giving the other not less than 3 months' prior written notice.

In accordance with the articles of association of the Company, all Directors (including executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors) are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

C. BOARD COMMITTEES

1. Remuneration Committee

The Group established its remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") on 25 August 2008 with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B1 of the Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Directors and the senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy on such remuneration. The Remuneration Committee comprises all three independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Hu Guo Qing, Ms. Ji Qin Zhi and Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor. Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor was appointed as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

For the year ended 30 June 2011, two meetings were held to review the remuneration package of the Board and the senior management. The attendance records of the Remuneration Committee meetings held are set out below:

Members	No. of attendance
Dr. Hu Guo Qing	2/2
Ms. Ji Qin Zhi	2/2
Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor	2/2

The remuneration of Directors is determined by the Board, upon recommendation of the Remuneration Committee with reference to the Directors' qualifications, experience, duties, responsibilities and performance and results of the Group.

2. Audit Committee

The Group established its audit committee (the "Audit Committee") on 25 August 2008 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph C3 of the Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the Group's financial reporting process, internal control and risk management system, to oversee the audit process and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board. The Audit Committee comprises all three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Dr. Hu Guo Qing, Ms. Ji Qin Zhi and Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor. Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor was appointed as the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

For the year ended 30 June 2011, the Audit Committee performed the following tasks:

review of the auditor's report for the audit of final results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2011;

- (ii) review of the draft consolidated financial statement of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2011 with a recommendation to the Board for approval;
- (iii) review of the draft results announcement and annual report of the Group for the year ended 30 June
 2011 with a recommendation to the Board for publication and approval;
- (iv) review of the interim report of the Group for the six months ended 31 December 2010 with a recommendation to the Board for publication and approval;
- (v) review of the internal control system and report of the Audit Committee's review to the Board;
- (vi) review of the audit fees payable to the external auditors for the year ended 30 June 2011 with a recommendation to the Board for approval;
- (vii) review of the external auditors' independence, with a recommendation to the Board for the reappointment of the external auditors at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

There were two meetings of the Audit Committee for the year ended 30 June 2011.

The attendance records of the Audit Committee meetings held are set out below:

Members	No. of attendance
Dr. Hu Guo Qing	2/2
Ms. Ji Qin Zhi	2/2
Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor	2/2

3. Nomination Committee

The Group established a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") on 25 August 2008 with written terms of reference as recommended under the Code. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on appointment and removal of Directors and management of the succession of the Board. The Nomination Committee comprises all 3 independent non-executive Directors, namely, Dr. Hu Guo Qing, Ms. Ji Qin Zhi and Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor. Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor was appointed as the Chairman of the Nomination Committee.

There has been no change in the composition of the Board and of the three committees. There has been no meeting of the Nomination Committee for the year ended 30 June 2011.

D. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

1. Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Board acknowledges that it holds responsibility for:

- (i) Overseeing the preparation of the financial statements of the group with a view to ensuring such financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group; and
- (ii) Selecting suitable accounting policies and applying the selected accounting policies consistently with the support of reasonable and prudent judgment and estimates.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Having made appropriate enquiries, the Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Board will continue to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

2. Internal Controls

The Board places great importance on internal controls and is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal controls over financial reporting for the Company and assessing the overall effectiveness of those internal controls.

The Board had conducted review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group covering all material controls, including financial, operation, compliance control and risk management functions. The Group's internal control system, including a defined management structure with limits of authority, is designed to help achieving business objectives, safeguard assets against unauthorized use or disposition, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensure compliance with relevant legislation and regulations related to the business of the Group. The system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operation systems and achievement of the Group's objectives. The Audit Committee was satisfied that the internal control system has functioned effectively. During the Year, no irregularity or material weakness was noted within any function or process and the Board considers that the internal control system is effective and adequate for the Group as a whole.

3. Auditors' Remuneration

During the year ended 30 June 2011, the remuneration paid/payable to the Company's auditors, KPMG, is set out as follows:

Nature of Services	Fee paid/payable
	RMB'000
Audit services	1,603
Non-audit services	
Total:	1,603

E. INVESTOR AND SHAREHOLDERS RELATIONS

The Company continues to pursue a proactive policy in promoting investor relations and communications with the shareholders of the Company. The Board also recognised that effective communication with investors is the key to establish investor confidence and to attract new investors.

The Company communicates with its shareholders and investors through various channels including publication of interim and annual reports, press announcements and information on the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website at www.chpag.net.

The Company encourages its shareholders to attend the forthcoming annual general meeting as an important opportunity for constructive communication with the Board. The Chairman as well as the chairmen of the Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees, or in their absence, members of the relevant committees are available to answer any questions raised by the shareholders.

The Group regularly releases corporate information, such as awards received, and the latest news of the Group's developments on the Company's website. The public are welcome to give their comments and make their enquiries through the Company's website and the management will give their prompt response thereto.

Report of the Directors

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2011.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities and other particulars of the subsidiaries are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

The analysis of the principal activities and geographical locations of the operations of the Group during the Year are set out in note 11 to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The profit of the Group for the Year and the state of the Company's and the Group's affairs as at 30 June 2011 are set out in the financial statements on pages 30 to 91.

DIVIDENDS

The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.055 (equivalent to approximately RMB0.046) per ordinary share for the year ended 30 June 2011. The final dividend, subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Tuesday, 29 November 2011 ("AGM"), will be paid on or around Friday, 16 December 2011 to its equity shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company as at the close of business on Thursday, 8 December 2011.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

Profits for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of approximately RMB304,393,000 (2010: approximately RMB227,658,000) has been transferred to reserves. Other movements in reserves are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 35 to 36.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 30 June 2011, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to the equity shareholders of the Company are set out in note 25(d)(vii) to the financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 12 to the financial statements.

COMMITMENTS

Particulars of the commitments of the Group as at 30 June 2011 are set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to its existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the Year.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this annual report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Wong Fun Chung (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Zou Chong Mr. Su Fang Zhong Mr. Cheung Chuen

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Hu Guo Qing Ms. Ji Qin Zhi Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor

Report of the Directors

Brief biographical information of the Directors are set out in the "Biographical Information of Directors and Senior Management" section on pages 10 to 12 of this annual report.

In accordance with article 84 of the Company's articles of association, Mr. Su Fang Zhong, Mr. Zou Chong, Dr. Hu Guo Qing and Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor shall retire as Directors by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE AGREEMENTS

Each of the executive Directors listed below has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years, which shall be terminated in accordance with the provisions thereof or by either party giving the other not less than three months' prior written notice. Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a formal appointment letter with the Company for a term of one year with automatic renewal, subject to termination by either party giving the other not less than three months' notice. The appointment dates of each of the Directors are as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Wong Fun Chung	29 November 2007
Mr. Zou Chong	2 July 2008
Mr. Su Fang Zhong	2 July 2008
Mr. Cheung Chuen	2 April 2008

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Hu Guo Qing	2 April 2008
Ms. Ji Qin Zhi	2 April 2008
Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor	2 April 2008

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has a service agreement with the Company or any of its subsidiaries, which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTOR'S INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors or the substantial shareholders of the Company, or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any material interest in a business that competes or may compete with the business of the Group.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 June 2011, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares and underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO'")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and the chief executives of the Company were deemed or taken to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") were as follows:

Long positions in the ordinary shares and underlying shares of the Company:

				Approximate
				percentage of
		Through		the issued
	Directly held	controlled	:	share capital of
Directors	interest	corporation	Total	the Company
Mr. Wong Fun Chung	343,511,082	39,824,704	383,335,786	36.95%
		(Note 2)		

Number of ordinary shares and underlying shares held, capacity and nature of interest

Notes:

- 1. As at 30 June 2011, the total number of issued shares of the Company was 1,037,500,000.
- 2. 39,824,704 shares were held by Fortune Plus Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and is owned as to 66.6% by Mr. Wong. Therefore Mr. Wong is deemed to be interested in these shares under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above and the section headed "Share Option Scheme" below, as at 30 June 2011, none of the Directors or the chief executives of the Company or their respective associates had registered any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 30 June 2011, according to the register of members kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO and so far as is known to, or can be ascertained after reasonable enquiry by the Directors, the following person(s)/ entity(ies) (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) had an interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or be directly and indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote on all circumstances at general meetings of the Company:

Long positions in the ordinary shares of the Company:

			Approximate
			percentage of
			the issued
		Number of	share capital of
Shareholders	Note	Shares	the Company
Mr. Wong Fun Chung	2	383,335,786	36.95%
Capital Research and Management Company		83,390,000	8.04%
Slone Robinson LLP		62,950,900	6.07%

Notes:

- 1. As at 30 June 2011, the total number of issued shares of the Company was 1,037,500,000.
- 2. 39,824,704 shares were held by Fortune Plus Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and is owned as to 66.6% by Mr. Wong. Therefore Mr. Wong is deemed to be interested in these shares under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2011, no person (other than the Directors) who was recorded in the register of the Company had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would be required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 25(c) to the financial statements.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted the share option scheme (the "Scheme") on 28 October 2009, the principal terms of which are set out in note 24 to the financial statements. During the Year, 39,000,000 share options have been granted and outstanding under the Scheme, representing approximately 3.76% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at 30 June 2011. No share option has been exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the Year. Particulars of share options granted by the Company during the Year are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

The following table disclosed details of the Company's outstanding options held by the Directors and certain employees of the Group under the Scheme during the Year:

	Options	Options	Options				
	granted	exercised	cancelled	Options			
	during the	during the	during the	held at 30	Exercise		
Names of grantees	Year	Year	Year	June 2011	price (HK\$)	Date of grant	Exercise period
Executive Directors							
Mr. Wong Fun Chung	800,000	_	_	800,000	5.60	18 March 2011	Exercisable in 3 lots from
							1 April 2011 to 31 March 2016
Mr. Su Fang Zhong	6,000,000	_	_	6,000,000	5.60	18 March 2011	Exercisable in 3 lots from
							1 April 2011 to 31 March 2016
Mr. Zou Chong	6,000,000	_	-	6,000,000	5.60	18 March 2011	Exercisable in 3 lots from
							1 April 2011 to 31 March 2016
Mr. Cheung Chuen	3,000,000	_	-	3,000,000	5.60	18 March 2011	Exercisable in 3 lots from
							1 April 2011 to 31 March 2016
Independent non-executiv	ve Directors						
Ms. Ji Qin Zhi	200,000	_	-	200,000	5.60	18 March 2011	Exercisable in 3 lots from
							1 April 2011 to 31 March 2016
Dr. Hu Guo Qing	200,000	_	-	200,000	5.60	18 March 2011	Exercisable in 3 lots from
							1 April 2011 to 31 March 2016
Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor	200,000	_	-	200,000	5.60	18 March 2011	Exercisable in 3 lots from
							1 April 2011 to 31 March 2016
Employees	22,600,000	_	-	22,600,000	5.60	18 March 2011	Exercisable in 3 lots from
							1 April 2011 to 31 March 2016
	39,000,000	-	_	39,000,000			

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBT SECURITIES

Other than as disclosed under the sections headed "Directors' and chief executives' interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares" and "Share option scheme" above, at no time during the Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or any of its fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or chief executives of the Company or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) to have any right to subscribe for securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations as defined in the SFO or to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTOR'S INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in notes 7 and 28 to the financial statements, there was no contract of significance in relation to the Company's business, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which any of the Directors had, whether directly or indirectly, a material interest at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the Year, except for those disclosed in note 28 to the financial statements, the Group had no transactions with related or connected parties. The transaction is defined by the Listing Rules as "connected transactions" and is exempt from the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements set out in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

BANKING FACILITIES

During the year, no banking facilities were obtained by the Group.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The information in respect of the Group's sales and purchases attributable to the major customers and suppliers respectively during the Year is as follows:

	Percentage of the Group's total		
	Sales	Purchases	
The largest customer	6.8%		
Five largest customers in aggregate	29.5%		
The largest supplier		32.9%	
Five largest suppliers in aggregate		75.1%	

At no time during the Year have the Directors, their associates or any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any interest in these major customers and suppliers.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

Details of the Group's retirement benefits schemes for the Year are set out in note 5(b) to the financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") on 25 August 2008 with written terms of reference which are in compliance with the Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the Group's financial reporting process, internal control and risk management system, to oversee the audit process and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board. The Audit Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Dr. Hu Guo Qing, Ms. Ji Qin Zhi and Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor (Chairman). During the Year and up to the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee has met twice to review the interim and annual results of the Group.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

AUDITORS

KPMG will retire as the auditors of the Company with effect from the conclusion of the AGM. The Company will seek for new auditors as soon as practicable subject to the approval of its shareholders.

By Order of the Board

Wong Fun Chung

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 September 2011

Independent Auditor's Report



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA HIGH PRECISION AUTOMATION GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of China High Precision Automation Group Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") set out on pages 30 to 91, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 30 June 2011, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Except for the inability to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence as explained below, we conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. Because of the matters described in the basis for disclaimer of opinion paragraphs, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report

Basis for disclaimer of opinion

When performing our audit procedures and seeking independent corroborative evidence, we identified inconsistencies between the information contained in the Group's accounting records and information independently obtained. The Company's management explained and showed documents that the Company's products are related to aerospace and other fields which are classified as state secrets. The Company's management explained they were unable to provide us with sufficient supporting documentation for us to carry out appropriate additional procedures due to the provisions of the Law of the People's Republic of China on Guarding State Secrets.

Given these circumstances, there were no practicable audit procedures that we could perform to satisfy ourselves that the information and documents presented to us for our audit were complete and accurate in all material respects, nor could we quantify the extent of adjustments that might be necessary for the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011.

Disclaimer of opinion

Because of the significance of the matters described in the basis for disclaimer of opinion paragraphs, we have not been able to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as to whether they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 30 June 2011 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and as to whether the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

26 October 2011

Consolidated Income Statement

For the year ended 30 June 2011 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

	Note	2011	2010
		RMB'000	RMB'000
Turnover	3	900,613	667,583
Cost of sales		(462,169)	(350,961)
Gross profit		438,444	316,622
Other revenue	4	16,527	12,075
Other net (loss)/income	4	(12,387)	1,785
Distribution costs		(4,490)	(5,679)
Administrative expenses		(71,690)	(43,621)
Profit from operations		366,404	281,182
Finance costs	5(a)	—	(9,818)
Profit before taxation	5	366,404	271,364
Income tax	6(a)	(62,011)	(43,706)
Profit for the year attributable			
to equity shareholders of			
the Company		304,393	227,658
Earnings per share (RMB cents)	10		
- basic		29.34	24.47
- diluted		29.32	24.47

The notes on pages 38 to 91 form part of these consolidated financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 25(b).

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2011 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Profit for the year attributable to equity		
shareholders of the Company	304,393	227,658
Other comprehensive income for the year		
Exchange differences on translation of		
financial statements of operations		
outside the PRC (excluding Hong Kong)	(5,504)	(6,089)
Total comprehensive income for		
the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	298,889	221,569

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 30 June 2011 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

	Note	2011	2010
		RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-current assets		005 444	100.040
Property, plant and equipment	12	265,441	166,040
Construction in progress	13	180,877	30,308
Interests in leasehold land held for own use			
under operating leases	14	10,088	10,315
Prepayments for construction costs		4,455	3,682
Deposits for the purchase of			
property, plant and equipment		57,665	18,702
Deferred tax assets	22(b)	2,466	2,489
		520,992	231,536
Current assets			
nventories	17	50,546	38,462
Trade and other receivables	18	417,129	284,269
Cash and cash equivalents	19	1,257,031	1,369,617
		1,724,706	1,692,348
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	20	196,250	159,454
Current taxation	22(a)	18,050	11,921
Provision for warranties	23	500	1,139
		214,800	172,514
Net current assets		1,509,906	1,519,834
Total assets less current liabilities		2,030,898	1,751,370

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 30 June 2011 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

Note	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
22(b)	18,022	17,966
	18,022	17,966
	2,012,876	1,733,404
25		
	91,360	91,360
	1,921,516	1,642,044
		1,733,404
	22(b)	22(b) 18,022 18,022 18,022 22(b) 2,012,876 25 91,360

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 September 2011

Wong Fun Chung Director Cheung Chuen Director

Statement of Financial Position

At 30 June 2011 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

	Note	te 2011	2010
		RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-current assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	15	944,396	1,046,330
Current assets			
Amount due from a subsidiary	16	50,000	50,000
Prepayments and other receivables	18	—	175
Cash and cash equivalents	19	502	86
		50,502	50,261
		50,502	50,201
Current liabilities			
Other payables and accruals	20	1,564	1,579
		1,564	1,579
Net current assets		48,938	48,682
NET ASSETS		993,334	1,095,012
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	25(a)		
Share capital		91,360	91,360
Reserves		901,974	1,003,652
TOTAL EQUITY		993,334	1,095,012

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 September 2011.

Wong Fun Chung

Director

Cheung Chuen Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2011 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

				Attribut	able to equity	/ shareholders	s of the Com	pany		
	Note	Share capital RMB'000	Share premium (note 25(d)(i)) RMB'000	Capital reserve (note 25(d)(ii)) RMB'000	Surplus reserve (note 25(d)(iii)) RMB'000	Share- based payment reserve (note 25(d)(iv)) RMB'000	Other reserve (note 25(d)(v)) RMB'000	Exchange reserve (note 25(d)(vi)) RMB'000	Retained profits RMB'000	Total RMB'000
					70.040					070.001
Balance at 1 July 2009		342	_	—	70,216	27,365	2,982	3,513	265,613	370,031
Changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2010:										
Profit for the year		_	_	-	_	_	_	_	227,658	227,658
Other comprehensive income				_			_	(6,089)	_	(6,089)
Total comprehensive income		_	_	_		_	_	(6,089)	227,658	221,569
Issuance of convertible bonds		_	_	2,018	_	_	_	_	_	2,018
Shares issued upon issuance of convertible bonds	25(a)	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Redemption of shares upon conversion of										
convertible bonds Shares issued upon conversion of convertible	25(a)	(1)	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	(1)
bonds	21,25(a)	78	223,383	(2,018)	_	_	_	_	_	221,443
Capitalisation issue	25(a)	65,625	(65,625)	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Shares issued under placing and public offering, net of share issuing expenses	25(a)	25,315	893,028	_	_	_	_	_	_	918,343
	20(4)	20,010								010,010
Balance at 30 June 2010		91,360	1,050,786	_	70,216	27,365	2,982	(2,576)	493,271	1,733,404

The notes on pages 38 to 91 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2011 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

		Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company								
	Note	Share capital	Share premium (note 25(d)(i))	Capital reserve (note 25(d)(ii))	Surplus reserve (note 25(d)(iii))	Share- based payment reserve (note 25(d)(iv))	Other reserve (note 25(d)(v))	Exchange reserve (note 25(d)(vi))	Retained profits	Total
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Balance at 1 July 2010		91,360	1,050,786	-	70,216	27,365	2,982	(2,576)	493,271	1,733,404
Changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2011:										
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	304,393	304,393
Other comprehensive income							-	(5,504)	-	(5,504)
Total comprehensive income			_	_		_		(5,504)	304,393	298,889
Dividend declared and paid	25(a)	-	(45,256)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(45,256)
Equity settled share-based payments	25(a)	_	_	_	-	25,839	-	_	-	25,839
Appropriation to surplus reserve					60,125				(60,125)	_
Balance at 30 June 2011		91,360	1,005,530		130,341	53,204	2,982	(8,080)	737,539	2,012,876

The notes on pages 38 to 91 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 30 June 2011 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

	Note	2011	2010
		RMB'000	RMB'000
Operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	19(b)	270,895	264,250
PRC income tax paid		(55,803)	(42,004)
Net cash generated from operating activities		215,092	222,246
Investing activities			
Payment for the purchase of property, plant and equipment		(142,399)	(29,895)
Payment for construction in progress		(154,967)	(52,687)
Interest received		14,944	8,414
Net cash used in investing activities		(282,422)	(74,168)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from bank loans		_	158,174
Repayment of bank loans		-	(237,171)
Interest paid		-	(16,388)
Proceeds from issuance of convertible bonds		—	238,990
Payment for convertible bonds issuing expenses		—	(23,611)
Proceeds from issuance of new shares			
under placing and public offering		-	1,012,575
Payment for share issuing expenses		-	(94,091)
Decrease in amount due to a related party		_	(20,413)
Dividend paid		(45,256)	_
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities		(45,256)	1,018,065
Not (doorooso)/incrooso in cash and cash orginalante		(110 596)	1 166 142
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		(112,586) 1,369,617	1,166,143 203,474
		1,509,017	200,474
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	19(a)	1,257,031	1,369,617

The notes on pages 38 to 91 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 2 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi Yuan ("RMB"), rounded to the nearest thousand. The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiary in Hong Kong is Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), and the functional currency of the Company's subsidiary in Fujian, the PRC is RMB.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on these financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 29.

(c) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable are taken into account.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances and transactions and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(h)(ii)).

(d) Interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases

Interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases represent payments made to acquire leasehold land, and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (see note 1(h)(ii)). Amortisation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leasehold land.

(e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 1(h)(ii)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

- Plant and machineries	10–20 years
- Buildings	20 years
- Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of 5 years and the lease term
- Motor vehicles	10 years
- Furniture and fixtures	5 years

Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

(f) Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction and equipment pending installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(h)(ii)). Cost comprises direct costs of construction as well as borrowing costs (see note 1(v)). Capitalisation of these costs ceases and the construction in progress is transferred to property, plant and equipment when substantially all of the activities necessary to prepare the assets for their intended use are complete.

No depreciation is provided in respect of construction in progress until it is substantially completed and ready for its intended use.

(g) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Impairment of assets

(i) Impairment of trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

Impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where financial assets carried at cost or amortised cost share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Impairment of trade and other receivables (continued)

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade receivable directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- construction in progress;
- interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases;
- prepayments for construction costs;
- deposits for the purchase of property, plant and equipment; and
- investments in subsidiaries.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

— Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)

— Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

— Reversals of impairment losses

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of impairment losses is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(i) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period when the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 1(h)(i)), except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 1(h)(i)).

(k) Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds that can be converted to equity share capital at the option of the holder, where the number of shares that would be issued on conversion and the value of the consideration that would be received at that time do not vary, are accounted for as compound financial instruments which contain both a liability component and an equity component. The derivative component embedded in the convertible bonds is accounted for as a derivative financial instrument (see note 1(n)).

At initial recognition the liability component of the convertible bonds is measured as the present value of the future interest and principal payments, discounted at the market rate of interest applicable at the time of initial recognition to similar liabilities that do not have a conversion option. The derivative component is initially measured at fair value. Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the liability component and the derivative component is recognised as the equity component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of a compound financial instrument are allocated to the liability, derivative and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds. The portion relating to derivative component is recognised immediately to profit or loss.

The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method. The derivative component is subsequently remeasured in accordance with note 1(n). The equity component is recognised in the capital reserve until either the bond is converted or redeemed.

If the convertible bonds are converted, the capital reserve, together with the carrying amount of the liability component and derivative component at the time of conversion, are transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the convertible bonds are redeemed, the capital reserve is released directly to retained profits.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

(m) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(n) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is charged immediately to profit or loss.

(o) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

(p) Employee benefits

- (i) Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.
- (ii) Contributions to appropriate provident fund in Hong Kong and appropriate local defined contribution retirement schemes pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as incurred, except to the extent that they are included in the cost of inventories not yet recognised as an expense.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) The fair value of share options granted to directors and employees is recognised as staff cost with a corresponding increase in share-based payment reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at the grant date using the Black-Scholes-Merton Option Pricing Model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the directors and employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original staff cost qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-base payment reserve. On the vesting dates, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payment reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the share-based payment reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to the retained profits).

If the grant of share options is cancelled or settled during the vesting period (other than grant cancelled by forfeiture when the vesting conditions are not satisfied), the cancellation or settlement is accounted for as an acceleration of vesting and the amount that otherwise would have been recognised for services received over the remainder of the vesting period is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(q) Income tax

- (i) Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.
- (ii) Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Income tax (continued)

(iii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary differences or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax assets and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for the tax purpose, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Income tax (continued)

- (iv) Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities if the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:
 - in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
 - in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(r) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(s) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when the customer has accepted the goods, the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(iii) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as revenue in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred.

(t) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates.

The results of entities with functional currency other than RMB are translated into RMB at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into RMB at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a subsidiary with functional currency other than RMB, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that subsidiary is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(u) Research and development costs

Research and development costs comprise all costs that are directly attributable to research and development activities or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to such activities. Because of the nature of the Group's research and development activities, no development costs satisfy the criteria for the recognition of such costs as an asset. Both research and development costs are therefore recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

(v) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditures for the asset are being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

(w) Related parties

For the purposes of the financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- the party has the ability, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, to control the Group or exercise significant influence over the Group in making financial and operating policy decisions, or has joint control over the Group;
- (ii) the Group and the party are subject to common control;
- (iii) the party is an associate of the Group or a joint venture in which the Group is a venturer;
- the party is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent, or a close family member of such an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- (v) the party is a close family member of a party referred to in (i) or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals; or

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(w) Related parties (continued)

(vi) the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the Group or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the entity.

(x) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The HKICPA has issued a number of amendments to HKFRSs and one new Interpretation that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Of these, the following developments are relevant to the Group's financial statements:

- Improvements to HKFRSs (2009)
- Improvements to HKFRSs (2010)
- HK(IFRIC)19, Extinguishing financial liabilities with equity instruments

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

HK(IFRIC) 19 has not yet had a material impact on the Group's financial statements as these changes will first be effective as and when the Group enters a relevant transaction (for example, a debt for equity swap).

The remaining developments related primarily to clarification of certain disclosure requirements applicable to the Group's financial statements. These developments have had no material impact on the contents of these financial statements.

3 TURNOVER

The principal activities of the Group are the manufacture and sales of high precision industrial automation instrument and technology products as well as horological instruments.

Turnover represents the sales value of goods sold less returns, discounts, value added taxes and other sales taxes. The amount of each significant category of revenue recognised during the year is as follows:

	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Sales of automation instrument and technology products	741,597	527,954
Sales of horological instruments	159,016	139,629
	900,613	667,583

During the year ended 30 June 2011, there was no customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's turnover (2010: Nil).

4 OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET (LOSS)/INCOME

	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Other revenue		
Bank interest income	14,944	3,967
Loan interest income (Note (i))	—	4,447
Government grants (Note (ii))	1,583	3,661
	16,527	12,075
Other net (loss)/income		
Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain	(12,387)	1,785

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

4 OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET (LOSS)/INCOME (continued)

Notes:

- (i) Loan interest income represents the interest income earned from a short-term interest bearing loan of USD21.7 million (equivalent to RMB148.2 million) granted to a shareholder, Fortune Plus Holdings Limited on 8 July 2009. The loan carried interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 8% per annum and was repayable on demand. The loan was fully repaid on 13 November 2009.
- (ii) Government grants represent various forms of incentives and subsidies granted to the PRC subsidiary by the local authorities. The government grants were unconditional.

5 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

		2011 RMB'000	2010 RMB'000
(a)	Finance costs:		
(u)	Interest on bank borrowings wholly repayable within five years	_	9,818
	Interest on convertible bonds	_	11,386
	Less: borrowing costs capitalised as construction in progress		(11,386)
		-	9,818
		2011	2010
		RMB'000	RMB'000
(b)	Staff costs:		
	Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	1,105	694
	Equity-settled share-based payment expenses (note 24)	25,839	_
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	38,798	32,490
		65,742	33,184

Pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC, the PRC subsidiary participates in a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme ("the Scheme") organised by the PRC municipal government authority in the Fujian province whereby the Group is required to make a contribution at the rate of 18% of the eligible employees' salaries to the Scheme. The Group has accrued for the required pension fund contributions, which are remitted to the social security office in the Fujian province when the contributions become due. The social security office in the Fujian province is responsible for making the benefit payments to the retired employees covered under the Scheme.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

5 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (continued)

The Group maintains a mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The Group's and employees' contributions to the MPF Scheme are based on 5% of the employees' relevant income (up to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$20,000) and in accordance with the requirements of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance and related regulations.

The Group has no other material obligation for the payment of pension benefits associated with the two schemes beyond the annual contributions described above.

		2011	2010
		RMB'000	RMB'000
(c)	Other items:		
	Depreciation	17,047	8,732
	Amortisation	227	114
	Reversal of impairment losses on trade and other receivables		
	(note 18(b))	(612)	(1,831)
	Research and development costs	10,318	10,066
	(Reversal of)/increase in provision for warranties (note 23)	(444)	264
	Auditors' remuneration	1,603	2,510
	Operating lease charges in respect of properties	1,859	1,835
	Listing expenses	_	13,323
	Cost of inventories *	462,169	350,961

Cost of inventories includes RMB34,372,000 (2010: RMB26,700,000) relating to staff costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses, amounts of which are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above or in note 5(b) for each of these types of expenses.

6 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

(a) Income tax in the consolidated income statement represents:

	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Current tax – PRC Income Tax Provision for the year	61,932	43,338
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences (note 22(b))	79	368
	62,011	43,706

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

6 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (continued)

- (a) Income tax in the consolidated income statement represents: (continued)
 - Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands.
 - (ii) No provision has been made for Hong Kong Profits Tax as the Group does not have assessable profits subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax during the year.
 - (iii) Pursuant to the income tax rules and regulations of the PRC, a recognised Advanced and New Technology Enterprise ("ANTE") that meets the conditions according to the *Notice on Issuance of the Administrative Measures governing the Recognition of Advanced and New Technology Enterprises* issued on 14 April 2008 is entitled to a reduced income tax rate of 15%. On 12 December 2008, Fujian Wide Plus Precision Instrument Co., Ltd. ("Fujian Wide Plus") was recognised as an ANTE as approved by the relevant authorities.

From 1 January 2008, non-resident enterprises without an establishment or place of business in the PRC or which have an establishment or place of business in the PRC but whose relevant income is not effectively connected with the establishment or a place of business in the PRC, will be subject to withholding tax at the rate of 10% (unless reduced by treaty) on various types of passive income such as dividends derived from sources within the PRC. As Fujian Wide Plus is directly and wholly held by a Hong Kong incorporated subsidiary, a rate of 5% is applicable to the calculation of this withholding tax under the double tax arrangement between Hong Kong and the PRC. Deferred tax liabilities have been recognised for undistributed retained profits of Fujian Wide Plus earned since 1 January 2008 to the extent that the profits are likely to be distributed in the foreseeable future.

(b) Reconciliation between income tax expense and profit before taxation at applicable tax rates:

	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Profit before taxation	366,404	271,364
Notional tax on profit before taxation, calculated at the rates		
applicable in the tax jurisdiction concerned	102,385	70,076
Tax concessions	(40,930)	(29,766)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	556	3,396
Actual income tax expense	62,011	43,706

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

7 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

2011

	Fees RMB'000	Basic salaries, allowances and other benefits in kind RMB'000	Contributions to retirement benefit scheme RMB'000	Share-based payments RMB'000	Bonuses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Executive directors						
Mr. Wong Fun Chung	_	1,050	10	530	_	1,590
Mr. Zou Chong	_	477	3	3,975	_	4,455
Mr. Su Fang Zhong	_	477	_	3,975	_	4,452
Mr. Cheung Chuen	-	776	10	1,988	-	2,774
Independent non-						
executive directors						
Dr. Hu Guo Qing	102	_	_	133	_	235
Ms. Ji Qin Zhi	102			133		235
Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor	102			133		235
Total	306	2,780	23	10,867	_	13,976

2010

		Basic salaries,				
		allowances and	Contributions to			
		other benefits in	retirement	Share-based		
	Fees	kind	benefit scheme	payments	Bonuses	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Executive directors						
Mr. Wong Fun Chung	_	798	7	_	_	805
Mr. Zou Chong	_	382	3	—	_	385
Mr. Su Fang Zhong	_	382	2	—	_	384
Mr. Cheung Chuen	_	713	11	_	264	988
Independent non-						
executive directors						
Dr. Hu Guo Qing	70	—	—	—	_	70
Ms. Ji Qin Zhi	70	—	—	—	—	70
Mr. Chan Yuk Hiu, Taylor	88		_		_	88
Total	228	2,275	23	_	264	2,790

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8 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, three individuals were also directors of the Company (2010: four) whose remuneration is disclosed in note 7 above. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other two individuals (2010: one) are as follows:

	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Contributions to retirement benefit scheme	19	10
Salaries and other emoluments	657	484
Equity-settled share-based payments	6,759	—
	7,435	494

The emoluments of the remaining individual are within the following bands:

	2011	2010
	Number of	Number of
	individuals	individuals
HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000	-	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	1	_
HK\$6,000,001 to HK\$7,000,000	1	_
	2	1

9 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company includes a loss of RMB33,394,000 (2010: RMB32,848,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

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10 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of RMB304,393,000 (2010: RMB227,658,000) and the weighted average number of 1,037,500,000 ordinary shares (2010: 930,230,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the year, calculated as follows:

	2011	2010
	'000	'000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares:		
Issued ordinary shares at beginning of the year	1,037,500	3,800
Effects of shares issued upon conversion of convertible bonds	_	561
Number of ordinary shares issued under capitalisation issue		
(note 25(c))	-	745,321
Effect of ordinary shares issued upon placing and public offering	_	180,548
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)	1,037,500	930,230

(b) Diluted earnings per share

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of RMB304,393,000 (2010: RMB227,658,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue adjusted for the potential dilutive effect caused by the share options granted under the share option scheme (see note 24) assuming they were exercised during the year.

	2011	2010
	'000	'000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic) Effect of deemed issue of shares under the Company's share	1,037,500	930,230
option scheme Effect of conversion of convertible bonds	547 —	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)	1,038,047	930,531

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

11 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by business lines. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following two reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

Automation instrument and technology	the manufacture and trading of intelligent display
products:	instruments, flow accumulate instruments, pressure
	transmitters and logging control instruments.
Horological instruments:	the manufacture and trading of multi-functional all-plastic
	quartz watch movements.

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible, intangible assets and current assets with the exception of deferred tax assets and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables, provision for warranties and current tax payable attributable to the individual segments.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is "adjusted profit from operations". To arrive at reportable segment profit, the Group's profit from operations is adjusted for items not specifically attributed to individual segments, such as head office or corporate administrative expenses. In addition to receiving segment information concerning adjusted profit from operations, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue and additions to non-current segment assets.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

11 SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 30 June 2011 and 2010 is set out below.

and technology						
	produ	ucts	Horological instruments		Total	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Reportable segment revenue	741,597	527,954	159,016	139,629	900,613	667,583
Reportable segment profit						
(adjusted profit from						
operations)	361,794	242,855	62,453	49,879	424,247	292,734

Automation instrument

Automation instrument

and technology						
	prod	ucts	Horological i	instruments	Total	
	At 30 June	At 30 June	At 30 June	At 30 June	At 30 June	At 30 June
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Reportable segment assets	737,751	403,758	182,317	148,130	920,068	551,888
Addition to non-current segment						
assets during the year	217,189	55,091	46,801	10,715	263,990	65,806
Reportable segment liabilities	106,316	94,557	33,203	60,619	139,519	155,176

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11 SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(b) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

	2011 RMB'000	2010 RMB'000
Revenue		
Reportable segment revenue	900,613	667,583
Consolidated turnover	900,613	667,583
	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Profit		
Reportable segment profit	424,247	292,734
Unallocated head office and corporate expenses	(57,843)	(21,370)
Consolidated profit before taxation	366,404	271,364
	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Assets		
Reportable segment assets	920,068	551,888
Unallocated head office and corporate assets	1,325,630	1,371,996
Consolidated total assets	2,245,698	1,923,884
	2011	2010
	RMB'000	2010 RMB'000
Liabilities		
Reportable segment liabilities	139,519	155,176
Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities	93,303	35,304
Consolidated total liabilities	232,822	190,480

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

11 SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(c) Geographical segments

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment, construction in progress, interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases, prepayments for construction cost and deposits for the purchase of property, plant and equipment ("specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the goods were delivered. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset.

	Revenu	es from	Speci	fied
	external customers non-currer		nt assets	
			At 30 June	At 30 June
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Hong Kong	41,406	40,175	1,167	186
PRC (excluding Hong Kong)	859,207	627,408	517,359	228,861
	900,613	667,583	518,526	229,047

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Group

	Plant and		Leasehold	Motor	Furniture	
	machineries	Buildings	improvements	vehicles	and fixtures	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Coot						
Cost:	75 000		0 700	000	0.050	00 445
At 1 July 2009	75,882	_	2,782	922	2,859	82,445
Additions	26,240	_	1,179	1,542	934	29,895
Transfer from construction in						
progress (note 13)	47,632	39,990	_	-		87,622
Exchange adjustment			(4)	_	(3)	(7)
At 30 June 2010 and						
1 July 2010	149,754	39,990	3,957	2,464	3,790	199,955
Additions	94,594	7,853	7,347	269	2,792	112,855
Transfer from construction in						
progress (note 13)	3,627	_	_	-	_	3,627
Exchange adjustment	_	_	(18)		(43)	(61)
At 30 June 2011	247,975	47,843	11,286	2,733	6,539	316,376
Accumulated depreciation:						
At 1 July 2009	21,835	_	1,433	207	1,714	25,189
Charge for the year	7,582	167	390	163	430	8,732
Exchange adjustment	_	_	(4)	_	(2)	(6)
At 30 June 2010 and						
1 July 2010	29,417	167	1,819	370	2,142	33,915
	20,111		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		2,112	
Charge for the year	13,849	1,783	585	222	608	17,047
Exchange adjustment	_	_	(18)	_	(9)	(27)
At 30 June 2011	43,266	1,950	2,386	592	2,741	50,935
Net book value:						
At 30 June 2010	120,337	39,823	2,138	2,094	1,648	166,040
At 30 June 2011	204,709	45,893	8,900	2,141	3,798	265,441

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

13 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

	The Group
	RMB'000
At 1 July 2009	71,043
Additions	46,887
Transfer to property, plant and equipment (note 12)	(87,622)
At 30 June 2010	30,308
At 1 July 2010	30,308
Additions	154,196
Transfer to property, plant and equipment (note 12)	(3,627)
At 30 June 2011	180,877

Construction in progress comprises costs incurred on plant and machineries and buildings not yet completed at the end of respective reporting periods.

14 INTERESTS IN LEASEHOLD LAND HELD FOR OWN USE UNDER OPERATING LEASES

	The Gr	oup
	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cost:		
At 1 July 2009, 30 June 2010 and 30 June 2011	10,656	10,656
Accumulated amortisation:		
At 1 July 2010/2009	114	_
Charge for the year	227	114
At 30 June 2011/2010	341	114
Net book value:		
At 30 June	10,315	10,542

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

14 INTERESTS IN LEASEHOLD LAND HELD FOR OWN USE UNDER OPERATING LEASES (continued)

	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Representing:		
Non-current portion	10,088	10,315
Current portion included in "Other prepayments, deposits and		
receivables" (note 18)	227	227
	10,315	10,542

Interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases represent payments for land use rights in the PRC with lease term expiring in 2056.

15 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	The Company	
	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Unlisted equities, at cost	342	342
Amounts due from subsidiaries	944,054	1,045,988
	944,396	1,046,330

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment. In the opinion of the directors, except for the amount as disclosed in note 16, the amounts due from subsidiaries will not be repaid within twelve months from the end of the reporting period and are, therefore, presented in the statement of financial position as non-current.

Details of the Company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2011 are as follows:

	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Particulars of issued and fully paid up share capital/ registered	Attributable equity interest		
Name of subsidiary	and operation	capital	Direct	Indirect	Principal activities
Wide Plus High Precision Automation Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 shares of HK\$1 each	100%	_	Investment holding
Fujian Wide Plus Precision Instrument Co., Ltd. ("Fujian Wide Plus")*	PRC	RMB557,937,866	_	100%	Manufacture and sale of high precision industrial automation instrument and technology products and multi-functional all plastic quartz watch movements

* Fujian Wide Plus is a wholly foreign owned enterprise established in PRC. The English translation of the company name is for reference only. The official name of Fujian Wide Plus is in Chinese.

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16 AMOUNT DUE FROM A SUBSIDIARY

The amount due from a subsidiary is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment. In the opinion of the directors, the amount will be repaid within twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

17 INVENTORIES

(a) Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

	The G	The Group	
	2011	2010	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Raw materials and consumables	38,605	29,046	
Work in progress	5,463	3,002	
Finished goods	6,478	6,414	
	50,546	38,462	

(b) An analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

	The Group	
	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cost of inventories sold	462,169	350,961

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

	The Group		The Co	mpany
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	414.000	001.000		
Trade receivables	414,003	281,936	_	_
Less: allowance for doubtful				
debts (note 18(b))	(1,212)	(1,824)	—	—
	412,791	280,112	_	—
Other prepayments, deposits and				
receivables	4,338	4,157		175
	417,129	284,269	-	175

18 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

All of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as an expense within one year. The Group's credit policy is set out in note 26(a). The Group generally grants credit periods of 120 days to 150 days from the date of billing to its customers.

(a) Ageing analysis

An ageing analysis of trade receivables (net of allowance for doubtful debts) at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	The Group	
	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Neither past due nor impaired (current)	412,445	278,688
		210,000
Less than 1 month past due	1	664
1 to 3 months past due	345	760
Amounts past due	346	1,424
	412,791	280,112

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

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18 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(a) Ageing analysis (continued)

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a wide range of customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

(b) Impairment of trade and other receivables

Impairment losses in respect of trade and other receivables are recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against trade and other receivables directly (see note 1(h)(i)).

The movement in the allowance for doubtful debts during the year, including both specific and collective loss components, is as follows:

	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 July 2010/2009	1,824	3,655
Write-back of impairment losses	(1,824)	(3,655)
Impairment loss recognised	1,212	1,824
At 30 June 2011/2010	1,212	1,824

The individually impaired receivables related to customers and other third parties that were in financial difficulties and management assessed that only a portion of the receivables are expected to be recovered. Consequently, specific allowances for doubtful debts of RMB1,212,000 (2010: RMB1,824,000) were recognised. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

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19 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

	The Group		The Co	mpany
	2011 2010		2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Time deposits	119,240	586,656	-	—
Cash at bank and in hand	1,137,791	782,961	502	86
	1,257,031	1,369,617	502	86

(b) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations:

	Note	2011	2010
		RMB'000	RMB'000
Profit before taxation		366,404	271,364
Adjustments for:			
- Depreciation	5(c)	17,047	8,732
- Amortisation	5(c)	227	114
- Finance costs	5(a)	—	9,818
- Interest income	4	(14,944)	(8,414
- Equity-settled share-based payment expenses	5(b)	25,839	_
- Listing expenses	5(c)	—	13,323
- Unrealised exchange differences		(5,471)	(2,823
Operating profit before changes in working			
capital		389,102	292,114
Increase in inventories		(12,084)	(9,832
Increase in trade and other receivables		(132,860)	(7,631
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		27,376	(4,754
Decrease in amount due to a shareholder		_	(5,731
(Decrease)/increase in provision for warranties		(639)	84
Cash generated from operations		270,895	264,250

(c) As at 30 June 2011, the balances that were placed with banks in the PRC and included in the cash and cash equivalents above amounted to RMB1,205,181,000 (2010: RMB1,359,287,000). Remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC government.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

20 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	The G	roup	The Co	mpany
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade payables	139,019	116,026	_	_
Other payables and accruals	57,231	43,428	1,564	1,579
	196,250	159,454	1,564	1,579

Included in trade and other payables are trade payables with the following ageing analysis at the end of the reporting period. The credit periods granted by various suppliers generally range from 120 days to 150 days.

	The Group	
	2011	
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Due within 1 month or on demand	3,643	10,131
Due after 1 month but within 3 months	78,575	61,074
Due after 3 months but within 6 months	56,801	44,821
	139,019	116,026

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled within one year.

21 CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 8 July 2009, the Company issued convertible bonds (the "CBs") with a principal amount of USD35,000,000 (equivalent to RMB238,990,000) to Standard Bank Plc, an unrelated party. The CBs bear interest at 8% to 14% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrear, and are repayable on 8 July 2014 (the "Maturity Date").

Subject to the terms of the CB Subscription Deed, on 17 August 2009, part of the CBs in the principal amount of USD17,000,000 (equivalent to RMB116,081,000) was transferred by Standard Bank Plc to two unrelated parties, Orchid Asia IV, L.P. and Orchid Asia IV Co-Investment, Limited as to USD16,660,000 (equivalent to RMB113,759,000) and USD340,000 (equivalent to RMB2,322,000) respectively.

The holder of the CBs has the right at any time, prior to the Maturity Date, to convert all or any portion of the CBs into conversion shares ("Voluntary Conversion"), or in the event of a Qualified IPO as defined in the CB Subscription Deed, a mandatory conversion of all outstanding principal amounts into conversion shares ("Mandatory Conversion"). The number of conversion shares to be issued pursuant to a Voluntary Conversion or a Mandatory Conversion will be determined by a conversion price of USD39.8 per share, subject to antidilution adjustment.

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21 CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

The outstanding principal amount of the CBs together with any unpaid interest shall, unless previously converted into shares or redeemed, be repaid in full if the Qualified IPO has not occurred on the Maturity Date.

On 10 November 2009 and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the CB Subscription Deed, the whole principal amount of the CBs issued to Standard Bank Plc, Orchid Asia IV, L.P. and Orchid Asia IV Co-Investment, Limited was converted to 452,284, 418,615 and 8,543 Class A shares of the Company, representing 7.25%, 6.71% and 0.14% interests in the Company prior to the capitalisation issue respectively.

Movements of the convertible bonds are as follows:

		Т	he Group and	the Company	
		Liability	Derivative	Equity	
	Note	component	component	component	Total
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 July 2009		_	_	_	_
Issuance of convertible bonds, net of					
direct transaction costs		203,371	9,990	2,018	215,379
Interest charged for the year	5(a)	11,386	—	_	11,386
Interest paid during the year		(6,532)	—	_	(6,532)
Change in fair value of derivative					
component - embedded currency					
swap		_	3,228	_	3,228
Conversion into ordinary shares of the					
Company		(208,225)	(13,218)	(2,018)	(223,461)
At 30 June 2010 and 2011				_	_

22 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

	The G	iroup
	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Provision for PRC Income Tax	18,050	11,921

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

22 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

(b) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised:

	The Group						
			Undistributed				
	ŀ	Accelerated tax	profits of PRC				
	Provisions	depreciation	subsidiary	Total			
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000			
Deferred tax arising from:							
At 1 July 2009	2,676	(160)	(17,625)	(15,109)			
Charged to profit or loss	(187)	(181)		(368)			
At 30 June 2010	2,489	(341)	(17,625)	(15,477)			
At 1 July 2010	2,489	(341)	(17,625)	(15,477)			
Charged to profit or loss	(23)	(56)		(79)			
At 30 June 2011	2,466	(397)	(17,625)	(15,556)			
			2011	2010			
			RMB'000	RMB'000			
Deferred tax assets recognised	on the consolidate	ed					
statement of financial position	n		2,466	2,489			
Deferred tax liabilities recognise	ed on the consolida	ited					
statement of financial position	n		(18,022)	(17,966)			

(c) Deferred tax not recognised:

At 30 June 2011, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of the Group's PRC subsidiary amounted to RMB953,765,000 (2010: RMB606,472,000). Deferred tax liabilities of RMB30,063,000 (2010: RMB12,698,000) have not been recognised in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of the PRC subsidiary and the directors have determined that a portion of these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

(15, 556)

(15,477)

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

23 PROVISION FOR WARRANTIES

	The Group
	RMB'000
At 1 July 2009	1,055
Additional provision made	264
Provision utilised	(180)
At 30 June 2010	1,139
At 1 July 2010	1,139
Additional provision made	297
Provision utilised	(195)
Unutilised provision reversed	(741)
At 30 June 2011	500

Under the terms of the Group's sales agreements, the Group will rectify any product defects arising within 18 months of delivery of automation instrument and technology products to customers. Provision is therefore made for the best estimate of the expected settlements under these agreements in respect of sales made prior to the end of the reporting period. The amount of provision takes into account the Group's recent claim experience and provision is only made where a warranty claim is probable.

24 EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Pursuant to the shareholder's written resolution passed on 28 October 2009, the Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") whereby the directors of the Company are authorised, at their discretion, to invite any directors and employees of the Group, to take up options to subscribe for the shares of the Company. The Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years from the effective date of such scheme and will expire on 13 November 2019.

Under the Scheme, the directors may at their discretion to grant options to (i) any employee of any member of the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest (the "Invested Entity"); (ii) any executive and non-executive directors of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (iii) any supplier and customer of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (iv) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (v) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued or proposed to be issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) any adviser or consultant of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (vi) adviser or consultant of adviser or

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

24 EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

The maximum number of shares in respect to which options may be granted under the Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company on the date of adopting the Scheme. The limit may be refreshed at any time provided that the new limit must not be in aggregate exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the shareholders' approval in general meeting. However, the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other scheme of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue on the last date of such 12-month period unless approval of the shareholders of the Company has been obtained in accordance with the Listing Rules. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option.

Options may be exercised at any time from the date of grant of the option to the 10th anniversary of the date of grant as may be determined by the directors. The exercise price is determined by the directors, and will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price per share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets on the date of the grant of the options; (ii) the average closing price per share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the grant of the options; or (iii) the nominal value of a share.

Each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Company and is settled gross in shares. 39,000,000 share options were granted to the Company's directors and employees during the year ended 30 June 2011 (2010: Nil).

		Number of		Contractual life
Date of grant		options granted	Vesting conditions	of options
Options granted to d	lirectors:			
18 March 2011	Lot 1	4,920,000	0.5 month after the date of grant	5 years
18 March 2011	Lot 2	4,920,000	12.5 months after the date of grant	5 years
18 March 2011	Lot 3	6,560,000	24.5 months after the date of grant	5 years
Options granted to e	mployees:			
18 March 2011	Lot 1	6,780,000	0.5 month after the date of grant	5 years
18 March 2011	Lot 2	6,780,000	12.5 months after the date of grant	5 years
18 March 2011	Lot 3	9,040,000	24.5 months after the date of grant	5 years

(a) The terms and conditions of the grants are as follows:

39,000,000

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

24 EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

(b) The number and weighted average exercise price of share options are as follows:

	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options '000
Outstanding at 1 July 2009 and 2010 Granted during the year	— НК\$5.6	– 39,000
Outstanding at 30 June 2011	НК\$5.6	39,000
Exercisable at 30 June 2011	НК\$5.6	11,700

(c) Fair value of share options and assumptions

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted. The estimation of the fair value of the share options granted is measured based on a Black-Scholes-Merton Option Pricing Model. The contractual life of the share option is used as an input into this model. Expectations of early exercise are incorporated into the Black-Scholes-Merton Option Pricing Model.

Fair value of share options and assumptions

	2011			
	Lot 1	Lot 2	Lot 3	
Fair value at measurement date (HK\$)	1.73789	1.88545	2.01633	
Share price (HK\$)	5.5	5.5	5.5	
Exercise price (HK\$)	5.6	5.6	5.6	
Expected volatility	53.67%	53.67%	53.67%	
Expected option life	2.5 years	3 years	3.5 years	
Expected dividends	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	
Risk-free rate	0.77%	0.95%	1.14%	

The expected volatility is based on the historic volatility (calculated based on the weighted average remaining life of the share options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information. Expected dividends are based on historical dividends. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

Share options were granted under a service condition. This condition has not been taken into account in the grant date fair value measurement of the services received. There were no market conditions associated with the grants of the share options.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Movement in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

				Share-based			
	Share	Share	Capital	payment	Exchange	Accumulated	Total
	capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	losses	equity
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Balance at 1 July 2009	342	_	_	27,365	(8)	(31,484)	(3,785)
Changes in equity for the year							
Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	(32,848)	(32,848)
Other comprehensive income	_			_	(10,159)		(10,159)
Total comprehensive income					(10,159)	(32,848)	(43,007)
Issuance of convertible bonds	_	_	2,018	_	_	_	2,018
Shares issued upon issuance of convertible bonds	1	_	_	_	_	_	1
Redemption of shares upon							
conversion of convertible bonds	(1)	_	_	_	_	_	(1)
Shares issued upon conversion of	(.)						(.)
convertible bonds	78	223,383	(2,018)	_	_	_	221,443
Capitalisation issue	65,625	(65,625)	(2,0.0)	_	_	_	
Shares issued under placing and		(,)					
public offering, net of share issuing							
expenses	25,315	893,028	_	_	_	_	918,343
Balance at 30 June 2010 and							
1 July 2010	91,360	1,050,786	_	27,365	(10,167)	(64,332)	1,095,012
Changes in equity for the year							
Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	(33,394)	(33,394)
Other comprehensive income					(48,867)		(48,867)
Total comprehensive income					(48,867)	(33,394)	(82,261)
Dividend declared and paid	_	(45,256)	_	_	_	_	(45,256)
Equity settled share-based payments	_	_	_	25,839	_	_	25,839
Balance at 30 June 2011	91.360	1,005,530	_	53,204	(59,034)	(97,726)	993,334

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(b) Dividends

Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year:

	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of		
HK5.5 cents per ordinary share (2010: HK5 cents per		
ordinary share)	47,454	45,256

The dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

(c) Authorised and issued share capital

Movements of the authorised share capital of the Company during the year are as follows:

		Par value		Number of	f shares		
		Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	Nominal	value of
	Note	shares	shares	shares	shares	ordinary	shares
		HK\$	HK\$	'000	'000	HK\$'000	RMB'000
Authorised:							
At 1 July 2009		0.1	0.001	5,000	2,000	502	442
Cancellation of shares	(i)(a)	_	0.001	_	(2,000)	(2)	(2)
Increase in authorised							
share capital on 10							
November 2009	(i)(b)	0.1	_	9,995,000	_	999,500	880,060
At 30 June 2010							
and 2011		0.1	_	10,000,000	_	1,000,000	880,500

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(c) Authorised and issued share capital (continued)

A summary of the movements in the Company's issued share capital during the year are as follows:

		Par v	alue	Number of	f shares			
		Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	Nominal value of		
	Note	shares	shares	shares	shares	ordinary	shares	
		HK\$	HK\$	'000	'000	HK\$'000	RMB'000	
Issued and fully paid:								
At 1 July 2009		0.1	_	3,800	_	380	342	
Issue of shares upon								
issuance of								
convertible bonds	(ii)(a)	_	0.001	_	879	1	1	
Redemption of shares								
upon conversion of								
convertible bonds	(i)(a)	_	0.001	_	(879)	(1)	(1)	
Issue of shares upon								
conversion of								
convertible bonds	(ii)(b)	0.1	_	879	_	88	78	
Capitalisation issue	(ii)(C)	0.1	_	745,321	_	74,532	65,625	
Issue of shares under								
placing and public								
offering	(ii)(d)	0.1		287,500		28,750	25,315	
At 20, June 2010 and								
At 30 June 2010 and				1 007 500		100 750	04 000	
2011		0.1		1,037,500		103,750	91,360	

Notes:

(i) Authorised share capital

- (a) Pursuant to the CB Subscription Deed entered into by the Company, upon mandatory conversion of the CBs on 10 November 2009, all Class B shares subscribed by the holders of the CBs were automatically redeemed by the Company at nil consideration and cancelled.
- (b) By an ordinary resolution of the Company passed on 28 October 2009, immediately upon the conversion of the CBs as mentioned in (a) above, the authorised share capital of the Company be increased from HK\$500,000 to HK\$1,000,000,000 by the creation of an additional 9,995,000,000 shares of HK\$0.1 each, ranking pari passu in all respects with the existing shares.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(c) Authorised and issued share capital (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(ii) Issued share capital

(a) Issue of shares upon issuance of convertible bonds

On 8 July 2009, 879,442 Class B shares were issued to Standard Bank Plc, the subscriber of CBs at par value of HK\$0.001 each.

(b) Issue of shares upon conversion of convertible bonds

As set out in note 21, on 10 November 2009, the entire principal amount of CBs was converted into 879,442 Class A shares of the Company.

(c) Capitalisation issue

Pursuant to the written resolutions on 28 October 2009, an amount of RMB65,625,000 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company was capitalised by allotment of 745,320,558 shares of HK\$0.10 each to the existing shareholders of the Company, credited as fully paid.

(d) Issue of share under placing and public offering

On 13 November 2009, the Company issued 250,000,000 shares with a par value of HK\$0.10 each, at a price of HK\$4 per share upon listing of the shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange by way of a placing and public offering. On 19 November 2009, the Company issued an additional 37,500,000 shares with a par value of HK\$0.10 each, at a price of HK\$4 per share upon the exercise of the over-allotment option in connection with the global initial public offering. Net proceeds from such issues amounted to RMB918,343,000 (after offsetting listing expenses of RMB94,232,000), out of which RMB25,315,000 was recorded in share capital and RMB893,028,000 was recorded in share premium.

(iii) As at 30 June 2011, the holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserve

(i) Share premium

In accordance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. The share premium may also be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

(ii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve comprises the value of unexercised equity component of convertible bonds issued by the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible bonds in note 1(k), which has been transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the share issued upon the conversion of the convertible bonds.

(iii) Surplus reserve

Pursuant to applicable PRC regulations, the PRC subsidiary of the Group are required to appropriate 10% of their after-tax-profit (after offsetting prior year losses) to the statutory reserve until the reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital. The transfer to the reserve must be made before distribution of dividends to equity holders. The statutory reserve can be used, upon approval by the relevant authorities to offset the accumulated losses or to increase the registered capital of the subsidiary, provided that the balance of the reserve after such increase is not less than 25% of its registered capital.

(iv) Share-based payment reserve

Share-based payment reserve represents the fair value of employee services in respect of share options granted to certain directors and employees of the Group that has been recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in note 1(p)(iii).

(v) Other reserve

Other reserve arisen from the Group's reorganisation completed on 3 April 2008.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

25 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserve (continued)

(vi) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of operations outside the PRC which are dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1(t).

(vii) Distributable reserves

At 30 June 2011, the aggregate amounts of distributable reserves available for distribution to the equity shareholders of the Company, including the distributable amounts disclosed in note 25(d)(i) were RMB907,804,000 (2010: RMB986,454,000). After the end of the reporting period, the directors proposed a dividend of HK5.5 cents per ordinary share (2010: HK5 cents per ordinary share), amounting to RMB47,454,000 (2010: RMB45,256,000). This dividend has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

(e) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group defines "capital" as including all components of equity plus advance from shareholders with no fixed terms of repayment, less unaccrued proposed dividends. On this basis, the amount of capital employed at 30 June 2011 was RMB1,965,422,000 (2010: RMB1,688,148,000).

The Group's capital structure is regularly reviewed and managed with due regard to the capital management practices of the Group. Adjustments are made to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions affecting the Group, to the extent that these do not conflict with the directors' fiduciary duties towards the Group or the requirements of the company laws of the jurisdictions concerned for each of the entities comprising the Group. The results of the directors' review of the Group's capital structure are used as a basis for the determination of the level of dividends, if any, that are declared.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

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26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate, commodity price, supply and foreign currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. These risks are managed by the Group's financial risk management policies and practices described below.

(a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables and deposits with banks. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Trade receivables are presented net of the allowance for impairment of doubtful debts. Credit risks and exposures are controlled and monitored on an on-going basis by performing credit evaluation on customers on a case-by-case basis. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are normally due within 120 to 150 days from the date of billing. Debtors with balances that are more than three months overdue are requested to settle all outstanding balances before further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has a certain concentration of credit risk arising from trade receivables as 18% (2010: 8%) and 34% (2010: 32%) of the total trade receivables were due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers as at 30 June 2011.

The Group's bank deposits are placed with major financial institutions and the Group considers the credit risk to be insignificant. At the end of the reporting period, the Group has a certain concentration of credit risk arising from deposits with banks as 81% of total cash and cash equivalents were deposited at one financial institution in the PRC (2010: 56%).

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position after deducting any impairment allowance.

The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the Company's board when the borrowing exceeds certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's and the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group and the Company can be required to pay:

The Group

		2011		2010				
	Contrac	ctual		Contra	Contractual			
	undiscount	ed cash		undiscounted cash				
	outflo	w		outflo	W			
	Within		Carrying	Within		Carrying		
	1 year or		amount at	1 year or		amount at		
	on demand	Total	30 June	on demand	Total	30 June		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
Trade and other payables	196,250	196,250	196,250	159,454	159,454	159,454		

The Company

	2011		2010			
	Contrac	Contractual		Contractual		
	undiscount	undiscounted cash		undiscounted cash		
	outflo	w		outflow		
	Within		Carrying	Within		Carrying
	1 year or		amount at	1 year or		amount at
	on demand	Total	30 June	on demand	Total	30 June
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Other payables and accruals	1,564	1,564	1,564	1,579	1,579	1,579

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from cash at bank. The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-generating financial assets at the end of the reporting period.

(i) Interest rate profile

		The G	iroup		
	2011		2010		
	Effective		Effective		
	interest rate	RMB'000	interest rate	RMB'000	
Fixed rate instruments:					
Time deposits	0.35%–3.27%	119,240	0.13%–1.79%	586,656	
Variable rate instruments:					
Cash at bank	0%–0.5%	1,137,551	0%–0.36%	782,634	
Total instruments		1,256,791		1,369,290	

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 30 June 2011, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately RMB10,823,000 (2010: RMB12,134,000).

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for all non-derivative financial instruments in existence at that date. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2010.

(d) Commodity price risk

The major components used in the production of the Group's products included copper coils. The Group is exposed to fluctuations in the prices of copper coils which are influenced by global as well as regional supply and demand conditions. Fluctuations in the price of copper coils could adversely affect the Group's financial performance. The Group historically has not entered into any commodity derivative instruments to hedge the potential commodity price changes.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(e) Supply risk

The Group sources most of main raw materials from a limited group of suppliers. Interruption or reduction of supply of these raw materials could adversely affect the Group's financial performance. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor the stock level of raw materials to ensure that it maintains sufficient raw materials to meet its production schedules and commitments to customers in the short and longer term. Management does not expect that there will be difficulties to obtain adequate supplies of raw materials and components in a timely manner and at a stable cost. During the year ended 30 June 2011, the Group's supplies of raw materials from the five largest suppliers represented 75% (2010: 72%) of the Group's total raw materials purchases.

(f) Currency risk

(i) Foreign currency transactions

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk primarily through sales which give rise to receivables and cash balances that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate.

The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States dollars ("USD") and Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). During the year, sales denominated in these foreign currencies represented 5% (2010: 6%) of the Group's total turnover. The Group does not employ any financial instruments for hedging its exposures to foreign currency risk.

(ii) Recognised assets and liabilities

In respect of other trade receivables and payables held in currencies other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate, the Group ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level, by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates where necessary to address short-term imbalances.

(iii) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from forecast transactions or recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. The Company does not expose to significant currency risks as the majority of the Company's assets and liabilities are denominated in Hong Kong Dollars.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(f) Currency risk (continued)

(iii) Exposure to currency risk (continued)

The Group

	Exposure to foreign currencies				
	(expressed in Renminbi Yuan)				
	2011		2010		
		United		United	
	Hong Kong	States	Hong Kong	States	
	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Trade and other receivables	1,637	538	10,678	281	
Cash and cash equivalents	128,673	105,316	130,864	241,942	
Trade and other payables	(4,355)	(1,117)	(160)	(634)	
Overall exposure	125,955	104,737	141,382	241,589	

(iv) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant.

The Group

	20	11	2010		
		Increase/		Increase/	
	Increase/	(decrease) in	Increase/	(decrease) in	
	(decrease) in	profit after tax	(decrease)	profit after tax	
	foreign	and retained	in foreign	and retained	
	exchange rate	profits	exchange rate	profits	
		RMB'000		RMB'000	
HK\$	5%	5,353	5%	6,009	
	(5)%	(5,353)	(5)%	(6,009)	
USD	5%	4,451	5%	13,342	
	(5)%	(4,451)	(5)%	(13,342)	

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(f) Currency risk (continued)

(iv) Sensitivity analysis (continued)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into RMB at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, including inter-company payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of operations outside the PRC into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2010.

(g) Fair values

All financial instruments are carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 30 June 2011 and 2010.

27 COMMITMENTS

(a) Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

	The G	roup
	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 year	2,180	1,894
After 1 year but within 5 years	4,306	4,970
After 5 years	6,403	7,677
	12,889	14,541

The Group is the lessee in respect of a number of properties held under operating leases. The lease of a property located in Hong Kong runs for an initial period of 2 years and the leases of land and properties located in the PRC run for an initial period of 15 years. The leases have options to renew when all terms are renegotiated. The leases do not include contingent rentals.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

27 COMMITMENTS (continued)

(b) Capital commitments

Capital commitments outstanding at 30 June not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

	The Group		
	2011	2010	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Contracted for	35,372	201,015	
Authorised but not contracted for	214,586	483,629	
	249,958	684,644	

28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Non-recurring transactions

	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Transactions with the shareholder		
Settlements of rental expenses on the Group's behalf		
— Mr. Wong Fun Chung (Note (i))	440	872

Note:

(i) The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the above related party transactions were conducted on normal commercial terms and were priced with reference to prevailing market prices, and in the ordinary course of business.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 7 is as follows:

	2011	2010
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Short-term employee benefits	3,067	2,935
Share-based payments	24	_
Contribution to retirement benefit schemes	11,131	23
	14,222	2,958

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see note 5(b)).

29 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The methods, estimates and judgements the directors used in applying the Group's accounting policies have a significant impact on the Group's financial position and operating results. Some of the accounting policies require the Group to apply estimates and judgements, on matters that are inherently uncertain.

Notes 24 and 26 contain information about the assumptions and their risk factors relating to fair value of share options granted and financial instruments respectively. Other key areas of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

(a) Provision for warranties

As explained in note 23, the Group makes provision for the warranties it gives on sales of automation instrument and technology products based on the Group's recent claim experience. As the Group is continually upgrading its product designs and launching new models it is possible that the recent claim experience is not indicative of future claims that the Group will receive in respect of past sales. Any increase or decrease in the provision would affect profit or loss in future years.

(b) Impairments of assets

The Group reviews the carrying amounts of the assets at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. When indication of impairment is identified, management prepares discounted future cash flow to assess the differences between the carrying amount and value in use and provided for impairment loss. Any change in the assumptions adopted in the cash flow forecasts would increase or decrease in the provision of impairment loss and affect the Group's net asset value.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

29 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(b) Impairments of assets (continued)

Allowance for impairment loss for doubtful debts in respect of trade and other receivables is assessed and provided based on the directors' regular review of ageing analysis and evaluation of collectibility. A considerable level of judgement is exercised by the directors when assessing the credit worthiness and past collection history of each individual customer.

An increase or decrease in the above impairment losses would affect the net profit in future years.

(c) Write-down of inventories

The Group reviews the carrying amounts of the inventories at the end of each reporting period to determine whether the inventories are carried at lower of cost and net realisable value as in accordance with accounting policy as set out in note 1(i). Management estimates the net realisable value based on current market situation and historical experience on similar inventories. Any change in the assumptions would increase or decrease the amount of inventories write-down or the related reversals of write-down made in prior years and affect the Group's net assets value.

(d) Provision for taxation

Judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are transactions and calculations for which ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The final outcomes are subject to uncertainties and resulting liabilities may exceed provisions.

(e) Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives. The Group reviews regularly the useful lives of the assets and their residual values, if any. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation expense for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimation.

(Expressed in Renminbi Yuan unless otherwise indicated)

30 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of new standards, amendments and interpretations which are not yet effective for the year ended 30 June 2011, and which have not been adopted in these consolidated financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

	Effective for
	accounting periods
	beginning on or after
Revised HKAS 24, Related party disclosures	1 January 2011
Amendments to HKFRS 7, Financial instruments: Disclosures	
 Transfers of financial assets 	1 July 2011
Amendments to HKAS 12, Income taxes	1 January 2012
HKFRS 9, Financial instruments	1 January 2013
HKFRS 10, Consolidated financial statements	1 January 2013
HKFRS 12, Disclosure of interests in other entities	1 January 2013
HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement	1 January 2013

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these new standards, amendments, and interpretations is expected to be in the period of initial application but is not yet in a position to state whether these new standards, amendments, and interpretations would have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

Financial Summary

RESULTS

	For the year ended 30 June				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)		
Turnover	479,251	600,904	620,003	667,583	900,613
Profit before taxation	202,249	241,932	248,566	271,364	366,404
Income tax expenses	(15,574)	(26,925)	(42,834)	(43,706)	(62,011)
Profit attributable to equity shareholders					
of the Company	184,645	212,072	199,957	227,658	304,393

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	At 30 June				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)		
Non-current assets	67,870	99,712	141,631	231,536	520,992
Current assets	320,260	489,029	521,979	1,692,348	1,724,706
Current liabilities	(126,053)	(204,907)	(275,594)	(172,514)	(214,800)
Net current assets	194,207	284,122	246,185	1,519,834	1,509,906
Total assets less current liabilities	262,077	383,834	387,816	1,751,370	2,030,898
Non-current liabilities	(3,808)	(5,767)	(17,785)	(17,966)	(18,022)
Total equity	258,269	378,067	370,031	1,733,404	2,012,876

Note:

1. The figures for the three years ended 30 June 2007, 2008 and 2009 have been extracted from the prospectus of the Company dated 2 November 2009.