

China Environmental Resources Group Limited 中國環境資源集團有限公司 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) 股份代號: 1130



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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Yeung Chi Hang *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. Leung Kwong Choi Mr. Wong Po Keung Mr. Chung Siu Wah Mr. Chik To Pan

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Wong Kwai Sang Mr. Ong Chi King Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric

AUDIT COMMITTEE, REMUNERATION COMMITTEE AND NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Ong Chi King *(Chairman)* Mr. Wong Kwai Sang Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Leung Kwong Choi *(Chairman)* Mr. Wong Po Keung

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lo Tai On

AUDITORS

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited

HONG KONG OFFICE

Room 2811, 28/F, West Tower, Shun Tak Centre 168–200 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Ugland House South Church Street, P.O. Box 309 George Town, Grand Cayman Cayman Islands British West Indies

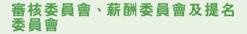
董事會

執行董事

楊智恒先生(*主席及行政總裁)* 梁廣才先生 黃保強先生 鍾少樺先生 戚道斌先生

獨立非執行董事

黃貴生先生 王子敬先生 香志恒先生



王子敬先生(*主席)* 黃貴生先生 香志恒先生

投資委員會

梁廣才先生(*主席*) 黃保強先生

公司秘書

羅泰安先生

核數師

中滙安達會計師事務所有限公司

香港辦事處

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註冊辦事處

Ugland House South Church Street, P.O. Box 309 George Town, Grand Cayman Cayman Islands British West Indies

Corporate Information 公司資料



PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square, Grand Cayman KY1-1102, Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited Suites 3301–04, 33/F., Two Chinachem Exchange Square 338 King's Road, North Point Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Bank of Communications Company Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited

HONG KONG STOCK CODE

1130

SINGAPORE TRADING SYMBOL

CHENV400: SP

WEBSITE

www.cergroup.com.hk

股份過戶登記總處

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square, Grand Cayman KY1-1102, Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港 北角英皇道338號 華懋交易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 交通銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 華僑永亨銀行有限公司

香港股份代號

1130

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中國環境資源集團有限公司 二零一八年年報



Management's Report 管理層報告

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of China Environmental Resources Group Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the Annual Report 2018 and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2018.

BUSINESS AND OPERATION REVIEW

The Group is currently engaged in metal recycle business, motor and motor accessories business, car parking spaces rental, money lending business and securities trading and investment business. The Group also maintains the green businesses of research, development and application of technologies and solutions, manufacture, sale and trading of products, materials, systems and services for green market segments including the environmental markets, agricultural markets, organic markets and green technology markets in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and overseas. The Group has been continuing to explore new business opportunities for corporate development and dedicates to develop sustainable current business.

By way of a forestry management and undertaking agreement, the Group through its wholly-owned subsidiary acquired timber cutting right over a plantation land of approximately 30,000 mu (Chinese Mu) in Shihezi City, Xinjiang for a period of 30 years commencing on 1 July 2008.

The underground water level of the region in Shihezi City, Xinjiang dropped drastically in recent years due to overexploitation of farmland, resulting in a shortage of water resources.

The irrigation in Xinjiang relies heavily on underground water, because the supply of surface water is far below the demand for plantation irrigation, thus creating difficulties for hydraulic engineering projects for plantation areas and driving up the operating costs.

The Group has made several attempts to enhance the value of the plantation business ("Plantation Business") including (i) negotiation with other plantation owners to swap the Group's plantation land (the "Plantation Land") with other forestry assets which are in better condition, enabling the Group to rationalize its investment in the Plantation Business and generate better return on investment and (ii) reconstruction and upgrade of Plantation Land (the "Reconstruction") where the Group had considered to enhance the plantation irrigation by investing approximately RMB194 million for the construction of irrigation system to ensure sufficient water supply from other water sources to regenerate suitable condition for the plantation growth.

本人謹此代表中國環境資源集團有限公司 (「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)向股東呈報 二零一八年年報及本公司及其附屬公司(統 稱「本集團」)截至二零一八年六月三十日止 年度之經審核綜合財務報表。

業務及營運回顧

本集團目前從事金屬回收業務、汽車及汽 車配件業務、停車位租賃、借貸業務以及 證券買賣及投資業務。本集團亦繼續從事 中華人民共和國(「中國」)及海外綠色市場 (包括環保市場、農業市場、有機市場及及 色技術市場)技術與解決方案的研發及應 用、生產、銷售及買賣相關產品、材料、系 統及服務等綠色業務。本集團不斷為公司 發展探尋新商機以及致力發展可持續的現 有業務。

透過一份林業管理承包合約,本集團透過 其全資附屬公司取得新疆石河子市約 30,000畝(中國畝)種植土地的伐木權,自 二零零八年七月一日起,為期30年。

由於過度開發農田,新疆石河子市區內地 下水位近年大幅下降,導致水源短缺。

新疆的地面水供應遠低於種植灌溉需求, 故其灌溉非常依賴地下水,對種植地區水 利工程項目造成困難,使經營成本上漲。

本集團已多次嘗試提升種植業務(「種植業 務」)的價值,包括(i)與其他種植場擁有人 商討,將本集團的種植土地(「種植土地」) 交換為其他狀況較佳的林業資產,以讓本 集團理順種植業務的投資,並產生更佳的 投資回報及(ii)重建及提升種植土地(「重 建」),本集團考慮投資約人民幣 194,000,000元建設灌溉系統,加強種植灌 溉,確保自其他水源獲得充足供水,為復 甦種植增長合適條件。

Management's Report 管理層報告

As referred to the announcement dated 20 August 2018, due to the extreme climate in Shihezi City, the Group considered that it would be appropriate to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the current condition of the Plantation Land by conducting a feasibility study before any further negotiation of Assets Swap to prevent the Group from exposing to excessive warranties. Indeed, the recent negative responses from the vendor of target forestry had also raised the management's concern over the condition of the Plantation Land.

The Group has engaged Malcolm & Associates Appraisal Limited ("Malcolm") to conduct an update of a feasibility study of the Reconstruction. In preparing the update of a feasibility study, Malcolm has sent professionals to visit the site where our Plantation Land located and visit the Water Resources and Forestry Bureau* 石河子林農業局 in the Shihezi People's Government* in order to obtain sufficient information to be incorporated in the feasibility study.

The Group owns industrial properties which comprise 2 parcels of land with a site area of approximately 72,335.99 sq. m. and various buildings and ancillary structures erected thereon with a total gross floor area of approximately 28,814.66 sq. m. located at Longchuanzhou, Renzhou Village, Shatian, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, the PRC.

The Group owns 95 car parking spaces located in Kennedy Town, Hong Kong. In view of recent surge in real property market price in Hong Kong, the prospect of car parking spaces in Hong Kong remain positive.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2018, turnover of the Group increased by 1,419% to approximately HK\$212.28 million with gross profit of approximately HK\$19.30 million, represented an increase of approximately 168%. Loss for the year amounted to approximately HK\$160.59 million mainly attributed to the increase in administrative and operating expenses and loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets.

BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

In the process of valuing the biological assets, Roma Appraisals Limited ("Roma") adopted the Market-Based Approach to estimate the fair value of the biological assets. The fair value of the biological assets was computed using the formula:

The fair value of biological assets = (Total volume of standing timbers x Recovery rate) x Market price of timber – Cutting cost + Scrap sale income

According to 農業資產估值報告 prepared by forestry manager, random sampling has been performed in order to estimate the total volume of standing timbers on the Plantation Land based on "中華人民共和國國家標準原木材積表 GB/T 4814-2013". During

誠如日期為二零一八年八月二十日之公佈 所述,由於石河子市的極端氣候,本集團 認為,為防止本集團面臨過度擔保,就資 產交換作出任何進一步磋商前,進行可行 性研究全面了解種植土地現況為合適之 舉。目標林地賣方最近的負面反應,亦確 實引起管理層對種植土地狀況的關注。

本 公 司 已 委 聘Malcolm & Associates Appraisal Limited (「Malcolm」)更新重建可 行性研究。編製可行性研究更新時, Malcolm已指派專業人士前赴種植土地所 在地進行實地視察,並到訪石河子人民政 府屬下的石河子林農業局,以取得充足資 料載入可行性研究。

本集團擁有位於中國廣東省東莞市沙田稔 洲村龍船洲之工業物業,含2幅地塊地盤面 積約為72,335.99平方米之土地,以及建於 其上總建築面積約28,814.66平方米之數項 樓宇及附屬構築物。

本集團擁有95個位於香港堅尼地城的停車 位。鑒於香港房地產市價近期急升,香港 停車位的前景仍可觀。

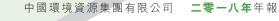
截至二零一八年六月三十日止財政年度, 本集團的營業額增加1,419%至約 212,280,000港元,毛利約為19,300,000港 元,增加約168%。年內虧損約為 160,590,000港元,主要歸因於行政及營運 開支以及生物資產公允值變動減出售成本 產生之虧損增加所致。

生物資產

於生物資產估值過程,羅馬國際評估有限 公司(「羅馬國際」)已採用市場基礎法以估 計生物資產公允值。生物資產公允值按以 下算式計算:

生物資產之公允值 =(未採伐林木總量 x 採 收率)x木材市價 - 砍伐成本 + 廢料銷售收 入

根據林木經理編製之農業資產估值報告, 已根據「中華人民共和國國家標準原木材 積表GB/T 4814-2013」隨機抽樣,以估計種 植土地之未採伐林木總量。於各次抽樣過







each time of the sampling process, there were 20 sampling areas with an area of about 0.5 Mu. The following inputs, coming from the projection of the results of sampling process have been adopted in this valuation based on the opinions as stated in 農業 資產估值報告 prepared by forestry manager:

- Total volume of standing timbers = 566,179 m³
- Recovery rate = 80%
- Cutting cost = 5% of revenue
- Scrap sale income = 5% of revenue

With reference to observable market price of timber of similar species in the PRC, the adopted market price was RMB650 per cubic meter.

To determine how the different values of an independent variable would impact a particular dependent variable under a given set of assumptions, Roma carried out sensitivity analysis on the fair value of the biological assets in respect of the recovery rate and adopted market price. The results of the sensitivity analysis are as follows: 程中,共有20個面積為約0.5畝之抽樣地區。根據林木經理編製之農業資產估值報告所載意見,本估值已採納以下隨機抽樣結果之預測的輸入數據:

- 未採伐林木總量 = 566,179立方米
- 採收率 = 80%
- 砍伐成本 =收益之5%
- 廢料銷售收入 =收益之5%

經參考中國同類木材之可觀察市價,所採納市價為每立方米人民幣650元。

為釐定於一組特定假設下一項特定變項之 數值不同對某一特定變項之影響,羅馬國 際就採收率及所採納市價對生物資產公允 值進行敏感度分析。敏感度分析結果如下:

Absolute Change in Recovery Rate 採收率變動絶對值	Applied Recovery Rate 所用採收率	Fair Value of the Biological Asset 生物資產公允值 (RMB) (人民幣)
+10%	90%	311,350,000
+5%	85%	311,350,000
+0%	80%	294,413,000
-5%	75%	276,012,000
-10%	70%	257,611,000

% Change in Adopted Market Price 所採納市價變動%	Adopted Market Price 所採納市價 (RMB/m ³) (每立方米人民幣)	Fair Value of the Biological Asset 生物資產公允值 (RMB) (人民幣)
+10%	715	323,854,000
+5%	683	309,133,000
+0%	650	294,413,000
-5%	618	279,692,000
-10%	585	264,972,000

The directors are of the view that the fair value of the biological assets is under a significant impact from changes in market price per m³ of logs. If the market price per m³ of logs increases/ decreases, the fair value of the biological assets would be higher/ lower proportionately, holding other inputs and assumptions used in the valuation techniques remained unchanged.

董事認為,生物資產公允值因每立方米原 木市價變動而受到重大影響。在估值技術 所用其他輸入數據及假設保持不變的情況 下,倘每立方米原木市價增加/減少,則 生物資產的公允值將按比例增加/減少。

Management's Report 管理層報告

For the financial year ended 30 June 2018, growth and volume of the biological assets were affected by reasons stated. The Group recorded a decrease to approximately HK\$348.93 million (2017: HK\$506.02 million) in the fair value of the poplar trees of biological assets. The Group considers that the decrease is non-cash in nature and will not have material adverse effect on the financial position of the Group.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2018, the Group recognized aggregate losses arising from the major non-current assets of approximately HK\$179.8 million (2017: HK\$38 million). This represents the combined effect of the amortization of intangible assets and the loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets.

Metal Recycle Business

The Group started its metal recycle business in November 2017. Since the commencement of the business and during the year ended 30 June 2018, the Group recorded from recycled metal materials trading revenue of approximately HK\$184,570,000 (2017: Nil). It is the main revenue generator of the Group.

The Group has leased a manufacturing base at Pat Heung, Yuen Long which operates as waste metal materials collection and warehouse. Requisite machineries and equipment have been installed at the base to facilitate some primary processing works be done to wasted metal materials collected.

The Group is adopting a conservative approach for the development of the recycled metal materials collection and trading business. Whilst most of the recycled metal materials tradings were local trades, it is understood that a large proportion, in terms of monetary value, of them were for importation to the PRC. In the first half of 2018, the PRC government authorities implemented various new regulations and policies on importation of wasted materials. One of the objectives of these new regulations and policies is to ensure imported recycled metal materials are being processed at certain level to mitigate environmental pollution. These new rules have increased the processing costs.

There are other factors affecting the Group's consideration of the PRC market. Downward fluctuation of Renminbi would have adverse effect on profit margin and even lead to loss. The trade war between the PRC and the United States of America with its unknown duration and magnitude will definitely affect production industries in the PRC.

The Group is looking into opportunities of exporting recycled metal materials to other South East Asia countries to alleviate reliance on the PRC market.

截至二零一八年六月三十日止財政年度, 生物資產之增長及數量收到上述理由所影響。本集團錄得生物資產內白楊樹公允值 減少至約348,930,000港元(二零一七年: 506,020,000港元)。本集團認為,跌幅為非 現金性質,且將不會對本集團之財務狀況 造成重大不利影響。

於截至二零一八年六月三十日止財政年 度,本集團確認來自主要非流動資產之虧 損總額約179,800,000港元(二零一七年: 38,000,000港元),代表攤銷無形資產及生 物資產公允值變動減出售成本產生之虧損 之合併影響。

金屬回收業務

本集團於二零一七年十一月開始其金屬回 收業務。自展開業務至二零一八年六月 三十日止年度,本集團錄得回收金屬物料 貿易收益約184,570,000港元(二零一七 年:零),為本集團主要收益來源。

本集團於元朗八鄉租賃一個製造基地,作 金屬物料收集及倉庫之用。基地內已安裝 必要的機器及設備,以便對所收集到的廢 棄金屬物料進行若干初步加工工作。

本集團對回收金屬物料收集及貿易業務之 發展抱持保守態度。儘管回收金屬物料貿 易多為本地貿易,就貨幣價值而言其實大 可輸往中國政府機關對廢棄物料進口 實施多項新訂法規及政策。該等新訂法規 及政策之目標之一為確保進口的回收金環 物料已經於若干層面多重加工,減少環 污染。該等新規則導致加工成本上漲。

本集團在考慮中國市場時亦受其他因素影響。人民幣震盪下行對溢利率造成不利影響,甚至會導致損失。中國與美利堅合眾國之間的貿易戰的持續時間及幅度仍是未知之數,勢必會影響中國之生產行業。

本集團正探求機會,將出口回收金屬物料 擴大至其他東南亞國家,減少對中國市場 之依賴。







Benefited from the policy of reducing excess capacity enforced by the PRC government, many companies and factories affected by this policy relocated their production plants from the PRC to South East Asia countries. Also, the Belt and Road Initiative adopted and promoted by the PRC government positively creates investments in these countries. The initial focus of the Belt and Road Initiative has been infrastructure investment, construction materials, railway and highway, automobile, real estate, power grid, and iron and steel. Already, some estimates list the Belt and Road Initiative as one of the largest infrastructure and investments in history, covering more than 68 countries, including almost all South East Asia countries. Many of these countries recorded a sharp increase in importation of recycled metal materials. The Group's strategy is to locate reputable end users or importers of recycled metal materials and supply or trade with them directly.

Motor and Motor Accessories Business

During the year, the Group maintained business on sale of the super car "BAC Mono" and motorcycle "Norton" and "Bimota". Sales on this motor trading segment had been slowed down and underperformed but revenue of the whole business had been compensated by the growth in the motor accessories trading.

The "Öhlins" motorcycle components were able to maintain their sales level to the expectation of the Group. The breakthrough came in January 2018 when we, after lengthy discussions and negotiations, became an authorised distributor of "Pirelli" motorcycle tyres for the China market. "Pirelli" is one of the leading prestigious tyre manufacturers for motor vehicles and motorcycles. We concluded that it would be a good business to distribute "Pirelli" motorcycle tyres after learning "Pirelli" had modified its market strategy to build and operate a tyre factory in Indonesia to produce motorcycle tyres catering for the upperlower and middle price ranges. Our move proved to be sound and correct. The Group started trading with "Pirelli "motorcycle tyres from April 2018 and, for a short period of less than two months, it contributed over half of the revenue for this business segment. The Group will put more efforts to consolidate and expand the "Pirelli" motorcycle tyres business.

For the year ended 30 June 2018, revenue from motor and motor accessories business was approximately HK\$22,042,000 (2017: HK\$8,431,000).

Car Parking Spaces Rental

The car parking spaces continued to provide a stable revenue and cash flow to the Group. Refurbishment of the car parking spaces to enhance the property value and/or operate the car parking spaces by the Group itself to enhance rental revenue are still under consideration. For the year ended 30 June 2018, rental income recorded was approximately HK\$3,751,000 (2017: HK\$3,571,000).

汽車及汽車配件業務

年內,本集團維持銷售超級汽車「BAC Mono」以及電單車「Norton」及「Bimota」 之業務。此汽車買賣分部之銷售放緩,表 現遜色,惟整個業務之收益由汽車配件買 賣增長補償。

「Öhlins」電單車零件維持本集團所預期的 銷售水平。經過長期討論及磋商後,我們 終於二零一八年一月取得突破,成為 「Pirelli」電單車輪胎於中國市場之授權分銷 商。「Pirelli」是領先著名汽車及電單車輪胎 製造商之一。我們認為,得悉「Pirelli」修改 其市場策略,於印尼興建及營運輪胎工 廠,生產切合上下及中等價格範圍的電單 車輪胎後,分銷「Pirelli」電單車輪胎為良好 業務。我們的行動已獲證明為合理正確。 本集團自二零一八年四月開始買賣「Pirelli」 電單車輪胎,在少於兩個月期間,已為此 業務分部帶來超過一半的收益。本集團將 致力於整合及擴展「Pirelli」電單車輪胎業務。

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,汽車 及汽車配件業務之收益約為22,042,000港 元(二零一七年:8,431,000港元)。

停車位租賃

停車位租賃繼續為本集團提供穩定收益及 現金流量。本集團仍在考慮翻新停車位提 高物業價值及/或自行經營停車位以增加 租金收益。截至二零一八年六月三十日止 年度錄得租金收入約3,751,000港元(二零 一七年:3,571,000港元)。 Management's Report 管理層報告

Money Lending Business

The Company operates money lending business through a whollyowned subsidiary of the Group, which is a holder of money lender's license under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Group has adopted money lending policies and procedures for handling and/or monitoring the money lending business in compliance with the Money Lenders Ordinance.

The Group will continue to balance its internal resources for different business segments and will continue to operate the money lending business with internally generated cash flow.

During the year, the Group recorded loan interest income of approximately HK\$1,913,000 (2017: HK\$1,969,000) from granting loans to both corporate and individual clients, representing a relatively stable development of the money lending segment. The outstanding principal amount of loan receivables as at 30 June 2018 was approximately HK\$24,843,000 (2017: HK\$25,010,000). During the year, the Group did not record any doubtful or bad debt in its money lending business.

Trading and Investment Business

Due to the market uncertainty and fluctuation in 2018, the Group was prudent in the trading and investment business. For the year ended 30 June 2018, the net loss on fair value changes on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$164,000 was recorded (2017: net loss of HK\$949,000).

Green Technology

There was no revenue on the green technology for the year (2017: Nil). The operation has been ceased from 1 June 2018.

Investment Properties in the PRC

During the year ended 30 June 2017, the Group has acquired industrial properties in Dongguan City, the PRC. The Group considers that the Belt and Road Initiative promoted by the Central Government of the PRC and the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area development will support economic development of the Dongguan City as an international trade hub in the Southern China.

Planning to the best usage or redevelopment of the industrial properties had been delayed because of publication of a new town zoning plan by the Dongguan government authority. Under the new zoning plan a new highway was being mapped and part of the land of the industrial properties would be used as or affected by an exit and its connected roads from the highway for



借貸業務

本公司透過本集團一間全資附屬公司經營 借貸業務,該公司為香港法例第163章放債 人條例項下放債人牌照的持有人。本集團 已採納處理及/或監察借貸業務的借貸政 策及程序,符合放債人條例。

本集團將繼續平衡不同業務板塊的內部資 源,並將持續以內部產生現金流經營借貸 業務。

年內,本集團自向企業及個人客戶授出貸 款錄得貸款利息收入約1,913,000港元(二零 一七年:1,969,000港元),表示借貸分部的 發展相對穩定。於二零一八年六月三十日, 尚未償還的貸款應收款項本金額約為 24,843,000港元(二零一七年:25,010,000港 元)。年內,本集團並無於其借貸業務錄得 任何呆債或壞債。

買賣及投資業務

於二零一八年,由於市場的不確定因素及 波動,本集團對買賣及投資業務採取審慎 態度。截至二零一八年六月三十日止年 度,錄得按公允值計入損益之金融資產公 允值變動之虧損淨額約164,000港元(二零 一七年:虧損淨額949,000港元)。

綠色技術

綠色技術於本年度並無錄得收益(二零一七 年:無)。此業務已自二零一八年六月一日 終止。

於中國之投資物業

截至二零一七年六月三十日止年度,本集 團已收購中國東莞市的工業物業。本集團 認為中國中央政府提倡的一帶一路政策及 粵港澳大灣區發展將支持東莞市的經濟發 展,成為華南的國際貿易樞紐。

由於東莞政府機關刊發新市鎮區域計劃, 工業物業最佳用途或重建計劃已押後。根 據新市鎮區域計劃,已規劃興建新高速公 路,部分工業物業將被公路出口及往來沙 田鎮的高速公路接駁道路動用或受影響。 本集團已向東莞市政府機關訴請,要求修





Shatian Town. The Group had petitioned to the Dongguan City government authorities requesting amendments to the plan to save the industrial properties from being affected. The Group will closely monitor the development and work on the best possible solution in the circumstances.

Plantation Sales Business

For the year ended 30 June 2018, there was no revenue generated from plantation sales business (2017: Nil).

The Group has been maintaining Plantation Land of approximately 30,000 mu (Chinese mu) in Shihezi, Xinjiang of the PRC with which the Group is keen to have it be effectively used to rejuvenate the plantation sales business.

As the water level of the underground water resource for the Plantation Land and nearby regions being the main supply of the irrigation system has continued to drop in recent years, the supply of surface water is much below the demand for plantation irrigation, resulting in difficulties for conducting hydraulic engineering projects for the Plantation Land and driving up of operating costs.

In order to rejuvenate the plantation sales business, the Group has engaged Shihezi Technology Development Limited (石河子創和科技開發有限公司) to conduct a feasibility study in relation to the construction and upgrade the plantation land in 2014. The total costs for the construction as stated in the feasibility study report was approximately RMB194 million. In addition, the Group has also been actively exploring other alternatives such as asset swap of the Plantation Land with other forestry assets. The above details have been given in an announcement of the Company dated 14 February 2018.

However, due to the recent extreme climate in Xinjiang, the Group considers that there might be negative impact on the total costs of the construction plan. As such, the Group engaged Malcolm to conduct a further feasibility study in June 2018 in order to (i) obtain an updated information of the current condition of the Plantation Land; and (ii) assess the sufficiency of the budget cost of approximately RMB194 million as stated in the feasibility study report in 2014. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 20 August 2018.

In performing the further feasibility study, the representatives of Malcolm had conducted a site visit and inspection of the Plantation Land, and also visited the Water Resources and Forestry Bureau* 石河子林農業局 to collect relevant information in relation to the forestry in the local region, including but not limited to water resources, impact of extreme climate on forestry, harvest of the forestry etc.

訂計劃,以免工業物業受影響。本集團將 密切監察有關情況之發展及致力於最佳潛 在解決方案。

種植銷售業務

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,種植 銷售業務並無產生收益(二零一七年:零)。

本集團已在中國新疆石河子經營約30,000 畝(中國畝)的種植土地,本集團希望有效 利用該土地以振興種植銷售業務。

種植土地及其週邊地區的地下水資源為灌溉系統的主要供水來源,惟近年來水位持續下降,地面水供應遠低於種植灌溉需求,對進行種植土地的水利工程項目造成困難,使經營成本上漲。

為振興種植銷售業務,本集團已於二零 一四年委聘石河子創和科技開發有限公 司,以就建設及提升種植土地進行可行性 研究。可行性研究報告所列之總建設成本 約為人民幣194,000,000元。此外,本集團 亦曾積極探索其他替代方案,諸如將種植 土地與其他農林資產進行資產交換。上述 之詳情已於本公司日期為二零一八年二月 十四日的公佈內提述。

然而,由於近來新疆出現的極端氣候,本 集團認為此會對建設計劃的總成本構成負 面影響。因此,本集團於二零一八年六月 委聘Malcolm進行進一步的可行性研究,以 (i)取得種植土地現況的最新資料;及(ii)估算 二零一四年的可行性研究報告所載的約人 民幣194,000,000元預算成本是否充足。詳 情請參閱本公司日期為二零一八年八月 二十日的公佈。

於進行進一步可行性研究時,Malcolm的代 表已對種植土地進行實地考察及調查,並 拜訪石河子林農業局以收集與當地地區林 業相關的資料,包括但不限於水資源、極 端氣候對林業的影響、林業的收成等。 Management's Report 管理層報告

Based on the feasibility study report issued by Malcolm, total budget costs for the construction plan may escalate to approximately RMB232 million due the increase in the unit rates of the material and labour. However, Malcolm is of the view that such amount is still insufficient to rejuvenate the plantation sales business of the Group due to the following reasons:

(a) extreme shortage of water resources for the drip irrigation system

With the site inspection and relevant information obtained from the local government department, Malcolm understands that the nearby river, as the main supply of the drip irrigation system for the Plantation Land, has been drying up over the past years as a result of the frequent earthquakes in Xinjiang. Besides, the underground water resources through the existing wells cannot meet the demand to irrigate the Plantation Land. As such, Malcolm considers that the drip irrigation system for the Plantation Land may involve material risks of the extreme shortage of water resources and the construction plan would be subject to further substantial investments in enhancing water resources for the Plantation Land, such as constructing additional wells or extracting water from other nearby rivers.

(b) soil degradation and broken ecosystem

Due to the extreme water shortage in recent years as mentioned above, the soil on the surface of the Plantation Land has commenced to deteriorate leading to soil degradation and salinization. During the site inspection, Malcolm noticed no sign of the plantation ecosystem, i.e. species and insects, in the Plantation Land which would further deteriorate the soil barren problems. Therefore, Malcolm is of the opinion that the Plantation Land is not suitable for planting unless a suitable ecological environment for the forestry could be recreated, which requires enormous amount of additional capital and time for the Group.

Save for the above, Malcolm also highlighted in the feasibility report the legal and regulatory restrictions in the forestry industry. According to the regulation on the implementation of the Forestry Law of the PRC, the PRC government has implemented a system which, in general term, restricts the volume of timber as the harvest quota to be harvested annually. With reference to the public information published by the PRC government (http://www.gov.cn/gongbao/content/2016/content_5045985.htm), under the 13th Five-Year Plan, the total approved harvest quota of timbers for Xinjiang Production and Construction Corps. (新疆生產建設兵團) (the "XPCC") is approximately 637,000 m³ per annum during 2016 to 2020. In this regard, Malcolm considers that the construction plan is subject to a material risk and high level of uncertainty on the production as the

根據Malcolm刊發的可行性研究報告,由於 物料及勞工的單位費率上升,建設計劃的 總預算成本可能增至約人民幣232,000,000 元。然而,Malcolm認為有關金額成不足以 振興本集團的種植銷售業務,原因如下:

(a) 供滴灌系統使用的水資源極度匱乏

(b) 土壤退化及生態系統受到破壞

由於如上文所述,近年出現極度缺水 情況,種植土地表面的土壤已出現惡 化,導致土壤退化及鹽化。於實地考 察期間,Malcolm注意到種植土地並 無種植生態系統的跡象,即物種及昆 蟲,將令土壤貧瘠問題進一步惡化。 因此,Malcolm認為,除非林地將可 重塑合適的生態環境,否則種植土地 不適合作種植用途,而重塑合適的生 態環境可令本集團投放龐大的資本與 時間。

除上文所述者外,Malcolm亦於可行 性報告強調林業的法律及法規限制。 根據《中國林業法實施條例》,中國政 府已採納一套系統,整體限制每年可 採伐木材量,以作為採伐限額。根據 中國政府刊發的公開資料(http:// www.gov.cn/gongbao/content/2016/ content_5045985.htm),於十三五計 劃下,新疆生產建設兵團(「新疆生產 建設兵團」)於二零一六年至二零二零 年的獲准採伐限額總額約為每年 637,000立方米。就此而言,Malcolm 認為,一旦種植土地須與新疆生產建 設兵團之其他林業攤分有限採伐限額可能







entitled harvest quota of timber for the Group might be significantly lower than its expectation once the Plantation Land has to share the limited quotas with other forestry in the XPCC.

In conclusion, Malcolm is of the view that there is no economic and commercial justification to implement the construction of the Plantation Land.

Mainly due to the reasons as stated above, the Group recorded (i) a significant loss on change in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets of the Group from approximately HK\$506.0 million as at 30 June 2017 to approximately HK\$348.9 million as at 30 June 2018; and (ii) a significant increase in the loss of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2018, representing a loss for the year of approximately HK\$160.59 million.

Having considered that the Plantation Land has no commercial value based on facts and circumstances as stated in Malcolm's report, the Board is of the view that neither the construction of Plantation Land nor asset swap is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole and will proceed at this stage. The Group will examine all alternatives and work out the best possible use of the Plantation Land as soon as possible.

Golden Flower Tea Products

Golden flower, known academically as Camellia Nitidissima Chi, is a world-famous economic and ornamental plant with golden yellow flowers. It has been classified as one of the rarest and most endangered plants in China. According to research, golden flower contains ingredients of various health efficacy, such as conditioning against hyperdipemia, strengthening digestive and immune systems and treating hematechzia and profuse menstruation.

In May 2018, the Group had completed an acquisition by which the Group had secured an exclusive right from 廣東南多萬金農業 發展有限公司 (the "廣東南多萬金") for the distribution and sale of products associated with its golden flower plantation for a period of 30 years. 廣東南多萬金 is principally engaged in the production and sale of golden flower tea products and has one of the largest golden flower plantations in the world.

The Group has engaged 廣東騰南網絡信息科技有限公司, which is a subsidiary of Shenzhen Tencent Computer System Company Limited, to plan and support promotion programmes for the golden flower tea products. Being a genuine health tea product and the engagement of professional networking promotion company, the Group is of the view that the golden flower tea products business would reinforce our strategy in diversifying our business portfolio by tapping into the PRC tea products market and create additional income stream for the Group. 較預期大幅降低,故此建設計劃承受 生產方面的重大風險及高度不明朗因 素。

總括而言,Malcolm認為並無經濟及商業上 的理據以對種植土地進行建設。

在上述因素成為主因下,本集團錄得(i)本 集團生物資產公允值減出售成本變動產生 重大虧損,自於二零一七年六月三十日的 約506,000,000港元減至於二零一八年六月 三十日的約348,900,000港元;及(ii)本集團 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度虧損大 幅上升,即年內虧損約160,590,000港元。

根據Malcolm報告所述之事實及情況,經考 慮種植土地並無商業價值,董事會認為, 建設種植土地或資產交換均不符合本公司 及股東之整體利益,於此階段,均不會進 行。本集團將儘快審核所有替代方案,並 訂出種植土地的最佳可能用途。

金花茶產品

金花,學名為金花茶,是世界知名經濟觀 賞植物,長有金黃色花朵。此花已分類為 中國最稀有及最瀕危植物之一。根據研 究,金花含有多種保健功效成分,諸如對 抗高脂血症、幫助消化、加強免疫系統、 治療癲癇及月經不調。

於二零一八年五月,本集團已完成一項收 購,據此,本集團自廣東南多萬金農業發 展有限公司(「廣東南多萬金」)獲得獨家權 利,分銷及銷售與該公司種植金花有關之 產品,為期30年。廣東南多萬金主要從事 於生產及銷售金花茶產品,並擁有其中一 個全球最大金花種植場。

本集團已委聘深圳市騰訊計算機系統有限 公司之附屬公司廣東騰南網絡信息科技有 限公司,策劃及支援金花茶產品推廣計 劃。作為真正保健茶產品,且已委聘專業 網絡推廣公司,本集團認為,透過進軍中 國茶類產品市場,金花茶產品業務將加強 業務組合多元化策略,並為本集團創造新 的收入來源。

PROSPECTS

Looking forward, the world economy especially that of the PRC and Hong Kong is full of uncertainties and likely entering into a slow down or even downward trend. The situation is attributable to, inter alia, the trade war between the PRC and the United States of America, measures taken by the United States of America, the European Union and other countries to counter the rise of the PRC's political influence in the world and notably the South China Sea and Asia Pacific region especially through her Belt and Road Initiative and the highly likely gradual rise in bank interest rate. Hopefully, the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay, which has advanced from a concept to national strategy level, will bring more investment and business opportunities to Hong Kong enterprises.

The management of the Group has continued to review its existing business from time to time and strived to improve the business operation and financial position of the Group.

During the year, the Group had a remarkable increase in its revenue. In view of the business and economic environment are becoming more challenging and unstable, the Group is of the view that it would be wise to adopt an approach of consolidation and careful expansion for its existing businesses. We are aiming at consolidating our revenue generating businesses to improve their profitability and plan their expansion carefully. As for those non or minimal revenue generating businesses and assets, the Group shall closely scrutinise the worth of their continuation and, if continuation is warranted, cut their running or maintenance costs and expenses to a level commensurate with their worth. However, this approach shall not affect our business strategy to seek and consider viable good and valuable potential investment opportunities. The directors of the Company consider that a combination of consolidation and careful expansion for existing businesses and investing only at viable good and valuable new ventures are proper and prudent manners to be adopted especially in the present economic situation in order to enhance the value of the Group for the benefit of the shareholders of the Company.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the year ended 30 June 2018, turnover of the Group increased by 1,419% to approximately HK\$212,276,000 (2017: HK\$13,971,000) and gross profit of the Group increased by 168% to approximately HK\$19,303,000 (2017: HK\$7,216,000). Loss for the year ended 30 June 2018 increased to approximately HK\$160,586,000 as compared to loss of approximately HK\$29,204,000 of last corresponding year. The increase in both turnover and gross profit for the year was mainly due to the newly launched recycled material trading business and the newly introduced tyre products of the Group. The loss for the year was mainly due to the increase in administrative and operating expenses and loss arising from the change in fair value less costs





前景

展望未來,環球經濟滿佈不明朗因素,且 非常可能進入放緩甚或下跌趨勢,尤以中 國及香港為甚。此情況乃歸因於(其中包 括)中國與美利堅合眾國之間的貿易戰、 利堅合眾國、歐盟及其他國家抗衡中國美 世界,且特別是透過一帶一路政策對南海 及亞太地區之政治影響所採取之措施,以 及極可能逐步調高銀行利率所致。祈望 區將為香港企業帶來更多投資及營商機會。

本集團管理層一直不時審閲其現有業務, 並致力改善本集團之業務營運及財務狀況。

財務回顧

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,本集團的營業額上升1,419%至約212,276,000港元(二零一七年:13,971,000港元),本集團毛利則增加168%至約19,303,000港元(二零一七年:約7,216,000港元)。截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度的虧損增至160,586,000港元。年內營業額及毛利均占指約,586,000港元。年內營業額及毛利均告增加,本集團新開展的回收物料貿易業務及新推出的輪胎產品為主因。年內虧損主要由於行政及營運開支以及生物資產公允值變動減出售成本產生之虧損增加所致。

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to sell of biological assets. The Group considers that the change in fair value is non-cash in nature and will not have material adverse effect on the financial position of the Group.

For the year ended 30 June 2018, basic and diluted loss per share were HK9 cents (2017: HK2 cents). Loss from changes in fair value of biological assets was approximately HK\$174,687,000 (2017: HK\$33,233,000). Fair value gain on investment properties was approximately HK\$7,954,000 (2017: HK\$14,938,000).

For the year ended 30 June 2018, the finance costs were approximately HK\$548,000 (2017: HK\$161,000).

Administrative expenses from operations for the year ended 30 June 2018 increased to approximately HK\$60,624,000 (2017: HK\$37,811,000). It included major items such as amortization of intangible assets of approximately HK\$5,125,000, salaries and directors' emoluments of approximately HK\$24,383,000, operating lease charges on land and buildings of approximately HK\$6,120,000, forest plantation maintenance fee of approximately HK\$3,500,000. Income tax credit was recorded at approximately HK\$44,475,000 (2017: HK\$9,238,000). Exchange gain on translating foreign operations was recorded at approximately HK\$17,791,000 (2017: loss HK\$6,852,000).

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 30 June 2018, the total assets of the Group were approximately HK\$919,834,000 (2017: HK\$1,034,559,000), including cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$13,027,000 (2017: HK\$13,015,000). The directors of the Company are of the view that the Group has sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due in the foreseeable future.

CAPITAL RAISING AND EXPENDITURE

As at 30 June 2018, details of movements in the issued share capital of the Company is stated in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

BUSINESS ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL

On 31 May 2018, the Group completed the acquisition of the entire share capital of Reward Pinnacle Limited, which has secured exclusive rights for distribution and sales of products associated with the golden flower tea business in the PRC for a period of 30 years. Further details can be referred to the announcements made by the Company on 2 May 2018 and 31 May 2018 respectively. Save as disclosed above, the Group had neither material acquisition nor disposal during the year.

本集團認為,公允值變動乃非現金性質, 且將不會對本集團之財務狀況造成重大不 利影響。

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,每股 基本及攤薄虧損為9港仙(二零一七年:2港 仙)。生物資產公允值變動虧損約為 174,687,000港元(二零一七年:33,233,000 港元)。投資物業公允值收益約為7,954,000 港元(二零一七年:14,938,000港元)。

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,財務 成本約為548,000港元(二零一七年: 161,000港元)。

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,經營 產生的行政開支增加至約60,624,000港元 (二零一七年:37,811,000港元),包括的主 要項目有無形資產攤銷約5,125,000港元、 薪金及董事酬金約24,383,000港元、土地及 樓宇經營租賃費用約6,120,000港元、林木 種植維護費約3,500,000港元等。所得税抵 免錄得約為44,475,000港元(二零一七年: 9,238,000港元)。換算海外業務之匯兑收益 錄得約17,791,000港元(二零一七年:虧損 6,852,000港元)。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團總資產約為919,834,000港元(二零一七年: 1,034,559,000港元),其中包括現金及銀行結餘約13,027,000港元(二零一七年: 13,015,000港元)。本公司董事認為本集團 有充足營運資金以支持其持續經營並有能力償還於可預見未來內到期之財務責任。

集資及資本開支

於二零一八年六月三十日,有關本公司已 發行股本之變動詳情列載於本年報綜合財 務報表附註30。

業務收購及出售事項

於二零一八年五月三十一日,本集團已完 成收購Reward Pinnacle Limited之全部股 本,該公司擁有於中國分銷及銷售與金花 茶業務有關之產品之獨家權利,為期三十 年。進一步詳情可參閱本公司分別於二零 一八年五月二日及二零一八年五月三十一 日作出之公佈。除上文所披露者外,本集 團於年內並無重大收購或出售事項。

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had 49 (2017: 26) employees in both Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group implements remuneration policy, bonus and share option scheme to ensure that pay scales of its employees are rewarded on a performance-related basis within the general framework of the Group's remuneration.

CHARGES ON THE GROUP ASSETS

Details of the charges of assets of the Group are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

DIVIDEND

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2018 (2017: Nil).

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATE

Since most of the transactions, income and expenditure of the Group are denominated in Great British Pound ("f"), Renminbi ("RMB"), United States dollar ("USD") and Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"), no hedging or other arrangements to reduce the currency risk have been implemented.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 30 June 2018, the directors of the Company are not aware of any material contingent liabilities.

Yeung Chi Hang

Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 September 2018

* For identification purpose only



僱員及酬金政策

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團於香港 及中國共有49(二零一七年:26)名僱員。 本集團實施薪酬政策、花紅及購股權計 劃,以確保僱員之薪金數額乃於本集團薪 酬一般架構內來釐定並以其表現為評核基 準。

本集團資產抵押

本集團資產抵押的詳情載於本年報綜合財 務報表附註18。

股息

本公司董事並不建議就截至二零一八年六 月三十日止年度派付任何股息(二零一七 年:無)。

匯率波動風險

由於本集團大部分交易、收入及開支以英 鎊(「英鎊」)、人民幣(「人民幣」)、美元 (「美元」)及港元(「港元」)計值,因此並未 進行對沖或其他安排以削減貨幣風險。

或然負債

於二零一八年六月三十日,本公司董事並 不知悉有任何重大或然負債。

主席 楊智恒

香港,二零一八年九月二十八日



中國環境資源集團有限公司 二零一八年年報

Biographical Details of Directors 董事簡歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yeung Chi Hang, aged 39, was appointed as Executive Director on 16 January 2014. Mr. Yeung was also appointed as the Chairman and chief executive officer of the Company on 27 January 2015. Mr. Yeung is a substantial shareholder of the Company. Mr. Yeung studied at Camosun College, Canada and has over 10 years of experience in investment, hotel management and in operating entertainment businesses.

Mr. Leung Kwong Choi, aged 62, was appointed as Executive Director on 6 October 2008. He is also the Chairman of the investment committee of the Company. Mr. Leung holds a Bachelor of Social Science Degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He had been working for 10 years in the marketing department of Hang Lung Development Ltd. since graduation. Mr. Leung had also served the positions of executive director of Top Glory Holdings Ltd., China Food Ltd. and Cheung Tai Hong Holdings Ltd., all of which are companies with shares listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Mr. Leung has over 28 years of real estate and business experience in Hong Kong and the PRC concentrating in property investment and development, acquisition and merger, deal marking and investment projects arrangement. He resigned as an independent non-executive director of Top Spring International Holdings Limited (stock code: 3688) with effect from 2 January 2018.

Mr. Wong Po Keung, aged 47, was appointed as Executive Director on 30 September 2013. He is also the director of certain subsidiaries of the Company, the financial controller and a member of the investment committee of the Company. Mr. Wong holds a Master degree in business administration from the University of South Australia. He is a fellow member of both the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has ample experience in auditing, accounting, financial management and company secretarial practices in respect of listed companies.

Mr. Chung Siu Wah, aged 61, was appointed as Executive Director on 14 August 2014. Mr. Chung started his career in 1976 by joining the Hong Kong Government as a Customs Inspector. He obtained his law degree with honour at the University of London in 1986 and further obtained his Postgraduate Certificate of Laws at University of Hong Kong in 1987. He resigned from the Customs and Excise Department in 1987 and started his legal career. He has been a solicitor practicing in Hong Kong since 1989. He joined Messer. Tony Kan & Co. in 1987 and became a partner in 1992. He retired from the partnership in 2004 but continues to associate with the law firm as a consultant till now. Mr. Chung has over 8 year experience in the hotel, gaming and entertainment industry. Mr. Chung has also experience in the management of listed company at Hong Kong. He was appointed as an executive director of Daido Group Limited (stock code: 544) for the period from 9 September 2011 to 5 August 2013.

執行董事

楊智恒先生,39歲,於二零一四年一月 十六日獲委任為執行董事。楊先生亦於二 零一五年一月二十七日獲委任為本公司主 席及行政總裁。楊先生為本公司之主要股 東。楊先生就讀於加拿大Camosun College 及於投資、酒店管理及娛樂業務運營方面 積逾10年經驗。

梁廣才先生,62歲,於二零零八年十月六 日獲委任為執行董事。彼亦為本公司投資 委員會主席。梁先生畢業於香港中文大 學,持有社會科學學士學位。彼自畢業 於恒隆有限公司市場推廣部工作達10中 食品有限公司及祥泰行集團有限公司、擔 行董事職務,該等公司之股份均於香香 聯合交易所有限公司上市。梁先生齡於 聯合交易所有限公司上市。梁先生驗,項 目安排。彼已辭任萊蒙國際集團有限公司 (股份代號:3688)之獨立非執行董事,自 二零一八年一月二日生效。

黃保強先生,47歲,於二零一三年九月 三十日獲委任為執行董事。彼亦為本公司 若干附屬公司董事、本公司財務總監及投 資委員會成員。黃先生持有澳洲南澳大學 的工商管理碩士學位。彼為特許公認會計 師公會及香港會計師公會資深會員。彼於 上市公司之審核、會計、財務管理及公司 秘書實務方面擁有豐富經驗。

鍾少樺先生,61歲,於二零一四年八月 十四日獲委任為執行董事。鍾先生於 九七六年透過加入香港政府海關擔任督 察開始其職業生涯。彼於一九八六年獲得 英國倫敦大學法律榮譽學位,其後於 一九八七年獲得香港大學法律專業證書。 彼於一九八七年辭去香港海關職務並開始 法律職業。彼自一九八九年以來一直為香 港執業律師。彼於一九八七年加入簡松年 律師行並於一九九二年成為一名合夥人。 彼於二零零四年退出合夥關係,惟至今仍 繼續與該律師事務所合作,擔任其顧問。 鍾先生於酒店、博彩及娛樂行業擁有逾八 年經驗。鍾先生亦擁有管理香港上市公司 之經驗。彼於二零一一年九月九日至二零 三年八月五日期間獲委任為大同集團有 限公司(股份代號:544)之執行董事。

Mr. Chik To Pan, aged 39, was appointed as Executive Director on 16 April 2016. He is the director of one of the subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Chik has wide experience in licensing of karaoke music products, operating entertainment businesses and wedding service business. Mr. Chik has also experience in the management of listed company at Hong Kong. He was appointed as an executive director of United Power Investment Limited (now named as Culture Landmark Investment Limited) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) (stock code: 674) for the period from 8 March 2005 to 24 January 2008.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wong Kwai Sang, aged 66, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 2 March 2009. He is also a member of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Wong had been an Independent Non-executive Director, member of audit committee and member of remuneration committee of the Company since 3 July 2002. He resigned on 4 July 2008 as he himself had a long term personal assignment stationed in Shanghai. Mr. Wong had completed his assignment in Shanghai and returned to Hong Kong. He holds a Bachelor of Social Sciences degree from the University of Hong Kong. He is a property consultant and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Real Estate Administrators and the Australian Institute of Building respectively.

Mr. Ong Chi King, aged 45, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director on 27 January 2014. He is also the chairman of audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee. Mr. Ong is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Ong received a bachelor's degree in business administration from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and a master's degree in corporate finance from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Ong has more than 20 years of experience in accounting, finance and company secretarial fields and held senior positions in finance and company secretarial departments in various listed companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Ong is currently an executive director of Deson Construction International Holdings Limited (stock code: 8268). Mr. Ong is also as an independent non-executive director of Larry Jewelry International Company Limited (stock code: 8351). He resigned as an independent non-executive director of KSL Holdings Limited (stock code: 8170), King Force Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8315), Wan Kei Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1718), WLS Holdings Limited (stock code: 8021), Capital VC Limited (stock code: 2324) and Hong Kong Education (Int'l) Investments Limited (stock code: 1082) with effect from 2 June 2016, 19 September 2016, 8 March 2017, 29 March 2017, 31 March 2017 and 9 November 2017, respectively.

Mr. Ong was a director of Fitness Concept International Holdings Limited prior to its dissolution. The said company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands and was dissolved on 30 June 2005 by striking off due to cessation of business.



戚道斌先生,39歲,於二零一六年四月 十六日獲委任為執行董事。彼在本公司一 間附屬公司任職董事。戚先生於卡拉OK音 樂產品之特許經營、經營娛樂業務及婚禮 服務業務擁有廣泛經驗。戚先生亦於香港 之上市公司擁有管理經驗。彼於二零零五 年三月八日至二零零八年一月二十四日期 間獲友力投資(控股)有限公司(現稱為文化 」之司)(股份代號:674)委任為執行董事。

獨立非執行董事

王子敬先生,45歲,於二零一四年一月 二十七日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。 彼亦 為審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會 主席。王先生現為香港會計師公會會員及 特許公認會計師公會資深會員。王先生持 有香港科技大學工商管理學士學位和香港 理工大學企業融資碩十學位。王先生擁有 超過20年之會計、財務及公司秘書經驗, 曾在多間聯交所主板上市公司之財務與公 司秘書部門出任高職。王先生現為迪臣建 設國際集團有限公司(股份代號:8268)之 執行董事。王先生亦為俊文寶石國際有限 公司(股份代號:8351)之獨立非執行董 事。彼於二零一六年六月二日、二零一六 年九月十九日、二零一七年三月八日、二 零一七年三月二十九日、二零一七年三月 三十一日及二零一七年十一月九日分別辭 任KSL Holdings Limited(股份代號: 8170)、冠輝集團控股有限公司(股份代 號:8315)、宏基集團控股有限公司(股份 代號:1718)、滙隆控股有限公司(股份代 號:8021)、首都創投有限公司(股份代 號:2324)及香港教育(國際)投資集團有 限公司(股份代號:1082)之獨立非執行董 重。

於Fitness Concept International Holdings Limited清盤前,王先生為其董事。上述公 司於開曼群島註冊成立,並於二零零五年 六月三十日因終止業務而除名解散。



Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric, aged 50, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director on 16 January 2015. He is also a member of audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee. He is a qualified solicitor admitted to the Supreme Court of Hong Kong and a Civil Celebrant of Marriages. Mr. Heung received a bachelor's degree in Law from University of Leicester England. He has more than 22 years of experience in the legal profession.

Mr. Heung is presently a partner of Messrs. Tung, Ng, Tse & Heung, an independent non-executive director of WE Solutions Limited (stock code: 860), director of Lions Clubs of Kwai Tsing HKSAR, committee legal adviser of the Association of the Hong Kong Members of Shandong's Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, executive committee member of Basic Law Institute Limited, Honorary President of Federation of HK Guangxi Community Organisations Limited and committee member of USRC Standing Disciplinary. He was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Gold Tat Group International Limited (stock code: 8266) for the period from 18 August 2000 to 3 March 2015. He resigned as an independent non-executive director of Zhong Fa Zhan Holdings Limited (stock code: 475) with effect from 20 October 2017.

香志恒先生,50歲,於二零一五年一月 十六日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為 審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成 員。彼為香港最高法院認可之合資格律師 及婚姻監禮人。香先生於英國萊斯特大學 獲得法律學士學位。彼於法律專業擁有逾 22年經驗。

香先生現時為董吳謝香律師事務所之合夥 人、力世紀有限公司(股份代號:860)之獨 立非執行董事、香港葵青獅子會之董會、 山東省中國人民政治協商會議之香港會員 協會之委員會法律顧問、基本法廣委員會 之委員會法律會成員、香港廣子會 總會榮譽會長及三軍會常設紀律委員會 。彼於二零零年八月十八日至二團 員。彼於二零零年八月十八日至二團 員。彼於二零零年八月十八日至二團 員。彼於二零零年八月十八日至二團 開展公司(股份代號:8266)之獨立非執 行董事。彼已辭任中發展控股有限公司(聚 份代號:475)之獨立非執行董事,自二零 一七年十月二十日生效。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告書

The Board has pleasure to present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The Group is principally engaged in metal recycle business, motor and motor accessories business, selling of golden flower tea products, car parking spaces rental, money lending business, securities trading and investment business. The Group also maintains the green businesses of research, development and application of technologies and solutions, manufacture, sale and trading of products, materials systems and services for green market segments including the environmental markets, agricultural markets, organic markets, green technology markets in the PRC and overseas.

PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of principal subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 38 on pages 124 to 126 of the financial statements.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2018 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 56 to 57.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group and an analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators are set out in the section headed "Management's Report" on pages 4 to 15 of this annual report.

Description of possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing can be found in the section headed "Management's Report" and Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 84 to 88 of this annual report.

DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 30 June 2018 (2017: Nil).



董事會謹此欣然呈列本集團截至二零一八 年六月三十日止年度的年報及經審核綜合 財務報表。

主要業務

本公司主要業務為投資控股。本集團主要 從事金屬回收業務、汽車及汽車配件業 務、銷售金花茶產品、停車位租賃、借貸 業務、證券買賣及投資業務。本集團亦繼 續從事中國及海外綠色市場(包括環保市 場、農業市場、有機市場及綠色技術市場) 技術與解決方案的研發及應用、生產、銷 售、買賣相關產品、材料、系統及服務等 綠色業務。

附屬公司之詳細資料

本公司各主要附屬公司之詳細資料刊載於 第124至第126頁之財務報表附註38內。

業績

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度本集團 業績載於第56至57頁的綜合損益及其他全 面收益表。

業務回顧

本集團之業務回顧及本集團根據主要財務 表現指標得出之年內表現分析,載於本年 報第4至15頁「管理層報告」一節。

本集團可能面臨之風險及不明朗因素之概 述載於本年報「管理層報告」一節及第84至 88頁綜合財務報表附註6。

股息

董事會不建議派付截至二零一八年六月 三十日止年度的股息(二零一七年:零)。



中國環境資源集團有限公司 二零一八年年報



CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of determining the entitlement of the shareholders of the Company to attend and vote at the annual general meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 7 November 2018 to Monday, 12 November 2018 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of share(s) will be affected. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the annual general meeting, all transfers documents, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with Union Registrars Limited, the branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company in Hong Kong, at Suites 3301–04, 33/F., Two Chinachem Exchange Square, 338 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:00 p.m. on Tuesday, 6 November 2018.

SEGMENTS INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's revenue and contribution to results by operating segments for the financial year is set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Movement of share capital during the year

Details of the share capital of the Company and its movements during the year ended 30 June 2018 are set out in Note 30 of the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 60.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 30 June 2018 amounted to approximately HK\$735,665,000. Under section 34 of the Companies Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium is available for distribution to the Shareholders subject to the provisions of the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association"), and no distribution may be paid to the Shareholders out of the Company's share premium unless the Company shall be able to pay its debt as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

暫停辦理股東登記手續

為釐定本公司股東出席股東週年大會及於 會上投票的權利,本公司將由二零一八年 十一月七日(星期三)至二零一八年十一月 七日(星期一)止(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦 理股東登記手續,期間暫停辦理股份過 更許續。為確保符合資格出席股東還過 大會及於會上投票,所有股份過戶文件一月 一日(星期二)下午四時正前送達本公司, 世址為香港北角英皇道338號華懋交 易廣場2期33樓3301-04室,以辦理登記手 續。

分類資料

於本財政年度按業務分類劃分之本集團收 益及業績貢獻分析載於綜合財務報表附註 9。

股本

本年度股本變動

本公司於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年 度的股本詳情及其變動情況載於綜合財務 報表附註30。

儲備

本集團年內儲備變動詳情載於第60頁的綜 合權益變動表。

可分派儲備

本公司於二零一八年六月三十日的可分派 儲備約為735,665,000港元。根據開曼群島 公司法(經修訂)第34章,股份溢價可分派 予股東,惟須遵守本公司組織章程細則 (「組織章程細則」)的條文,除非本公司可 在日常業務過程中支付到期債務,否則不 得自本公司股份溢價向股東作出分派。

物業、廠房及設備

年內物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註17。

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of pledge of assets during the year are set out in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the financial year and up to date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yeung Chi Hang Mr. Leung Kwong Choi Mr. Wong Po Keung Mr. Chung Siu Wah Mr. Chik To Pan

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wong Kwai Sang Mr. Ong Chi King Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, Mr. Leung Kwong Choi, Mr. Chik To Pan and Mr. Wong Kwai Sang being the existing Directors longest in office since their last re-election, will retire by rotation and being eligible offer themselves for re-election.

No Director being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has a service contract which is not determinable by the Company and its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The Company has received, from each of Independent Nonexecutive Director, a written annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange. The nomination committee of the Company and the Board considered that all Independent Non-executive Directors are independent.



資產質押

年內,資產質押詳情載列於綜合財務報表 附註18內。

董事

本財政年度及截至本報告日期止的董事如 下:

執行董事

獨立非執行董事

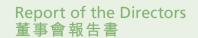
黃貴生先生 王子敬先生 香志恒先生

根據組織章程細則,梁廣才先生、戚道斌 先生及黃貴生先生為彼等上次連任後在任 時間最長之董事,彼等將輪席退任及符合 資格重撰。

擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任 的董事概無訂立於一年內本公司及其附屬 公司不作賠償(法定補償除外)則不可終止 的服務合約。

根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第 3.13條,本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事 向本公司發出有關其獨立身份的週年書面 確認。本公司提名委員會及董事會認為所 有獨立非執行董事均為獨立。





DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2018, the interests and short positions held by each Director and chief executive of the Company and their associates in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation, if any, (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the resister required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules were as follows:

Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關 股份及債券之權益

於二零一八年六月三十日,本公司各董事 及最高行何相聯法團(如有)(定義見證券及期 貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股 份、相關股份或債券中擁有根據證券及期 貨條例第352條本公司所存置登記冊記錄之 人董事進行證券交易的標準守則 ([標準守則])須知會本公司及聯交所之權 益及短倉如下:

於本公司股份及相關股份之長倉

	Number of shares/underlying shares held in the Company 所持本公司股份/相關股份數目						
Name of Director	Capacity in which interests are held	Interest under Interests in equity shares derivatives		Total interests			
董事姓名	持有權益之身份	股份權益	根據股本衍生 工具之權益	權益總額	股本之百分比(附註)		
Mr. Yeung Chi Hang 楊智恒先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	187,500,000	16,942,817	204,442,817	10.04%		
Mr. Chung Siu Wah 鍾少樺先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	16,942,817	16,942,917	0.83%		
Mr. Chik To Pan 戚道斌先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	16,942,817	16,942,817	0.83%		
Mr. Wong Po Keung 黃保強先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	—	16,942,817	16,942,817	0.83%		
Mr. Leung Kwong Choi 梁廣才先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	1,500,000	1,500,000	0.07%		
Mr. Ong Chi King 王子敬先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.05%		
Mr. Wong Kai Sang 黃貴生先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.05%		
Mr. Heung Chi Hang, Eric 香志恒先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.05%		

Note:

附註:

The percentage of shareholding was calculated on the basis of the Company's issued share capital of 2,036,538,114 shares as at 30 June 2018.

持股百分比按二零一八年六月三十日本公司已發行 股本2,036,538,114股為基準計算。 Report of the Directors 董事會報告書

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2018, none of the Directors, chief executive of the Company or their respective associates had any other personal, family, corporate and other interests or short positions in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme on 11 November 2015 (the"2015 Share Option Scheme"). The purpose of the 2015 Share Option Scheme is to provide the Group with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating and or providing benefits to the eligible persons and to provide the eligible persons with all opportunity to acquire a personal stake in the Group and to build common objectives of the Group and the eligible persons for the betterment of business and profitability of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole. The 2015 Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from its adoption. An ordinary resolution was passed at the extraordinary general meeting held on 29 July 2016 to refresh the scheme mandate limit under the 2015 Share Option Scheme. Based on 1,697,138,114 shares in issue of the Company as at the date of passing the ordinary resolution, the Company can grant further options under the 2015 Share Option Scheme for subscription of up to a total of 169,713,811 shares, representing 10% of the shares in issue of the Company as at the date of passing the ordinary resolution and as at the date of this report. The details of the 2015 Share Option Scheme and valuation of options are set out in Note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

除上文所披露者外,於二零一八年六月 三十日,本公司董事、最高行政人員或彼 等各自之聯繫人概無於本公司或其相聯法 團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股 份、相關股份或債券中擁有根據證券及期 貨條例第352條所存置登記冊記錄之其他個 人、家族、公司及其他權益或短倉,或根 個人、家族、公司及其他權益或短倉。

購股權計劃

本公司股東於二零一五年十一月十一日批 准採納新購股權計劃(「二零一五年購股權 計劃」)。二零一五年購股權計劃旨在讓本 集團能夠以靈活方式向合資格人士提供獎 勵、獎賞、酬金及/或提供福利,以及給予 合資格人士於本集團持有個人權益之機 會,並讓本集團與合資格人士之間建立共 同目標,以改善本集團之業務及盈利能力 和提升股東整體價值。二零一五年購股權 計劃自採納起計十年內有效及生效。於二 零一六年七月二十九日舉行之股東特別大 會上通過一項普通決議案,以更新二零 一五年購股權計劃下之計劃授權限額。根 據本公司於通過普通決議案日期之 1,697,138,114股已發行股份計算,本公司 可根據二零一五年購股權計劃增發之購股 權可合共認購最多169.713.811股股份,佔 本公司於通過普通決議案日期及於本報告 日期已發行股份之10%。有關二零一五年 購股權計劃及購股權估值的詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註31。



中國環境資源集團有限公司 二零一八年年報

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The following table set out movements in the Company's share options granted under the 2015 Share Options Scheme during the year:

下表載列根據二零一五年購股權計劃已授 出之本公司購股權之年內變動:

					1		Share Option 權數目	S	
Capacity	Date of grant	Exercise price	Exercisable period	As at 1 July 2017 於二零一七年	Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed	As at 30 June 2018 於二零一八年
類別	授出日期	行使價	行使期	<i>於一</i> 令一七年 七月一日	已授出	已行使	已註銷	已失效	
Executive Directors									
執行董事 Yeung Chi Hang 楊智恒	22 April 2016 二零一六年四月二十二日	0.2064	22 April 2016 — 21 April 2026 二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日	14,142,817	-	-	_	-	14,142,817
	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	0.317	5 June 2018 — 4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日		2,800,000	_	_	_	2,800,000
Chung Siu Wah 鍾少樺	22 April 2016 二零一六年四月二十二日	0.2064	22 April 2016 — 21 April 2026 二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日	14,142,817	_	_	_	_	14,142,817
	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	0.317	5 June 2018 — 4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日		2,800,000	_	_	_	2,800,000
Chik To Pan 戚道斌	22 April 2016 二零一六年四月二十二日	0.2064	22 April 2016 — 21 April 2026 二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日	14,142,817	_	_	_	-	14,142,817
	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	0.317	5 June 2018 — 4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日		2,800,000	_	_	_	2,800,000
Wong Po Keung 黃保強	22 April 2016 二零一六年四月二十二日	0.2064	22 April 2016 — 21 April 2026 二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日	14,142,817	_	-	_	_	14,142,817
	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	0.317	5 June 2018 — 4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日		2,800,000	_	_	_	2,800,000
Leung Kwong Choi 梁廣才	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	0.317	5 June 2018 — 4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	-	1,500,000	_	_	_	1,500,000
Independent Non-execu	tive Directors								
獨立非執行董事 Ong Chi King 王子敬	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	0.317	5 June 2018 — 4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	-	1,000,000	_	_	_	1,000,000
Wong Kwai Sang 黃貴生	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	0.317	5 June 2018 — 4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	_	1,000,000	_	_	_	1,000,000
Heung Chee Hang, Eric 香志恒	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	0.317	5 June 2018 — 4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	-	1,000,000	_	_	_	1,000,000
Employees and Others 員工及其他									
An employee 員工	22 April 2016 二零一六年四月二十二日	0.2064	22 April 2016 — 21 April 2026 二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日	14,142,817	_	_	_	_	14,142,817
Employees and others 員工及其他	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	0.317	5 June 2018 — 4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	_	39,200,000	_	_	_	39,200,000
				70,714,085	54,900,000	_	_	_	125,614,085



During the year, the closing price of the Company's shares immediately before the date of grant of the options was HK\$0.320.

As at 30 June 2018, options to subscribe for an aggregate of 125,614,085 shares of the Company were outstanding, representing 6.17% of the shares in issue of the Company as at the date of this report.

No option was exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the year.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2018, the following persons, other than Directors or chief executive of the Company, were interested or had short positions in more than 5% of shares and underlying shares of the Company or its subsidiaries according to the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO as follows:

Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

年內,本公司緊接購股權授出日期前之股 份收市價為0.320港元。

於二零一八年六月三十日,可認購本公司 合共125,614,085股股份之購股權未獲行 使,佔本公司於本報告日期6.17%已發行 股份。

概無購股權於年內獲行使、註銷或失效。

主要股東於股份、相關股份及債券 之權益

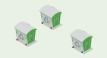
根據證券及期貨條例第336條所存置登記冊 記錄,於二零一八年六月三十日,以下人 士(並非董事或本公司最高行政人員)擁有 本公司或其附屬公司之股份及相關股份5% 以上權益或短倉如下:

於本公司股份及相關股份之長倉

		Number of shares/underlying shares held in the Company 所持本公司股份/相關股份數目			
Name of Shareholders	Capacity in which interests are held	Interest in shares	Total interest	Total interest as to % to the issued share capital as at 30 June 2018 (Note) 於二零一八年 六月三十日權益總額 佔已發行 股本之百分比	
股東姓名	持有權益之身份	股份權益	權益總額	(附註)	
Mr. Chu Ying Man 朱英文先生	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	135,000,000	135,000,000	6.63%	
Mr. Li Xiaowu 李小武先生	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	186,318,000	186,318,000	9.15%	
Note:		附意	È:		

The percentage of shareholding was calculated based on the Company's issued share capital of 2,036,538,114 shares as at 30 June 2018.

持股百分比按二零一八年六月三十日本公司已發行 股本2,036,538,114股為基準計算。





DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as Share Option Scheme disclosed above, at no time during the year, was the Company or any of its associated corporations a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate and none of the Directors or their spouses or children under 18 years of age was granted any right to subscribe for any shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any of its associated corporations.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Company has entered into the following continuing connected transactions which are subject to disclosure requirement in the annual report under the Listing Rules:

On 6 July 2016, Harvest Top Development Limited, an indirectwholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as tenant, has entered into the Tenancy Agreement with High Brand Limited as landlord, in respect of the leasing of the Property for a term of 2 years commencing from 1 August 2016 with a rental of HK\$173,740 per month. As High Brand Limited is a company which is indirectly owned as to 50% by Ms. Ma Shu Chin, mother of Mr. Yeung Chi Hang, an executive Director, the Chairman and chief executive officer of the Company and a substantial shareholder, High Brand Limited is a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules and the Tenancy Agreement constituted a continuing connected transaction of the Company for the purpose of the Listing Rules.

On 20 July 2018, Harvest Top Development Limited, an indirectwholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as tenant, has entered into the Tenancy Agreement with High Brand Limited as landlord, in respect of the leasing of the Property for a term of 2 years commencing from 1 August 2018 with a rental of HK\$176,295 per month. As High Brand Limited is a company which is indirectly owned as to 50% by Ms. Ma Shu Chin, mother of Mr. Yeung Chi Hang, an executive Director, the Chairman and chief executive officer of the Company and a substantial shareholder, High Brand Limited is a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules and the Tenancy Agreement constituted a continuing connected transaction of the Company for the purpose of the Listing Rules.

董事購買股份或債券之權利

除上述所披露之購股權計劃外,本公司或 其任何相聯法團於年度內概無訂立任何安 排,致使董事可藉著購買本公司或任何其 他法人團體之股份或債券而獲取利益,且 並無任何董事或其配偶或其年齡在十八歲 以下之子女獲授予任何權利以認購本公司 或其任何相聯法團之任何股份或債券。

持續關連交易

本公司已訂立以下持續關連交易,其須遵 守上市規則下於年報披露之規定。

於二零一六年七月六日,本公司之間接全 資附屬公司潤昇發展有限公司(作為租戶) 與鴻升有限公司(作為業主)就租賃物業 可加度,租金每月173,740港元。由於本 司執行董事、主席及行政總裁以及主 東楊智恒先生之母親馬淑金女士間接 調升有限公司50%權益,根據上市規則, 派升有限公司為本公司之關連人士,而就 續 開連交易。

於二零一八年七月二十日,本公司間接全 資附屬公司潤昇發展有限公司(作為租戶) 與鴻升有限公司(作為業主)訂立租賃協 ,內容有關租賃物業,自二零一八年八 月一日起,為期2年,月租為176,295港元。 由於鴻升有限公司為本公司執行董事、主 親馬淑金女士間接擁有50%之公司,根據 上市規則,鴻升有限公司為本公司之關 上市規則而言,租賃協議構成 本公司之持續關連交易。 Report of the Directors 董事會報告書

Pursuant to Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, the board of directors engaged the auditor of the Company to carry out assurance procedures in respect of the continuing connected transactions of the Group in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on an Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised)" Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has reported the conclusion to the board of directors by confirming in a letter to the effect that nothing has come to its attention that causes it to believe that the above transactions:

- (1) have not been approved by the Board;
- (2) were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group;
- (3) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the transactions; and
- (4) have exceeded the cap.

The Company confirms that it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The independent non-executive directors have reviewed the continuing connected transactions and the report of the auditor and have confirmed that the transactions have been entered by the Group:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of the Group's business;
- (ii) either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favorable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and
- (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

根據上市規則第14A.56條,董事會委聘本 公司核數師根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香 港核證委聘準則第3000號(經修訂)「審核或 審閱過往財務資料以外之核證委聘」及參 照實務説明第740號「關於香港《上市規則》 所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」進行有 關本集團持續關連交易核證程序。核數師 已於致董事會的函件中向董事會報告確認 其並未獲悉任何事宜令其相信上述交易:

- (1) 並未獲董事會批准;
- (2) 在各重大方面沒有按照本集團的定價 政策進行;
- (3) 在各重大方面沒有根據有關交易的協 議進行;及
- (4) 超逾上限。

本公司確認其已根據上市規則第14A章遵 守披露規定。獨立非執行董事已審閱持續 關連交易及核數師報告,並已確認該等由 本集團訂立之交易:

- (i) 在本集團一般及日常業務過程中訂 立;
- (ii) 以正常商業條款或以不遜於本集團提 供予獨立第三方或從獨立第三方獲得 的條款訂立:及
- (iii) 根據規管該等交易的相關協議,按公 平合理且符合本公司股東整體利益的 條款訂立。





DISCLOSURE UNDER RULE 14A.72 OF THE LISTING RULES

The related party transaction relating to rental expenses disclosed in Note 37(a) to the consolidated financial statements was a connected transaction for which the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules have been met and is mentioned in the above paragraphs. Other related party transactions taken place in financial year ended 30 June 2018 which were disclosed in Note 37(a) and (b) to the consolidated financial statements did not constitute connected transactions of the Company which are required to be disclosed under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the section headed "continuing connected transaction", no transactions, arrangement or contracts of significance, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contracts of significance, to which the Company or any its subsidiaries was a party in which a Shareholder had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

The Board believes during the year ended 30 June 2018, the Directors did not have interests in any businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

上市規則第14A.72條項下之披露資料

於綜合財務報表附註37(a)有關租賃開支披 露之關連人士交易乃一項關連交易而須遵 守上市規則第14A章項下之披露規定,並已 於上文提述。於截至二零一八年六月三十 日止財政年度發生之其他關連人士交易披 露於綜合財務報表附註37(a)及(b),其並不 構成須根據上市規則第14A章下作出披露 之本公司關連交易。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約中的 權益

除「持續關連交易」一節所披露者外,本公 司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立於本年度結 束時或年內任何時間仍然有效而董事直接 或間接擁有重大權益的重大交易、安排或 合約。

董事服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董 事,概無與本公司訂立不可於一年內由本 公司終止而毋須付出賠償(一般法定責任 除外)之服務合約。

控股股東於重大合約之權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立股東於 其中擁有重大權益(不論直接或間接)且於 本年度末或於年內任何時間存續的任何重 大合約。

董事於競爭業務的權益

董事會相信,截至二零一八年六月三十日 止年度,董事並無擁有與本集團業務直接 或間接競爭或可能競爭的業務權益。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities on the Stock Exchange.

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had 49 employees (2017: 26 employees) in both Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group implements remuneration policy, bonus and share options scheme to ensure that pay scales of its employees are rewarded on a performance-related basis within the general framework of the Group's remuneration.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES

The Group puts great emphasis on environmental protection and sustainable development. The conscientious use of resources and the adoption of best practices across the Group's businesses underlie its commitment to safeguarding the environment. The Group encourages environmental protection, complies with environmental legislations and promotes awareness towards environmental protection to its employees. Several measures have been implemented by the Group in order to promote environmental protection, including, among others:

- promoting energy saving by encouraging its staff to switch off all air-conditioners and lightings before leaving the office, and to utilize the timer-control function of all airconditioning systems;
- reducing energy consumption by using energy-saving light bulbs in the corridors and the reception area of its offices;
- promoting recycling by placing recycle bins next to printers for collecting used papers for reusing and recycling purposes, and by encouraging two-sided printing and/or the use of scratch papers;
- (iv) reducing the use of disposable products by, for example, cancelling the distribution of plastic bags in office; and
- (v) reducing water consumption by replacing all water taps by automatic faucets in offices.

The report of Environmental, Social and Governance of the Group will be available at the HKEXnews website of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (www.hkexnews.hk), Singapore Exchange Limited (www.sgx.com) and Company's website (www. cergroup.com.hk).



購買[、]出售或贖回本公司的上市證 券

年內,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司於聯交所的任何上 市證券。

僱員及酬金政策

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團於香港 及中國共有49(二零一七年:26)名僱員。 本集團實施薪酬政策、花紅及購股權計 劃,以確保僱員之薪金數額乃於本集團一 般薪酬架構內來釐定並以其表現為評核基 準。

環境保護政策

本集團高度重視環境保護及可持續發展。 本集團承諾保護環境,並於業務過程中謹 慎使用資源及採取最佳實踐。本集團鼓勵 環境保護及遵守環境法例,努力提高僱員 的環境保護意識。本集團採取若干提倡環 境保護措施,包括但不限於:

- (i) 透過鼓勵員工離開辦公室時關閉所有 空調及照明工具以及使用空調系統定 時功能促進節能;
- (ii) 透過於走廊及辦公室接待區域使用節 能燈減少能源消耗;
- (iii) 透過在打印機旁邊放置回收桶收集使 用後紙張用於重用及資源回收以及鼓 勵雙面打印及/或使用便簽促進循環 利用;
- (iv) 減少使用一次性產品,如取消在辦公 室派發塑料袋;及
- (v) 透過在辦公室安裝感應水龍頭減少用水量。

本集團之環境、社會及管治報告將刊載於 香港交易及結算所有限公司披露易網站 (www.hkexnews.hk)、新加坡證券交易有 限公司(www.sgx.com)及本公司網站 (www.cergroup.com.hk)。





COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year ended 30 June 2018 and up to the date of this report, the Group have complied with all the relevant laws and regulations in the Mainland China and Hong Kong that have a significant impact on the Group.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group did not make any charitable donations.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the share option scheme as disclosed in the Annual Report, no equity-linked agreement was entered during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a Director, in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favor, or in which he is acquitted. The Company has taken out insurance against the liability and costs associated with defending any proceedings which may be brought against Directors of the Group.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, the sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 68.18% of the total sales for the year and the sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 34.19%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 32.63% of the total purchases for the year and the purchase from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 11.34%.

None of Directors, any of their associates or any substantial Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers.

遵守法律及法規

於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度及截 至本報告日期,本集團已遵守其對本集團 有重大影響的中國大陸及香港的所有相關 法律及法規。

捐贈

年內,本集團沒有作出任何慈善捐款。

股票掛鈎協議

除於年報所披露之購股權計劃外,於本年 度內或於本年度末概無訂立或存在股票掛 鈎協議。

獲准許的彌償條文

根據組織章程細則,每名董事就其作為董 事獲判勝訴或獲判無罪之民事或刑事訴訟 中進行辯護所招致之一切損失或責任,均 有權從本公司資產中獲得彌償。本公司已 就本集團之董事可能面對任何訴訟時產生 的責任和相關的費用購買保險。

主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年內,本集團向五大客戶的銷售額 佔本年度總銷售額約68.18%,其中向最大 客戶銷售佔34.19%。本集團自五大供應商 的採購額佔本年度總採購額約32.63%,其 中自最大供應商採購佔約11.34%。

各董事、彼等的聯繫人或據董事所知擁有 本公司5%以上已發行股本的任何主要股 東,概無擁有本集團五大客戶或五大供應 商任何實益權益。



RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group's management policies, working environment, career prospects and employees' benefits have contributed to building a good employee relations and employee retention of the Group. The Group offers competitive remuneration packages commensurate with industry practice and provides various fringe benefits to employees including medical benefits, social insurance, provident funds, bonuses and a share option scheme. The management regularly reviews its employee's remuneration packages to ensure they are up to prevailing market standard.

The Group keeps a high standard in selecting reputable and reliable suppliers, in order to meet our own quality, safety, environmental and product criteria. During the year ended 30 June 2018 and up to the date of this report, the Group maintained good relationship with its suppliers. The Group has a well-established business relationship with the customers.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association, or the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, the Company has maintained enough public float under the Listing Rules, based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of Directors.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM PLACING AND CHANGE IN USE OF PROCEEDS

The Group successfully raised over approximately HK\$86.55 million through the Placing Shares to not less than six independent Places at the Placing Price of HK\$0.255 per Placing Share on 6 April 2018 in order to enlarge capital base, strengthen the Group's financial position for future development and working capital position. The Placing Price of HK\$0.255 per Placing Share represents (i) a discount of approximately 17.74% to the closing price of HK\$0.31 per Share as guoted on the Stock Exchange on 12 March 2018, being the date of the Placing Agreement; and (ii) a discount of approximately 19.56% to the average closing price of HK\$0.317 per Share as guoted on the Stock Exchange for the five consecutive trading days up to and including 11 March 2018. Upon the completion of the Placing, the Company received gross proceeds of approximately HK\$86.55 million and net proceeds from the Placing, after deducting relevant expenses incurred in relation to the Placing, amount to approximately HK\$84.13 million.

與僱員、供應商及客戶的關係

本集團的管理政策、工作環境、晉升前景 及僱員福利有助本集團與僱員建立良好關 係及留聘僱員。本集團為僱員提供符合行 業慣例並具競爭力的薪酬待遇及各種僱員 福利,包括醫療福利、社保、強積金、花紅 及購股權計劃。管理層定期檢討其僱員薪 酬組合,確保其符合現行市場水平。

本集團一貫地嚴格挑選具有聲譽和可靠的 供應商,以符合公司本身對品質、安全、 環境及產品的標準。於截至二零一八年六 月三十日止年度及截至本報告日期,本集 團與其供應商維持良好關係。本集團與其 客戶擁有穩固業務關係。

優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼群島公司法並無訂明 優先購買權條文,規定本公司按比例向現 有股東發售新股。

公眾持股量

於本報告日期,根據可供本公司索取的公 開資料及就董事所知,本公司一直按上市 規則規定維持充足公眾持股量。

配售事項所得款項用途及所得款項 用途變動

於二零一八年四月六日,本集團向不少於 六名獨立承配人按配售價每股配售股份 0.255港元配售股份,以擴大資本基礎、加 強本集團未來發展之財務狀況及營運資金 狀況,並成功籌得逾約86,550,000港元。配 售價每股配售股份0.255港元較(i)二零一八 年三月十二日(即配售協議日期)於聯交所 所報收市價每股0.31港元折讓約17.74%; 及(ii)截至二零一八年三月十一日(包括該 日)止五個連續交易日於聯交所所報平均 收市價每股0.317港元折讓約19.56%。配 售事項完成後,本公司收取配售事項所得 款項總額約86,550,000港元及所得款項淨 額(經扣除配售事項產生之相關開支)約 84,130,000港元。





As disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 12 March 2018, 15 March 2018 and 6 April 2018 in relation to the Placing (the "Announcements"), the Company intended to apply the net proceeds of approximately HK\$84.13 million from the Placing as to (i) approximately HK\$24.13 million for operating expenses including salaries, office and shops rental expenses, forest plantation maintenance fee and other office expenses for one year (the "Operating Expenses"); (ii) approximately HK\$5 million for the overdue payables (the "Overdue Payables"); (iii) approximately HK\$35 million for the purchase of inventories in the next two months (the "Inventory Purchase"); and (iv) approximately HK\$20 million for the development of metal recycle business in Hong Kong by September 2018 following the establishment of Peak Environmental Resources Limited (高源環保 產業有限公司) and Samuel Environmental Resources (Hong Kong) Limited (森淼環保產業(香港)有限公司) as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 3 November 2017 (the "Metal Recycle Business").

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 31 May 2018, the Group completed acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Reward Pinnacle Limited (the "Target Company") and all the principal, interests and other sums and indebtedness and amounts whatsoever due or owing or payable to the vendor by the Target Company (the "Acquisition").

In view of (i) the Group has yet identified suitable venue for the Metal Recycle Business; (ii) the Acquisition will further reinforce the Group's strategy in diversifying its business portfolio by tapping into the tea market of the People's Republic of China with the view to provide additional income stream for the Group; (iii) the financial resources required by the Group to satisfy the consideration of the Acquisition and the entering into of the formal exclusive sale representative agreement by the Group with the Target Company of approximately HK\$24.1 million; (iv) application of idle cash for grant of loans for the Group's money lending business (the "Money Lending Business") will generate higher interest income than depositing the same at banks; and (v) to deploy the financial resources of the Group more efficiently, the Board has resolved to change the use of net proceeds of approximately HK\$84.13 million of the Placing as follows:

誠如本公司日期為二零一八年三月十二 日、二零一八年三月十五日及二零一八年 四月六日內容有關配售事項之公佈(「該等 公佈」)所披露,本公司擬將配售事項所得 款項淨額約84,130,000港元作以下用途:(i) 約24,130,000港元用作一年之營運開支,包 括薪金、辦公室及店舖租金開支、植林維 護費及其他辦公室開支(「營運開支」);(ii) 約5,000,000港元用作支付逾期應付款項 (「逾期應付款項」);(iii)約35,000,000港元用 作於未來兩個月購買存貨(「存貨採購」); 及(iv)約20,000,000港元用作於成立高源環 保產業有限公司及森淼環保產業(香港)有 限公司後,於二零一八年九月前在香港發 展金屬回收業務(誠如本公司日期為二零 一七年十一月三日之公佈所披露)(「金屬回 收業務□)。

誠如本公司日期為二零一八年五月三十一 日之公佈所披露,本集團已完成收購 Reward Pinnacle Limited(「目標公司」)之全 部已發行股本以及目標公司於完成時尚欠 或結欠或應付賣方之所有本金、利息及其 他款項以及負債及款項(「收購事項」)。

鑒於(i)本集團尚未物色到進行金屬回收業務之合適場址;(ii)收購事項將進一步加強 本集團透過進軍中華人民共和國茶葉市場 使業務組合多元化為本集團提供額外收入 來源之策略;(iii)本集團結付收購事項代價 及本集團與目標公司訂立正式獨家銷售, 之財務資源約24,100,000港 元;(iv)申請閒置現金為本集團借貸銀行 存款更高之利息收入;及(v)更有效動用本 集團之財務資源,董事會已議決更改配售 事項所得款項淨額約84,130,000港元之用 途如下:

		Original allocation of net proceeds disclosed in the Announcements	Revised allocation of net proceeds	Utilized amount of revised allocation as at 30 June 2018 於二零一八年	Unutilized amount of revised allocation as at 30 June 2018 於二零一八年
		該等公佈內披露 之原定所得款項 淨額分配	經修訂所得款項 淨額分配	六月三十日已動 用經修訂 分配金額	六月三十日尚未 動用經修訂 分配金額
		HK\$' million 百萬港元	HK\$' million 百萬港元	HK\$' million 百萬港元	HK\$' million 百萬港元
		口 离泡光 (approximately) (概約)	approximately) (概約)	approximately) (概約)	口离他儿 (approximately) (概約)
Operating Expenses	營運開支	24.13	10.62	5.62	5.00
Overdue Payables	逾期應付款項	5.00	3.50	3.50	—
Inventory Purchase	存貨採購	35.00	28.01	28.01	—
Metal Recycle Business	金屬回收業務	20.00			_
Money Lending Business Acquisition	借貸業務 收購事項	—	18.00 24.00	18.00 24.00	_
		84.13	84.13	79.13	5.00

Based on the above, the Board considers that the above change in the use of proceeds will allow the Company to facilitate efficient use of its financial resources. The Board is of the view that the change is fair and reasonable and is in the interest of the Company and the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

As at 30 June 2018, the unutilized net proceeds of approximately HK\$5.0 million of the Placing was deposited in bank.

As at 30 June 2018, the Group has utilized the proceeds of approximately HK\$24.00 million for exclusive distribution rights to sell and distribute golden flower tea products, approximately HK\$28.01 million for inventories of motor and motor accessories business and recycled metals business and approximately HK\$18.00 million for money Lending business and the remaining applied as general working capital.

AUDITORS

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2018 were audited by ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited as auditors of the Company. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to reappoint ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited as auditors of the Company.

On behalf of the Board China Environmental Resources Group Limited Yeung Chi Hang Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 September 2018



根據上文所述,董事會認為,上述所得款 項用途改變將讓本公司促進有效使用其財 務資源。董事會認為,變動屬公平合理, 且符合本公司及本公司股東之整體利益。

於二零一八年六月三十日,尚未動用配售 事項所得款項淨額約5,000,000港元已存放 於銀行。

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團已動用 所得款項之約24,000,000港元於獨家分銷 權以銷售及分銷金花茶產品、約 28,010,000港元於汽車及汽車配件業務存 貨及回收金屬業務及約18,000,000港元於 借貸業務及餘下用作一般其營運資金。

核數師

本集團截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度 的綜合財務報表已由本公司核數師中匯安 達會計師事務所有限公司審核。本公司將 於應屆股東週年大會上提呈決議案,續聘 中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司為本公司 核數師。

代表董事會 **中國環境資源集團有限公司** *主席* **楊智恒**

香港,二零一八年九月二十八日

中國環境資源集團有限公司 二零一八年年報



Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board is committed to maintain and ensure high standards of corporate governance practice. The Company stresses the importance of maintaining the quality of the Board by ensuring that the Directors possess a wide range of expertise and the effective implementation of an accountability system, so as to ensure that business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper manner.

The Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rule Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") for the year ended 30 June 2018, except the followings:

Code provisions A.2.1 of the CG Code provides that the roles of chairman of the board and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. This code provisions also stipulate, inter alia, the role and responsibility of the chairman of the board and the chief executive.

Mr. Yeung Chi Hang was appointed as chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company on 27 January 2015. Thereafter, Mr. Yeung Chi Hang has assumed both roles. The directors were of the view that the vesting of the roles of chairman of the Board and chief executive officer in the same person can provide the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allow for more effective planning and execution of long-term business strategies, as well as ensuring effective oversight of management. The directors were also of the view that the present structure was considered to be appropriate under the circumstances of the Company. The Board would keep review of its current board structure from time to time.

Code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code stipulates that the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. Mr. Yeung Chi Hang was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 8 November 2017 due to business trips. Mr. Wong Po Keung, an executive director, was elected and acted as chairman of the said annual general meeting.

THE BOARD

The Board is charged with the responsibility of leadership and control of the Group. The Board promotes success of the Group and makes decisions objectively in the best interests of the Group.

董事會致力維持及確保實施高水平之企業 管治常規。本公司著重確保董事具備不同 專長及實行有效問責制度,保持董事會的 質素,確保業務運作及決策過程均受到適 當規管。

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度,除下 文所載事項外,本公司一直遵守聯交所證 券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14所載企業 管治守則(「企業管治守則」)的守則條文:

企業管治守則第A.2.1條守則條文規定,董 事會主席及行政總裁之角色應有所區分, 且不應由同一人士擔任。該條文亦規定(其 中包括)董事會主席及行政總裁之職能及 責任。

楊智恒先生於二零一五年一月二十七日獲 委任為本公司董事會主席及行政總裁。 智恒先生之後承擔該兩項職務。董事認為 由同一人士承擔董事會主席及行政總基認為 自同一人士承擔董事會主席及行政總 人士承擔董事會主席及行政總 書 認能更有效地規劃及執行長期業務 確保有效視察管理。董事亦認為就本 。 前 院而言,現有架構屬恰當。 董 事會架構。

企業管治守則第E.1.2條守則條文規定,董 事會主席須出席股東週年大會。楊智恒先 生因出差而未能出席本公司於二零一七年 十一月八日舉行的股東週年大會。執行董 事黃保強先生獲選擔任上述股東週年大會 的主席。

董事會

董事會負責領導及管理本集團,促進本集 團成功,以對本集團最有利的方式客觀地 作出各項決策。 The Board's role is mainly to direct and supervise the affairs of the Group, establish its strategic directions and set objectives and business development plans. The Board authorizes the management to manage the day-to-day business operation of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the various Board committees and the Chief Executive Officer.

The Company has developed a schedule of matters reserved to the Board for decisions. The Board will review those arrangements on a regular basis to ensure that the arrangements meet the needs of the Company.

BOARD COMPOSITION

The Board comprises eight Directors with five Executive Directors, namely, Mr. Yeung Chi Hang, Mr. Leung Kwong Choi, Mr. Wong Po Keung, Mr. Chung Siu Wah and Mr. Chik To Pan and three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wong Kwai Sang, Mr. Ong Chi King and Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric. There was no change in the composition of the Board during the year.

During the year, the Board held 9 meetings, including 4 regular meetings, and had also transacted its business by written resolutions. The Directors participated these meetings in person or through electronic means of communication. The attendance of Board meetings of each Director during the year is set out as below: 董事會的主要職責為指導及監督本集團事 務,訂立策略方向、目標及業務發展計 劃。董事會授權管理層管理本集團的日常 業務營運。此外,董事會亦授權多個董事 委員會及行政總裁負責處理若干職務。

本公司已訂立一份保留待董事會決定的事 項表。董事會將定期檢討該等安排,以確 保有關安排符合本公司的需要。

董事會之組成

董事會現時由八名董事組成,即五名執行 董事楊智恒先生、梁廣才先生、黃保強先 生、鍾少樺先生及戚道斌先生及三名獨立 非執行董事黃貴生先生、王子敬先生及香 志恒先生。年內,董事會之組成並無變動。

於年內,董事會共舉行9次會議,包括四次 常規會議,並透過書面決議案處理其事 務。董事親身或透過電子通訊方式參與會 議。各董事於年度內出席董事會會議情況 載列於下表:

Name of Directors		Number of Board meetings attended/Number of Board meetings held
董事姓名		已出席董事會會議次數/ 已舉行董事會會議次數
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Yeung Chi Hang	楊智恒先生	5/9
Mr. Leung Kwong Choi	梁廣才先生	7/9
Mr. Wong Po Keung	黃保強先生	9/9
Mr. Chung Siu Wah	鍾少樺先生	8/9
Mr. Chik To Pan	戚道斌先生	9/9
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Ong Chi King	王子敬先生	9/9
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生	7/9
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric	香志恒先生	6/9





The Directors are provided with relevant information to make informed decisions. The Board and each Director have separate and independent access to the Company's senior management for information and making enquires if necessary. A Director, who considers there is necessary to seek independent professional advice in order to perform his duties as a Director, may convene, or request the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") to convene, a Board meeting to approve the consultation of independent legal or other professional adviser for advice at the Company's expenses.

For regular Board meeting, a notice of the meeting is sent to all Directors at least 14 days before the intended date of meeting and an agenda and accompanying board papers of the meeting are sent to all Directors at least three days before the intended date of meeting. For all other Board meeting, a notice of the meeting together with an agenda and accompanying board papers of the meeting are sent to all Directors in reasonable time. The Directors also from time to time transact the Board business by way of written resolutions.

Every Director is entitled to have access to the advice and service of the Company Secretary with a view to ensure that the Board procedures and applicable rules and regulations are complied with.

All minutes are kept by the Company and are open for inspections by any Director during normal office hours by giving reasonable advance notice. Minutes of the Board meetings and the Board committee meetings record in sufficient details the matters considered in the meetings and decisions reached. Draft and final versions of minutes of the Board meetings and Board committee meetings have been sent to all Directors and relevant Board Committee members for their comments and records respectively within a reasonable time after the relevant meetings were held.

If a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter before the Board, the matter will be dealt with in accordance with applicable rules and regulations and, if appropriate, an independent board committee will be set up to deal with the matter.

To the best knowledge of the Board, there is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s) between the members of the Board.

董事獲提供作出知情決定所需的相關資料。董事會及各董事均可於有需要時個別 獨立向本公司高級管理層獲取資料及作出 查詢。董事如認為履行其董事職務時需要 徵求獨立專業意見,可自行或要求本公司 公司秘書(「公司秘書」)召開董事會會議批 准諮詢獨立法律或其他專業顧問意見,費 用由本公司承擔。

舉行常規董事會會議時,將於會議擬定日 期前至少14日向全體董事寄發會議通告, 及將不遲於擬定會議日期前三日向全體董 事寄發會議議程及隨附會議文件。就所 其他董事會會議而言,會議通告連同會議 議程及隨附會議文件將於合理時間內寄發 予全體董事。董事亦不時透過書面決議案 的方式處理董事會事務。

各董事均可要求公司秘書提供意見及服 務,確保遵守董事會程序及適用規則與法 規。

倘董事在董事會將討論事項涉及利益衝 突,有關事項將根據適用規則及獨立法規 處理,如有需要,並會成立獨立董事委員 會處理。

據董事會所知,董事會成員之間概無任何 財務、業務或家族或其他重大/相關關係。 Every Director has sufficient time and attention to deal with the affairs of the Group. The Board considers the composition of Executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors is rational and appropriate and provides adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of shareholders and the Group.

The Independent Non-executive Directors provide the Group with diversified knowledge and expertise. Their suggestions, opinions and participation in the meetings of the Board and each Board committee bring independent opinions, suggestions and judgments on issues relating to the Group's strategy, development, operations, performance, risk control and conflicts of interest, to ensure that the interest of all shareholders are taken into account.

Information and responsibilities of all Directors are contained in this annual report on pages 16 to 18.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer have different roles. The Chairman of the Board is responsible for the operation of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for managing the operations and day-to-day management of the Group. Their functions have been clearly divided to ensure a balanced distribution of power and authority not concentrating on a single individual.

The Chairman of the Board is principally responsible for leading the Board and ensures the Board acts in the best interests of the Company. The Chairman of the Board shall ensure the Board operates effectively and performs its proper duties and discusses all important and proper matters in a timely manner. The Chairman of the Board is responsible for convening Board meetings, consulting, determining and approving the agenda of each Board meeting, and ensuring that Directors are provided sufficient information on current matters in a timely manner.

The Chief Executive Officer is principally responsible for the daily operation and management of the Group's overall operations and implementing the Board's operating strategy and policy and delegating tasks to all departments for implementation so as to realize the Board's objectives and decisions. In addition, the Chief Executive Officer is also responsible for coordinating close cooperation among all departments, uniting efforts of staff and encouraging the initiative of staff so as to ensure smooth and effective operation of the Company's operations and systems. 每名董事均有足夠時間及精力處理本集團 的事務。董事會認為執行董事及獨立非執 行董事的組成屬合理及適當,並充分發揮 制衡作用,以保障股東及本集團的利益。

獨立非執行董事為本集團帶來多元化的經 驗及專業知識。彼等提出的建議及意見, 以及透過彼等參與董事會及各董事委員會 會議,為本集團的策略、發展、營運、表 現、風險控制及利益衝突等事宜提供獨立 意見、建議及判斷,以確保所有股東的權 益均獲得考慮。

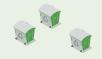
所有董事的資料及職責載於本年報第16至 18頁。

主席及行政總裁

董事會主席及行政總裁的角色不同。董事 會主席負責董事會運作,而行政總裁負責 管理本集團的業務及日常管理,兩者之間 的職務已清楚區分,以確保權力和授權分 佈均衡,不致集中在一位人士。

董事會主席的主要職責包括領導董事會, 確保董事會行事符合本公司最佳利益。董 事會主席須確保董事會有效地運作及履行 應有職責,並及時就所有重要的及適當的 事項進行討論;董事會主席負責召開董事 會會議、諮詢、釐定及批准每次董事會會 議的議程,並確保董事及時獲悉當前的事 項及充分的資料。

行政總裁的主要職責包括負責集團整體業務日常運作的經營及管理,執行董事會的經營策略及方針,下達任務至各部門執行,以實現董事會的目標和決定。此外,行政總裁亦負責協調各部門的緊密合作關係,團結員工的力量,鼓勵員工積極性,確保本公司業務及制度暢順而有效地運行。





Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code provide that the role of chairman of the board and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. This code provisions also stipulate, inter alia, the role and responsibility of the chairman of the board and the chief executive.

Mr. Yeung Chi Hang was appointed as Chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company 27 January 2015. Thereafter, Mr. Yeung Chi Hang has therefore assumed both roles. The Directors were of the view that the vesting of the roles of Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer in the same person can provide the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allow for more effective planning and execution of long-term business strangles, as well as ensuring effective oversight of management. The Directors were also of the view that the present structure was considered to be appropriate under the circumstances of the Company. The Board would keep review of its current Board structure from time to time.

RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

In accordance with the CG Code and the Articles of Association, all Directors, including Independent Non-executive Directors, are subject to retirement by rotation once every three years.

Composition of the Board will be reviewed regularly by the Board and also by the nomination committee of the Company to ensure that it covers a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company.

Pursuant to the Article of Association, Mr. Leung Kwong Choi, Mr. Chik To Pan and Mr. Wong Kwai Sang being the existing Directors longest in office since their last re-election, will retire by rotation and being eligible offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

Each Director had entered into an appointment letter with the Company setting out the key terms and conditions of his appointment. The Directors are required to refer to the relevant key terms and conditions as set out in the Articles and Association and the guidelines for Directors and Guide for Independent Non-executive Directors (if applicable) published by the Hong Kong Institute of Directors.

All Independent Non-executive Directors are appointed for a specific term, subject to retirement by rotation under the Articles of Association. The term of office of Mr. Wong Kwai Sang, Mr. Ong Chi King and Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric as Independent Non-executive Director is for three years until 1 March 2021, 26 January 2020 and 15 January 2021 respectively.

企業管治守則第A.2.1條守則條文規定,董 事會主席及行政總裁之角色應有所區分, 且不應由同一人士擔任。該條文亦規定(其 中包括)董事會主席及行政總裁之職能及 責任。

董事之重選

根據企業管治守則及組織章程細則,所有 董事(包括獨立非執行董事)須每三年輪流 退任一次。

董事會及本公司提名委員會定期檢討董事 會之組成,確保董事會具備本公司業務所 需的各項專業知識、技能及適當經驗。

根據章程細則,梁廣才先生、戚道斌先生 及黃貴生先生為彼等上次連任在任時間最 長之董事,彼等將在即將舉行的本公司股 東週年大會上輪席退任及符合資格重選。

各董事已與本公司訂立載列其委任之主要 條款及條件之委任函件。董事須參考組織 章程細則之相關主要條款及條件及由香港 董事學會出版之董事指引及獨立非執行董 事指南(如適用)。

所有獨立非執行董事有指定任期,並須根 據組織章程細則輪流退任。黃貴生先生、 王子敬先生及香志恒先生擔任獨立非執行 董事的任期為三年,分別至二零二一年三 月一日、二零二零年一月二十六日及二零 二一年一月十五日為止。 Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board has received from each Independent Non-executive Director a written annual confirmation of his independence and is satisfied with their independence in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all Independent Non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent to the Company.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Board has established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") with the term of references in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee currently comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Ong Chi King (Chairman), Mr. Wong Kwai Sang and Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric. Mr. Ong Chi King has appropriate accounting and related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee includes:

- to recommend to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditor;
- 2. to consider and discuss with the external auditor the nature and scope of audit for each year;
- 3. to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity;
- 4. to review the interim and annual financial statements before submission to the Board and to discuss any problem and reservation arising therefrom;
- 5. to review the Group's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems; and
- 6. to consider other topics, as defined by the Board.

董事會已收到各獨立非執行董事發出其獨 立身份的週年書面確認書,並接納彼等符 合上市規則規定的獨立性。本公司認為所 有獨立非執行董事符合上市規則第3.13條 所載的獨立指引,均為本公司獨立人士。

審核委員會

董事會已根據上市規則成立審核委員會 (「審核委員會」)並制訂權責範圍。審核委 員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即 王子敬先生(主席)、黃貴生先生及香志恒 先生。王子敬先生擁有上市規則第3.10條 所規定的適當會計及相關財務管理專業知 識。

審核委員會之主要職責包括:

- 向董事會提供委任、續聘及辭退外聘 核數師的建議,批准委任外聘核數師 的酬金及條款,以及處理任何有關核 數師辭任或罷免的問題;
- 考慮並與外聘核數師討論每年度的審 核性質與範圍;
- 檢討及監察外聘核數師的獨立性及客 觀性;
- 中期及年度財務報表遞交董事會前負 責審閱有關報表,並討論任何相關問 題及異議;
- 檢討本集團的財務監控、內部監控及 風險管理制度;及
- 6. 考慮其他董事界定的議題。



中國環境資源集團有限公司 二零一八年年報



During the year, the Audit Committee had reviewed and discussed, in accordance with its terms of reference, the financial reporting matters with external auditor, including the review of the interim and annual consolidated financial statements, the internal control and the audit fee and made recommendation to the Board for reappointment of external auditor.

During the year, the Audit Committee held 2 meetings. The attendance of Audit Committee meetings of each member is set out below:

年內,審核委員會已根據其權責範圍與外 聘核數師審閱及討論財務報告事宜,包括 審閱中期及年度綜合財務報表、內部監控 及審核費並就續聘外聘核數師向董事會提 供建議。

年內,審核委員會舉行2次會議。各成員出 席審核委員會會議情況載列如下:

Number of Audit Committee

Name of the Audit Committee Members 審核委員會成員姓名		meetings attended/ Number of Audit Committee meetings held 已出席審核委員會會議次數/ 已舉行審核委員會會議次數
Mr. Ong Chi King	王子敬先生	2/2
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生	1/2
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric	香志恒先生	1/2

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board has established a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") with the term of references in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Remuneration Committee currently comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Ong Chi King (Chairman), Mr. Wong Kwai Sang and Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee (as adopted pursuant to the terms of references of the Remuneration Committee) includes making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure of all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for development of remuneration policy.

Set out below is the summary of work of the Remuneration Committee done during the year:

- 1. to review the Company's emolument policy and structure for all Directors;
- to review management's remuneration proposal with reference to the corporate goals and objective of the Board; and
- 3. to recommend the remuneration of individual Executive Director and Independent Non-executive Director.

薪酬委員會

董事會已根據上市規則成立薪酬委員會 (「薪酬委員會」)並制訂權責範圍。薪酬委 員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即 王子敬先生(主席)、黃貴生先生及香志恒 先生。

薪酬委員會的主要職責(根據薪酬委員會 的職權範圍獲採納)包括就本公司董事及 高級管理層的整體薪酬政策及架構,及就 制定此等薪酬政策而設立正規且透明的政 策程序,向董事會提出建議。

以下載列薪酬委員會於年內完成的工作概 要:

- 檢討本公司的薪酬政策及全體董事的 架構;
- 參考企業目標及董事會宗旨檢討管理 層的薪酬建議;及
- 就個別執行董事及獨立非執行董事的 薪酬提供建議。



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During the year, the Remuneration Committee held 1 meeting. The attendance of Remuneration Committee meeting of each member is set out below:

Name of Remuneration Committee Members

薪酬委員會成員姓名

Mr. Ong Chi King	王子敬先生
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric	香志恒先生

The Company's emolument policy is to ensure that the remuneration offered to employees, including Executive Directors and the senior management, is based on the skills, knowledge, responsibilities and involvement in the Company's affairs. The remuneration packages are also determined by reference to the Company's performance and profitability, remuneration level in the industry and the prevailing market conditions. The emolument policy for Independent Non-executive Directors, mainly comprising Directors' fees, is subject to annual assessment with reference to the market standard. Individual Director and the senior management would not be involved in deciding their own remuneration.

Details of emoluments of Directors and the five highest-paid employees of the Group during the year are set out in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Board has established a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") with the term of references in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Nomination Committee currently comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Ong Chi King (Chairman), Mr. Wong Kwai Sang and Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee includes review of the structure, size and composition of the Board and board diversity policy on a regular basis, assessing new candidates for appointment as Directors and the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors and considering the retirement and re-election of the Directors. Number of Remuneration Committee meeting attended/ Number of Remuneration Committee meeting held

年內,薪酬委員會舉行1次會議。各成員出

席薪酬委員會會議情況載列如下:

已出席薪酬委員會會議次數/ 已舉行薪酬委員會會議次數

> 1/1 0/1

1/1

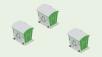
本公司的薪酬政策旨在確保提供予僱員(包括執行董事及高級管理層)的薪酬乃基於 其技能、知識、職責及參與本公司事務而 釐定。薪酬組合亦參照本公司的表現及恐 利能力、行業薪酬水平以及當前市場狀況 而釐定。獨立非執行董事的薪酬政策主要 包括董事袍金,須參照市場標準每年進行 評估。個別董事及高級管理層將不參與其 各自薪酬的釐定。

年內,本集團董事及五名最高薪人士的酬 金詳情載於綜合財務報表附註14。

提名委員會

董事會已根據上市規則成立提名委員會 (「提名委員會」)並制訂權責範圍。提名委 員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即 王子敬先生(主席)、黃貴生先生及香志恒 先生。

提名委員會的主要職責包括定期檢討董事 會的架構、人數及組成及董事會成員多元 化政策、評估新候選人委任為董事及獨立 非執行董事的獨立性以及考慮董事的退任 與連任。



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Set out below is the summary of work of the Nomination Committee done during the year:

- 1. to assess the independence of each Independent Non-executive Director;
- to review the structure, size and composition of the Board; and
- 3. to make the recommendation of re-election of retiring Directors to the Board.

During the year, the Nomination Committee held 1 meeting. The attendance of Nomination Committee meetings of each member is set out below:

Name of Nomination Committee Members

提名委員會成員姓名

Mr. Ong Chi King	王子敬先生
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric	香志恒先生

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

The Board has established an investment committee, which currently comprises two Executive Directors, namely, Mr. Leung Kwong Choi (Chairman) and Mr. Wong Po Keung. During the year, the investment committee of the Company had not held any meeting.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board has from time to time considered its policy for corporate governance and its duties and duties of various board committees. The Board has not established a corporate governance committee but has performed the obligations regarding corporate governance, including:

- 1. to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- 3. to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;

以下載列提名委員會於年內完成的工作概 要:

1. 評估各獨立非執行董事的獨立性;

2. 檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成;及

- 3. 就重選退任董事向董事會提供建議。
- 年內,提名委員會舉行1次會議。各成員出 席提名委員會會議情況載列如下:

Number of Nomination Committee meeting attended/ Number of Nomination Committee meetings held 已出席提名委員會會議次數/ 已舉行提名委員會會議次數

> 1/1 0/1

1/1

投資委員會

董事會已成立投資委員會,其成員目前包 括兩名執行董事,即梁廣才先生(主席)及 黃保強先生。年內,本公司的投資委員會 並無舉行任何會議。

企業管治職能

董事會不時考慮其企業管治政策及其職責 以及各董事委員會職責。董事會並無成立 企業管治委員會,但已履行下列企業管治 責任,包括:

- 制訂及審閱本公司的企業管治政策及 常規;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓 及持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管 規定方面的政策及常規;



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- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and directors; and
- 5. to review the Company's compliance with Appendix 14 (Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report) of the Listing Rules.

The Directors have disclosed to the Board the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations and other signification commitments. The Board will regularly review the contribution required by each Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company and whether he is spending sufficient time performing his duties.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy ("the Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to maintain a competitive advantage of the Board. Pursuant to Policy, the Company seeks to achieve board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to the talents, skills, regional and industry experience, background, gender and other qualities. The Board will from time to time consider to set measurable objectives to implement the Policy and review such objectives to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives to implement the Policy.

TRAINING OF DIRECTORS

Newly appointed Director are provided with necessary information to ensure that he has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his responsibilities under the relevant statutes, laws, rules and regulations. The Company Secretary and representative of auditor update the Directors on the latest development and changes regarding the Listing Rules, accounting standards and other relevant regulatory requirements from time to time.

In addition, the Directors are provided with monthly updates on the Company's performance and position to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.



- 制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事 的操守準則及合規手冊;及
- 檢討本公司遵守上市規則附錄14(企 業管治守則及企業管治報告)的情況。

董事已向董事會披露於公眾公司或組織擔 任職務的數目與性質以及其他重大承擔。 董事會將定期檢討各董事為履行其職能對 本公司作出的貢獻及其是否花費足夠時間 履行職責。

董事會多元化政策

本公司已採納了一份載列實現並保持董事 會多元化途徑的董事會多元化政策(「本政 策」)以保持董動競爭優勢。根據在政 策,本公司支援。地域及行業經驗、增加 限於才能、地域及行業經驗、背景、 性別及其他特質,以尋求實現計量目標以 作。董事會將不時檢討該等目標以確 其合適度及確定達標的進度。年內,董事 會並無制定任何可計量目標調整本政策。

董事培訓

新獲委任的董事獲提供必要的資料,以確 保其對本公司的營運及業務以及其於相關 法規、法律、規則及規例下的責任有適當 了解。公司秘書及核數師代表不時為董事 提供上市規則、會計準則及其他相關監管 規定的最新發展及變動資料。

此外,董事亦獲提供本公司表現及狀況的 每月最新資料,以便董事會整體及各董事 履行其職務。



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All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. According to the records provided by the existing Directors, all Directors have participated in continuous professional development during the year.

本公司鼓勵所有董事參與持續專業發展, 以發展及更新彼等的知識及技能。根據現 任董事提供的記錄,全體董事已於年內參 與持續專業發展。

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Reading regulatory updates/attending in house briefing 閲讀監管 最新資料/ 參加內部簡報會	Attending expert briefing/seminars/ conference relevant to the business/ director's duties 出席有關業務/董事 職責的專家簡介會/ 研討會/會議
Mr. Yeung Chi Hang	楊智恒先生		
5 5		•	
Mr. Leung Kwong Choi	梁廣才先生	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Wong Po Keung	黃保強先生	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Chung Siu Wah	鍾少樺先生	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Chik To Pan	戚道斌先生	\checkmark	—
Mr. Ong Chi King	王子敬先生	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生	\checkmark	_
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric	香志恒先生	\checkmark	\checkmark

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITIES INSURANCE

The Company has arranged directors' and officers' liabilities insurance for all Directors and the senior management of the Company. The insurance covers them against costs, charges, expenses and liabilities incurred arising out of the corporate activities.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transaction by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the Company's Code of Conduct regarding Director's securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 30 June 2018.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The board recognizes its overall responsibilities for maintaining a sound and effective internal control system of the Group and risk taking is unavoidable as part of the Group's business. By appropriate risk management and continuous risk monitoring, risk taking can bring value to the Company. The board believes that risks are acceptable after prudent assessment of their impact and likelihood. The Company can protect its assets and shareholders' interests and create value simultaneously through appropriate risks

董事及高級職員的責任保險

本公司已為本公司的全體董事及高級管理 層安排董事及高級職員的責任保險。該等 保險涵蓋企業活動中所產生的成本、費 用、開支及責任。

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上市發 行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準 守則」)作為本公司董事進行證券交易的行 為守則。經作出特定查詢後,所有董事已 確認彼等於截至二零一八年六月三十日止 年度一直遵守標準守則的規定。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會意識到,在使本集團維持健全有效的內部監控系統上負有整體責任,而冒著風險行事為本集團業務不可避免的一部分。只要採取適當的風險管理及持續監察風險,冒險行事可為本公司創優增值。董現的可能性,風險屬可接受。本公司可透過適當的風險管理及控制措施,保障其資

management and control measures. The system includes a defined management structure with limits of authority, safeguards its assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensures the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensures compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Process used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks

The Group recognise that it is necessary for identifying and assessing the significant business, operational, financial and compliance risks on an ongoing basis. Risk identification and assessment should be undertaken throughout the year, but in any event must be undertaken on an annual basis by the Audit Committee. Risk identification involves collecting information from the senior management to identify relevant risks and then need to update the risk register in response to changes in its business and the external environment. Risk assessment should include the review of (i) the timely and efficient management and reporting the key risks; and (ii) any events, incidents or trends that have arisen or might arise.

Risk evaluation and risk prioritization

Risk ranking process involves analysing the inherent likelihood and impact of each identified risk in order to facilitate the senior management to prioritise the identified risk items and identify the responsible risk owners.

Risk reporting, managing and monitoring

Once the decision to mitigate the significant risk has been made and the strategy is identified, a mitigation plan should be developed. After the plan is implemented the residual risk is evaluated and is subject to monitoring. Once the plan is in place and the system is running, the effectiveness of the plan will be monitored, reviewed and adjusted if necessary. The ongoing monitoring program will be checked if risk priority numbers have changed to either higher or lower values. All employees can write down observations and to make recommendations. They can also make a recommendation if the change should be implemented urgently if it is time critical. The senior management evaluates the recommendations made by the employees and reports to board in timely manner.

產及股東利益,同時使本公司創優增值。 有關的系統包括一套明確有所約束的管理 架構,以保障其資產免遭未獲授權使用或 處置,確保存有適當的會計記錄,以提 可靠的財務資訊作內部使用或刊發,同時 確保遵守相關的法律及法規。有關系統設 計目的為管理而非免除未能達致業務目標 的風險,並僅能就重大失實陳述或損失提 供合理而非絕對的保證。

用於識別、評估及管理重大風險之 程序

本集團確認必須持續識別及評估重大業務、營運、財務及合規風險。風險識別及 評估均須全年進行,惟無論如何審核委員 曾必須每年進行。風險識別涉及自高級管 理層收集資料,以識別相關風險,然後 風險評估表內更新,應付營商及外部環 變動。風險評估應包括檢討(i)及時有效管 理及匯報關鍵風險;及(ii)已出現或可能出 現的任何事件、事故或趨勢。

風險評估及風險先後次序

風險等級過程涉及分析各個已識別風險的 固有可能性及影響,便於高級管理層將已 識別風險項目制定先後次序,並識別須負 責風險的人士。

風險匯報、管理及監察

一旦決定減輕重大風險及已識別策略,應 制訂緩解計劃。計劃實施後,將會評估剩 餘風險,並加以監察。計劃開始及系統運 作後,本公司將會監察、檢討及調整(倘必 須)計劃的成效。持續監察計劃將會檢查 險先後次序數是否已經變至較高或較低 值。全體僱員可寫下觀察結果及作出推薦 建議。倘時間緊急,須迫切改變,彼等亦 可提出推薦建議,並及時向董事會報告。





Procedures for the handling and dissemination of inside information

The Group is committed to a consistent practice of time, accurate and sufficiently detailed disclosure of material information. To ensure that proper safeguards exist to prevent a breach of a disclosure relation to the Group, which include but not limited by the following ways:

- 1. When any employee becomes aware of any actual or potential Inside Information, he/she must immediately inform any member of the Disclosure Working Group comprising the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Legal Counsel.
- 2. Meeting of Disclosure Working Group shall be convened to conduct preliminary assessment of the information received.
- 3. The Disclosure Working Group reviews and decides whether the information must be disclosed, as well as when and how the information shall be released and makes recommendation to the Board.
- 4. The Board reviews the recommendation of the Disclosure Working Group and approves the issue of an announcement and any other course of course as appropriate.

Main features of the internal control system

A professional advisory firm was also appointed as the Group's outsourced internal audit function to conduct a review on the Group's internal control systems at the corporate level and business level on certain agreed control areas as stated in a three-year internal control review plan to the management and endorsed by the board and audit committee. The scope of the internal control review carried out during the year includes:

- a) understand how a control procedure is carried out during the period from 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018 through discussion with the management, and reading relevant policies and procedures;
- b) consider and comment on whether a control procedure has been designed and implemented effectively by determining whether it exists at a specific point in time. This is achieved by reading policies and procedures, reviewing minutes, reports, organisational charts and other supporting documentation, and by performing selected walkthrough and tests of samples;
- c) draw to the Company's attention to any significant control design and implementation weaknesses and deficiencies which come to its attention based on the limited procedures it agree to perform;

處理及發放內幕消息之程序

本集團致力於貫切地以適時、準確及詳盡 之方式披露重大資料。為確保有適當保障 措施避免違反有關本集團的披露,包括但 不限於下列方法:

- 當任何僱員知悉任何實際或潛在內幕 消息,彼必須立即知會由董事會主 席、行政總裁及法律顧問組成的披露 工作小組的任何成員。
- 披露工作小組須召開會議,就所接獲 的資料進行初步評估。
- 披露工作小組審視消息並決定是否必 須予以披露以及發佈消息的時間及方 式,並向董事會作出推薦建議。
- 董事會審閱披露工作小組的推薦建 議,並批准適時刊發公佈及任何其他 文件。

內部監控系統之主要特點

本集團亦委聘專業顧問公司為本集團之外 判內部審核公司,就致管理層並經董事會 及審核委員會核可的三年內部監控審閱計 劃內訂明的若干協定監控範疇,於集團層 面及商業層面為本集團的內部監控系統進 行審閱。年內進行的內部監控審閱範疇包 括:

- a) 透過與管理層討論,並閱讀相關政策
 及程序,了解二零一七年七月一日至
 二零一八年六月三十日期間如何進行
 監控程序;
- b) 釐定監控程序是否於特定時間存在, 省覽及評價其是否有效設計及實施。 此乃憑藉細閱政策及程序、審閱會議 記錄、報告、機構圖表及其他佐證文 件,並透過進行徹底調查及測試樣本 而達致;
- c) 根據外部顧問同意進行的有限程序, 於發現任何重大監察設計以及執行的 弱點及不足之處時知會本公司;

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- provide recommendations to address the identified control design (in particular to corporate governance and cash receipt handling policy) and implementation weaknesses and deficiencies; and
- e) perform a follow-up review after the Company has responded to the findings stated in the Report. The final Report will be issued after the follow-up procedures have been complete. The report and recommendations have been submitted to the board and follow-up action has been taken based on recommendations, which will be monitored by the board.

The audit committee reviewed adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

The board's confirmation on risk management

Based on the risk management mechanism and internal audit review activities mentioned in the aforesaid paragraphs, the board was of the opinion that the Company had maintained an effective risk management mechanism and internal control system during the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

COMPANY SECRETARY

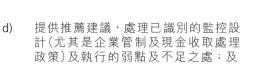
The Company Secretary is Mr. Lo Tai On who has been engaged and appointed by the Company from an external secretarial services provider.

The primary contact persons with the Company Secretary are Mr. Wong Po Keung, an Executive Director and the financial controller of the Company, and Ms. Leung Siu Hing, a senior officer of the Company. The Company Secretary has duly complied with the relevant training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements for each financial year which give true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group in presenting the interim and annual consolidated financial statements and announcements to the Shareholders. The Directors aim to present a clear and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects.

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to present a clear and understandable assessment in the Company's annual and interim reports, other insider information announcements and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules and to report to the regulators.



e) 於本公司回應報告所訂明的發現後進 行跟進審閲。最終報告將於跟進程序 完成後發表。已向董事會呈交的報告 及推薦建議已按推薦建議採納,將由 董事會監察。

審核委員會已檢討本公司會計及財務報告 職能之人力資源是否充裕以及是否有足夠 具備所需資格及經驗之員工,員工培訓及 預算。

董事會對風險管理之確認

基於上文各段所述之風險管理機制及內部 審核檢討,董事會認為,本公司於截至二 零一八年六月三十日止財政年度已實行有 效的風險管理機制及內部監控系統。

公司秘書

本公司向外聘秘書服務機構聘用及委任公 司秘書羅泰安先生。

與公司秘書的主要聯絡人為黃保強先生(執 行董事及本公司財務總監)及梁笑卿女士 (本公司一名高級職員)。公司秘書已適當 遵守上市規則第3.29條有關培訓規定。

問責及審核

董事確認彼等須負責於每個財政年度編製 真實公平反映本集團事務的綜合財務報 表,並向股東呈報中期及年度綜合財務報 表以及公佈。董事旨在提呈清晰易明的本 集團現況及前景評估。

董事會確認彼等須負責在本公司年度及中 期報告內提呈清晰易明的評估報告、發出 其他內幕資料公佈及根據上市規則披露其 他財務資料以及向監管機構呈交所需報告。





The responsibility of the external auditor with respect to the financial reporting and its audit opinion are set out in the section "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 52 to 55.

REMUNERATION OF THE AUDITOR

For the year, the remuneration in respect of audit services provided by auditor of the Company, ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited, was HK\$950,000.

The non-audit service provided by auditor of the Company is detailed as follows:

有關外聘核數師的財務匯報責任以及其核 數意見載於第52至55頁的「獨立核數師報 告」。

核數師酬金

就本年度,本公司核數師中匯安達會計師 事務所有限公司提供審計服務的酬金為 950,000港元。

本公司核數師提供的非審計服務的詳情如 下:

> HK\$ 港元

Review service for the interim results for the six months ended 31 December 2017

就截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止 六個月的中期業績的審閱服務

股東通訊及投資者關係

198.000

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Board recognises the importance of good communication with the Shareholders. Information in relation to the Group is disseminated to the Shareholders in a timely manner through a number of formal channels, which include interim and annual reports, announcements and circulars.

The general meetings of the Company are valuable forum for the Board to communicate directly with the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders"). The Shareholders are encouraged to attend the general meetings of the Company.

An annual general meeting of the Company was held on 8 November 2017 (the "2017 AGM"). A notice convening the 2017 AGM contained in a circular of the Company dated 10 October 2017 was dispatched to the Shareholders together with the 2017 Annual Report.

As Mr. Yeung Chi Hang was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 8 November 2017 due to business trips. Mr. Wong Po Keung, an Executive Director, was elected and acted as Chairman of the 2017 AGM. He together with the board committees members attended the 2017 AGM to answer the questions from the Shareholders. The Chairman of the 2017 AGM explained detailed procedures for conducting a poll. All the resolutions proposed at the 2017 AGM were passed by the Shareholders by way of poll. The results of the poll were published on the websites of the Stock Exchange, the Singapore Stock Exchange and the Company on 8 November 2017.

董事會深明與股東保持良好溝通的重要 性。本集團透過多個正式渠道,包括中期 及年度報告、公佈及通函,及時向股東提 供有關本集團的資訊。

本公司的股東大會為董事會與本公司股東 (「股東」)直接溝通的寶貴平台,因此本公 司鼓勵各股東踴躍出席本公司的股東大會。

本公司已於二零一七年十一月八日舉行股 東週年大會(「二零一七年股東週年大 會」)。本公司日期為二零一七年十月十日 的通函所含二零一七年股東週年大會通告 已隨同二零一七年年報一併寄發予各股東。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The attendance of general meetings held during the year of each Director is set out below:

各董事出席年內舉行之股東大會的情況載 列於下:

Name of Directors		Number of general meetings attended/Number of general meetings held 已出席股東大會次數/
董事姓名		已舉行的股東大會次數
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Yeung Chi Hang	楊智恒先生	0/1
Mr. Leung Kwong Choi	梁廣才先生	1/1
Mr. Wong Po Keung	黃保強先生	1/1
Mr. Chung Siu Wah	鍾少樺先生	0/1
Mr. Chik To Pan	戚道斌先生	0/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Ong Chi King	王子敬先生	0/1
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生	1/1
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric	香志恒先生	0/1

The forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company will be held on 12 November 2018 (the "2018 AGM"). A notice convening 2018 AGM will be published on the websites of the Stock Exchange, the Singapore Stock Exchange and the Company and dispatched together with the 2018 Annual Report to the Shareholders as soon as practicable in accordance with the Article of Association and the CG Code.

During the year, there was no change in the memorandum and articles of association of the Company.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the Shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year at such place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM"). Set out below are procedures by which Shareholders may (a) convene an EGM; (b) put forward enquires to the Board; and (c) put forward proposals at general meetings. The procedures are subject to the Articles of Association and applicable legislation and regulation.

- Procedures for Shareholders to convene EGM

Any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the



中國環境資源集團有限公司



本公司將於二零一八年十一月十二日舉行 應屆股東週年大會(「二零一八年股東週年 大會」)。二零一八年股東週年大會通告將 根據組織章程細則及企業管治守則儘快刊 登在聯交所、新加坡證券交易所及本公司 網站以及隨同二零一八年年報一併寄發予 股東。

年內,本公司組織章程大綱及細則概無變 動。

股東的權利

本公司股東大會為股東與董事會提供一個 溝通的機會。本公司每年在董事會可能釐 定的地點舉行股東週年大會。每次股東大 會(股東週年大會除外)應稱之為股東特別 大會(「股東特別大會」)。以下載列股東特別 大會(「股東特別大會」)。以下載列股東 朝;及(c)於股東大會上提出建議的程序。 程序受組織章程細則及適用法律及法規所 規限。

· 股東召開股東特別大會的程序

任何一位或以上於遞交要求當日持有 不少於有權於本公司股東大會上投票 之本公司繳足股本十分之一的股東, 有權隨時透過向董事會或公司秘書發 出書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特

二零一八年年報



Company Secretary, to require an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition.

The written requisition must state the business to be transacted at the meeting, signed by the requisitionist(s) and deposited at the Company's registered office (with a copy of the said written requisition deposited at the Company's Hong Kong office) for the attention of the Board or the Company Secretary, and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists. The requisition will be verified with the Company's branch share registrars in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the requisition is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to convene an EGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the requirements under the Articles of Association to all the registered Shareholders. On the contrary, if the requisition has been verified as invalid, the requisitionist(s) will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, an EGM will not be convened as requested.

If within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s), may convene a meeting in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

The notice period to be given to all the registered Shareholders for consideration of the proposal raised by the requisitionist(s) concerned at the EGM varies according to the nature of the proposal, as follows:

- Not less than 14 clear days' and not less than 10 clear business days' notice in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the Company; and
- Not less than 21 clear days' and not less than 10 clear business days' notice in writing if the proposal constitutes a special resolution of the Company.

Procedures for putting enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may, at any time, direct enquiries to the Board. All enquiries shall be in writing and sent by post to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong or by email to info@cergroup.com.hk for the attention of the Board. 別大會以處理要求中列明的任何業務 交易;及相關會議將於遞交相關要求 後兩個月內舉行。

如董事會在該要求遞交日期起計 二十一天內,未有妥為安排會議,則 該等請求人可以同樣方式召開會議, 請求人因董事會未能安排會議產生的 所有合理費用應由本公司請求人報 銷。

股東特別大會供全體登記股東考慮有 關請求人所提出建議須給予的通知期 因建議性質而異,載列如下:

- 倘建議構成本公司一項普通決 議案,則不少於14個足日及不 少於10個足營業日書面通知; 及
- 倘建議構成本公司一項特別決 議案,則不少於21個足日及不 少於10個足營業日書面通知。

向董事會提出查詢的程序

股東可隨時向董事會提出直接查詢。 所有查詢須以書面作出,並郵寄往本 公司的香港主要營業地點或以電郵發 送至info@cergroup.com.hk,註明董 事會收。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告



Procedures for putting forward proposals at general meetings

To put forward proposals at a general meeting of the Company, a Shareholder should lodge a written request, duly signed by the Shareholder concerned, setting out the proposals at the Company's registered office (with a copy of the said written request lodged at the Company's Hong Kong office) for the attention of the Board and the Company Secretary. The request will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon its confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will pass the request to the Board.

Whether a proposal will be put to a general meeting will be decided by the Board in its discretion, unless the proposal put forward by a Shareholder is (i) pursuant to a requisition by a Shareholder to convene an EGM referred to above or (ii) forms part of ordinary business to be considered at an annual general meeting as described in Article 75 of the Articles of Association.

The procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as Director are posted on the Company's website at http://www.cergroup.com.hk.

在股東大會提出建議的程序

如欲在本公司股東大會提出建議,股 東應送交書面要求,其由有關股東妥 為簽署,載列有關建議,並交回本公 司的註冊辦事處(或上述書面要求), 記明董事會及公司的香港辦事處), 註明於本公司的香港,本公司 的香港股份過戶登記分處會核實有關要 求,於其確認要求屬妥善及有效後, 公司秘書會將要求交給董事會。

建議會否提呈股東大會,將由董事會 酌情決定,除非股東提出的建議(i)乃 根據上述股東請求召開股東特別大會 而作出或(ii)構成組織章程細則第75條 內所述在股東週年大會上考慮的普通 事務的一部分,則作別論。

股東提名他人參選董事的程序載於本公司網站http://www.cergroup.com.hk。



Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES GROUP LIMITED 中國環境資源集團有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Environmental Resources Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 56 to 127, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

致中國環境資源集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核第56至127頁所載中國環境資源 集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(合 稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,包括於二零 一八年六月三十日的綜合財務狀況表與截 至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益 表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表, 以及包括主要會計政策概要的綜合財務報 表附註。

吾等認為,綜合財務報表真實中肯反映 貴集團於二零一八年六月三十日的綜合財 務狀況,及其截至該年度的綜合財務表現 及其綜合現金流量已根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則」)妥為編製且符 合香港《公司條例》的披露規定。

意見基準

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審 計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。吾等 於該等準則下之責任,已於吾等的報告中 「核數師於審核綜合財務報表下的責任」一 節中進一步表述。根據香港會計師公會頒 佈之專業會計師職業道德守則(「守則」), 吾等獨立於 貴集團,並已根據守則履行 吾等之其他道德責任。吾等相信所取得之 審核憑證能充份及適當地為吾等的意見提 供基準。

主要審核事項

主要審核事項是指根據吾等的專業判斷, 對吾等審核本年度綜合財務報表最為重要 的事項。此等事項已於吾等整體審核綜合 財務報表時,以及就達致吾等之意見時處 理,而吾等不會就此等事項提供獨立意 見。吾等已釐定下述之事項,為將於吾等 之報告中交待之主要審核事項。





Investment properties and biological assets

Refer to notes 18 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group measured its investment properties and biological assets at fair value and fair value less costs to sell, respectively, with the changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. These fair value measurements are significant to our audit because the balances of investment properties of HK\$277,866,000 and biological assets of HK\$348,933,000 as at 30 June 2018 and the corresponding gain from changes in fair value of HK\$7,954,000 and loss from changes in fair value less costs to sell of HK\$174,687,000 for the year then ended are material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's fair value measurements involve application of judgements and are based on assumptions and estimates.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Assessing the competence, independence and integrity of the external valuers engaged by client;
- Obtaining the external valuation reports and meeting with the external valuers to discuss and challenge the valuation process, methodologies used and market evidence to support significant judgements and assumptions applied in the valuation model;
- Checking key assumptions and input data in the valuation model to supporting evidence;
- Checking arithmetical accuracy of the valuation model; and
- Assessing the disclosure of the fair value measurement in the consolidated financial statements.

We consider that the Group's fair value measurements of the investment properties and biological assets are supported by the available evidence.

Intangible assets

Refer to note 20 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group tested the amount of intangible assets for impairment. This impairment test is significant to our audit because the balance of intangible assets of HK\$125,760,000 as at 30 June 2018 is material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's impairment test involve application of judgement and is based on assumptions and estimates.

投資物業及生物資產

謹此提述綜合財務報表附註18及19

貴集團分別以公允值及公允值減銷售成本 計量其投資物業及生物資產,而公允值之 變動於損益中確認。此等公允值計量對吾 生物資產於二零一八年六月三十日之結 分別為277,866,000港元及348,933,000港 元,以及截至該日止年度之公允值變動相 應收益7,954,000港元及公允值減銷售成本 變動之虧損174,687,000港元,對綜合財務 報表具重要性。此外,貴集團之公允值計 量涉及運用判斷,並基於假設及估計。

吾等的審核程序包括(其中包括):

- 一 評估客戶委聘的外部估值師的能力、
 獨立性及誠信;
- 一 取得外部估值報告,並與外部估值師 會面,以商討估值過程、使用的估值 方法、支持重大判斷的市場證據,以 及估值模型所應用的假設,並提出質 疑;
 - 查核估值模型中的主要假設及輸入數 據,以支持證據;
 - 查核估值模型的算術準確度;及
- 評估綜合財務報表內公允值計量的披露。

吾等認為 貴集團對投資物業及生物資產 的公允值計量獲現有證據所支持。

無形資產

謹此提述綜合財務報表附註20

貴集團已就減值測試無形資產。此減值測 試對吾等之審核有重大影響,原因是於二 零一八年六月三十日,無形資產的結餘為 125,760,000港元,並對綜合財務報表具重 要性。此外,貴集團減值測試涉及運用判 斷,並基於假設及估計。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Evaluating the Group's impairment assessment;
- Obtaining and checking to evidence to support the Group's impairment assessment;
- Assessing the competence, independence and integrity of the external valuer engaged by client;
- Obtaining the external valuation report and meeting with the external valuer to discuss and challenge the valuation process, methodologies used and market evidence to support significant judgements and assumptions applied in the valuation model;
- Checking arithmetical accuracy of the valuation model; and
- Checking key assumptions and input data in the valuation model to supporting evidence.

We consider that the Group's impairment test for intangible assets is supported by the available evidence.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The other information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

吾等的審核程序包括(其中包括):

- 一 評估 貴集團之減值測試;
 - 取得支持 貴集團減值評估之證據並 對此進行查核;
- 評核客戶委聘的外部估值師的能力、 獨立性及誠信;
- 取得外部估值報告,並與外部估值師 會面,以商討估值過程、使用的估值 方法、支持重大判斷的市場證據,以 及估值模型所應用的假設,並提出質 疑;
- 查核估值模型的算術準確度;及
- 查核於估值模型的關鍵假設及輸入數 據為支持證據。

吾等認為 貴集團的無形資產減值測試獲 現有證據所支持。

其他資料

董事對其他資料負有責任。其他資料包括 貴公司年報內的所有資料,但不包括綜 合財務報表及載於其中的吾等核數師報 告。其他資料預期於本核數師報告日期後 提供予吾等。

吾等對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 資料,而吾等將不就其表達任何形式的保 證結論。

就吾等對綜合財務報表之審核而言,吾等 的責任為閱讀其他資料,於出現時識別上 述各項,並就此考慮其他資料是否與綜合 財務報表或吾等於審核時所知者重大不一 致之處,或可能存在重大失實陳述。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規 定,編製及真實公允地列報綜合財務報 表,以及進行董事認為必要的內部監控, 以確保所編製的綜合財務報表並無因欺詐 或錯誤而引致的重大失實陳述。



Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the HKICPA's website at:

http://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/standards-and-regulations/standards/ auditing-assurance/auditre/

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited *Certified Public Accountants* **Sze Lin Tang** *Audit Engagement Director* Practising Certificate Number P03614

Hong Kong, 28 September 2018

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於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評核 貴集團持續經營的能力,並於適當情況下 披露與持續經營相關的事項,及使用持續 經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意對 貴集 團進行清盤或停止營運,或別無其他實際 的替代方案。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

有關吾等就審核綜合財務報表之進一步概 述,請瀏覽香港會計師公會網頁:

http://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/standardsand-regulations/standards/auditingassurance/auditre/

本概述組成吾等核數師報告之一部分。

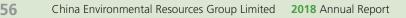
中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司 熱業會計師 施連燈 審核項目董事 執業牌照號碼P03614

香港,二零一八年九月二十八日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 综合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

二零一八年 Notes Notes Notes 二零一七年 HKS'000 开港元 (Restates (程重句) Revenue 收益 8 212.276 13.97 Cost of sales 第首曲成本 10 2.302 6.675 Gross profit 毛利 19.303 7.21 Other income 其他收入 10 2.302 6.67 Administrative and operating expenses 投公允值計入損益之金設 資産之公允值製助之 (60.624) (37.81 Net loss on fair value changes on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 出售附屬公司之(監損)/ 收益 (164) (94 Fair value gain on investment properties 投資物業之公允值受助法 18 7.954 14.93 (Loss) diaries 33 2.558 4.86 Loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sells 生物資產公允值受助法 19 (174.687) (33.23 Loss on settlement of promissory note 提筆廠提書廠人工 部試 用意、定要正式 12 (44.475 9.23 Loss for the year 陳祝貨用 (205.061) (38.44) (16 Loss for the year Ferofigh 13 (160.586) (29.20 Other comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year, net of tax					
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biological assets19(174,687)(33,23Loss on settlement of promissory note結算承兑票據虧損 2929(1,144)Loss from operations經營虧損 (204,513)(38,28Finance costs融資成本11(548)(16Loss before tax Income tax credit除税前虧損 所得税抵免(205,061)(38,44Income tax credit所得税抵免1244,4759,23Loss for the year年度虧損 所得税抵免13(160,586)(29,20)Other comprehensive income/ (loss) after tax:可能重新分類至損益之 項目:17,791(6,85Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations換算海外業務之匯兑差額 轉出之匯兑儲備17,791(6,85Release of translation reserve upon deregistration of a foreign subsidiary年內其他全面收益/(虧損) (條稅後)17,830(6,85Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year, net of tax年度全面虧損總額 (除稅後)17,830(6,85Total comprehensive loss for the year年度全面虧損總額 (142,756)(159,784)(27,67					
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note29(1,144)Loss from operations經營虧損(204,513)(38,28Finance costs融資成本11(548)(16Loss before tax除税前虧損(205,061)(38,44Income tax credit所得税抵免1244,4759,23Loss for the year年度虧損13(160,586)(29,20)Other comprehensive income/ (loss) after tax:除税後其他全面收益/ (虧損):(虧損):(160,586)(29,20)Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:可能重新分類至損益之 項目:17,791(6,85)Release of translation subsidiary該第一間海外附屬公司後 轉出之匯兒儲備 (除稅後)17,830(6,85)Total comprehensive loss for the year年度全面虧損總額 (除稅後)(142,756)(36,05)Loss for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company下列人士應佔年度虧損: 本公司擁有人(159,784)(27,67)	-	结 笛 承 员 亜 據 虧 指	19	(174,007)	(33,233)
Finance costs融資成本11(548)(16Loss before tax除税前虧損(205,061)(38,44Income tax credit所得税抵免1244,4759,23Loss for the year年度虧損13(160,586)(29,20)Other comprehensive income/ (loss) after tax:可能重新分類至損益之 項目:17,791(6,85)Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations換算海外業務之匯兑差額 轉出之匯兑儲備17,791(6,85)Release of translation reserve upon deregistration of a foreign subsidiary年內其他全面收益/(虧損) (除稅後)17,830(6,85)Total comprehensive loss for the year年度全面虧損總額 本公司擁有人(159,784)(27,67)			29	(1,144)	_
Loss before tax除税前虧損 所得税抵免(205,061)(38,44Income tax credit所得税抵免1244,4759,23Loss for the year年度虧損13(160,586)(29,20)Other comprehensive income/ (loss) after tax:(虧損):(所得税抵免(((方)):(((方)):(((方)):((((方)):((((方)):(((((方)):((((((方)):(((Loss from operations	經營虧損		(204,513)	(38,281)
Income tax credit所得税抵免1244,4759,23Loss for the year年度虧損13(160,586)(29,20)Other comprehensive income/ (loss) after tax:除税後其他全面收益/ (虧損):13(160,586)(29,20)Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:可能重新分類至損益之 項目:13(160,586)(29,20)Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations阿第海外業務之匯兑差額 轉出之匯兑儲備17,791(6,85)Release of translation reserve upon deregistration of a foreign subsidiary第9-Other comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year, net of tax年內其他全面收益/(虧損) (除税後)17,830(6,85)Total comprehensive loss for the year年度全面虧損總額 (除税有人)(142,756)(36,05)Loss for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company下列人士應佔年度虧損: 本公司擁有人(159,784)(27,67)	Finance costs	融資成本	11	(548)	(161)
Loss for the year年度虧損13(160,586)(29,20)Other comprehensive income/ (loss) after tax:除税後其他全面收益/ (虧損):((虧損):(((方):((方):(((方):(((方):((((方):(<td>Loss before tax</td> <td>除税前虧損</td> <td></td> <td>(205,061)</td> <td>(38,442)</td>	Loss before tax	除税前虧損		(205,061)	(38,442)
Other comprehensive income/ (loss) after tax:除税後其他全面收益 (虧損):A (Income tax credit	所得税抵免	12	44,475	9,238
Other comprehensive income/ (loss) after tax:除税後其他全面收益 (虧損):Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:可能重新分類至損益之 項目:Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations換算海外業務之匯兑差額 時出之匯兑儲備 轉出之匯兑儲備17,791Release of translation reserve upon deregistration of a foreign subsidiary註銷一間海外附屬公司後 轉出之匯兑儲備39Other comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year, net of tax年內其他全面收益/(虧損) (除税後)17,830(6,85Total comprehensive loss for the year年度全面虧損總額 本公司擁有人(159,784)(27,67	Loss for the year	年度虧損	13	(160,586)	(29,204)
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:可能重新分類至損益之 項目:Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations換算海外業務之匯兑差額 計一間海外附屬公司後 轉出之匯兑儲備17,791(6,85Release of translation reserve upon deregistration of a foreign subsidiary註銷一間海外附屬公司後 轉出之匯兑儲備39Other comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year, net of tax年內其他全面收益 (虧損) (除税後)17,830(6,85Total comprehensive loss for the year年度全面虧損總額 (142,756)(36,05Loss for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company下列人士應佔年度虧損: 本公司擁有人(159,784)(27,67	Other comprehensive income/				
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Release of translation reserve upon deregistration of a foreign subsidiary 註銷一間海外附屬公司後 轉出之匯兑儲備 39 - Other comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year, net of tax 年內其他全面收益 (虧損) (₨税後) 17,830 (6,85 Total comprehensive loss for the ge全面虧損總額 year (142,756) (36,05 Loss for the year attributable to: 下列人士應佔年度虧損: (159,784) (27,67		換算海外業務之匯兑差額		17,791	(6,852)
deregistration of a foreign subsidiary轉出之匯兑儲備39Other comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year, net of tax年內其他全面收益/(虧損) (除税後)17,830(6,85)Total comprehensive loss for the year年度全面虧損總額 (142,756)(36,05)Loss for the year attributable to: owners of the Company下列人士應佔年度虧損: 本公司擁有人(159,784)(27,67)		註銷一間海外附屬公司後		-	· · · · ·
(loss) for the year, net of tax(除税後)17,830(6,85)Total comprehensive loss for the year年度全面虧損總額 (142,756)(36,05)Loss for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company下列人士應佔年度虧損: 本公司擁有人(159,784)(27,67)				39	_
Total comprehensive loss for the 年度全面虧損總額 (142,756) (36,05 Loss for the year attributable to: 下列人士應佔年度虧損: Owners of the Company 本公司擁有人 (159,784) (27,67)				17 830	(6.852)
year (142,756) (36,05) Loss for the year attributable to: 下列人士應佔年度虧損: (159,784) (27,67) Owners of the Company 本公司擁有人 (159,784) (27,67)	<u> </u>			17,050	(0,052)
Owners of the Company 本公司擁有人 (159,784) (27,67		平 		(142,756)	(36,056)
	Loss for the year attributable to:	下列人士應佔年度虧損:			
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 (802) (1.53	Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(159,784)	(27,673)
	Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(802)	(1,531)
(160,586) (29,20				(160,586)	(29,204)



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

1.1.14

		Notes 附註	2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to:	下列人士應佔年度全面虧 損總額:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(142,235)	(34,582)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(521)	(1,474)
			(142,756)	(36,056)
Loss per share	每股虧損	15		
Basic (HK cents per share)	基本(每股港仙)		(9)	(2)
Diluted (HK cents per share)	攤薄(每股港仙)		(9)	(2)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 综合財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2018 於二零一八年六月三十日

			30 June 2018	30 June 2017	1 July 2016
			二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年
			六月三十日	六月三十日	七月一日
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元
				(Restated)	(Restated)
				(經重列)	(經重列)
Non-current assets	非流動資產				
Property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備				
equipment		17	14,082	4,087	5,765
Investment properties	投資物業	18	277,866	267,592	171,000
Biological assets	生物資產	19	348,933	506,022	547,224
Intangible assets	無形資產	20	125,760	103,635	110,011
Goodwill	商譽	21	1,087	1,087	1,087
			767,728	882,423	835,087
Current assets	流動資產				
Inventories	存貨	22	40,152	13,356	8,576
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收				
	款項	23	60,183	28,602	22,051
Loans receivable	應收貸款	24	25,646	25,899	13,072
Financial assets at fair value	按公允值計入損益之				
through profit or loss	金融資產	25	1,098	1,264	5,433
Refundable secured deposit	可退還已抵押按金	26	12,000	70,000	70,000
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目		13,027	13,015	81,359
			152,106	152,136	200,491
Current liabilities	流動負債				
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付				
	款項	27	23,016	17,153	9,258
Current tax liabilities	流動税項負債		1,202	3,460	7,976
			24,218	20,613	17,234
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		127,888	131,523	183,257
Total assets less current	資產總額減流動負債		005 646	1 012 046	1 010 244
liabilities	11 4.1. 101 4.1. 101		895,616	1,013,946	1,018,344
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債				
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	28	112,661	152,414	164,324
Promissory note	承兑票據	29	_	28,881	_
			112,661	181,295	164,324
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		782,955	832,651	854,020

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2018 於二零一八年六月三十日

		Notes 附註	30 June 2018 二零一八年 六月三十日 HK\$'000 千港元	30 June 2017 二零一七年 六月三十日 HK\$'000 千港元	1 July 2016 二零一六年 七月一日 HK \$ '000 千港元
				(Restated) (經重列)	(Restated) (經重列)
Capital and reserves					
Share capital	股本	30	40,731	33,943	33,943
Reserves	儲備		729,811	785,781	820,363
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 權益		770,542	819,724	854,306
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		12,413	12,927	(286)
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		782,955	832,651	854,020

The consolidated financial statements on pages 56 to 127 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 September 2018 and are signed on its behalf by: 第56至127頁所載綜合財務報表乃經董事會 於二零一八年九月二十八日批准及授權發 行,並由以下董事代表董事會簽署:

Yeung Chi Hang 楊智恒 Director 董事

1. 1. A. M

Leung Kwong Choi 梁廣才 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

				A		co owners of the 公司擁有人應佔	Company				
		Share capital	Share premium account	Statutory reserve	Capital reserve	Share-based compensation reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total
		股本	股份 溢價賬	法定儲備	股本儲備	股份酬金 儲備	外匯兑換 儲備	累計虧損	總額	非控股 權益	總額
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK \$ ′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK \$ ′000 千港元	HK \$ ′000 千港元
At 1 July 2016	於二零一六年 七月一日	33,943	1,133,156	5,407	76	6,923	44,496	(406,348)	817,653	(286)	817,367
Effect of changes in accounting policies	會計政策變動之 影響	_	_	_	_	_	_	36,653	36,653	_	36,653
At 1 July 2016 (restated)	於二零一六年 七月一日 (經重列)	33,943	1,133,156	5,407	76	6,923	44,496	(369,695)	854,306	(286)	854,020
Total comprehensive loss for the year (restated)	年度全面虧損總額 (經重列)	_	_	_	_	_	(6,909)	(27,673)	(34,582)	(1,474)	(36,056)
Disposal of subsidiaries Acquisition of assets	出售附屬公司 收購資產				_	-	-	-	_	7 14,680	7 14,680
At 30 June 2017 (restated)	於二零一七年 六月三十日 (經重列)	33,943	1,133,156	5,407	76	6,923	37,587	(397,368)	819,724	12,927	832,651
At 1 July 2017 (restated)	於二零一七年 七月一日 (經重列)	33,943	1,133,156	5,407	76	6,923	37,587	(397,368)	819,724	12,927	832,651
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額	_	_	_	_	_	17,549	(159,784)	(142,235)	(521)	(142,756)
Disposal of subsidiaries Recognition of	出售附屬公司 確認以權益結算及	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7
equity-settled share-based payments	以股份為基礎 付款	_	_	_	_	8,920	_	_	8,920	_	8,920
Placing of new shares (note 30)	配售新股份(附註30)	6,788	77,345	_	_	_	_	_	84,133	_	84,133
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年 六月三十日	40,731	1,210,501	5,407	76	15,843	55,136	(557,152)	770,542	12,413	782,955

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Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 综合現金流量表

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

1.1.14

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流		
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(205,061)	(38,442)
Adjustments for:	已就下列各項調整:	2.276	4 000
Depreciation Finance costs	折舊 融資成本	3,276 548	1,893 161
Interest income from refundable	可退還已抵押按金利息		
secured deposit	收入	(2,000)	(5,830)
Gain on disposals of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備 之收益	(7)	_
Loss on write-off of property,	撇銷物業、廠房及設備 3.5554		
plant and equipment Amortisation of intangible assets	之虧損 無形資產攤銷	 5,125	11 4,793
Net loss on fair value changes on	按公允值計入損益之金	5,125	1,100
financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	融資產公允值變動之 虧損淨額	164	949
Fair value gain on investment	投資物業之公允值收益	104	
properties	计终时属公司文明关	(7,954)	(14,938)
Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries	註銷附屬公司之收益	(2,558)	(4,864)
Loss/(gain) on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之虧損/(收益)	11	(17)
Loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of	生物資產公允值變動減 銷售成本產生之虧損		
biological assets Equity-settled share-based	以權益結算以股份為基	174,687	33,233
payments	礎付款	8,920	-
Loss on settlement of promissory note	結算承兑票據之虧損	1,144	_
Operating loss before working	營運資金變動前之經營		
capital changes	虧損	(23,705)	(23,051)
Change in inventories Change in trade and other	存貨變動 應收賬款及其他應收款	(26,796)	(4,780)
receivables	項變動	(31,662)	(6,551)
Change in loans receivable	應收貸款變動	253	(12,827)
Change in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益之金 融資產變動	2	3,220
Change in trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款 項變動	5,805	445
Cash used in operations	經營所用現金	(76,104)	(43,544)
Income tax (paid)/refunded	(已付)/已退還所得税	(161)	60
Interest income from refundable secured deposit	可退還已抵押按金利息 收入	2,000	5,830
Interests paid	已付利息	(573)	
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金淨額	(74,838)	(37,654)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動所得現金流		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	(13,305)	(223)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之 所得款項	216	_
Purchase of intangible assets	購買無形資產	(24,115)	_
Refund of deposit paid in relation to acquisition of a subsidiary	退回收購一間附屬公司已 付按金	58,000	_
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	58,000	(30,496)
Net cash outflow arising from	出售附屬公司產生之現金		(50,490)
disposal of subsidiaries	流出淨額	(2)	
Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities	投資活動所得/(所用)現 金淨額	20,794	(30,719)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流		
Proceeds from borrowings	借貸所得款項	25,000	
Repayment of borrowings	償還借貸	(25,000)	—
Repayment of promissory note	償還承兑票據	(30,000)	—
Net proceeds from the placing of new shares	配售新股之所得款項淨額	84,133	_
Net cash generated from	融資活動所得現金淨額		
financing activities		54,133	—
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目増 加/(減少)淨額	89	(68,373)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動的影響	(77)	29
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初之現金及等同現金 項目	13,015	81,359
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年終之現金及等同現金 項目	13,027	13,015
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目分析	-	
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	13,027	13,015

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For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

China Environmental Resources Group Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Ugland House, South Church Street, P.O. Box 309, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, British West Indies. The address of its principal place of business is 2811, 28/F West Tower Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and Singapore Exchange Limited.

During the year, the Company's principal activity is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 38. The Company and its subsidiaries hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group".

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 July 2017. HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standard, and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs did not result in significant changes to the Group's accounting policies, presentation of the Group's consolidated financial statements and amounts reported for the current year and prior years.

The Group has not applied the new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have a material impact on its results of operations and financial position.

1. A. A. M

1. 一般資料

中國環境資源集團有限公司(「本公司」)是於開曼群島註冊成立的有限責任公司。註冊辦事處位於Ugland House, South Church Street, P.O. Box 309, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, British West Indies, 主要營業地點位於香港干諾 道中168-200號信德中心西翼28樓 2811室。本公司股份於香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板及新加坡 證券交易所上市。

年內,本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公司之主要業務載列於附 註38。本公司及其附屬公司此後統稱 為「本集團」。

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

於本年度,本集團已採納香港會計師 公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈並與本 集團之業務有關且於二零一七年七月 一日開始之會計年度已生效之所有新 訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)。香港財務報告準則、香港國家報告準則及設釋。採納該等新訂及經修計 對務報告準則對本集團之會計政 策、本集團綜合財務報表之呈列及就 本年度及過往年度所呈報之金額並無 造成重大變動。

本集團並無應用已頒佈惟尚未生效之 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。本 集團已開始評估該等新訂及經修訂香 港財務報告準則之影響,惟尚未能斷 定該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則是否會嚴重影響其經營業績及財務 狀況。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of biological assets, which are carried at their fair values less costs to sell; and investment properties and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which are carried at their fair values. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain key assumptions and estimates. It also requires the directors of the Company to exercise their judgements in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving critical judgements and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 5.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 30 June. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策

合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會 所頒佈之香港財務報告準則、香港公 認會計原則及香港聯合交易所有限公 司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港 公司條例所規定之適用披露。

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本慣例編 製,並經生物資產(按公允值減出售 成本列值);按公允值計入損益之投 資物業及金融資產(按公允值列值)之 重新估值調整。綜合財務報表乃按港 元(「港元」)呈列,除另有指明外,所 有數值均湊整至最接近千位數。

為遵守香港財務報告準則,編製綜合 財務報表時須使用若干主要假設及估 計,亦要求本公司董事於應用會計政 策之過程中作出判斷。有關涉及關鍵 判斷之範疇及假設及估計對此等綜合 財務報表而言屬重大之範疇,請參閱 附註5之披露。

已於編製此等綜合財務報表時應用之 重大會計政策列載如下。

綜合入賬

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公 司截至六月三十日止之財務報表。附 屬公司是指本集團對其擁有控制權的 實體的當本集團承受或享有參與實 所得的可變回報,且有能力透過其 實體的權力影響該等回報時,則本集 團控制該實體回報的業務(即大幅影 響實體回報的業務)時,則本集團對 該實體行使權力。



For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Consolidation (Continued)

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Noncontrolling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

1. Acade

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

綜合入賬(續)

在評估控制權時,本集團會考慮其潛 在投票權以及其他人士持有的潛在投 票權,以釐定其是否擁有控制權。在 持有人能實際行使潛在投票權的情況 下,方會考慮其權利。

附屬公司在控制權轉移至本集團之日 綜合入賬,而在控制權終止之日起停 止綜合入賬。

引致喪失控制權的附屬公司出售所產 生的收益或虧損指以下兩項的差額: (i)銷售代價公允值加於該附屬公司所 保留的任何投資的公允值及(ii)本公司 分佔該附屬公司資產淨值加該附屬公 司有關的任何商譽餘額及任何相關的 累計外幣匯兑儲備。

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及未變現 溢利均予以對銷。除非交易提供憑證 顯示所轉讓資產出現減值,否則未變 現虧損亦予以對銷。倘有需要,附屬 公司之會計政策會作出調整,以確保 符合本集團採納之政策。

非控股權益指並非直接或間接歸本公 司之附屬公司權益。非控股權益於綜 合財務狀況表及綜合權益變動表之權 益內列賬。於綜合損益及其他全面收 益表內,非控股權益呈列為本年度溢 利或虧損及全面收益總額在非控股股 東與本公司擁有人之間的分配。

溢利或虧損及其他全面收益項目歸本 公司擁有人及非控股股東,即使導致 非控股權益結餘出現虧絀。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combination and goodwill

The acquisition method is used to account for the acquisition of a subsidiary in a business combination. The cost of acquisition is measured at the acquisition-date fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, liabilities incurred and contingent consideration. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiary in the acquisition are measured at their acquisition-date fair values.

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase which is attributed to the Company.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The method of measuring impairment losses of goodwill is the same as that of other assets as stated in the accounting policy below. Impairment losses of goodwill are recognised in profit or loss and are not subsequently reversed. Goodwill is allocated to cashgenerating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition for the purpose of impairment testing.

The non-controlling interests in the subsidiary are initially measured at the non-controlling shareholders' proportionate share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities at the acquisition date.

Foreign currency translation

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(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the group entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

業務合併及商譽

於業務合併中收購附屬公司乃按收購 會計法處理。收購成本按於收購當日 所交付資產、所發行股本工具、所產 生負債及或然代價之公允值計算。與 收購有關之成本於產生成本及獲得服 務之期間確認為開支。所收購附屬公 司之可識別資產及負債按收購當日之 公允值計算。

收購成本超出本公司攤分附屬公司可 識別資產及負債之公允淨值之差額將 以商譽列賬。本公司攤分可識別資產 及負債之公允淨值高於收購成本之差 額將於溢利或虧損內確認屬本公司之 議價收購收益。

商譽於每年進行減值測試,或倘出現 可能減值之事宜或情況出現變動,則 會作更頻密測試。商譽乃按成本減累 計減值虧損計量。商譽減值虧損之計 算方法與其他資產所用者相同(如下 文會計政策所述)。商譽之減值虧損 於溢利或虧損內確認且不會於其後撥 回。就減值測試而言,商譽會被分配 至受惠於收購之協同效益之現金產生 單位。

於附屬公司之非控股權益初步按非控 股股東於收購當日攤分附屬公司之可 識別資產及負債公允淨值之比例計 算。

外幣匯兑

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣 各集團實體財務報表內之項 目,均以實體經營業務之主要 經濟環境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」) 計算。綜合財務報表以港元列 賬,其為本公司之功能貨幣和 本集團之呈列貨幣。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(b) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Translation on consolidation

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The results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the Group's presentation currency are translated into the Group's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case incomes and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- (iii) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

外幣匯兑(續)

(b) 各實體財務報表內之交易及結 餘

外幣交易於首次確認時按交易 日之現行匯率折算為功能貨 幣。以外幣計值之貨幣資產及 負債按各呈報期末之匯率折 算。該折算政策所產生之收益 及虧損於損益表確認。

以外幣之公允值計量的非貨幣 項目,乃使用於釐定公允值當 日之匯率進行兑換。

當非貨幣項目之收益或虧損於 其他全面收入確認時,該收益 或虧損之任何匯兑組成部分於 其他全面收入中確認。當非貨 幣項目之收益或虧損於損益中 確認,該收益或虧損之任何匯 兑組成部分於損益中確認。

- (c) 於綜合賬目時兑換 功能貨幣有別於本集團呈列貨 幣的所有集團實體的業績及財 務狀況乃按下列方式兑換為本 集團的呈列貨幣:
 - (i) 所呈列財務狀況表內的資 產及負債乃按該財務狀況 表日期的收市匯率兑換;
 - (ii) 收益及開支乃按平均匯率 兑換(除非該平均值並非 該等交易日期當時匯率的 累計影響的合理約數,在 此情況下收益及開支則按 交易日期的匯率兑換); 及
 - (iii) 所有導致的匯兑差額乃於 外匯兑換儲備中確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency translation (Continued)

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their costs less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rate is as follows:

Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of 20%– 33% or the remaining unexpired terms of the leases
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	19%-33%
Cruiser	30%
Motor vehicles	30%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

外幣匯兑(續)

於綜合賬目時,兑換海外實體的投資 淨額及借款時產生的匯兑差額乃於外 匯兑換儲備中確認。當出售海外業務 時,有關匯兑差額乃於損益表內確認 為出售時的收益或虧損之一部分。

因收購海外實體而產生的商譽及公允 值調整,乃以海外實體之資產及負債 方式處理,並以收市匯率兑換。

物業、機器及設備

物業、機器及設備乃按成本列值減累 計折舊及減值虧損。

只有當與該項目相關的日後經濟利益 可能流入本集團且該項目的成本可以 可靠地計量時,往後的成本才計入該 資產的賬面值或確認為獨立資產(視 情況而定)。所有其他維修及保養乃 於產生期間內於損益內列為開支。

物業、機器及設備的折舊乃按足以撇 銷其成本的數值減其估計可使用年期 內的剩餘價值以直線法計算。主要年 度數值如下:

租賃裝修	20%-33%或租
	賃之餘下未
	屆滿期間(以
	較短者為準)
傢具、裝置及設備	19%-33%
遊艇	30%
	2001

汽車 30%
於各報告期末,剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊法均會檢討及調整(如適)

出售物業、機器及設備的收益或虧損 乃銷售所得淨額及有關資產的賬面值 之間的差額,並於損益表內確認。



For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are measured initially at their cost including all direct costs attributable to the properties.

After initial recognition, the investment property is stated at its fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of the investment property are recognised in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

The gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the property, and is recognised in profit or loss.

Operating leases

Leases that do not substantially transfer to the Group all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

Lease payments (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Intangible assets

(a) Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognised separately from goodwill are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 30 years.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金收入及/或資 本增值而持有之土地及/或樓宇。投 資物業初步按成本(包括物業應佔所 有直接成本)計量。

於初步確認後,投資物業以其公允值 入賬。投資物業之公允值變動產生之 收益或虧損於產生期間之損益內確 認。

出售投資物業之收益或虧損乃出售所 得款項淨額與該物業之賬面值兩者之 差額,並於損益表內確認。

經營租賃

並無將資產擁有權的所有風險及回報 絕大部分轉移至本集團的租賃均視為 經營租賃。

本集團為承租人

租賃款項在扣除自出租人收取的任何 獎勵金後,於租賃期內以直線法確認 為開支。

本集團為出租人

經營租賃之租金收入於相關租賃期內 按直線法確認。

無形資產

(a) 業務合併所購無形資產

業務合併所購及於商譽以外另 行確認之無形資產,於收購日 期按公允值(被視為成本)初步 確認。

初步確認後,業務合併所購無 形資產按成本減累計攤銷及累 計減值虧損(如有)後計量,基 準與另行收購之無形資產相 同。攤銷以直線基準按其估計 可使用年期30年計算。



For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Intangible assets (Continued)

(b) Intangible assets acquired separately Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses.

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives of 30.6 years.

Biological assets

A biological asset is defined as a living plant managed by the Group which is involved in the agricultural activity of the transformation of biological assets for sale, into agricultural produce, or into additional biological assets.

Biological assets comprise standing timbers in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), which are stated at fair value less costs to sell at initial recognition and at the end of each reporting period. The gain or loss arising on initial recognition, and subsequent change in fair values less costs to sell of biological assets is recognised in profit or loss in the reporting period in which it arises. Costs to sell are the incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of an asset, excluding finance costs and taxes. Standing timber is transferred to inventory at its fair value less costs to sell at the date of harvest.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out basis for motor vehicles. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis for recycled metals and accessories of motor vehicles. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure, and where appropriate, subcontracting charges. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

無形資產(續)

(b) 另行收購之無形資產 本集團所收購之無形資產按成 本減累計攤銷(倘估計可使用年 期為有限)及減值虧損列賬。

> 具有有限可使用年期之無形資 產攤銷於資產估計可使用年期 30.6年內以直線法在損益中扣 除。

生物資產

生物資產指由參與將待售生物資產轉 為農產品或其他生物資產的農業活動 之本集團所管理的植物。

生物資產包括位於中華人民共和國 (「中國」)的未採伐林木,以公允值減 初步確認時及各報告期末之待售成本 列賬。初步確認所產生的損益及公允 值之其後變動減生物資產後售成本於 所產生之報告期內於損益確認。待售 成本包括直接因出售資產而增加之成 本,惟不包括融資成本及税項。未採 伐林木按公允值減採伐日期之待售成 本轉為存貨。

存貨

存貨以成本值與可變現淨值兩者中之 較低者列賬。就汽車而言,成本值以 先入先出基準釐定。回收金屬及汽車 配件之成本使用加權平均基準釐釐定。 製成品及在製品之成本包括原材料 直接工資、適量比例之日常生現 以及分判費用(倘適用)。可變現價值 乃根據日常業務運作中之估計需成本計 算。



For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

Investments

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Investments are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs except in the case of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are either investments classified as held for trading or designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. These investments are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of these investments are recognised in profit or loss.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

確認及終止確認金融工具

倘本集團乃工具合約條款之訂約方, 則金融資產及金融負債於綜合財務狀 況表確認。

倘相關合約訂明之責任解除、註銷或 失效,則終止確認金融負債。已終止 確認金融負債賬面值與已付代價之間 的差額於損益內確認。

投資

倘根據要求在相關市場中約定的時間 內交付該項投資的合同購買和出售投 資,則有關投資會按交易日會計方法 進行確認及終止確認,並初始按公允 值加直接應佔交易費用計量,按公允 值計入損益之財務資產除外。

按公允值計入損益之財務資產乃分類 為持作買賣或於初步確認時指定按公 允值計入損益之投資。該等投資其後 按公允值計算。因該等投資之公允值 變動所產生之收益或虧損乃於收益內 確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Trade, loans and other receivables

Trade, loans and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment. An allowance for impairment of trade, loans and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the receivables' carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition. The amount of the allowance is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods and recognised in profit or loss when an increase in the receivables' recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to the restriction that the carrying amount of the receivables at the date the impairment is reversed shall not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Cash and cash equivalents

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For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

貿易、貸款及其他應收款

於往後期間,倘應收款之可收回金額 增加與確認減值後所發生之事項客觀 相連,則撥回減值虧損並於損益內確 認,惟於撥回減值日之應收款賬面值 不得高於倘並無確認減值之攤銷成 本。

現金及等同現金項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同 現金項目指銀行及手頭上的現金、銀 行及其他金融機構之活期存款、可轉 為已知數量之現金及沒有明顯變值處 險之短期高流動性投資。銀行透支應 要求償還並構成本集團現金管理之主 要部分,亦計入現金及等同現金項目 之內。

金融負債及權益工具

金融負債及權益工具乃根據所訂立合約安排之內容,及香港財務報告準則中金融負債和權益工具之定義予以分類。權益工具為可證明於本集團資產之餘額權益經扣除其所有負債後之任何合約。就特定金融負債及權益工具採納之會計政策載列如下。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the sales of recycled metals, motor vehicles and related accessories are recognised on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered and the title has passed to the customers.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Commission income is recognised when the services are rendered.

Employee benefits

(a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

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3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續)

貿易及其他應付款

貿易及其他應付款初始按其公允值列 賬,並於其後採用實際利息法按攤銷 成本計算,除非貼現之影響輕微,則 在此情況下按成本列賬。

權益工具

由本公司所發行的權益工具乃按收取的所得款項減直接發行成本記錄。

收益確認

收益乃按已收或應收代價之公允值計 量,並於經濟利益可能流入本集團及 收益金額可以可靠地計量時確認。

銷售回收金屬、汽車及相關配件之收 益於轉移擁有權之重大風險及回報時 確認,此時間多數與貨品交付及擁有 權轉移至客戶之時間一致。

金融資產的利息收入參考未償還本金 額按時間基準以適用實際利率累計, 實際利率指透過金融資產的預期年期 將估計未來現金收入準確貼現至該資 產的賬面淨值的利率。

租金收入於租期內按直線法確認。

佣金收入於提供服務時確認。

僱員福利

(a) 僱員應享有之假期 僱員應享有之年假及長期服務 假期在僱員應享有時計入。就 僱員於截至報告期間止所提供 服務而應享有之年假及長期服 務假期之估計負債作出撥備。

> 僱員享有之病假及產假於休假 時始予確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Employee benefits (Continued)

(b) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

(c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

僱員福利(續)

- (b) 退休金承擔 本集團向所有僱員均可參與之 定額供款退休計劃作出供款。 本集團與僱員對計劃之供款乃 按僱員基本薪金之若干百分比 供款。於損益內扣除之退休福 利計劃費用乃指本集團應付基 金之供款。
- (c) 終止福利 終止福利於本集團不能再取消 提供該等福利及本集團確認重 組成本及計入終止福利付款時 (以日期較早者為準)確認。

借貸成本

因收購、建造或生產合資格資產(指 需要相當長時間準備作擬定用途或出 售之資產)而直接產生之借貸成本乃 擴充為資產成本的一部分,直至該等 資產大致上已準備就緒作擬定用途或 出售。在符合資本化條件的資產支出 之前,對特定借款的臨時投資所得的 投資收入,從符合資本化條件的借款 費用中扣除。

如借貸之一般目的及用途為獲取合資 格資產,合資格資本化之借貸成本金 額則採用資本化比率計算該項資產開 支之方法釐定。資本化比率為適用於 本集團於該期間未償還借貸之借貸成 本加權平均值,但為獲得合資格資產 之特別借貸除外。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間在損益 中確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to directors and employees

The fair value of services received is determined by reference to the fair value of the share options granted at the grant date and is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share-based compensation reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to share-based compensation reserve.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

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3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

以權益結算及以股份為基礎付款 的交易

授予董事及僱員的購股權

所獲服務的公允值乃參考購股權於授 出日期的公允值釐定,於歸屬期按直 線法支銷,並於權益(股份酬金儲備) 作相應增加。

本集團於報告期結算日修訂預期最終 會歸屬的購股權數目估計。歸屬期間 修訂估計的影響(如有)於損益賬確 認,並會相應調整股份酬金儲備。

購股權獲行使時,過往於股份酬金儲 備確認的數額將轉撥至股份溢價。倘 購股權於歸屬日後被沒收或於屆滿日 仍未獲行使,則過往於股份酬金儲備 確認的數額將轉至累計虧損。

税項

所得税指現時應付税項及遞延税項總 額。

現時應付税項乃按年度應課税溢利計 算。應課税溢利不包括其他年度之應 課税或應扣減之收入及開支項目,亦 不包括可作免税或不可作税項扣減之 項目,故與損益所確認溢利不同。本 集團之當期税項負債按其於報告期末 前已訂立或大致上訂立之税率計算。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model of the Group whose business objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax for such investment properties are measured based on the expected manner as to how the properties will be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項負債就於附屬公司之投資所 產生應課税暫時差額予以確認,若本 集團有能力控制暫時差額還原,而暫 時差額很可能不會於可見將來還原則 除外。

遞延税項資產之賬面值乃於各報告期 末進行檢討,並予以相應扣減,直至 並無足夠應課税溢利可供全部或部分 遞延税項資產可予應用為止。

遞延税項根據於報告期末前已訂立或 大致上訂立之税率,按預期適用於負 債清償或資產變現期間之税率計算。 遞延税項於損益中確認,除非遞延税 項關乎於其他全面收入或直接於權益 確認之項目,在該情況下遞延税項亦 於其他全面收入或權益中確認。

遞延税項資產及負債之計量反映本集 團預期於報告期末收回或結付該資產 及負債賬面值之方式所致使之税務後 果。

當擁有按法例可強制執行權利以抵銷 本期税項資產與本期税項負債,及當 有關權利涉及由同一税務當局徵收之 所得税,以及本集團計劃按淨額基準 結算其本年度税項資產及負債時,遞 延税項資產及負債則互相抵銷。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (A) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.
- (B) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (A).
 - (vii) A person identified in (A)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

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關連人士

關連人士為與本集團有關連的個人或 實體。

- (A) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或該 人士之近親與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本公司或本公司母公司 的主要管理層成員。
- (B) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實體 與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本公司屬同一集
 團之成員公司(即各母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此間有關連)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯 營公司或合營企業(或另 一實體為成員公司之集團 旗下成員公司之聯營公司 或合營企業)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方 的合營企業。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的 合營企業,而另一實體為 該第三方實體的聯營公 司。
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團 有關連之實體就僱員利益 設立的離職福利計劃。倘 本集團本身便是該計劃, 提供資助的僱主亦與本集 團有關連。
 - (vi) 實體受(A)所識別人士控 制或受共同控制。
 - (vii) 於(A)(i)所識別人士對實體 有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體的母公司)主要 管理層成員。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties (Continued)

- (B) (Continued)
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets except biological assets, investment properties and goodwill to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or CGU in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

關連人士(續)

(B) (續)

(viii) 實體或屬實體其中一部分的集團旗下任何成員公司為向本公司或本公司母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

資產減值

於各報告期結算日,本集團對其資產 之賬面值作出評估(生物資產、投資 物業及商譽除外),以釐定有否任何 跡象顯示該等資產出現減值虧損。如 果存在任何此類跡象,則會對資產的 可收回金額作出估計,以確定任何減 值虧損之程度。倘若不大可能估計個 別資產的可收回金額,則本集團估計 資產屬於的現金產生單位(「現金產生 單位」)的可收回金額。

可收回金額為公允值減去銷售成本及 使用價值兩者中之較高者。於評估使 用價值時,估計未來現金流量乃以税 前貼現率貼現至現值,該貼現率能反 映當前市場所評估之貨幣時間值及資 產特定風險。

倘資產或現金產生單位之可收回金額 估計將少於其賬面值,則資產或現金 產生單位之賬面值會減少至其可收回 金額。減值虧損會即時於損益確認為 開支,除非相關資產按重估金額列 賬,在該情況下減值虧損被視作重估 減少處理。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則增加資產或 現金產生單位之賬面值至其可收回數 額之修訂後估計金額,惟增加後之賬 面值不能超過倘於過往年度並無確認 該資產或現金產生單位之減值虧損而 應確定之賬面值(扣除攤銷或折舊)。 減值虧損之撥回會於損益內即時 之 號,惟在有關資產按重估金額列賬之 情況下,減值虧損之撥回則被當作重 估增值。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

Events after the reporting period

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Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.

4. SUMMARY OF THE IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Group accounted for investment properties using the cost model in previous years. In order to more accurately reflect the value of the investment properties held by the Group and provide more relevant information to the users of the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company have approved changes in the accounting policies of the Group for the investment properties from cost model to fair value model during the current year. The Group has adopted the change in accounting policies of investment properties retrospectively.

3. 編製基準及重大會計政策(續)

撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過去事項須承擔法定責任 或推定責任,而履行該責任很可能需 要付出經濟效益並能可靠估計其數額 時,便為未確定時間或金額之負債確 認撥備。倘金錢時間值屬重大,則按 預期履行該責任所需支出之現值列報 撥備。

當不大可能有需要付出經濟效益,或 其數額未能可靠估計,除非付出經濟 效益之可能性極小,否則披露該責任 為或然負債。當潛在責任之存在僅能 以一宗或數宗未來事項發生或不發生 來證實,除非付出經濟效益之可能性 極小,否則亦披露為或然負債。

報告期後事項

呈報本集團於報告期末狀況額外資料 之報告期後事項或該等顯示持續經營 假設為不適當之資料乃調整事項,並 於綜合財務報表內反映。屬非調整事 項之報告期後事項如屬重大者,乃於 附註內披露。

4. 會計政策變動影響之概要

本集團於過往年度使用成本模式就投 資物業入賬。為更準確反映本集團所 持投資物業之價值及向綜合財務報表 之使用者提供更適切資料,本公司董 事已於本年內批准本集團有關投資物 業之會計政策由成本模式改為公平值 模式。本集團已追溯採納有關投資物 業之會計政策變動。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF THE IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The effects of the changes in the Group's accounting policies described above on the results for the preceding year by line items presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are as follows:

4. 會計政策變動影響之概要(續)

上述本集團會計政策變動對過往年度 業績(綜合損益及其他全面收益表項 目)之影響載列如下:

		2017 二零一七年
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Impact on total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔全面虧損總額 影響	
Decrease in administrative expenses	行政開支減少	4,854
Fair value gains	公允值收益	15,750
Increase in exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務之匯兑差額增加	154
Net decrease in total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔全面虧損減少 淨額	20,758
Impact on total comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔全面虧損總額影響	
Decrease in administrative expenses	行政開支減少	91
Fair value losses	公允值虧損	(812)
Increase in exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務之匯兑差額增加	57
Net increase in total comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔全面虧損總額 增加淨額	(664)

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

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4. SUMMARY OF THE IMPACT OF CHANGES IN 4. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The effects of the changes in accounting policies described above on the financial positions of the Group as at 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2016 are as follows:

. 會計政策變動影響之概要(續)

上述會計政策變動對本集團於二零 一七年六月三十日及二零一六年七月 一日之財務狀況之影響如下:

		As previously reported 先前呈報	Adjustments arising from changes in the accounting policies 會計政策變動 產生之調整	As restated 經重列
At 30 June 2017		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一七年六月三十日		千港元	千港元	千港元
Investment properties	投資物業	210,845	56,747	267,592
Total effects on net assets	資產淨值總影響	210,845	56,747	267,592
Accumulated losses	累計虧損	(454,625)	57,257	(397,368)
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益	13,591	(664)	12,927
Foreign currency translation	外匯兑換儲備			
reserve		37,433	154	37,587
Total effects on equity	權益總影響	(403,601)	56,747	(346,854)

		As previously reported	Adjustments arising from changes in the accounting policies 會計政策變動	As restated
		先前呈報	產生之調整	經重列
At 1 July 2016		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一六年七月一日		千港元	千港元	千港元
Investment properties	投資物業	134,347	36,653	171,000
Total effects on net assets	資產淨值總影響	134,347	36,653	171,000
Accumulated losses	累計虧損	(406,348)	36,653	(369,695)
Total effects on equity	權益總影響	(406,348)	36,653	(369,695)

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF THE IMPACT OF CHANGES IN 4. 會計政策變動影響之概要(續) ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

		2017 二零一七年
		HK cents
		港仙
Impact on basic and diluted loss per share	每股基本及攤薄影響	
Basic and diluted loss per share before adjustments	調整前每股基本及攤薄虧損	(2.84)
Adjustments arising from changes in accounting policies	會計政策變動產生之調整	1.21
Reported basic and diluted loss per share	呈報之每股基本及攤薄虧損	(1.63)

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Fair value less costs to sell of biological assets and fair value of investment properties

The Group appointed independent professional valuers to assess the fair value less costs to sell of biological assets and fair value of investment properties. In determining the fair values, the valuers have utilised a method of valuation which involves certain estimates. The directors have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions.

(b) Impairment of intangible assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. Such assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, which is higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. To calculate the fair value less costs of disposal, the management estimates the expected future cash flows from the assets or CGU and chooses a suitable discount rate in order to derive the present value of those cash flows.

5. 重要判斷及主要估計

估計不確定因素的主要來源

下文載述對下一個財政年度之資產及 負債賬面值作出重大調整之重大風險 之有關未來之主要假設及於呈報期末 估計不明朗因素之其他主要來源。

(a) 生物資產之公允值減銷售成本 及投業物業之公允值 本集團委任獨立專業估值師評 估生物資產的公允值減銷售成 本及投業物業之公允值。於釐 定公允值時,估值師運用涉及 若干估計的估值方法。董事經 運用判斷後,認為估值方法能 反映現時市況。

(b) 無形資產減值

本集團於各報告期末評估是否。 存在跡象表明無形資產派信。 有關資產於存在跡象指示減值 面前能無法收回時進行減值 。當資產或可收現金產金額 版面值超減出售成本則出現減值 之較高者)時,則出現減值 。 計層預估資產金通現成本生 置 預期未來現金流量 適貼現率,從 而得出該等現金 流量之現值。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

- (c) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation The Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the depreciation charge where useful lives and residual values are different to those previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.
- Impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts (d) The Group makes impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts based on assessments of the recoverability of its trade, loans and other receivables, including the current creditworthiness, collateral security, financial condition and past collection history of each debtor. Impairments arise where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the actual result is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the trade, loans and other receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the year in which such estimate has been changed. If the financial conditions of the debtors were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

(e) Income taxes

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The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and the PRC. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

5. 重要判斷及主要估計(續)

估計不確定因素的主要來源(續)

- (c) 物業、廠房及設備及折舊 本集團就其物業、廠房及設備 釐定估計可使用年期、剩餘價 值及相關的折舊開支。估計乃 基於性質及用途類似的物業、 廠房及設備的實際可使用年期及剩餘價值的歷史經驗。可使 用年期及剩餘價值與原先估計 不同時,本集團將重訂折舊開 支,或撇銷或撇減技術過時或 已報廢或出售之非戰略性資產。
- (d) 呆壞賬減值虧損 本集團之呆壞賬減值虧損乃根 據其貿易、貸款及其他應收款 項可收回性之評估而確認,包 括每名債務人目前之信譽、抵 押品、財務狀況及過往收款記 錄。於發生顯示餘額可能無法 收回之事件或情況變動下會出 現減值。本集團需憑判斷及估 計識別呆壞賬。倘實際結果有 別於原來估計,則該等差額將 於上述估計出現變動之年度影 響貿易、貸款及其他應收款項 及呆賬開支之賬面值。倘債務 人之財務狀況變差而導致其付 款能力出現減值,則可能需要 做出額外撥備。
- (e) 所得税 本集團須於香港及中國繳納所 得税。釐定所得税撥備須作出 重大估計。於業務一般過程中 存在許多最終税項並無確切釐 定之交易及計算。倘該等事項 之最終税務結果與起初錄得之 金額有差異,該等差異將影響 有關釐定發生期間之所得税及 遞延税項撥備。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(f) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expense. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions. The Group will reassess the estimates by the end of each reporting period.

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in HK\$ and Renminbi which are the functional currencies of the principal operating entities of the Group. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

5. 重要判斷及主要估計(續)

估計不確定因素的主要來源(續)

(f) 存貨之可變現淨值 存貨之可變現淨值乃日常業務 過程中之估計售價,減估計完 成成本及出售開支。該等估計 乃基於現時市況及過往製造和 出售類似性質產品之經驗,可 能會因客戶偏好轉變及競爭對 手所作出的行動而大幅變化。 本集團會於每個報告期末重新 評估有關估計。

6. 金融及資金風險管理

本集團的活動令其承受多種金融風險:外幣風險、價格風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險及利率風險。本集團整體風險管理計劃專注於金融市場的不可預測性,以減少對本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

(a) 外幣風險

由於大部分業務交易、資產及 負債主要以本集團主要營運公 司的功能貨幣港元及人民幣 個,故本集團的外匯有關外 で易、資產及負債的外匯有關外 政策。本集 國會密切監控外匯 風險,並於有需 要時考慮對沖 重大外匯風險。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT 6. (CONTINUED)

(b) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk in respect of its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The directors manage this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated on equity instruments quoted in the Stock Exchange.

At 30 June 2018, if the share prices of the investments increased/decreased by 10%, the Group's post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately HK\$92,000 (2017: HK\$106,000) lower/ higher, arising as a result of the fair value gain/loss of the investments.

(c) Credit risk

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, loans receivable, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and refundable secured deposit included in the consolidated statement of financial position represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the Group's financial assets.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had certain concentration of credit risk as approximately 61% (2017: 79%) and 90% (2017: 99%) of its trade receivables were due from the largest customer and the five largest customers, respectively. The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. In addition, the directors review the recoverable amounts of each individual trade and loan debt regularly to ensure that adequate impairment losses are recognised for irrecoverable debts. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on bank and cash balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high creditratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The credit risk on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is limited because the counterparties are well-established securities broker firms in Hong Kong.

The Group obtains collateral from the vendor to minimise the credit risk in respect of the refundable secured deposit.

金融及資金風險管理(續)

(b) 價格風險

本集團就於損益賬按公允值處 理之金融資產承擔股本價格風 險。董事透過維持不同風險的 投資組合來管理風險。本集團 之股本價格風險主要集中於在 聯交所所報之股本工具。

於二零一八年六月三十日,如 投資之股價增加/減少10%, 則將因投資公允值收益/虧損 而導致本集團年內除税後虧損 損益減少/增加約92,000港元 (二零一七年:106,000港元)。

(c) 信貸風險

銀行及現金結餘的信貸風險有 限,原因是交易對手為獲國際 信貸評級機構頒授高信貸評級 的銀行。

透過損益按公允值計量之金融 資產的信貸風險有限,原因是 交易對手為香港成立已久的證 券經紀公司。

本集團自賣方取得抵押品,以 減少可退還已抵押按金的信貸 風險。



For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT 6. 金融 (CONTINUED)

(d) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity analysis of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows:

金融及資金風險管理(續)

(d) 流動資金風險

本集團的政策是定期監察現時 及預期流動資金需要,確保維 持充足的現金儲備滿足短期及 長期流動資金需要。

本集團金融負債之到期日分析 如下:

	Within		Total	
	1 year or			Carrying
		and 2 years		amount
				賬面值
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
於二零一八年 六月三十日				
應付賬款及其他				
應付款項	22,268	—	22,268	22,268
	Within		Total	
	1 year or	Between 1	undiscounted	Carrying
		and 2 years		amount
	或應要求	一至兩年	流量總額	賬面值
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
於二零一七年 六月三十日				
應付賬款及其他	46 607		16,607	16,607
應付款項	16,607		10,007	
應付款項 承兑票據	16,607 1,800	31,800	33,600	28,881
	 六月三十日 應付賬款及其他 應付款項 於二零一七年 六月三十日 	1 year or on demand 一年以內 或應要求 HK\$'000 干港元 旅二零一八年 方月三十日 應付賬款及其他 運付賬款及其他 変換 Within 1 year or on demand 一年以內 或應要求 HK\$'000 干港元 於二零一七年 六月三十日	1 year or on demand Between 1 and 2 years 一年以內 或應要求 -至兩年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 於二零-八年 六月三十日 千港元 應付賬款及其他 應付款項 22,268 Within 1 year or on demand Between 1 and 2 years 一年以內 或應要求 -至兩年 HK\$'000 -平時以內 式應要求 千港元 千港元 於二零-七年 六月三十日 千港元	1 year or on demand 一年以內 或應要求 Between 1 and 2 years undiscounted cash flow 一年以內 或應要求 一至兩年 流量總額 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 於二零一八年 六月三十日 千港元 千港元 應付賬款及其他 應付款項 22,268 一 22,268 Vithin 1 year or on demand 点應要求 Between 1 and 2 years Undiscounted cash flow 一年以內 或應要求 一至兩年 茶貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000 十K\$'000 十K\$'000 千港元 千港元 第 於二零二七年 千港元 千港元

(e) Interest rate risk

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The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group does not have significant interest rate risk as the fluctuation in interest rates is not expected to be material. The Group will constantly review the economic situation and its interest rate risk profile, and will consider appropriate hedging measure in future as may be necessary. (e) 利率風險

本公司董事認為,由於預期利 率波動並不重大,本集團並無 重大利率風險。本集團將經常 審閱經濟情況及其利率風險組 合,並將於必要時考慮合適的 對沖措施。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT 6. 金融 (CONTINUED)

金融及資金風險管理(續)

- (f) Categories of financial instruments at 30 June 2018 and 2017
- (f) 於二零一八年及二零一七年 六月三十日之金融工具類別

		2018	201
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		千港元	千港テ
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets at fair value	透過損益按公允值計量之		
through profit or loss:	金融資產:		
Held for trading	持作買賣	1,098	1,26
oans and receivables (including	貸款及應收款項(包括現金		
cash and cash equivalents):	及等同現金項目):		
Trade receivables	應收賬款	21,424	77
Deposits and other	按金及其他應收款項		
receivables		16,684	1,54
Loans receivable	應收貸款	25,646	25,89
Refundable secured deposit	可退還已抵押按金	12,000	70,00
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	13,027	13,01
		89,879	112,49
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities at amortised	按攤銷成本計量之金融		
cost	負債	22,268	45,48
Fair values		(q) 公允值	

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

(h) Capital risk management

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(g)

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost capital. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years. 綜合財務狀況表所示本集團金 融資產及金融負債的賬面值與 其各自的公允值相若。

(h) 資金風險管理

本集團管理資金的目標是維持 本集團持續經營之能力,為股 東及其他持分者提供回報及利 益,並維持最佳資本結構,減 少成本資金。自過往年度以 來,本集團的整體策略維持不 變。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT 6. (CONTINUED)

(h) Capital risk management (Continued)

The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue or buy-back shares, issue new debts, recover debts or sell assets to maintain sufficiency of working capital.

The Group's total capital is the shareholders' equity stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group is not subject to external mandatory capital requirements and uses the liquidity ratio (i.e. proportion of current assets to current liabilities) to monitor the capital.

The liquidity ratio of the Group is as follows:

金融及資金風險管理(續)

(h) 資金風險管理(續)

本集團鑒於經濟狀況變動管理 資本結構及對其作出調整。為 維持或調整資本結構,本集團 可能發行或購回股份、發行新 債務、收回債務或出售資產, 維持足夠營運資金。

本集團的總資本為綜合財務狀 況表列明的股東權益。本集團 毋須遵守外部強制資本規定, 並使用流動比率(即流動資產對 流動負債的比例)監察資金。

本集團的流動比率如下:

		2018 二零一八年	
Liquidity ratio	流動比率	6.28	7.38

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

7. 公允值計量

公允值之定義為市場參與者於計量日 期進行之有序交易中出售資產所收取 或轉讓負債所支付之價格。以下公允 值計量披露使用之公允值層級,將估 值技術所用輸入數據分為三個等級, 以計量公允值:

第一級輸入數據:本集團於計量日期 可取得相同資產 或負債於活躍市 場報價(未經調 整)。

- 第二級輸入數據:資產或負債可直接 或間接觀察之輸 入數據,第一級包 括之報價除外。
- 第三級輸入數據:資產或負債之不可 觀察數據。

本集團之政策為確認截至於事項或狀 況變動導致該轉移之日期止該等三個 等級之任何轉入及轉出。



For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED) 7. 公允值計量(續)

- Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 30 June (a) 2018:
- (a) 於二零一八年六月三十日之公 允值層級披露:

Description 概述		使用 Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000	以下輸入數據 Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000	urements usin 之公允值計量 Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000	: Total 總計 HK\$′000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Recurring fair value measurements: Biological assets	經常性公允值 計量: 生物資產	_	348,933	_	348,933
Financial assets at fair value through profit	按公允值計入損 益之金融資產				
or loss		1,098			1,098
Investment properties	香港投資物業				
in Hong Kong		_	200,000	—	200,000
Investment properties	中國投資物業				
in the PRC		-	77,866	—	77,866
Total recurring fair value	經常性公允值計 量總額				
measurements		1,098	626,799	—	627,897

Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2017:

1. A. A.M

於二零一七年六月三十日之公 允值層級披露:

				rements using: 之公允值計量	:
Description 概 述		Level 1 第一級	Level 2 第二級	Level 3 第三級	Total 總計
1770 ALL		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公允值 計量:				
Biological assets	生物資產	—	506,022	—	506,022
Financial assets at fair value through profit	按公允值計入損 益之金融資產				
or loss		1,264	—	—	1,264
Investment properties in Hong Kong	香港投資物業		190,000	_	190,000
Investment properties	中國投資物業		150,000		150,000
in the PRC		—	77,592	—	77,592
Total recurring fair value	經常性公允值計 量總額				
measurements		1,264	773,614	—	774,878

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements:

The Group's management is responsible for the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes. The management reports directly to the Board of Directors for these fair value measurements. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the management and the Board of Directors at least twice a year.

The following table gives information about how the fair values of the Group's biological assets and investment properties carried at fair value are determined.

Level 2 fair value measurements

7. 公允值計量(續)

(b) 本集團所用估值過程披露及公 允值計量所用估值技術及輸入 數據:

> 本集團管理層負責進行財務報 告所規定之資產及負債公允值 計量。管理層直接向董事會報 告該等公允值計量。管理層與 董事會每年至少討論估值過程 及結果兩次。

> 下表載列有關本集團按公允值 計量生物資產及投資物業的公 允值如何釐定。

第二級公允值計量

Description 概述	Valuation technique 估值技術	Key input 主要輸入數據	Fair value 公允值 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value 公允値 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Biological assets	Market approach	Market price of poplar trees per cubic meter	348,933	506,022
生物資產	市值法	白楊樹每立方米市價		
Investment properties in Hong Kong	Direct comparison approach	Market price of car parking space	200,000	190,000
香港投資物業	直接比較法	每個停車位市價		
Investment properties in the PRC	Market approach and replacement cost approach	Land: market price per square meter; Buildings: replacement cost per square meter	77,866	77,592
中國投資物業	市值法及重置 成本法	土地:每平方米市價; 樓宇:每平方米重置成本		

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

8. **REVENUE**

The Group's revenue, which represents sales of recycled metals, motor vehicles and related accessories, rental income from car parking spaces, loan interest income and commission income from selling motor vehicles, is as follows:

8. 收益

本集團的收益指銷售回收金屬、汽車 及相關配件、停車位租金收入、貸款 利息收入及銷售汽車的佣金收入,現 列載如下:

		2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trading of recycled metals	買賣回收金屬	184,570	—
Trading of motor vehicles and related	買賣汽車及相關配件		
accessories		21,683	8,431
Rental income	租金收入	3,751	3,571
Loan interest income	貸款利息收入	1,913	1,969
Commission income	佣金收入	359	—
		212 276	13 971

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has six reportable segments for the year ended 30 June 2018 as follows:

- (i) Trading of recycled metals
- (ii) Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories
- (iii) Property investment
- (iv) Provision of financial services
- (v) Securities trading and investment
- (vi) Sales of plantation materials and products

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.

Segment profits or losses do not include gain or loss on disposals and deregistration of subsidiaries, loss on settlement of promissory note, interest income from refundable secured deposit, sponsor income, finance costs and income tax credit. Segment assets do not include refundable secured deposit. Segment liabilities do not include deferred tax liabilities and promissory note.

9. 分部資料

截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度, 本集團六個可呈報分部如下:

- (i) 買賣回收金屬
- (ii) 買賣汽車及相關配件
- (iii) 物業投資
- (iv) 提供金融服務
- (v) 證券買賣及投資
- (vi) 銷售種植產品

本集團之可呈報分部為提供不同產品 及服務之策略業務單位。由於各業務 需要不同技術及市場推廣策略,故分 開管理各可呈報分部。

分部溢利或虧損不包括出售及註銷附 屬公司之收益或虧損、結算承兑票據 之虧損、可退還已抵押按金利息收 入、贊助收入、融資成本及所得税抵 免。分部資產不包括可退還已抵押按 金。分部負債不包括遞延税項負債及 承兑票據。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

9. 分部資料(續)

		metals 買賣 回收金屬	Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories 買賣汽車及 相關配件	investment 物業投資	提供 金融服務	Securities trading and investment 證券 買賣及投資	materials and products 銷售 種植產品	Green technology advisory services 綠色技術 顧問服務	Total 總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 30 June 2018	截至二零一八年 六月三十日止年度								
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶的收益	184,570	22,042	3,751	1,913	_	-	_	212,276
Segment profit/(loss) comprising:	分部溢利/(虧損)包括:	1,937	(5,742)	7,230	1,897	(172)	(183,373)	_	(178,223)
Loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets	r 生物資產公允值變動 減出售成本產生之 虧損	_	_	_	_	_	(174,687)	_	(174,687)
Fair value gain on investment properties	投資物業之公允值 收益	_	_	7,954	_	_	_	_	7,954
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(1,462)	(654)	_	_	_	(5,059)	_	(7,175)
Proceeds from disposal of listed securities	出售上市證券所得 款項	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	2
Costs of disposal of listed securities	出售上市證券的成本	_	_	_	_	(2)	_	_	(2)
Net unrealised losses on trading securities	買賣證券的未變現 虧損淨額	_	_	_	_	(164)	_	_	(164)
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年六月三十日					(,			(101)
Segment assets	分部資產	28,507	74,503	279,608	25,774	10,422	450,664	_	869,478
Segment liabilities	分部負債	313	2,985	3,129	565	467	4,274	_	11,733
Year ended 30 June 2017	截至二零一七年 六月三十日止年度								
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶的收益	_	8,431	3,571	1,969	—	-	—	13,971
Segment (loss)/profit comprising:	分部(虧損)/溢利包括:	_	(5,511)	15,799	1,895	(1,424)	(43,189)	(284)	(32,714)
Loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets	r 生物資產公允值變動 減出售成本產生之 虧損	_	_	_	_	_	(33,233)	_	(33,233)
Fair value gain on investment properties	投資物業公允值收益	_	_	14,938	_	_	_	_	14,938
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	_	(599)		_	(250)	(4,793)	_	(5,642)
Proceeds from disposal of listed securities	出售上市證券所得款項	_	_	_	_	4,001	_	_	4,001
Costs of disposal of listed securities	出售上市證券的成本	_	_	_	_	(4,508)	_	_	(4,508)
Net unrealised losses on trading securities	買賣證券的未變現虧損 淨額	_	_	_	_	(442)	_	_	(442)
At 30 June 2017	於二零一七年六月三十日					(.12)			(.12)
Segment assets	分部資產	_	32,966	271,872	26,478	5,784	609,729	_	946,829
Segment liabilities	分部負債	_	903	2,917	343	467	1,197	_	5,827

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

9. 分部資料(續)

Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

有關可呈報分部的收益、損益、資產 及負債的對賬如下:

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Revenue:	收益:		
Total revenue of reportable segments	可呈報分部總收益	212,276	13,971
Loss:	虧損:		
Total loss of reportable segments	可呈報分部總虧損	(178,223)	(32,714)
Other profit or loss:	其他損益:		
Finance costs	融資成本	(548)	(161)
Gain on deregistration of	註銷附屬公司之收益		
subsidiaries		2,558	4,864
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	44,475	9,238
Other income	其他收入		
 Interest income from refundable secured deposit 	一可退還已抵押按金 利息收入	2,000	5,830
— Sponsor income	一 贊助收入	—	400
Corporate and unallocated loss	企業及未分配虧損	(30,848)	(16,661)
Consolidated loss for the year	年度綜合虧損	(160,586)	(29,204)
Assets:	資產:		
Total assets of reportable segments	可呈報分部總資產	869,478	946,829
Refundable secured deposit	可退還已抵押按金	12,000	70,000
Corporate and unallocated assets	企業及未分配資產	38,356	17,730
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產	919,834	1,034,559
Liabilities:	負債:		
Total liabilities of reportable segments	可呈報分部總負債	11,733	5,827
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	112,661	152,414
Promissory note	承兑票據	_	28,881
Corporate and unallocated liabilities	企業及未分配負債	12,485	14,786
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債	136,879	201,908

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

9. 分部資料(續)

地區資料:

Geographical information:

			enue 益		Non-current assets 非流動資產		
		2018	2017	2018	2017		
		二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一八年	二零一七年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
					(Restated)		
					(經重列)		
The PRC	中國	72,572	_	552,559	687,249		
Hong Kong	香港	139,194	13,971	215,169	195,174		
United Kingdom	英國	359	—	—	—		
Macau and others	澳門及其他	151	—	—	—		
		212,276	13,971	767,728	882,423		

In presenting the geographical information, revenue is based on the locations of the customers. 於呈列地區資料時,收益乃根據客戶 所在地計算。

Revenue from major customers:

來自主要客戶的收益:

		=	2018 零一八年	2017 二零一七年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Trading of motor vehicles	買賣汽車			
Customer A	客戶A	N	/A不適用*	1,800
Customer B	客戶B		72,572	N/A不適用
Customer C	客戶C		29,717	N/A不適用

Revenue from the above customers individually contributed more than 10% of the total revenue of the Group.

* Customer did not contribute more than 10% of the total revenue of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2018.

來自上述客戶的收益個別佔本集團總 收益10%以上。

 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度, 該客戶並無佔本集團總收益10%以上。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

10. OTHER INCOME

10. 其他收入

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest income from refundable	可退還已抵押按金利息		
secured deposit (note 26)	收入(附註26)	2,000	5,830
Sponsor income	贊助收入	—	400
Others	其他	302	447
		2,302	6,677

11. FINANCE COSTS

11. 融資成本

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest on promissory note	承兑票據利息	443	161
Interest on loans and overdrafts	貸款及透支利息	105	—
		548	161

12. INCOME TAX CREDIT

12. 所得税抵免

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$′000 千港元
Current tax — Hong Kong Profits Tax			242
Provision for the year	年度撥備	510	313
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(49)	(30)
Deferred tax (note 28)	遞延税項(附註28)	(44,936)	(9,521)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(44,475)	(9,238)

Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at a rate of 16.5% (2017: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Tax charge on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretation and practices in respect thereof.

香港利得税已按截至二零一八年六月 三十日止年度之估計應課税溢利之 16.5%(二零一七年:16.5%)計提撥 備。

其他地區之應課税溢利税項開支已按 本集團經營所在國家之現行税率,根 據有關現行法例、詮釋及常規計算。



For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

12. INCOME TAX CREDIT (CONTINUED)

12. 所得税抵免(續)

Reconciliation between income tax credit and accounting loss at applicable tax rate

按適用税率計量的所得税抵免及 會計虧損之對賬

		2018 一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一	2017 一
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000 エ 洪 二	HK\$'000 工油二
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(205,061)	(38,442)
Tax calculated at applicable tax rate of 25% (2017: 25%)	按適用税率25%(二零一七 年:25%)計算之税項	(51,265)	(9,611)
Effect of different tax rates of the subsidiaries	附屬公司税率不一之影響	1,927	1,265
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible	不可扣減開支之税務影響	6,504	3,046
Tax effect of income that are not taxable	毋須課税收入之税務影響	(2,420)	(4,902)
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	未確認暫時差異之税務 影響	(713)	(105)
Tax reduction	税務扣減	(197)	
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度之超額撥備	(49)	(30)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税務 影響	1,738	1,099
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(44,475)	(9,238)

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

13. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

1. 1. A. M.

13. 年度虧損

This is stated at after charging/(crediting) the following:

此乃經扣除/(計入)下列各項後表示:

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	5,125	4,793
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	950	850
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨成本	192,973	6,755
Depreciation	折舊	3,276	1,893
Gain on disposals of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之 收益	(7)	_
Loss on write-off of property, plant and equipment	撇銷物業、廠房及設備之 虧損	_	11
Operating lease charges on land and buildings	土地及樓宇經營租賃費用	6,120	3,923
Staff costs (including directors' remuneration):	員工成本(包括董事酬金):		
— salaries, bonuses and allowances	一 薪金、花紅及津貼	15,044	10,679
— retirement benefits scheme	一 退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		419	274
— equity-settled share-based	一 以股權結算以股份為		
payments	基礎的付款	8,920	
		24,383	10,953

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

14. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

14. 董事及行政總裁酬金

(a) The emoluments of each director are as follows:

(a) 各名董事酬金列載如下:

				201	18		
				二零一	·八年		
					Retirement benefit	Equity- settled	
		_	Salaries and	Discretionary	scheme	share-based	
		Fees	allowances	bonus	contributions	payments	Tota
					退休福利	以權益結算 以股份	
		袍金	薪金及津貼	酌情花紅	这个佃利計劃供款	以股历 為基礎付款	總言
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Chief executive	行政總裁						
Mr. Yeung Chi Hang	楊智恒先生	1,536	_	128	18	465	2,14
Executive directors	執行董事						
Mr. Leung Kwong Choi	梁廣才先生	180	_	15	10	249	45
Mr. Wong Po Keung	黃保強先生	300	660	80	18	465	1,52
Mr. Chung Siu Wah	鍾少樺先生	1,056	-	88	18	465	1,62
Mr. Chik To Pan	戚道斌先生	480	-	40	18	465	1,00
Independent non-	獨立非執行董事						
executive directors							
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生	120	-	10	-	166	29
Mr. Ong Chi King	王子敬先生	120	-	10	-	166	29
Mr. Heung Chee Hang	香志恒先生	120		10	_	166	29
Total	總計	3,912	660	381	82	2,607	7,642

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14. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

14. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

(a) The emoluments of each director are as follows: (Continued) (a) 各名董事酬金列載如下:(續)

				20	217		
		2017 二零一七年					
			Salaries and	— ₹ Discretionary	Retirement benefit scheme	Equity- settled share-based	
		Fees	allowances	bonus	contributions	payments 以權益結算	Total
		袍金	薪金及津貼	酌情花紅	退休福利 計劃供款	以股份 為基礎付款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Chief executive	行政總裁						
Mr. Yeung Chi Hang	楊智恒先生	1,536	—	128	18	—	1,682
Executive directors	執行董事						
Mr. Leung Kwong Choi	梁廣才先生	180	—	15	10	—	205
Mr. Wong Po Keung	黃保強先生	300	660	80	18	—	1,058
Mr. Chung Siu Wah	鍾少樺先生	1,056	-	88	18	—	1,162
Mr. Chik To Pan	戚道斌先生	480	—	40	18	—	538
Independent non- executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生	120	—	10	-	—	130
Mr. Ong Chi King	王子敬先生	120	_	10	—	_	130
Mr. Heung Chee Hang	香志恒先生	120	_	10	_	_	130
Total	總計	3,912	660	381	82	-	5,035

There was no arrangement under which a director and chief executive waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the years ended 30 June 2018 and 2017.

截至二零一八年及二零一七年 六月三十日止年度董事及行政 總裁概無訂立放棄或同意放棄 任何酬金的安排。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

14. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included three (2017: four) directors whose emoluments are set out in note (a) above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2017: one) individuals are set out below:

14. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

(b) 五名最高薪人士

年內,本集團五名最高薪人士 包括三名(二零一七年:四名) 董事,其酬金載列於上文附註 (a)。餘下兩名(二零一七年:一 名)人士之酬金列載如下:

		2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
Basic salaries, allowances and benefits-in-kind	基本薪金、津貼及實物 利益 退休福利計劃供款	3,515	780
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	巡 怀 怞 利 司 一 供	31	_
		3,546	780

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

介乎下列範圍的酬金:

		2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
Nil – HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,500,000 – HK\$2,000,000	零至1,000,000港元 1,500,000港元至 2,000,000港元	2	1
		2	1

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

15. LOSS PER SHARE

Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$159,784,000 (2017: HK\$27,673,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,777,106,333 (2017: 1,697,138,114) in issue during the year.

Diluted loss per share

The effects of all potential ordinary shares are anti-dilutive for the years ended 30 June 2018 and 2017.

本集團概無向任何董事或最高 薪人士支付酬金,作為加入本 集團或於加入本集團時之獎勵 或離職補償。

15. 每股虧損

每股基本虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本虧損之計 算基準為本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損 約159,784,000港元(二零一七年: 27,673,000港元)及年內已發行普通 股加權平均數1,777,106,333股(二零 一七年:1,697,138,114股)。

每股攤薄虧損

截至二零一八年及二零一七年六月 三十日止年度的所有潛在普通股影響 屬反攤薄。



For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

16. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend or declare the payment of any dividend in respect of the years ended 30 June 2018 and 2017.

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

1. A. A.M

16. 股息

董事並不建議或宣佈就截至二零一八 年及二零一七年六月三十日止年度派 付任何股息。

17. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements	Furniture, fixtures and equipment	Cruiser	Motor vehicles	Total
			,, 傢具、			
		租賃裝修	裝置及設備	遊艇	汽車	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost 成	本					
At 1 July 2016 於	二零一六年七月一日	2,814	3,799	3,000	—	9,613
Additions 添		34	192	—	—	226
Write-off 撇	銷	(5)	(18)	—	—	(23)
	二零一七年六月三十日					
1 July 2017	及二零一七年七月一日	2,843	3,973	3,000	—	9,816
Additions 添		2,152	5,057	—	6,271	13,480
Disposals 出	售		(216)			(216)
At 30 June 2018 於	二零一八年六月三十日	4,995	8,814	3,000	6,271	23,080
Accumulated 累 depreciation	計折舊					
At 1 July 2016 於	二零一六年七月一日	197	2,826	825	—	3,848
Charge for the year 於	年內扣除	565	428	900	—	1,893
Write-off 撇	銷	(3)	(9)	—	-	(12)
At 30 June 2017 and 於	二零一七年六月三十日					
1 July 2017	及二零一七年七月一日	759	3,245	1,725	-	5,729
Charge for the year 於	年內扣除	1,007	770	900	599	3,276
Disposals 出	售		(7)	_	—	(7)
At 30 June 2018 於	二零一八年六月三十日	1,766	4,008	2,625	599	8,998
Carrying amount 賬	面值					
At 30 June 2018 於	二零一八年六月三十日	3,229	4,806	375	5,672	14,082
At 30 June 2017 於	二零一七年六月三十日	2,084	728	1,275	—	4,087

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

18. 投資物業

	(Car parking spaces 停車位	Industrial properties 工業物業	Total 總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Fair value	公允值			
At 1 July, 2016 (restated)	於二零一六年七月一日(經重 列)	171,000	_	171,000
Additions	添置		81,368	81,368
Change in fair value	公允值變動	19,000	(4,062)	14,938
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	—	286	286
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 201 (restated)	7 於二零一七年六月三十日及 二零一七年七月一日(經重			
	列)	190,000	77,592	267,592
Change in fair value	公允值變動	10,000	(2,046)	7,954
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	_	2,320	2,320
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年六月三十日	200,000	77,866	277,866

The car parking spaces are situated in the Hong Kong and held under medium term lease. As at 30 June 2018, the fair value of the car parking spaces is HK\$200,000,000 (2017: HK\$190,000,000), which was arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by ARM Appraisals Limited, an independent professional valuer. The fair value is based on the direct comparison approach under fair value measurement level 2.

The industrial properties are situated in the PRC and held under medium term lease. As at 30 June 2018, the fair value of the industrial properties is HK\$77,866,000 (equivalent to RMB65,700,000) (2017: HK\$77,592,000 (equivalent to RMB67,400,000)), which was arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by ARM Appraisals Limited, an independent professional valuer. The fair value is based on the market value approach for land and replacement cost approach for buildings and structures under fair value measurement level 2.

As at 30 June 2018, the car parking spaces with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$200,000,000 were pledged to a bank to secure bank loans granted to the Company. A deed of assignment of rental income from the car parking spaces was executed in the favour of the bank (2017: Nil).

停車位位於香港,以中期租賃持有。 於二零一八年六月三十日,停車位之 公允值為200,000,000港元(二零一七 年:190,000,000港元),乃按獨立專 業估值師ARM Appraisals Limited進行 之估值為基準達致。公允值乃根據直 接比較法於公允值計量第二級計算。

工業物業位於中國,以中期租賃持 有。於二零一八年六月三十日,工業 物業之公允值為77,866,000港元(相 等於人民幣65,700,000元)(二零一七 年:77,592,000港元(相等於人民幣 67,400,000元)),乃按獨立專業估值 師ARM Appraisals Limited進行之估 值為基準達致。土地以及樓宇及架構 物之公允值乃分別根據市值法及重置 成本法於公允值計量第二級計算。

於二零一八年六月三十日,總面值 200,000,000港元之停車位已就授予 本公司之銀行貸款質押予銀行作為抵 押。已以銀行為受益人簽立停車位租 金收入轉讓契約(二零一七年:零)。

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19. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

19. 生物資產

		Standing timbers 未採伐林木 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2016 Changes in fair value less costs to sell Exchange differences	於二零一六年七月一日 公允值變動減出售成本 匯兑差額	547,224 (33,233) (7,969)
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017 Changes in fair value less costs to sell Exchange differences	於二零一七年六月三十日及 二零一七年七月一日 公允值變動減出售成本 匯兑差額	506,022 (174,687) 17,598
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年六月三十日	348,933

The Group's biological assets represent standing timbers on plantation land of approximately 30,000 Chinese Mu with a lease term of 30 years, expiring in 2038. The standing timbers comprise mostly poplar trees (accounting over 99% of the total standing timbers), mixed with a very small portion of other species of deciduous trees such as elm and willow. During the year, the Group did not harvest or sell any standing timbers (2017: Nil).

The Group's standing timbers as at 30 June 2018 were independently valued by Roma Appraisals Limited ("Roma") which comprises a group of independent professional valuers with experience and expertise in relation to biological assets valuation. Their team consists of professional valuers and agricultural experts who work together in a wide array of biological assets to ensure the reliability and fairness of their valuation results. Accordingly, the directors are of the view that Roma is independent and competent to determine the fair value of the Group's biological assets.

1. A. A. M

本集團之生物資產指位於約30,000中 國畝種植土地上的未採伐林木,該種 植土地的租期為30年,於二零三八年 屆滿。未採伐林木主要為白楊樹(佔 全部未採伐林木超過99%),夾雜少 數其他品種的落葉喬木,例如榆樹及 柳樹。年內,本集團並無砍伐或銷售 任何未採伐林木(二零一七年:無)。

本集團於二零一八年六月三十日未採 伐林木的價值由羅馬國際評估有限公司(「羅馬國際」)獨立評估,其由一組 具備生物資產估值經驗及專業知識的 獨立專業估值師組成。團隊包括專出 估值師與農業專家,彼等於多項生物 資產攜手合作,確認估值結果可靠獨 公平。因此,董事認為羅馬國際屬獨 立及具備能力釐定本集團生物資產的 公允值。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

19. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Roma has adopted a market approach for the valuation of standing timbers. The method uses the present market value in terms of price per unit cubic meter of round logs and the total merchantable volume of timbers on the plantation land as at 30 June 2018 as a basis for calculating the fair value less costs to sell of the biological assets. Roma has adopted the measured merchantable volume of standing timbers as indicated by the forest manager of the Group and also verified the market price per cubic meter of logs by referencing to the market price lists, after taking into account of local timber manufacturing factories as well. The principal assumptions adopted are as follows:

- 1. no material changes in the existing political, legal, technological, fiscal, economic conditions, climate and any other natural condition; and
- 2. the movements of the price of the timber, the setup fee and maintenance fee for tree plantation will move in line with the price index of forestry product in the PRC.

The valuation techniques used in the determination of fair values as well as the key inputs used in the valuation models are disclosed in note 7.

Nature risk

The Group's revenue depends significantly on the ability to harvest wood at adequate levels. The ability to harvest on the plantation land and the growth of the trees on the plantation land may be affected by unfavorable local weather conditions and natural disasters. Weather conditions such as earthquakes, rainfall, underground water, fire, disease, insect infestation and pests are examples of such events. The occurrence of severe weather conditions or natural disasters may diminish the supply of trees available for harvesting on the plantation land, or otherwise impede the Group's logging operations or the growth of the trees on the plantation land, which in turn may have a material adverse effect on the Group's ability to produce the products in sufficient quantities and a timely manner.

19. 生物資產(續)

羅馬國際採納市值法對未採伐林木進 行估值。該方法按每單位立方米原木 價格的現時市值及於二零一八年六月 三十日種植土地的可銷售林木總量 本。羅馬國際已採納本集團森林管理 人所述的可作為商品的經計量未採伐 林木數量,亦參考市價列表(當中已 計及本地林木生產工廠)核實每立方 米原木的市價。所採納的主要假設如 下:

- 現行政治、法律、技術、財政、 經濟狀況、氣候及任何其他自 然條件並無重大轉變;及
- 林業產品價格變動、林業種植 的設置費及維護費會隨中國林 木產品的物價指數而變動。

釐定公允值所用之估值技巧及估值模 型所用之關鍵輸入數據於綜合財務報 表附註7披露。

自然風險

本集團的收益主要取決於能否採伐足 夠的林木。在種植土地內採伐林木及 種植土地樹木的生長或會受當地惡劣 天氣涉及地震、降雨量、地下水、災 、疫症、昆蟲侵襲及害蟲等可能。 別、處然天氣情況也的林木減少,亦可 能妨礙本集團的原木經營或種植 人時生產足夠產品數量的能力。

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20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

20. 無形資產

		Operating rights 經營權 HK\$'000 千港元	Exclusive distribution rights 獨家分銷權 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost				
At 1 July 2016	於二零一六年七月一日	147,228	—	147,228
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(2,057)	—	(2,057)
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	於二零一七年六月三十 日及二零一七年七月			
A 1 122	— 日 ※ 罒	145,171		145,171
Additions	添置	4 2 9 2	24,115	24,115
Exchange differences		4,283		4,283
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年 六月三十日	149,454	24,115	173,569
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	累計攤銷及減值			
At 1 July 2016	於二零一六年七月一日	37,217	—	37,217
Amortisation for the year	年內攤銷	4,793	—	4,793
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(474)	—	(474)
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	於二零一七年六月三十 日及二零一七年七月			
		41,536	—	41,536
Amortisation for the year	年內攤銷	5,059	66	5,125
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	1,148		1,148
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年 六月三十日	47,743	66	47,809
Carrying amount	賬面值			
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年 六月三十日	101,711	24,049	125,760
At 30 June 2017	於二零一七年 六月三十日	103,635	_	103,635
		,		,

The operating rights relate to the favorable aspect of the right to use and operate the plantation land of a subsidiary of the Company. The subsidiary was acquired in the year ended 30 June 2009. The intangible assets are amortised using straight-line method over the useful life of 30 years and the remaining useful life is 20 (2017: 21) years.

The exclusive distribution rights relate to the exclusive rights to distribute and sell products associated with the golden flower tea business in the PRC for a period of 30.6 years. The exclusive distribution rights are amortised on a straight-line basis over the useful life of 30.6 years and the remaining useful life is 30.5 years.

經營權指本公司附屬公司使用及經營 種植土地權利的有利內容。本公司於 截至二零零九年六月三十日止年度收 購附屬公司。無形資產使用直線法於 可使用租期為30年內攤銷,而餘下可 使用租期為20年(二零一七年:21 年)。

獨家分銷權與於中國分銷及銷售金花 茶相關產品業務有關,為期30.6年。 獨家分銷權以直線法按可使用租期 30.6年及餘下租期30.5年攤銷。



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21. GOODWILL

22.

21. 商譽

			HK\$′000 千港元
Cost			17070
At beginning and end of reporting period	報告期初	及期末	1,087
Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated acquisition, to the CGU that are expected to benefit finat that business combination. The carrying amount of good nad been allocated to the CGU of trading of motor vehic	om will	於業務合併中收購的商譽於 配至預期受惠於業務合併自 單位。商譽賬面值已分配3 現金產生單位。	り現金產
mpairment testing of goodwill		商譽減值測試	
Frading of motor vehicles CGU Goodwill is tested for impairment for this CGU by management by estimating the recoverable amount of CGU based on value-in-use calculation.		汽車買賣現金產生單位 管理層就該現金產生單位對 值測試的方法為根據使用低 計現金產生單位的可收回	賈值計算
As at 30 June 2018, the value-in-use calculation uses of low projections based on the financial budgets approved the management covering a 5-year period. Key assumpti- used by the management in the value-in-use calculation the CGU include budgeted revenue and gross profit man- the pre-tax discount rate used for estimating the value- use is 14%.	by ons of gin.	於二零一八年六月三十日 計算使用以管理層批准五 務預算為根據的現金流預》 於現金產生單位使用價值言 的主要假設包括預算收益》 估計使用價值的税前貼現 ²	F期間之 則。管理 十算中使 及毛利率
The assumptions have been determined based on potentions and management's expectations in respect the motor vehicles trading in Hong Kong and the PRC.		假設乃根據有關香港及中國 的過往表現及管理層預期	
The management is not currently aware of any of probable changes that would necessitate changes in its estimates. No impairment loss has been recognised for year ended 30 June 2018 (2017: Nil).	key	管理層目前並不知悉導致 主要估計的任何其他可能 二零一八年六月三十日止 因減值測試確認減值虧損 年:無)。	鬱動。截 ∓度,概
NVENTORIES	22	存貨	

		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Finished goods	製成品	40,152	13,356

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23. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

23. 應收賬款及其他應收款項

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade receivables	應收賬款	21,424	772
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及其他應		
receivables	收款項	38,759	27,830
		60,183	28,602

The Group's trading terms with customers are mainly on credit. The credit terms generally range from 30 to 180 (2017: 30 to 180) days. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. For new customers, payment in advance is normally required. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by the directors.

本集團主要以信貸方式與客戶訂立交 易條款。信貸期一般介乎30至180天 (二零一七年:30至180天)不等。每 位客戶均有信貸上限。新客戶通常須 要提前付款。本集團力求對其尚未償 還應收款項維持嚴格監控。董事定期 檢閱逾期結餘。

The aging analysis of trade receivables, based on the invoice date, and net of allowance, is as follows:

應收賬項按發票日期之賬齡分析(已 扣除撥備)如下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$′000 千港元
0–90 days	0至90天	20,289	758
91–180 days	91至180天	220	10
181–360 days	181至360天	765	2
Over 360 days	超過360天	150	2
		21,424	772

The ageing analysis of trade receivables that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows: 並非個別或集體被視為將減值之應收 賬款賬齡分析如下:

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Not yet past due	尚未逾期	12,303	758
0–90 days past due	已逾期0至90天	8,071	10
91–180 days past due	已逾期91至180天	491	—
181–360 days past due	已逾期181至360天	559	4
		21,424	772

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23. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

24. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers who have no recent history of default and have kept good track records with the Group. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. Based on past experience, the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there are no significant change in their respective credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

23. 應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

已逾期但未減值之應收款項為多名在 本集團並無近期拖欠歷史及有良好往 績紀錄之獨立客戶。本集團並無就該 等結餘持有任何抵押品。根據以往經 驗,管理層相信由於該等結餘各自並 無重大信貸質素變動且仍視為可全數 收回,故無須就該等結餘作出減值撥 備。

24. 應收貸款

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$′000 千港元
Loan receivable, secured	應收貸款,有抵押	2,000	7,500
Loans receivable, unsecured	應收貸款,無抵押	22,843	17,510
Loan interests receivable, secured	應收貸款利息,有抵押	12	446
Loan interests receivable, unsecured	應收貸款利息,無抵押	791	443
		25,646	25,899

The loans granted are interest bearing at 9%-15% (2017: 9%-12%) per annum. The loan period is generally 3 to 12 (2017: 1 to 12) months. Loan receivable of approximately HK\$2,000,000 (2017: HK\$7,500,000) is secured over the property owned by the borrower. The directors of the Company monitored the collectibility of the loans receivable closely with reference to their respective current creditworthiness and repayment records.

獲授之貸款按年利率9%至15%(二零 一七年:9%至12%)計息。貸款期間 一般為3至12(二零一七年:1至12)個 月。應收貸款約2,000,000港元(二零 一七年:7,500,000港元)以借款人擁 有之物業作抵押。本公司董事參考其 個別目前信用度及還款記錄,密切監 察應受貸款的可收回性。

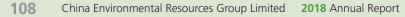
The ageing analysis of these loans and interests receivable, based on loan commencement or renewal date set out in the relevant contracts, is as follows:

根據相關合約載列的貸款開始或重續 日期的該等貸款及應收利息賬齡分析 如下:

		2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一十年
		 HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
0–90 days	0至90天	19,593	7,634
91–180 days	91至180天	— ·	10,319
181–360 days	181至360天	6,053	7,946
		25,646	25.899

As at 30 June 2018, loans receivable of approximately HK\$453,000 (2017: Nil) was past due by 181 to 360 days. The receivable that was past due but not impaired relates to an independent borrower that has a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment loss is necessary in respect of this balance as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balance is still considered fully recoverable.

於二零一八年六月三十日,應收貸款 約453,000港元(二零一七年:零)已 逾期181至360天。已逾期但未減值應 收款項與本集團一名往績記錄良好之 獨立借款人有關。根據過往經驗,本 公司董事認為,由於信貸質素並無重 大變動,且仍認為結餘可悉數收回, 因此毋須就此結餘減值虧損計提撥 備。



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25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH 25. 数 PROFIT OR LOSS

25. 透過損益按公允值計量之金融 資產

	2018	2017
	二零一八年	二零一七年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
 Equity securities listed in Hong Kong, 於香港上市之股本證券,		
at fair value 按公允值	1,098	1,264

The fair value of the listed equity securities was determined based on the quoted market bid prices of the corresponding listed equity securities.

26. REFUNDABLE SECURED DEPOSIT

1. Aland

The Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement and a supplemental agreement on 27 November 2013 and 16 December 2013, respectively, with an independent third party in relation to the acquisition of 100% equity interest of a target company and its subsidiaries which are mainly engaged in hotel operations in the PRC (the "Proposed Acquisition"). On 23 December 2013, an amount of HK\$150,000,000 was paid by the Group as refundable deposit. The refundable deposit was charged over the entire issued share capital of a Hong Kong subsidiary of the target company and was classified as secured deposit for acquisition of subsidiaries as at 30 June 2014.

According to the Company's announcement dated 28 October 2014, the Group and the vendor entered into a termination agreement to terminate the Proposed Acquisition because certain conditions precedent of the Proposed Acquisition were not satisfied. Pursuant to the termination agreement, the Group and the vendor agreed that the refundable deposit shall be refunded to the Group by three installments including HK\$60,000,000; HK\$45,000,000; and HK\$45,000,000, repayable on 10 November 2014, 27 January 2015 and 27 April 2015, respectively. The first installment of HK\$60,000,000 was received by the Company on 7 November 2014.

上市股本證券之公允值乃根據相應上 市股本證券的所報市場購入價釐定。

26. 可退還已抵押按金

本集團與一名獨立第三方於二零一三 年十一月二十七日及二零一三年十二 月十六日分別訂立買賣協議及補充協 議,內容有關收購目標公司及其附屬 公司之100%股本權益,目標集收購 要於中國從事酒店業務(「建議收購團主 要於中國從事酒店業務(「建議收購 」)。於二零一三年十二月二十三 日,本集團支付150,000,000港元,作 為可退還按金。於二零一四年六月 三十日,該筆可退還按金已就目標公 司一間香港附屬公司之全部已發行股 本作抵押,並分類為就收購附屬公司 已抵押按金。

根據本公司日期為二零一四年十月 二十八日之公佈,本集團與賣方訂立 終止協議以終止建議收購事項,因為 建議收購事項之若干先決條件尚未達 成。根據終止協議,本集團與賣方協 定,可退還按金將分三期退還予本集 明,包括分別須於二零一四年十一月 十日、二零一五年一月二十七日及二 零一五年四月二十七日償還 60,000,000港元。本公司已於二零 一四年十一月七日收取第一期退款 60,000,000港元。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

26. REFUNDABLE SECURED DEPOSIT (CONTINUED)

According to the Company's announcement dated 18 June 2015, the Group and the vendor entered into a supplemental termination agreement to amend certain terms of the termination agreement relating to the refund of the remaining refundable deposit. Pursuant to the supplemental termination agreement, the Group and the vendor have agreed that the remaining refundable deposit shall be refunded to the Group by two installments including HK\$20,000,000 and HK\$70,000,000, together with interest as calculated at 5% per annum, repayable on 18 June 2015 and 19 November 2015, respectively. The second installment of HK\$20,000,000 together with interest was received by the Group on 18 June 2015. During the year ended 30 June 2018, the Group received deposit refund of HK\$58,000,000 together with interest income of HK\$2,000,000. The deposit of HK\$12,000,000 was overdue as at 30 June 2018 (2017: HK\$70,000,000).

No provision for impairment has been made as the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the outstanding refundable deposit is fully recoverable.

27. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

26. 可退還已抵押按金(續)

根據本公司日期為二零一五年六月 十八日之公佈,本集團與賣方訂立-份補充終止協議,以就退還餘下可退 還按金修訂終止協議之若干條款。根 據 補 充 終 止 協 議,本 集 團 與 賣 方 協 定,餘下可退還按金(包括 20,000,000港元及70,000,000港元連 同按年利率5%計算之利息)將分兩期 退還予本集團,分別於二零一五年六 月十八日及二零一五年十一月十九日 償付。本集團已於二零一五年六月 十八日接獲第二期款項20,000,000港 元連同利息。於截至二零一八年六月 三十日止年度,本集團收取按金退款 58,000,000港 元 連 同 利 息 收 入 2,000,000港元。於二零一八年六月 三十日,按金12,000,000港元已逾期 (二零一七年:70,000,000港元)。

由於本公司董事認為尚未償還可退還 按金可悉數收回,因此並無作出減值 撥備。

27. 應付賬款及其他應付款項

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade payables	應付賬款	717	3
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	22,299	17,150
		23.016	17 153

The aging analysis of trade payables, based on the date of receipt of goods, is as follows:

應付賬款按收貨日期之賬齡分析如 下:

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
0–90 days	0至90天	66	3
91–180 days	91至180天	69	—
181–360 days	181至360天	582	—
		717	3

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28. DEFERRED TAX

28. 遞延税項

The movements in deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

遞延税項負債變動如下:

			Fair value adjustment on biological assets	Operating rights	Total
		入損益之金融資產		經營權	總額
		HK\$'000		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 July 2016	於二零一六年七月 一日	15	136,806	27,503	164,324
Credited to profit or loss for the year (note 12)	年內於損益扣除 (附註12)	(15)	(8,308)	(1,198)	(9,521)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	—	(1,993)	(396)	(2,389)
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	於二零一七年六月 三十日及二零 一七年七月一日	_	126,505	25,909	152,414
Credited to profit or loss for the year (note 12)	年內於損益扣除 (附註12)	_	(43,671)	(1,265)	(44,936)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	—	4,399	784	5,183
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年六月 三十日	_	87,233	25,428	112,661

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$66,065,000 (2017: HK\$62,728,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$13,274,000 (equivalent to RMB11,200,000) (2017: HK\$12,151,000 (equivalent to RMB10,555,000)) that will expire in 5 years from the year of origination. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

1. I. A. W.

於報告期末,本集團未動用税項虧損 66,065,000港元(二零一七年: 62,728,000港元)可供對銷未來溢 利。由於無法預計未來溢利來源,故 並無就未動用税項虧損確認遞延税項 資產。計入未確認税項虧損約 13,274,000港元(相等於人民幣 11,200,000元)(二零一七年: 12,151,000港元(相等於約人民幣 10,555,000元))將自起始年度起計5 年屆滿。其他税項虧損可能無限期結 轉。

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29. PROMISSORY NOTE

On 6 June 2017, the Company acquired industrial properties as set out in note 18 by issuing Promissory Note (the "PN") with a principal amount of HK\$30,000,000 as a partial settlement of the consideration. The fair value of the PN was assessed to be approximately HK\$28,720,000 on 6 June 2017 by Roma. The PN is unsecured, denominated in HK\$, interest bearing at a fixed rate of 6% per annum and mature on 5 June 2019.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the PN is determined based on the present value of the contractual stream of future cash flows discounted at 8.08% per annum. The discount rate is determined with reference to the yield rate with credit rating and duration similar to the PN.

The movements of the carrying amount of the PN are set out below:

29. 承兑票據

於二零一七年六月六日,誠如附註18 所載,本公司以本金額為30,000,000 港元的承兑票據(「承兑票據」)收購工 業物業,作為部分清償代價。羅馬國 際於二零一七年六月六日評估的承兑 票據公允值約為28,720,000港元。承 兑票據為無抵押、以港元計值、按固 定年利率6%計息,並於二零一九年 六月五日到期。

於初步確認時,承兑票據的公允值乃 按合約未來現金流量的現時價值每年 折讓8.08%釐定。折讓率乃經參考與 承兑票據類似的信貸評級收益率及期 間而釐定。

下文載列承兑票據賬面值的變動:

		HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 July 2016	於二零一六年七月一日	_
PN issued on 6 June 2017	於二零一七年六月六日發行	
	的承兑票據	28,720
Interest charged calculated at effective interest rate	按實際利率計算的已收利息	161
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	於二零一七年六月三十日及 二零一七年七月一日	28,881
Interest charged calculated at effective interest rate	按實際利率計算的已收利息	443
Loss on settlement of PN	結算承兑票據虧損	1,144
Repayment of PN	償還承兑票據	(30,468)
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年六月三十日	_

30. SHARE CAPITAL

30. 股本

		2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 15,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each	法定: 每股面值0.02港元之 15,000,000,000股普通股	300,000	300,000
Issued and fully paid: 2,036,538,114 (2017: 1,697,138,114) ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each	已發行及繳足: 每股面值0.02港元之 2,036,538,114股普通股 (二零一七年: 1,697,138,114股)	40,731	33,943

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30. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

30. 股本(續)

A summary of the movements in issued share capital of the Company is as follows:

本公司已發行股本之變動概要如下:

		Number of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 July 2016, 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	於二零一六年七月一日、 二零一七年六月三十日		
	及二零一七年七月一日	1,697,138,114	33,943
Placement of new shares (note)	配售新股(附註)	339,400,000	6,788
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年六月三十日	2,036,538,114	40,731

Note:

On 12 March 2018, the Company entered into a placing agreement with a placing agent in respect of the placement of 339,400,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each to independent investors at a price of HK\$0.255 per share. The placement was completed on 6 April 2018 and the premium on the issue of shares amounting to approximately HK\$77,345,000, after net of share issue expenses of approximately HK\$2,414,000, was credited to the Company's share premium account.

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

1. A. A. M

Equity-settled share option scheme

The existing share option scheme of the Company was approved on 11 November 2015 ("Share Option Scheme") (the 10% general limit under the said share option scheme has been refreshed pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 11 November 2015). The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide the Group with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, and/or providing benefits to the participant and to provide the participant with the opportunity to acquire a personal stake in the Group and to build common objectives of the Group and the participant for the betterment of business and profitability of the Group and its shareholders as a whole.

The Board of Directors may, at their discretion, invite any participant to take up options. An option is deemed to have been granted and accepted by the grantee upon his or her signing the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the option and paying HK\$1 by way of consideration for the grant thereof.

附註:

於二零一八年三月十二日,本公司與配售代 理訂立配售協議,內容有關按每股0.255港元 向獨立投資者配售339,400,000股每股面值 0.02港元之普通股。配售已於二零一八年四 月六日完成,股份發行之溢價約為 77,345,000港元(經扣除股份發行開支約 2,414,000港元),已計入本公司之股份溢價 賬內。

31. 以股份為基礎的付款

以股權結算之購股權計劃

本公司現行購股權計劃於二零一五年 十一月十一日獲批准(「購股權計劃」) (本公司於二零一五年十一月十一日 舉行的股東週年大會獲股東通過決議 案更新購股權計劃的10%一般上限)。購股權計劃旨在以靈活方式向 參與者給予獎勵、獎賞、酬金及/或 提供福利,以及給予參與者於本集團 持有個人權益之機會,並讓本集團與 參與者之間建立共同目標,以改善本 集團之業務及盈利能力和提升股東整 體價值。

董事會可酌情邀請任何參與者接納購 股權。承授人簽署一式兩份表示接納 購股權之函件及支付1港元作為接納 購股權之代價後,購股權將被視為已 授出及獲承授人接納。

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31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

The subscription price for shares in the Company under the Share Option Scheme will be the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares in the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date (which date must be a business day); (ii) a price being the average of the closing prices of the shares in the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

The total number of shares in the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of shares in the Company in issue as at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme. An option may be exercised during a period to be determined by the directors in its absolute discretion and in any such period shall not be longer than 10 years from the date upon which the option is granted.

The maximum entitlement for any one participant is that the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each participant under the Share Option Scheme in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue of the Company. Any further grant of options in excess of the 1% limit shall be subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting with such participant and his or her associates abstaining from voting. The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years from the date upon which the option is deemed to be granted and accepted.

31. 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

以股權結算之購股權計劃(續)

根據購股權計劃,本公司股份認購價 須為以下各項之最高者:(i)提呈購股 權當日(必須為營業日)在聯交所每日 報價表所報本公司股份收市價;(ii)緊 接提呈購股權當日前五個營業日聯交 所每日報價表所報本公司股份收市價 的平均價;及(iii)本公司股份面值。

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購 股權計劃授出之全部購股權獲行使而 可發行之本公司股份總數,合共不得 超過於批准購股權計劃當日本公司已 發行股份總數的10%。購股權可於董 事全權酌情釐定之期間內行使,惟在 任何情況下,有關期間不得遲於購股 權授出日期後10年。

根據購股權計劃,任何一名參與者在 任何十二個月期間內因行使獲授購股 權而發行或將發行之股份總數最高配 額,不得超過本公司已發行股份總數 1%。進一步授出超逾1%限額之購股 權,須經股東於股東大會批准,而該 名參與者及其聯繫人不得就此投票。 購股權計劃於購股權被視為已授出及 接納之日期起計10年期間內有效。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

31. 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

Details of the movements of share options are as follows:

以股權結算之購股權計劃(續)

購股權變動之詳情如下:

				Numbe	Number of share options 購股權數目		
Grantees	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise price per share	Balance as at 1 July 2016, 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017 於二零一六午 七月一日、 二零一七年 六月三十日及	Granted during the year	Balance as at 30 June 2018	
承授人	授出日期	行使期	毎股 行使價 (HK\$) (港元)	二零一七年 七月一日授出 之後餘額	年內授出	二零一八年 六月三十日 之結餘	
Executive Directors	22 April 2016	22 April 2016 – 21 April 2026	0.2064	42,428,451		42,428,451	
執行董事	二零一六年 四月二十二日	二零一六年四月二十二日 至二零二六年四月 二十一日					
executive Directors	5 June 2018	5 June 2018 – 4 June 2028	0.3170	—	9,900,000	9,900,000	
執行董事	二零一八年 六月五日	二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日					
Chief executive officer	22 April 2016	22 April 2016 – 21 April 2026	0.2064	14,142,817	—	14,142,81	
行政總裁	二零一六年 四月二十二日	二零一六年四月二十二日 至二零二六年四月 二十一日					
Chief executive officer	5 June 2018	5 June 2018 – 4 June 2028	0.3170	-	2,800,000	2,800,00	
行政總裁	二零一八年 六月五日	二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日					
ndependent non- executive directors	5 June 2018	5 June 2018 – 4 June 2028	0.3170	-	3,000,000	3,000,00	
蜀立非執行董事	二零一八年 六月五日	二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日					
An employee	22 April 2016	22 April 2016 – 21 April 2026	0.2064	14,142,817	—	14,142,81	
一名僱員	二零一六年 四月二十二日	二零一六年四月二十二日 至二零二六年四月 二十一日					
Employees	5 June 2018	5 June 2018 – 4 June 2028	0.3170	-	18,800,000	18,800,00	
雇員	二零一八年 六月五日	二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日					
Consultants	5 June 2018	5 June 2018 – 4 June 2028	0.3170	-	20,400,000	20,400,00	
顧問	二零一八年 六月五日	二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日					
				70,714,085	54,900,000	125,614,085	

加權平均行使價(港元)

1. 1. A.M.

0.2064

0.2547

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

31. 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

The fair value of share options was calculated using the binomial pricing model. The inputs into the model are as follows:

已授出的購股權之公允值乃使用二項 期權定價模型計算。該模型之主要輸 入數據如下:

以股權結算之購股權計劃(續)

Date of grant 授出日期		22 April 2016 二零一六年 四月二十二日	5 June 2018 二零一八年 六月五日
Stock price	股價	 HK\$0.198港元	HK\$0.315港元
Strike price	行使價	HK\$0.2064港元	HK\$0.317港元
Historical volatility	歷史波幅	96.86%	47.82%
Contractual life	合約年期	10	10
Risk free rate	無風險利率	1.311%	2.125%
Dividend yield	股息收益率	0%	0%
Early exercise multiple	提早行使倍數	2.8	2.2-至2.8
Exit rate per annum	年流失率	22.92%	0%-至27.32%

Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous 10 years. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on the Group's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

預期波幅乃根據本公司股價於過往十 年之歷史波幅而釐定。定價模式所用 之預計年期已根據本集團之最佳估 計,就不可轉讓、行使限制及行為因 素所造成之影響予以調整。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT 32. 綜合現金: OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Acquisition of subsidiaries

On 6 June 2017, the Group acquired assets and liabilities by way of acquisition of 80% equity interest of Warner Investments Limited at a consideration of approximately HK\$58,720,000, which was settled by cash and PN.

32. 綜合現金流量表之附註

(a) 收購附屬公司

於二零一七年六月六日,本集 團以收購華盟投資有限公司 80%股本權益的方式收購資產 及負債,代價約為58,720,000港 元,以現金及承兑票據結付。

Assets and liabilities acquired:		HK\$'000
		千港元
Investment properties	投資物業	80,674
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	198
Accruals and other payables	應計款項及其他應付款項	(2,375)
Amount due to shareholder	應付股東款項	(5,097)
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益	(14,680)
		58,720
Satisfied by:	已下列各項結付:	
Cash	現金	30,000
PN	承兑票據	28,720
		58,720
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	收購事項產生的現金流出 淨額:	
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	(30,000)
Acquisition cost paid	已付收購成本	(694)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	已收購之現金及等同現金	
	項目	198
		(30,496)

There is no significant change to the Group's revenue and loss for the year if the acquisitions had been completed on 1 July 2016. 倘收購事項於二零一六年七月 一日完成,則不會對本集團的 年內收益及虧損造成重大影響。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

32. 綜合現金流量表之附註(續)

於出售日期的資產/(負債)淨

(b) Disposal of subsidiaries

(b) 出售附屬公司

額如下:

Net assets/(liabilities) at the date of disposals are as follows:

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(notes (i) & (ii))	(note (iii))
		(附註(i)及(ii))	(附註(iii))
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及其他		
receivables	應收款項	17	—
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	2	—
Accruals and other payables	應計款項及其他應付款項	(15)	(25)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	7	7
Net assets/(liabilities) disposed	已出售資產/(負債)淨額		
of		11	(18)
Total consideration	總代價	-	1
Loss/(gain) on disposals of	出售附屬公司之虧損/		
subsidiaries	(收益)	11	(17)
Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	出售產生的現金流出淨額:		
Cash and cash equivalents	已出售現金及等同現金		
disposed of	項目	(2)	—
		7/4	

Notes:

- On 31 May 2018, the Group disposed of all its shares in World System Development Limited for a consideration of HK\$51.
- On 29 June 2018, the Group disposed of all its shares in Triple Harvest Holdings Limited for a consideration of HK\$8.
- On 25 July 2016, the Group disposed of all of its 70% of the issued share capital of Wise Win Holdings Limited for a consideration of HK\$546.

附註:

(i) 於二零一八年五月三十一日, 本集團已出售永得發展有限公司之全部股份,作價為51港元。

(ii) 於二零一八年六月二十九日, 本集團已出售之全部股份,作 價為8港元。

 (iii) 於二零一六年七月二十五日, 本集團出售其全部70%的Wise Win Holdings Limited已發行股 本,作價為546港元。

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT 32. 綜合現金流量表之附註(續) **OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)**

(c) 融資活動產生之負債變動

(c) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

The following table shows the Group's changes in liabilities arising from financing activities during the year:

下表列示年內本集團融資活動 產生之負債變動:

		Borrowings	PN	Tota liabilitie fror financin activitie 融資活動產生
		借款	承兑票據	之總負伯
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		千港元	千港元	千港
At 1 July 2017	於二零一七年七月一日		28,881	28,88
Changes in cash flows	現金流量變動	(105)	(30,468)	(30,57
Non-cash changes	非現金變動			
— interest charged	一已計利息	105	443	54
— loss on settlement of PN	一 結算承兑票據虧損	_	1,144	1,14
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年 六月三十日	_	_	_

33. DEREGISTRATION OF SUBSIDIARIES

33. 註銷附屬公司

Net liabilities of the subsidiaries at the date of deregistration are as follows:

於註銷日期附屬公司之負債淨額如 下:

			2017 二零一七年
		_ — — 八 म HK\$′000	_ — ≪ — 1_ + HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(note (i)) (附註(i))	(note (ii)) (附註(ii))
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他 應收款項	65	_
Accruals and other payables	應計款項及其他應付款項	(2,662)	(4,864)
Net liabilities disposed of	已出售負債淨額	(2,597)	(4,864)
Release of cumulative foreign currency translation reserve	累計外匯儲備撥回	39	_
Gain on deregistration/disposals of subsidiaries	註銷/出售附屬公司之 收益	(2,558)	(4,864)

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

33. DEREGISTRATION OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Notes:

33. 註銷附屬公司(續)

附註:

- (i) Bright Delight Group Limited and 新疆普德士生物有限公司 were deregistered on 1 May 2018 and 1 June 2018, respectively.
- The deregistration of Bright Delight Asia-Pacific Research Macao (ii) Commercial Offshore Co. Limited was completed on 31 October 2016.

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE **COMPANY AND RESERVES**

(a) Statement of financial position of the Company

- Bright Delight Group Limited及新疆普 (i) 德士生物有限公司已分別於二零一八 年五月一日及二零一八年六月一日註 銷。
- 朗悦亞洲研究(澳門離岸商業服務)有 (ii) 限公司已於二零一六年十月三十一日 完成註銷。

34. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備

(a) 本公司之財務狀況表

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
Non-current assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	10	15,730
Current assets	流動資產		
Prepayments, deposits and other			
receivables	應收款項	947	924
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	782,504	743,934
Bank balances	銀行結餘	300	3,813
		783,751	748,671
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款項	7,365	6,897
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	_	19,354
		7,365	26,251
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	776,386	722,420
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債	776,396	738,150
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Promissory note	承兑票據	_	28,881
NET ASSETS	資產淨額	776,396	709,269
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	40,731	33,943
Reserves	儲備	735,665	675,326
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額	776,396	709,269

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 34. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備 COMPANY AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(續)

(b) Reserves of the Company

(b) 本公司儲備

		premium 股份溢價賬	Share-based compensation reserve 股份酬金儲備	Accumulated losses 累計虧損	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 工进一	HK\$'000 工进元	HK\$'000 工进二	HK\$'000 千港元
		千港元	千港元	千港元	一 一 他 儿
At 1 July 2016	於二零一六年 七月一日	1,133,156	6,923	(449,869)	690,210
Loss for the year	年度虧損	—	—	(14,884)	(14,884)
At 30 June 2017	於二零一七年 六月三十日	1,133,156	6,923	(464,753)	675,326
At 1 July 2017	於二零一七年 七月一日	1,133,156	6,923	(464,753)	675,326
Loss for the year	年度虧損	—	—	(25,926)	(25,926)
Placing of new shares under general mandate		77,345	_	_	77,345
Recognition of equity- settled share-based payments	確認以權益結算以股 份為基礎付款	_	8,920	_	8,920
At 30 June 2018	於二零一八年 六月三十日	1,210,501	15,843	(490,679)	735,665

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves of the Group

(i) Share premium account

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Statutory reserve

In accordance with the relevant regulations of the PRC, the group entities established in the PRC are required to transfer a certain percentage of the profit after tax, if any, to a statutory reserve. Subject to certain restrictions as set out in the relevant regulations, the statutory reserve may be used to offset the accumulated losses, if any, of the group entities.

(c) 本集團儲備之性質及用途

(i)

股份溢價賬 根據開曼群島公司法,本 公司股份溢價賬之資金可 分派予本公司股東,惟前 提是緊隨建議分派股息日 期後,本公司將能夠在日 常業務過程中償還到期債 項。

(ii) 法定儲備 根據中國相關法規,於中 國成立之集團實體須將若 干比例之除税後溢利(如 有)轉撥至法定儲備。在 遵守相關法規所載之若干 限制的情況下,法定儲備 可用作抵銷集團實體之累 計虧損(如有)。



For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves of the Group (Continued)

(iii) Capital reserve

Capital reserve represents the difference between the capital injection made by the Company over the nominal value of the registered capital of the PRC subsidiaries.

(iv) Share-based compensation reserve

Share-based compensation reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to directors and employees of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for equity-settled share-based payments in note 3.

(v) Foreign currency translation reserve

Foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 3.

35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities at 30 June 2018 and 2017.

36. COMMITMENTS

As at 30 June 2018, the total future minimum lease payments of the Group under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

34. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備 (續)

- (c) 本集團儲備之性質及用途 (續)
 - (iii) 資本儲備 資本儲備指本公司注入之 資金與中國附屬公司註冊 資本面值之間的差額。
 - (iv) 股份酬金儲備 股份酬金儲備指已根據就 以股權結算以股份支付的 款項(見附註3)採納之會 計政策,確認向本集團董 事及僱員授出之實際或估 計數目之未行使購股權之 公允值。
 - (v) 外匯儲備 外匯儲備包括換算海外業 務財務報表所產生之所有 匯兑差異。有關儲備根據 附註3所載之會計政策處 理。

35. 或然負債

本集團於二零一八年及二零一七年六月三十日並無任何重大或然負債。

36. 承擔

於二零一八年六月三十日,本集團根 據不可撤銷經營租賃未來應付之最低 租金總額如下:

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	3,143	4,535
In the second to fifth years inclusive	第二年至第五年		
	(包括首尾兩年)	1,983	706
After five years	五年後	533	553
		5,659	5,794

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

36. COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for office premises. Leases are negotiated for an average term of 1 to 3 years and rentals are fixed over the lease terms and do not include contingent rentals.

In addition, a subsidiary of the Company has contracted to use and operate certain plantation land with an initial lease term of 30 years with annual concession fee payable of RMB30,000.

37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions.

36. 承擔(續)

經營租賃付款指本集團就辦事處物業 須支付之租金。租賃經磋商,平均租 期為1至3年,租期內之租金為固定, 且不包括或然租金。

此外,本公司之一間附屬公司已訂立 合約使用及經營若干種植土地,初步 租期為30年,應付年度特許費用為人 民幣30,000元。

37. 關連人士交易

(a) 除於該等綜合財務報表其他部分披露之交易及結餘外,年內,本集團訂立以下重大關連人士交易。

	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
租賃開支 <i>(附註(a))</i>	2,085	2,077
向一間關連公司銷售 <i>(附註(b))</i>	112	_
自一間關連公司採購 <i>(附註(b))</i>	45	_
向一名董事楊智恒先生 銷售	_	375
	向一間關連公司銷售 <i>(附註(b))</i> 自一間關連公司採購 <i>(附註(b))</i> 向一名董事楊智恒先生	二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 租賃開支(<i>附註(a)</i>) 2,085 向一間關連公司銷售 (<i>附註(b</i>)) 112 自一間關連公司採購 (<i>附註(b</i>)) 45 向一名董事楊智恒先生 45

Notes:

1. 1. A. M. M

- (a) Rental expenses were paid to a company in which the mother of Mr. Yeung Chi Hang, Chairman and Chief Executive Director of the Company, has 50% indirect equity interest.
- (b) Goods were Sold to and purchased from a company whose director is the spouse of a director of the Company's subsidiary.

(b) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors and all the highest paid employees, is disclosed in note 14.

附註:

- (a) 租賃開支已支付予本公司主席 兼行政總裁楊智恒先生之母 親,其擁有50%間接股本權益 的公司。
- (b) 向一間公司銷售及自一間公司 採購貨品,該公司董事為本公 司附屬公司一名董事之配偶。
- (b) 主要管理人員薪酬

本集團主要管理人員之薪酬包 括支付予本公司董事及全體最 高薪酬僱員之款項,於附註14 披露。

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38. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES OF THE 38. 本公司附屬公司詳情 **COMPANY**

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries as at 30 June 2018 are as follows:

於二零一八年六月三十日,本公司附 屬公司之詳情如下:

Name of the subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration	Issued and paid-up/ registered capital		tage of p interest	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱			百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務	
Cai Jin Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	_	Investment holding
財進有限公司	英屬處女群島	1美元			投資控股
Gold Vantage Forestry Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	—	100%	Investment holding
凱金林業有限公司	香港	1港元			投資控股
Grand Diamond Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	_	Provision of money lending services
君鑽投資有限公司	香港	1港元			提供借貸服務
International Richway Limited	Hong Kong	НК\$1	100%	_	Provision of management services
國際富旭有限公司	香港	1港元			提供管理服務
Mega Choice Holdings Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	—	Securities trading and investments
	英屬處女群島	1美元			證券買賣及投資
Prima Choice Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	—	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	1美元			投資控股
Harvest Top Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	—	100%	Property investment
潤昇發展有限公司	香港	10,000港元			物業投資
Wide World Inc.	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	_	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	1美元			投資控股
Elise Company Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%		Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	1美元			投資控股

For the year ended 30 June 2018 截至二零一八年六月三十日止年度

38. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES OF THE 38. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Name of the subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration	Issued and paid-up/ registered capital		tage of p interest	Principal activities	
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立/ 註冊地點	已發行及繳足/ 註冊資本	所有權		主要業務	
			Direct Indirect 直接 間接			
BAC HK Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	_	90%	Distributer and trading of motor vehicles and related accessories	
	香港	10,000港元			分銷商及買賣汽車 及相關配件	
Power Asia Motorsport Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	_	90%	Distributer and trading of motor vehicles and related accessories	
	香港	10,000港元			分銷商及買賣汽車 及相關配件	
佛山凱金林業有限公司	The PRC	RMB600,000	-	100%	Plantation related business	
	中國	人民幣600,000元			種植相關業務	
Goodland Union Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	_	Investment holding	
	英屬處女群島	1美元			投資控股	
Allied Spread Limited 揚盟有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$ 1 1港元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Powerful Elite Limited 源宏有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100%	_	Dormant 並無業務	
First Rank Corporation	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	_	Investment holding	
	英屬處女群島	1美元			投資控股	
Warner Investments Limited 華盟投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000 1,000港元	_	80%	Investment holding 投資控股	
東莞大新科技有限公司	The PRC 中國	HK\$77,000,000 77,000,000港元	_	80%	Property investmen ⁻ 物業投資	



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38. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES OF THE 38. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Name of the subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/	lssued and paid- up/registered capital 已發行及繳足/	Percent ownership		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊地點	こ 愛 行 及 融 定 / 註 冊 資 本	所有權 Direct 直接	百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Well Harvest Corporation	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	_	Dormant
	英屬處女群島	1美元			並無業務
CER Ho Wun Motors Limited (Formerly known as Grand Riches Limited)	Hong Kong	HK\$100	_	51%	Trading of motor vehicle accessories
好運車業有限公司 (前稱浩益有限公司)	香港	100港元			買賣汽車配件
Bright Race Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	—	100%	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島	1美元			投資控股
Jumbo Well Limited 雋璟有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	_	100%	Dormant 並無業務
CER Motorsport Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100 100港元	_	60%	Provision of services 提供服務
上海峰茗貿易有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元		100% 100%	Dormant 並無業務
Classic Noble Inc.	The British Virgin	US\$1	—	100%	Investment holding
	Islands 英屬處女群島	1美元		100%	投資控股
Samuel Environmental Resources (International) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	—	100%	Investment holding
森淼環保產業(國際) 有限公司	香港	1港元	—	100%	投資控股
Samuel Environmental Resources (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	_	100%	Dormant
森淼環保產業(香港) 有限公司	香港	1港元	—	100%	並無業務
Peak Environmental Resources Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$7,000,000	—	100%	Trading of recycled metals
高源環保產業有限公司	香港	7,000,000港元	_	100%	買賣回收金屬
Reward Pinnacle Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	_	100%	Dormant
	英屬處女群島	1美元	_	100%	暫無業務

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39. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. 1. A.

39. 通過財務報表

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 September 2018. 綜合財務報表於二零一八年九月 二十八日獲董事會通過並授權發行。 A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements and reclassified as appropriate, is set out below.

本集團對上五個財政年度的業績及資產及 負債之概要載於下文,內容乃摘錄自已刊 發之經審核財務報表,並於適當情況下重 新分類。

RESULTS 業績				years ended: 六月三十日止:		
		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
		二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)		
		(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)		
Turnover	營業額	212,276	13,971	13,365	2,733	9,955
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(205,061)	(38,442)	(86,937)	(84,601)	(79,070)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	44,475	9,238	16,704	15,700	9,909
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(160,586)	(29,204)	(70,233)	(68,901)	(69,161)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	其他全面收入/ (虧損)	17,830	(6,852)	(36,979)	1,246	(12,262)
Total comprehensive loss	年度全面虧損總額					
for the year		(142,756)	(36,056)	(107,212)	(67,655)	(81,423)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to:	以下人士應佔年度全 面虧損總額:					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(142,235)	(34,582)	(106,935)	(67,655)	(81,423)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(521)	(1,474)	(277)	_	_
		(142,756)	(36,056)	(107,212)	(67,655)	(81,423)

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES As at 30 June 資產及負債 於六月三十日 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 **二零一八年** 二零一七年 二零一六年 二零一五年 二零一四年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 (Restated) (Restated) (Restated) (經重列) (經重列) (經重列) Non-current assets 非流動資產 767,728 882,423 835,087 801,026 991,919 流動資產 152,136 184,770 78,946 Current assets 152,106 200,491 Current liabilities 流動負債 (24, 218)(20,613) (17, 234)(16,017)(15, 949)非流動負債 Non-current liabilities (112, 661)(181, 295)(164, 324)(193,745)(211, 227)Net assets 資產淨值 782,955 832,651 854,020 776,034 843,689 以下人士應佔: Attributable to: Owners of the 本公司擁有人 Company 770,542 819,724 854,306 776,034 843,689 Non-controlling 非控股權益 interests 12,413 12,927 (286)____ **Total equity** 權益總額 782,955 832,651 854,020 776,034 843,689