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Corporate Information

公司資料

Board of Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. Yang Yirong (Chairman & President)

Mr. Gong Xionghui

Ms. Lu Jiahua

Mr. Lin Like

Mr. Han Huan Guang

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Feng Tao (Vice Chairman)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Yau Fook Chuen

Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John

Dr. Zheng Lansun

Board Committees

Audit Committee

Mr. Yau Fook Chuen (Chairman)

Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John

Dr. Zheng Lansun

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Han Huan Guang (Chairman)

Mr. Yau Fook Chuen

Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John

Dr. Zheng Lansun

Company secretary

Mr. Lam Kwok Kin FCCA, FCPA

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Principal bankers

Bank of Communications

The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

Agricultural Bank of China

China Merchants Bank

China Citic Bank

董事會

執行董事

楊毅融先生(主席兼總裁)

龔雄輝先生

盧家華女士

林力克先生

韓歡光先生

非執行董事

馮濤先生(副主席)

獨立非執行董事

丘福全先生

黄翼忠先生

鄭蘭蓀博士

董事委員會

審核委員會

丘福全先生(主席)

黄翼忠先生

鄭蘭蓀博士

薪酬委員會

韓歡光先生(主席)

丘福全先生

黄翼忠先生

鄭蘭蓀博士

公司秘書

林國健先生FCCA, FCPA

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

主要往來銀行

交通銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

中國農業銀行

招商銀行

中信銀行

Corporate Information

公司資料

Registered office

Century Yard Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 GT, George Town Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands British West Indies

Head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong

Suite 3706, 37th Floor Central Plaza 18 Harbour Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

Principal share registrar and transfer office

Bank of Bermuda (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 513 GT 2nd Floor, Strathvale House North Church Street, George Town Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands British West Indies

Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office

Tricor Tengis Limited 26th Floor Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

Website

http://www.ecogreen.com

Stock Codes

Stock Exchange, Hong Kong: 2341
Access to Reuters: 2341.HK
Access to Bloomberg: 2341 HK Equity

Shareholders' calendar

Book closing dates for the proposed final dividend: 7 May 2008 to 9 May 2008 (both days inclusive)

Record date for the proposed final dividend:

9 May 2008

2008 Annual General Meeting:

9 May 2008

Payment date for the proposed final dividend:

19 May 2008

註冊辦事處

Century Yard Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 GT, George Town Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands British West Indies

總辦事處兼香港主要營業地點

香港灣仔 港灣道18號 中環廣場 37樓3706室

股份過戶登記總處

Bank of Bermuda (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 513 GT 2nd Floor, Strathvale House North Church Street, George Town Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands British West Indies

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心 26樓

網址

http://www.ecogreen.com

股份代號

香港聯交所: 2341 路透社版面: 2341.HK 彭博版面: 2341 HK Equity

股東日誌

就擬派末期股息暫停辦理股份過戶登記日期:

二零零八年五月七日至

二零零八年五月九日(包括首尾兩日)

擬派末期股息記錄日期:

二零零八年五月九日

二零零八年股東週年大會日期:

二零零八年五月九日

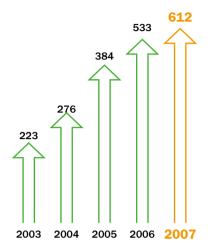
擬派末期股息派付日期:

二零零八年五月十九日

Financial Highlights 財務摘要

Turnover 營業額

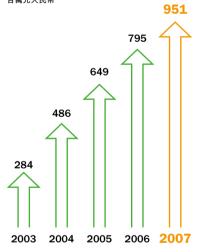
RMB Million 百萬元人民幣



Total Assets

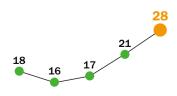
資產總值

RMB Million 百萬元人民幣



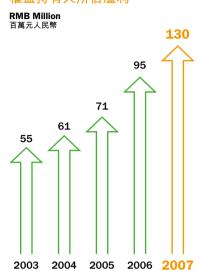
Earnings Per Share – Basic 每股盈利-基本

RMB Cents 人民幣仙



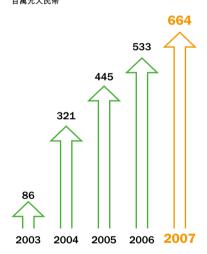
2003 2004 2005 2006 2007

Profit Attributable to Equity Holders 權益持有人所佔溢利

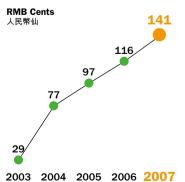


Equity Attributable to Equity Holders 權益持有人所佔權益

RMB Million 百萬元人民幣



Net Assets Per Share 每股資產淨值



主席報告書

EcoGreen is the leading fine chemicals company in the PRC **Further advanced towards to be one of the most influential**

flavour and fragrance suppliers 中怡是中國領先的精細化工公司 進一步向全球其中一間 最具影響力之

香料供應商進發

Review

2007 is a year full of challenges and opportunities for the Group. For the year ended 31 December 2007, driven by a strong growth in the sales of our mainstream products, the growth momentum in its overall sales and profits for the whole year remained the same as the previous year, which demonstrated the Group's continuous efforts to enhance its management effectiveness and competitiveness as well as the brand recognition of the Group in the global market, which enabled the Group to become one of the worldwide influential fragrance suppliers. During the period, the Group recorded a turnover of RMB612.2 million, while profit amounted to RMB130.5 million, representing profit of RMB0.28 per share. To express our gratitude to the shareholders' support, the Board recommended to declare a final dividend of HK3.5 cents per share for the year.

回顧

主席報告書



During the year, the operation of the Group experienced tough challenges. Firstly, the significant reduction in export tax rebate rate, together with the continuing rapid appreciation of Renminbi during the year, exerted considerable pressure on the Group's export to the global market. Moreover, prices of major raw materials remained stable but still at high levels in 2007. Lastly, the PRC's macro-economic measures brought increasing pressure of tightened liquidity and increased borrowing costs on the Group. Under such circumstances, the Group still achieved satisfactory operating results, mainly attributable to the timely implementation of efficient measures. Firstly, the Group had taken the exchange rate into account during the negotiation of annual orders, in the anticipation of Renminbi appreciation at the end of 2006, which successfully reduced the impact of Renminbi appreciation. We successfully achieved the agreement on sharing the loss from lowered export tax rebate with our overseas customers in mid 2007 when export policies were amended. In addition, benefited from the consistent efforts in production management and continuous advancement in production techniques and processes, the Group further decreased its costs of product mix during the year. Under these conditions, one of the Group's mainstream products, Dihydromyrcenol, still achieved a 28% global sales growth, reflecting the Group's outstanding competitiveness in the global aroma chemicals market.

年內,本集團的經營實際上經歷了較為嚴峻的 挑戰。首先,年內出口產品退稅率的大幅降 低,以及人民幣的持續快速升值,均對本集團 面對全球市場的出口部分帶來了相當的壓力; 其次,主要原材料價格在二零零七年全年雖有 回穩但仍處於平均較高的水準;再者,中國國 內實施的宏觀調控政策,給企業帶來了越來越 大的銀根收縮和借貸成本壓力。在這樣的情況 下,本集團仍取得良好的經營業績,主要有賴 本集團適時地實施了有效的對策,包括:在二 零零六年底預見人民幣的升值而在商定年度訂 單時,已提前考慮了匯率因素,減低了人民幣 升值的影響;在去年年中國家出口政策調整 時,成功與海外客戶達成了分擔出口退稅降低 帶來的損失;此外,集團通過在生產管理的持 續努力,生產工藝和流程的不斷改進優化,使 到年內集團組合產品的成本較往年又進一步下 降。在這樣的背景下,年內集團其中一個主營 產品二氫月桂烯醇在全球的市場營銷仍取得了 28%的增長,體現了集團在國際香原料市場優 良的競爭力。

主席報告書

The Group continued to use China natural resources such as botanic essential oils as its major raw materials. Resources management strategies adopted in the previous stage has brought into effect during the year, which enabled the Group obtained a steady raw material supply and achieved an efficient costs control of raw materials under the fierce fluctuation of raw materials markets. Since the end of 2006, the Group has expanded its upstream resource management, which has started to make contribution from the second quarter of the year.

Regarding the expansion of new products and production capacity, we completed the main structure construction and equipment installation of the Group's Phase III expansion during the year and expected the trial run will commence in the second quarter of 2008. Such expansion will mainly produce new flavour chemicals and part of aroma chemicals. In addition, the factory producing food additives located at Haicang Xinglin in Xiamen will also commence trial run in the second quarter of 2008. The completion and operation of such two projects will become new revenue sources for the Group.

Regarding strategic investment, the Group proactively continued the planning on its industry production layout on the 145 mu (approximately 97,000 square metres) of newly-purchased land in Changtai area of Fujian province in 2006, in the preparation to use this parcel of land as the extension base of process consolidation, industry expansion and future international industry cooperation at the next stage. The Group is also proactively preparing for the relevant resources. Currently, it has commenced the preparation of pre-construction, which is expected to commence construction in stages from the second half of 2008 and generate revenue in 2009 gradually. Besides, to increase the pace of its business growth, the Group has been proactively and prudently looking for opportunities to acquire or invest in enterprises or operations which will have synergies.

Outlook

The continuous growth in the PRC's economy and the general prosperity of global consumer market provide a favourable opportunity for EcoGreen. Despite the various uncertainties in the domestic and international macroeconomic environment combined with the anticipation of global economic downturn, owing to the increased demand of emerging markets together with aroma chemicals and food additives are the key components in daily necessities, the impact of economic cycle on the flavor and fragrance industry is minimal in 2008. Therefore, we are still confident and optimistic about the development of the flavor and fragrance industry as well as the Group's other relevant business in the foreseeable future.

本集團的原料仍以中國本土豐產的植物精油等 天然資源為主。集團在早期佈局的資源管理戰 略在年內已開始發揮作用,在原料市場劇烈波 動的環境下保障了本集團獲得穩定的原料供 應,以及有效地控制了原料成本,自二零零六 年底集團已開始對上游資源業務進行了積極的 經營拓展,並在本年度的第二季度開始產生了 貢獻。

在新產品和生產能力的拓展方面,年內集團第 3期廠房擴建工程的主體建造和設備安裝已完 成,預期在二零零八年第二季度可開始投入試 生產,主要生產新的食用香料及部分日用香 料;另外,建於廈門海滄杏林的食品配料工廠 也將於二零零八年第二季度試車。兩個項目的 建成和投產將為集團未來的營收帶來新的貢 獻。

展望

中國經濟的持續增長及全球快速消費品市場保持旺盛,為中怡提供了一個難得的發展契機。 進入二零零八年,雖然國內和國際的宏觀經濟環境預期將出現較多的不明朗因素,以及預期全球經濟面臨放緩,但由於新興經濟體的內內需增強,加上香原料及食品配料是為生活必需的關鍵組分,實質上受經濟週期影響甚低,故不可以預見的將來,我們對整個香料行業,以及本集團的其他相關業務的發展仍然充滿信心,並抱有樂觀的期待。

主席報告書

The development of strategic resources management still aims at securing the stable supply of major natural raw materials to the Group. The Group will capitalize on the practical management experience in existing resources origins in South-western China to further expand into resources in Southern China. We will carry out resources allotment in production chains of basic terpenic aroma chemicals in the forthcoming year which will grow into a new profit centre for the Group.

The development of food additives business is a new promising segment of the Group. The business uses seafood, vegetables and meat from the coastal areas of Xiamen and Fujian as raw materials and utilizes advanced production techniques and devices to produce unique quality natural extracts. In addition to existing customer base of flavor chemicals, we will also provide our products to domestic and multinational enterprises manufacturing frozen food, quality seasonings and instant food in domestic markets of the PRC. The first self-owned production line of the Group will commence production in the first half of 2008, which symbolized the beginning of full-scale operation of food additives business of the Group.

The development of intermediates business will continue to leverage on the research capability and cutting-edge technology of our wholly-owned subsidiary, Shanghai Fine Chemical Co., Limited, to establish long-term cooperation relationships with renowned international players in the pharmaceuticals and agrochemicals markets. We plan to enter into long term business relations with famous international agrochemicals manufacturers by capitalizing on our patent know-how on green agrochemical intermediates in the coming year.

The development of aroma chemicals business is still the core of the Group's operation in the forthcoming year. In addition to maintaining stable growth of daily aroma chemicals business, with the completed construction and commencement of production of Phase III of Haicang Plant, a multi-functional workshop, we will also accelerate the development of flavour chemicals to realise the following targets:

- As to the existing product mix, we intend to strengthen customer management and marketing services to continuously maintain our competitiveness in the international markets and seek for opportunities to further expand our production capacity;
- 2) As to the new flavour chemicals business, by enhancing our effort in production and marketing, we expect the business segment to contribute considerably larger operating revenue and become a significant contributor of the aroma chemicals business to the Group in the future;

在戰略資源管理事業的發展,仍然是以保障集團主要天然原料的安全穩定供應為前提。集團將在已有的西南部分資源產區管理的實踐基礎上,進一步向華南資源產區拓展。在新的年度全力為集團的基礎萜類香原料產業鏈的運營實施資源配置,並逐步成為集團一個新的利潤中心。

在中間體事業的發展,將繼續立足於集團全資子公司上海萬凱化學有限公司的研發力量和技術優勢與國際著名醫藥和農藥廠商建立長期的合作關係。在新的年度計劃利用具有自身知識產權的綠色農藥中間體的專利技術與國際著名的農藥生產商簽訂長期的業務關係。

在香原料事業的發展,仍然是新年度集團營運的核心。在保持日化香料的穩定增長的同時,將以海滄第3期多功能車間的建成投產為契機,加快食用香料的發展步伐。爭取實現:

- 在現有的產品組合方面,強化客戶管理和 行銷服務,以繼續保證集團在國際市場的 競爭優勢,並尋求進一步擴大產能的機 會;
- 2) 在新增的食用香料業務方面,加強生產和 營銷,期待能有更大規模的營收貢獻,並 成為集團未來在香原料產業的重要組成部 分;

主席報告書

- 3) As to the management of supply chains, we will leverage on the integrated advantages in product brands, operation management (research and development, production, technology and marketing) and resource management to implement the operational strategy of aroma chemicals production chain. Through our process management of the supply chain, we will gradually consolidate the existing basic terpenic aroma chemicals productivity in the PRC, striving for bringing operational contribution to the Group and realising the value creation of the brand "DOINGCOM" of the Group with the least capital expenditure in the coming years.
- 3) 在供應鏈管理方面,綜合在產品品牌,營運管理(研發,生產,技術與市場營銷)和資源管理的優勢,實施香原料產業鏈的運營戰略。通過供應鏈的過程管理,在未來數年,逐步整合中國現有的基礎萜類香料產品的生產力,在資本性開支最小化的前提下,為集團營收做出貢獻,實現集團「中坤」品牌的價值創造。

With the enhancement of core competitiveness as to our aroma chemicals business, the Group will grasp the opportunities arising from the migration of the industry as a result of the acquisitions and mergers and consolidations in the international flavor and fragrance industry. It is expected that the Group will make even more accomplishments in this respect in the coming year to further consolidate its leading role as an influential international aroma chemicals supplier in the industry.

集團在香原料方面核心競爭力的提升,將使得 集團更多地承接過往幾年以來因國際香精香料 行業併購與整合帶來的國際產業轉移的機會。 在新的年度,集團將在這方面有更多的作為, 以期進一步鞏固集團作為業內具有影響力的國 際香原料供應商的地位。

Acknowledgement

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to our shareholders, customers, suppliers and staff. Their continued trust and support to the Group are essential to our success in operation and growth. Meanwhile, I would also like to thank all the Directors for their support and valuable recommendations during the period. With more efforts, I am confident that Ecogreen will sustain even more robust business growth, and the Group will gradually grow into the main supplier of terpenic aroma chemicals in the world, and one of the world's most influential technology suppliers of intermediates, as well as a food safety service provider who meets international food safety standards, with a view to maximising shareholders' values.

致謝

Yang Yirong

Chairman

Hong Kong, 9 April 2008

主席

楊毅融

香港,二零零八年四月九日

管理層討論及分析



Final Dividend

In 2007, EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively "Ecogreen" or "the Group") recorded satisfactory business performance. In order to reward our shareholders for their continued support, the directors of the Company (the "Directors") have resolved to recommend a distribution of dividend.

The Directors will propose at the annual general meeting to be held on 9 May 2008 payment of final dividend of HK3.5 cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2007 to be payable in cash on 19 May 2008 to shareholders whose names are listed on the register of members of the Company on 9 May 2008. Together with the interim dividend of HK1 cent (2006: HK0.8 cents) per share, this will bring the total dividend distribution for the year to HK4.5 cents (2006: HK3.1 cents) per share.

末期股息

中怡精細化工集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「中怡」或「本集團」)於二零零七年度的業務表現理想,為答謝股東不斷支持,本公司董事(「董事」)議決向本公司建議派付股息。

董事將於二零零八年五月九日舉行之應屆股東 週年大會,建議於二零零八年五月十九日向於 二零零八年五月九日名列本公司股東名冊之股 東就截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度派 付末期現金股息每股3.5港仙。連同中期股息每股1港仙(二零零六年:0.8港仙),本年度之股息分派總額為每股4.5港仙(二零零六年:3.1港仙)。

管理層討論及分析



Closure of Registers of Members

The transfer books and register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 7 May 2008 to Friday, 9 May 2008, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all transfers documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:00 p.m. on Tuesday, 6 May 2008.

暫停辦理股份過戶手續

本公司將於二零零八年五月七日星期三至二零零八年五月九日星期五(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股東登記手續,期內將不會辦理股份過戶登記手續。為符合資格獲享擬派末期股息,所有過戶檔連同有關股票,須於二零零八年五月六日星期二下午四時正前送交本公司股份過戶登記分處卓佳登捷時有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東28號金鐘匯中心26樓。

管理層討論及分析

Business Analysis

In review of 2007, the Group was able to follow the trend of previous year and recorded a relatively faster growth rate in terms of business performance. Turnover for the year reached RMB612.2 million, an increase of 15% from the previous year. Excluding contributions from the supplementary trading and resource management business, core growth for our three major products reached 30%. Profit attributable to shareholders rose RMB35.0 million or 37% from the previous year to RMB130.5 million. Earnings per share were approximately RMB28.0 cents.

Sales and Marketing

During the year under review, the Group manufactured over 50 fine chemical products. The analysis of turnover and gross profit of the Group's various products for the years ended 31 December 2007 and 31 December 2006 are as follows:

業務分析

回顧二零零七年,本集團繼承了去年於業務表現方面之較快增長速度。年度營業額已達至612,200,000元人民幣,較去年增加15%,扣除「貿易及資源營運」部分輔助業務的貢獻,三大類別產品的核心增長達到30%。股東應佔溢利達130,500,000元人民幣,較去年增加35,000,000元人民幣或37%。每股基本盈利約為28.0仙人民幣。

銷售及推廣

於回顧年度內,本集團生產約50多種精細化工產品。本集團於截至二零零七年十二月三十一日及二零零六年十二月三十一日止年度內各類產品營業額及毛利分析如下:

			Turnover 營業額		Gross Profit 毛利	
		2007	2006	2007	2006	
		二零零七年	二零零六年	二零零七年	二零零六年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	
	サイルの ロ					
Aroma chemicals	芳香化學品	372,097	261,309	120,464	83,118	
Natural extracts	天然提取物	108,247	97,666	37,373	35,520	
Intermediates	中間體	64,750	60,929	45,276	41,480	
Trading and resource management	貿易與資源運營	67,065	113,071	6,304	9,882	
Turnover/gross profit of the Group	本集團營業額/毛利	612,159	532,975	209,417	170.000	

管理層討論及分析

Aroma Chemicals

Aroma Chemicals division continued to be the Group's core business during the year under review, and constituted a stable and major income source for the Group. During the year under review, since aroma chemicals are primarily used as functional ingredients and key components in many daily consumer goods, with a combined positive effect of its diversified applications and the pursuing of quality life in modern society, market demand continued to rise, generating more sales for the Group's aroma chemicals business.

For the year ended 31 December 2007, with increases in orders placed by existing customers and the selling prices, turnover of aroma chemicals significantly surged 42% to RMB372.1 million, accounting for 61% of the Group's turnover (2006: 49%) and a gross profit margin of 32.4% (2006: 31.8%). Dihydromyrcenol was the major contributor which brought a revenue of RMB107.0 million to the Group. Its sales increased 28% over the corresponding period last year and accounted for 29% of the total revenue for this product category.

In addition, the launch of certain new food flavour chemicals during the year was well responded by the market. Based on a small scale production, the production has already contributed RMB40.0 million to the Group's revenue, with a profit margin amounted to 43%, which is higher than the profit margin of our existing daily aroma chemicals products and represents our new growth source in the future.

Natural Extracts

In respect of the Natural Extracts division, apart from existing natural pharmaceutical raw materials, the Group has been actively engaged in the development of food flavour chemicals business, which is produced with bio-conversion and purification technologies on natural products, which mainly include seafood, meat and mushroom extracts.

During the year under review, the Group's natural extract business just maintained steady growth as the new food additives business has still been advancing towards full scale production capability and the market demand for natural pharmaceutical raw materials became stable. Turnover of this business category increased 11% to RMB108.2 million, accounting for 18% (2006:18%) of the Group's sales. Gross profit margin was dropped to 34.5%, compared to 36.4% of last year. The performance of Natural Cinnamic Aldehyde was relatively more outstanding under this business category. This product contributed a revenue of RMB31.9 million to the Group and its sales increased 13% over the corresponding period last year and accounted for 29% of the total revenue for this product category.

芳香化學品

於本回顧年度內,芳香化學品繼續成為本集團 之核心業務,為集團提供了穩定的主要收入。 作為多種日常消費品的關鍵功能組份,本集團 的芳香化學品因為應用廣泛的特性和現代追求 生活質素而導致的市場需求不斷增加,為本集 團的香原料業務帶來了更多的銷售。

截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度,在現有客戶的訂單增加和價格調升情況下,芳香化學品的營業額大幅增長42%至372,100,000元人民幣,佔本集團營業額的61%(二零零六年:49%),毛利率為32.4%(二零零六年:31.8%)。當中,以二氫月桂烯醇為主要貢獻者,其銷售額較其去年同期增長了28%,並為集團提供了107,000,000元人民幣的收益,佔本產品類別總收益的29%。

另外,若干食用香料之新產品,在年內推出市場便獲得良好的反應,於小規模生產的基礎下,便為集團提供了40,000,000元人民幣的收益,毛利率達到43%,較現有日用香料產品的毛利率為高,成為集團未來新的增長動力。

天然提取物

天然提取物類別除包涵了原有的天然藥物原料外,本集團已在積極地開發以天然物轉化提純技術為基礎、應用於生產調香調味品的食品配料業務,主要是海鮮、肉類及食用菌等天然提取物。

於本回顧年度,由於新的食品配料業務的規模化生產能力還在形成之中,加上原有天然藥物原料的市場需求趨向穩定,該項業務只是錄得了平穩的增長,營業額增長11%至108,200,000元人民幣,佔集團銷售額的18%(二零零六年:18%),毛利率為34.5%(二零零六年:36.4%)。當中,以天然肉桂醛表現仍較突出,其銷售額較去年同期增長13%並為集團提供31,900,000元人民幣的收益,佔本產品類別總收益的29%。

管理層討論及分析

Intermediates

Besides the chiral pharmaceutical raw materials and pharmaceutical intermediates, the Group has also expanded the scope of this business segment by applying similar advanced technologies of synthesis production to produce agrochemical intermediates, which is a kind of eco-pesticide used for regulating the growth of plants.

During the year under review, orders for the Group's intermediate products maintained steady. Turnover increased 6% from the corresponding period last year to RMB64.8 million, accounting for 11% (2006: 12%) of the Group's sales. Gross profit margin rose to 70% from 68.0% of the corresponding period last year. The gross profit margin of this product category of the Group was still higher than its peers in the industry. 3-Phenylpropanal Aldehyde is the major product of the intermediate business segment. Sales for this product category accounted for 42% of the overall sales of this business category and contributed a revenue of RMB26.9 million to the Group.

Trading and Resource Management

Trading and resource management division is always a supplement to the Group's core business in the previous year. In the past, comprised mostly the integrated sales of the raw materials of aroma chemicals. As the sources of the trading products are the same as the Group's major raw materials, in view of the secure supply of future strategic resources and the integration and management of industry chain, the Group has repositioned the focus of such business and gradually launched an effective management of relevant strategic resources, including mainly the gum rosin, gum turpentine and other special botanic essential oils and their by products, to secure a stable supply of the major resources of the Group as well as revenue contribution. For the year ended 31 December 2007, sales of the Group's trading and resource management business amounted to RMB67.1 million, accounting for 11% of the Group's turnover, and contribution to gross profit was approximately RMB6.3 million. Despite the active adjustment undertaken, this business segment also brought certain sales and profit contribution to the Group during the year under review.

For such business, the existing major objective of integrated sales is to improve the quality of the Group's sales services so as to satisfy the customer demands and to provide a more comprehensive product portfolio and value-added services to its clients, which will in turn enhance the status of the Group and "DOINGCOM" brand in the industry.

中間體

中間體類別除了手性藥物原料及醫藥中間體 外,本集團也把該業務範圍擴闊到應用同類先 進合成技術生產、並用於製造調節植物生長的 生態農藥之農用化學品中間體。

於本回顧年度,本集團中間體產品的訂單維持平穩。營業額較去年同期錄得6%增幅至64,800,000元人民幣,佔集團銷售額的11%(二零零六年:12%),而毛利率則從去年同期之68.0%上調至70.0%。本集團該類產品的毛利率在同業中仍處於較高水準。在該類別產品中,以3-苯丙醛為主,其銷售額佔本類別之42%,為本集團提供了26,900,000元人民幣的收益。

貿易與資源運營產品

貿易及資源運營業務在過往年度仍是本集團核 心業務的一個補充。過往,大部分是經營天然 芳香品原料的集成銷售。因為該部分業務與本 集團的主要天然原料同源,著眼于未來戰略資 源的保障和產業鏈整合管理,本集團已適時地 將該項業務的重點進行重新定位,逐步推行對 相關的策略性資源進行有效運營,以期在保障 集團主要原料的安全穩定供應的同時,也帶來 營收貢獻。相關的策略性資源主要包括松脂、 松節油和其它特有植物精油及其副產物等。截 至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度內,本集 團貿易與資源運營產品之銷售為67,100,000元 人民幣,佔本集團營業額11%;毛利貢獻約為 6,300,000元人民幣。該項業務雖在積極的調 整中,於回顧年度間也為集團的銷售及盈利帶 來一定的貢獻。

在該項業務中,現有的集成銷售的主要目的是體現本集團一直致力提昇銷售服務質素以鞏固客戶關係的精神,以滿足客戶對其他產品的需求,為客戶提供更全面的產品組合和增值服務,同時也是集團及「DOINGCOM」品牌在行業地位不斷提升的體現。

管理層討論及分析

Operations

Although China's macro economic environment and the international flavour and fragrance sector in 2007 were satisfactory, uncertainties arising from high raw material prices, Renminbi appreciation, interest rate hikes and the decrease of export tax rebates adversely affected a majority of different industries. Such factors also created more upward pressure on the operating cost of the Group. Leveraging on its solid foundation in the industry, the Group proactively adopted various effective measures in its operating strategy, and implemented resources operation strategy to minimise the impact of the cost fluctuation of raw materials. In addition, through the integration of operations over existing facilities of Phase I and II of Xiamen Plant, and the continuous enhancement of technology continuously, while effectively lowered the overall production costs, and enhanced the Group's competitiveness as well as mitigated operating exposures under rising costs in the industry around the world.

Customers

Over the years, the Group has established a solid clientele around the globe, with a relatively diversified client portfolio, which includes global top ten multinational flavour and fragrance manufacturers, major household and personal care product manufacturers, natural pharmaceutical plants, pharmaceutical raw material plants and intermediate traders. Operating edges such as premium product quality and reliable supply have enabled the Group to maintain the long-term good collaborative relationship with clients. During the period under review, the number of the Group's clients exceeded 170. Turnover contributed from the Group's five largest clients increased from 31% to 33% in 2007.

To further strengthen the good relationship with clients, the Group will continue to propose reasonable solutions according to clients' needs on a timely basis, and actively sought for strategic partnerships with major multinational flavour and fragrance manufacturing enterprises. The Group will actively explore new client relationship to expand its existing product market share and launch out new products.

The Group's "DOINGCOM" brand has built up strong reputation amongst international peers.

營辑

客戶

經過多年的積累,本集團已建立了一個穩固和遍佈全球各地的客戶群,客戶群的組合也較多元化,當中包括全球十大香精及香料產品跨製造企業、大型家用和個人護理品生產商、的藥品廠及中間商等。良好與實、穩定可靠的供應等經營特點使到本集團的客戶多年良好的合作關係得以成功保持和發展。在回顧期內,本集團的客戶數目已逾170家,其中源自本集團頭五大客戶的營業貢獻由31%增至33%。

為進一步鞏固和發展與客戶的良好關係,本集 團將會繼續努力按客戶的需求提出合理的解決 方案,並且積極地發展與大型國際香精及香料 企業的策略性合作夥伴關係。同時,也會積極 拓展新的客戶關係以擴大現有產品的市場份額 和推出新產品。

本集團品牌「DOINGCOM」在國際同行中已建立了良好的商譽。

管理層討論及分析

Production

The Group completed the Phase II expansion of Haicang Plant, Xiamen at the end of 2005. The utilisation rate of facilities has reached over 95% during the year under review. The Phase III expansion is expected to be put into operation in the second quarter of 2008, upon which the annual processing capacity of botanic essential oils will increase from currently 16,000 metric tonnes to 20,000 metric tonnes. The new Phase III will serve as the production platform of various new products and new product mix so as to provide a better foundation for the Group's business growth during the year. Looking ahead into future business and product development, aside from the completion of Phase III construction according to schedule, the Group will also further expand its production capacity according to the medium to long term market demands on a cautious and timely basis, as well as continuously develop new technologies, to further lift up its integrated production efficiency. At the same time, the Group will actively establish its production layout on the 145mu (approximately 97,000 square metres) of Changtai's newly-purchased land in Fujian and use it as the Group's new base for business expansion and international industrial cooperation in the future.

Research and Development

The Group has always been putting great efforts on the research and development of new products. During the year under review, the Group focused on strengthening its own research and development team by inviting a number of professional technological research experts to join the Group which includes professionals with master degree and post-doctor from oversea universities. The Group's research and development centre at Xiamen and its Shanghai research and development team currently employ more than 50 research and development staff with extensive experience, accounting for about 16.7% of total headcount.

On the other hand, the Group successfully initiates new research and development projects through new strategic alliances with international peers. Leveraging on the advanced facilities and underlying resources of various academic and research institutes in China, the Group further strengthened its research capability through joint research and development and acquisition of proprietary technological know-how. Such institutes include Nanjing University, Xiamen University, Shanghai University of T.C.M., South China University of Technology, Jiangnan University, Guangdong Ocean University, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai Organic Chemistry Institute and Chinese Academy of Sciences and Guangzhou Chemistry Institute, etc.

牛產

本集團在二零零五年底完成的廈門海滄工廠第 二期擴建,於回顧年度內,設施效能利用率已 超過95%。第三期的擴建預計在二零零八年第 二季度投產後,將會成為集團多項新產品及新 的產品組合的生產平臺。集團以植物精油原料 年處理能力為標誌的總體產能也會由現行的每 年16,000公噸增至每年20,000公噸,從而為 本集團在未來年度內的業務增長提供更好的基 礎。著眼未來的業務和產品發展,本集團除努 力按計劃完成第三期工程外,將會審慎、適時 地根據市場的中長期需求將生產能力進一步提 升,進行新工藝新技術的開發,以進一步提高 綜合的生產能力和效率。同時,將對福建長泰 地區新購的145畝(約97.000平米)土地進行積 極的產業策劃,以之作為本集團在產業拓展以 及未來國際產業合作的延伸基地。

研究及開發

本集團在新產品新技術的研發上一直不遺餘力。於本回顧年度,本集團一方面大力強化了自身研發團隊,繼續引進了多個專業的科研骨幹,包括多名海歸碩士與博士後。現在廈門研發中心與上海的研發隊伍共聘用超過50名經驗豐富的研發人員,佔總員工人數約16.7%。

另一方面,集團在建立與國際同行的戰略夥伴的基礎上,成功地展開新產品的研發合作。同時,本集團繼續借助中國多家學術及研究機構的先進設施及基礎資源,透過合作研發或購入專有技術等方式進一步充實了集團的研發力量,該等機構包括南京大學、廈門大學、上海中醫藥大學、華南理工大學、江南大學、廣東海洋大學及中國科學院上海有機所、中國科學院廣州化學所等。

管理層討論及分析

Research and Development (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2007, costs of the Group's product development, and costs of acquisition of patents and technological know-kow capitalised totalled to approximately RMB15.1 million (2006: RMB15.0 million), amortisation of costs of product development, patents and technological know-how amounted to RMB2.3 million (2006: RMB4.0 million) and impairment of product development cost of RMB1.7 million (2006: 4.5 million).

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Turnover

The Group's turnover for the year ended 31 December 2007 amounted to RMB612.2 million, representing a steady growth of 15%. Excluding the revenue from trading and resource management products, turnover reached RMB545.1 million, achieving a rapid growth of 30% when compared to last year. This non-core business has a certain profit contributions to the Group. Though its turnover during the year under review decreased by 41% when compared to last year due to the lower profit margin of the trading and resource management business, it has increased the overall gross profit margin of the Group to 34.2% from 31.9% as recorded in last year.

Analysing by the Group's products category, turnover of aroma chemicals reached RMB372.1 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 42% as compared to RMB261.3 million in 2006; turnover of natural extracts and intermediates reached RMB108.2 million and RMB64.8 million respectively, representing a year-on-year increase of 11% and 6% as compared to RMB97.7 million and RMB60.9 million respectively in 2006.

Geographically, domestic sales of the Group's fine chemical products surged by 19% as compared to that of 2006 whereas the overseas sales of the Group's fine chemical products increased by 7% as compared to that of 2006. Eliminating the portion of trading and resource management of the products, the Group's overseas sales of natural products increased by 80% over 2006.

研究及開發(續)

截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團產品開發、收購專利權及技術知識等成本撥充資本化之金額合共約15,100,000元人民幣(二零零六年:15,000,000元人民幣),而本集團之產品開發、專利權及技術知識成本攤銷為2,300,000元人民幣(二零零六年:4,000,000元人民幣)及產品開發成本減值為元1,700,000人民幣(二零零六年:4,500,000)。

財務回顧

營業額

本集團於截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度的營業額錄得15%的穩定增長,金額達612,200,000元人民幣,若撇除貿易及資源運營產品的收益部份,營業額較去年錄得30%的強勁增長,金額達545,100,000元人民幣。由於目前貿易及資源運營業務的的毛利較低,於回顧年度內其銷售量比去年有41%之萎縮,但卻因此提升了集團的整體毛利率,使到集團毛利率從去年的31.9%上升至34.2%。

按本集團產品類別分析,芳香化學品整體需求上升,芳香化學品之營業額較二零零六年261,300,000元人民幣增加42%,達372,100,000元人民幣:天然提取物與中間體之營業額較二零零六年分別為97,700,000元人民幣及60,900,000元人民幣增加11%及6%至108,200,000元人民幣及64,800,000元人民幣。

就地域覆蓋範圍而言,本集團精細化工產品的 國內市場銷量較二零零六年大幅攀升19%,而 本集團精細化工產品的海外銷量亦較二零零六 年上升7%,若撇除貿易及資源運營產品的部 份,本集團自製產品的海外銷售更較二零零六 年上升80%。

管理層討論及分析

Gross Profit

During the year under review, the gross profit of the Group amounted to RMB209.4 million, representing a growth of 23%. The gross profit margin of the Group increased from 31.9% in 2006 to 34.2% in 2007. The growth of the Group's gross profit margin was mainly attributable to a decline of the trading and resource management business, which recorded a lower profit margin and the effective implementation of cost control. In particular, amid the continuous high price level of raw materials, the Group successfully carried out resources strategies to monitor production costs.

Analysing by the Group's products category, the gross profit margin of aroma chemicals increase from 31.8% in 2006 to 32.4% in 2007, while natural extracts decrease from 36.4% in 2006 to 34.5% The increase of profit margin of intermediates from 68.1% in 2006 to 69.9% in 2007. The gross profit margin of trading and resource management was increased from 8.7% in 2006 to 9.4% in 2007.

Operating Income and Expense

Other net revenues include the interest income from bank deposits, the amortisation of deferred income on government grants and net realized and unrealized amount of interest rate swap. The decrease of RMB2.9 million in other net revenue was mainly due to the net loss of RMB1.4 million in interest rate swap and a decrease of other revenue of approximately RMB1.7 million during the year under review. Such interest rate swap was a new approach made by the Group upon a full analysis over the opportunities and risks in the market and the consideration of capital requirements for foreign exchange. Although during the period under review, a loss was recorded in its book value due to the accounting treatment, the Group has capitalized on the favourable market conditions in the second quarter of 2008 and closed the position in advance. The financial gain realized in this transaction will be recognized in the account of 2008.

The increase of RMB2.7 million in selling and marketing expenses was mainly due to an increase of transportation cost and packaging expenses resulting from an increase of export sales in the year under review. Selling and marketing expenses as a percentage of sales decreased from 4.2% to 4.1%.

The increase of RMB0.5 million in administrative expenses include, among the others, an increase of employment cost of RMB5.3 million, a decrease of research and development expenses of RMB2.3 million and a decrease of impairment of product development cost of RMB2.8 million in the year under review. Administrative expenses for 2007 represented 6.9% of its turnover (2006: 7.8%).

毛利

於回顧年內,本集團的毛利為209,400,000元 人民幣,增幅為23%。本集團的毛利率由二零 零六年31.9%上升至二零零七年34.2%。毛利率 上升的主要原因是低毛利的貿易與資源運營業 務的萎縮和成本控制的有效實施。特別是,在 行業仍然受到原材料價格持續位元於高位所影 響下,本集團能夠通過實施資源戰略等各種措 施(見上文[業務來控制生產成本。

按本集團產品類別分析,芳香化學品的毛利率由二零零六年的31.8%上升至二零零七年的32.4%,而天然提取物的毛利率便由二零零六年的36.4%下調至本年度的34.5%,中間體毛利率由二零零六年68.1%上升至二零零七年69.9%。貿易及資源運營業務之毛利率由二零零六年8.7%上升至二零零七年9.4%。

經營收入及開支

其他收入淨額包括銀行存款利息收入、政府津 貼遞延收入攤銷及利率掉期之變現及未變現淨 額。其他收入淨額減少2,900,000元人民幣乃 受到在回顧年內利率掉期約1,400,000元人民 幣淨虧損及約1,700,000元人民幣之其他收益 減少所致。該項利率掉期是在充分分析市場機 會和風險以及企業對外匯融資的要求下,所做 的一項嘗試性安排。雖則,在回顧期內,因為 會計處理而出現過帳面損失,但集團已在2008 年第二季度利用市場的有利條件,提前平盤, 並獲得了實在財務收益,將在2008年度入帳。

銷售及分銷開支增加2,700,000元人民幣乃主要由於回顧年內出口銷售增加,導致運輸成本及包裝開支上漲所致。銷售及分銷開支佔銷售百分比由4.2%下調至4.1%。

行政開支增加約500,000元人民幣,其中包括本集團於回顧年度內員工成本及酌情管理花紅共增加5,300,000元人民幣、研究開發費減少2,300,000元人民幣及產品開發成本減值減少2,800,000元人民幣等。二零零七年行政開支佔營業額6.9%(二零零六年:7.8%)。

管理層討論及分析

Operating Income and Expense (continued)

The finance expenses recorded a decrease of RMB0.3 million as compared with that of last year, mainly due to a decrease of interest expenses resulting from actively maintaining a balanced borrowing portfolio of the Group and reducing its borrowing costs by using different types of borrowings. The Group will seek for effective restructuring of its borrowing portfolio and financial asset management to reduce the Group's financing cost or increase the revenue from fund management in such an unfavorable market environment due to the rising interest rate and tightening liquidity in the PRC and the recent global interest rate cut cycle.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2007 was RMB7.5 million, representing a decrease of 16% as compared with RMB9.0 million in last year. The reduction in income tax expenses is due to a preferential tax offer enjoyed by the subsidiaries of the Group starting from 2007, with two years tax-free and three years tax reduction. The effective income tax rate was 5.4% (2006: 8.6%).

Profit for the year

Profit for the year ended 31 December 2007 was RMB130.5 million representing an increase of 37% as compared with RMB95.4 million last year. The net profit ratio of the Group increased from 17.9% in last year to 21.3% in this year. If excluding the trading and resource management segment, the net profit ratio of the Group was 23.4% (2006: 22.1%).

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure

During the year under review, the Group's primary source of funding mainly involved the cash generated from operating activities and the financing by the bank borrowings. With the financial resources obtained from the Group's operations, the Group had utilized RMB147.9 million (2006: RMB62.0 million) in the capital expenditure and paid dividend of RMB15.0 million (2006: 9.5 million) during the year. As at 31 December 2007, the Group had cash and bank deposits of approximately RMB307.4 million (2006: RMB360.6 million).

The Group's financial position remains very solid and healthy during the year under review. As at 31 December 2007, the net current assets and the current ratio of the Group were approximately RMB335.6 million (2006: RMB290.2 million) and 2.5 (2006: 2.2), respectively.

經營收入及開支(續)

融資費用較去年減少約300,000元人民幣,主要由於集團積極地利用不同種類的借貸、務求把集團的借貸組合取得平衡及僅減低借貸成本,導致利息開支減少。面對國內持續加息和銀根緊縮、以及國外近期處於一個減息週期,集團將會積極地考慮有效的信貸組織和財資管理的辦法,努力在不利的市場環境中,設法減低集團的融資成本或者增加理財收益。

所得税開支

本集團的所得税開支截至在二零零七年十二月三十一日止的年度為7,500,000元人民幣,較上年度的9,000,000元人民幣減少16%。所得税的減省是由於集團內之附屬公司在二零零七年起獲得兩免三減之稅務優惠,實際所得稅率則約為5.4%(二零零六年:8.6%)。

年內溢利

年內溢利在截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止的年度為130,500,000元人民幣,較二零零六年的95,400,000元人民幣增長37%。而本集團的淨利潤率則由上一年度的17.9%上調至本年度的21.3%。若撇除貿易及資源運營業務,本集團之淨利潤率為23.4%(二零零六年:22.1%)。

流動資金、財務資源及資本結構

於回顧年內,本集團之基本資金來源主要來自經營業務及銀行融資所得現金。憑藉本集團營運所得財務資源,本集團斥資147,900,000元人民幣(二零零六年:62,000,000元人民幣)於資本支出上,並派付股息15,000,000元人民幣(二零零六年:9,500,000元人民幣)。於二零零七年十二月三十一日,本集團之現金及銀行存款約有307,400,000元人民幣(二零零六年:360,600,000元人民幣)。

本集團於回顧年內之財務狀況仍然保持相當穩健。於二零零七年十二月三十一日,本集團之流動資產淨值及流動比率分別約為335,600,000元人民幣(二零零六年:290,200,000元人民幣)及2.5(二零零六年:2.2)。

管理層討論及分析

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure (continued)

As at 31 December 2007, the Group had bank borrowings of approximately RMB122.5 million (2006: RMB101.0 million), government loans from State Development and Reform Commission, Xiamen Development Planning Commission and other Mainland China government bureaus to finance the Group's product development activities and expansion of production facilities of approximately RMB33.9 million (2006: RMB33.9 million). As at 31 December 2007, the Group's gearing ratio which is represented by the ratio of total borrowings to total shareholders' equity, was approximately 24% (2006: 25%) and the Group's net cash balance, being cash and cash equivalents plus pledged bank deposits less borrowings amounted to RMB151.0 million (2006: 225.8 million).

With the positive cash inflow from the Group's operations, its available banking facilities and its existing cash resources, the Group has very strong liquidity and sufficient financial resources to meet its commitments, working capital requirements and future investments for expansion.

Charges on assets

As at 31 December 2007, bank deposit of RMB32.2 million (2006: nil), certain property, plant and equipment of the Group with an aggregate net book value of about RMB94.5 million (2006: RMB92.1 million) and land use rights of RMB2.4 million (2006: RMB4.8 million) were pledged to secure the Group's bank borrowings.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2007, neither the Group nor the Company had any significant contingent liabilities.

Capital Commitment

As at 31 December 2007, the Group had capital commitments of approximately RMB19.6 million (2006: RMB108.8 million) in respect of purchases of property, plant and equipment, construction-in-progress, product development projects and land use rights.

流動資金、財務資源及資本結構(續)

於二零零七年十二月三十一日,本集團有銀行借貸約122,500,000元人民幣(二零零六年:101,000,000元人民幣),其中,源自國家發展及改革委員會、廈門發展計劃委員會及其他中國政府機關的款項約33,900,000元人民幣),政府機關的款項約33,900,000元人民幣),政府貸款已用於撥付本集團產品開發及擴充生產設備所需。於二零零七年十二月三十一日,本集團之上率)約為24%(二零零六年:25%),而本集團之現金結餘淨額(即現金及等同現金項目加已抵押銀行存款減借貸)則為151,000,000元人民幣(二零零七年:225,800,000元人民幣)。

憑藉經營業務所得正數現金流量、備用銀行融 資及現有現金資源,本集團具備充裕流動資金 及充足財務資源,應付其承擔、營運資金需求 及日後擴展投資。

資產抵押

於二零零七年十二月三十一日,銀行存款32,200,000元人民幣(二零零六年:47,600,000元人民幣),本集團帳面淨值總額約94,500,000元人民幣(二零零六年:92,100,000元人民幣)之若幹物業、廠房及設備以及2,400,000元人民幣(二零零六年:4,800,000元人民幣)之土地使用權已抵押,作為本集團銀行借貸之抵押品。

或然負債

於二零零七年十二月三十一日,本集團或本公司概無任何重大之或然負債。

資本承擔

於二零零七年十二月三十一日,本集團就購買物業、廠房及設備、在建工程、產品開發項目及土地使用權約有19,600,000元人民幣(二零零六年:108,800,000元人民幣)之資本承擔。

管理層討論及分析

Treasury Policies and Exposure to Fluctuations in Exchange Rates

The Group's assets, liabilities, revenues and transactions are mainly denominated in Renminbi, United States dollars and Hong Kong dollars with its operation mainly in the PRC. As at 31 December 2007, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB133.9 million were denominated in Renminbi. The Group's cash and bank deposits (comprise cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits) denominated in Renminbi amounted to RMB296.6 million of the total balance, with the remaining balance of approximately RMB10.8 million denominated in Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars.

The Group's foremost exposure to the foreign exchange fluctuations was caused by the revaluation of Renminbi during the year under review. The Group's export sales are, in majority, denominated in United States dollars. Nevertheless, the Group has not experienced any material difficulties or effects on its operations or liquidity as a result of fluctuations in currency exchange rates during the year. The Group will conduct periodic review of its exposure to foreign exchange risk and may use proper financial instrument and financing arrangement for hedging purpose when considered appropriate.

Employees and Remuneration Policy

As at 31 December 2007, the Group has 301 full-time employees of which 296 are based in the PRC. For the year under review, the total employment costs incurred for 2007 including directors' emolument amounted to RMB27.7 million. The Group has established its human resources policies and procedures with a view to deploy the incentives and rewards of the remuneration system. The remuneration package offered to the staff is appropriate for the duties and in line with the prevailing market terms. Staff benefits, including medical coverage and provident funds, are provided to employees. The Group has also established effective performance evaluation system in which employees are properly rewarded on a performance-related basis under the Group's salary and bonus system.

The Group has also adopted a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to the management, key technician and other eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations.

庫務政策及匯率波動風險

本集團之資產、負債、收入及交易主要以人民幣、美元及港元結算,而其業務主要於中國進行。於二零零七年十二月三十一日,本集團約133,900,000元人民幣之貸款乃以人民幣結算。本集團之現金及等同現金項目中(包括手頭現金、銀行結餘以及由借貸日起計三個月到期之定期存款),合共296,600,000元人民幣乃以人民幣結算,餘額約10,800,000元人民幣則以港元及美元結算。

本集團所承擔之外匯波動風險乃因回顧年內重估人民幣所致。本集團之出口銷售主要以美元結算。儘管如此,本集團於年內並無因外幣匯率波動而於營運或資金流動狀況方面遇上任何重大困難或對其造成任何影響。此外,本集團將定期檢討其須承受之外匯風險,並於其認為適用之情況下採用適當的金融工具和財資安排以作必要的對沖用途。

僱員及酬金政策

於二零零七年十二月三十一日,本集團有301 名全職僱員,其中296名僱員派駐中國。於回 顧年內,二零零七年之僱員成本總額包括董事 酬金27,700,000元人民幣。本集團制定其人力 資源政策及程序,於其薪酬制度中加入花 獎勵。向員工發放之酬金待遇乃根據其職 董訂,且符合的當時當地的市場水平。員工 種訂,且符合的當時當地的市場水平。 員工發放及退休金。本集團亦設定僱員 有效表現評估制度,據此,本集團設定僱員的 蘇金及花紅制度,並按僱員表現發放適當的獎 勵。

本集團亦已採納購股權計劃,以獎勵及獎賞曾 對本集團成功經營作出貢獻的管理人員和技術 骨幹以及其他合資參與人士。

企業管治報告

The board of directors of EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Ltd. (the "Company") (the "Board") acknowledges the importance of and benefit from good corporate governance practices and is committed to improving the corporate governance practices in order to enhance better transparency and to ensure that business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper manner to safeguard the interests of shareholders.

中怡精細化工集團有限公司(「本公司」)本公司董事會(「董事會」)深明良好企業管治常規的重要性及好處,並承諾改善企業管治常規,以增加透明度及確保本公司的業務活動及決策過程受到適當之規管以保障股東利益。

The Company's corporate governance practice are based on the principles and the code provisions (the "Code Provisions") as set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). In the year under review, the Company has complied with most of the Code Provisions save for the deviations from the Code Provisions A.2.1. The following summarises the Company's corporate governance practices and explains deviations, if any, from the CG Code.

本公司企業管治常規乃以聯交所證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄14所載企業管治常規守則 (「企業管治常規守則」)之原則及守則條文(「守 則條文」)為基礎。於回顧年內,本公司已遵守 大部分守則條文,惟偏離有關守則條文A.2.1者 除外。下文概述本公司企業管治常規及闡釋偏 離守則條文之情況(如有)。

The Board

Responsibilities

The Board is accountable to the shareholders for leading the Company in a responsible and effective manner. The Board provides leadership and formulates strategic policies and plans of the Group with a view to enhance shareholder interests while the day-to-day operations of the Company are delegated to the management.

The Board reserves for its decisions all major matters of the Company, including: objectives and overall strategies of the Company; annual budgets and financial matters; equity related transactions such as issue of shares/options and repurchase of shares; dividend; raising of capital loan; determination of major business strategy; merger and acquisition; major investment; annual financial budget in turnover, profitability and capital expenditure; review and approval of financial performance and announcement; and matters as required by laws and ordinance.

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulation are followed.

Each Director is normally able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon making request to the Board.

董事會

職責

董事會須向股東負責,並以負責任及有成效的 方式領導本公司。董事會並負責領導及制定本 集團策略性政策及計劃以提高股東利益為宗 旨,而本公司日常運作乃管理層負責。

董事會負責本公司所有重要事項之決策,包括制定本公司之業務目標及整體策略;年度預算及財務事宜;股本相關交易,如發行股份/購股權及購回股份;股息;籌集資金貸款;釐定主要業務策略;合併及收購;主要投資;營業額、盈利及資本開支之年度財務預算;檢討及批准財務表現及公佈;以及法例及條例規定之其他事項。

全體董事可全面及適時取得所有相關資料,以 及公司秘書提供的意見及服務,確保董事會程 序及所有適用的條例及規例已妥為遵守。

各董事一般可在適當情況下,徵得董事會同意 後尋求獨立專業意見,有關費用由本公司承 擔。

企業管治報告

The Board (continued)

Responsibilities (continued)

The Directors are continually updated with the regulatory requirements, business activities and development of the Company to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. Through regular Board meetings, all Directors are kept abreast of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company.

The management has the obligation to supply the Board and the various Committees with adequate information in a timely manner to enable the members to make informed decisions. Each Director has separate and independent access to the Company's senior management to acquire more information than is volunteered by management and to make further enquiries if necessary.

The functions delegated to management are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the management.

Composition

The Board currently comprises a total of nine members including five Executive Directors, one Non-executive Director ("the NED") and three Independent Non-executive Directors ("the INED"). The Board's composition covers a balance of expertise, skills and industry experience so as to bring in valuable contributions and advices for the development of the Group's business. The NED and INED together have substantial experience in fields of auditing, legal matters, business, accounting, corporate internal control and regulatory affairs. Through active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflict of interests and serving on Board committees, all NED and INED make various contributions to the effective direction of the Group.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each INED of his independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all INED to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

職責(續)

本公司經常向董事提供有關監管規定與本公司 業務活動及發展之最新資料,以助彼等履行職 責。透過定期參加董事會議,各董事可密切跟 進本公司之舉動、業務活動及發展。

管理層有責任於適當時候向董事會及各委員會 提供充足資料,以便成員在知情之情況下作出 決定。董事亦可自行及獨自向本公司之管理高 層,索取管理層所主動提供以外資料,並在有 需要時作出進一步查詢。

本公司會定期檢討委派管理層履行之職能。管理層在訂立任何重大交易前必須事先取得董事 會批准。

組成

董事會現時由九名成員組成,包括五名執行董 事、一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事 董事會之組成具備恰當專業知識、技巧及獻經驗,故可為本集團業務發展提供寶貴宜獻 意見。各非執行董事於審計、法律事宜、 務、會計、企業內部監控及監管事宜方面具 豐富經驗。透過積極參與董事會會議,領 及潛在利益衝突及處理各董事委員會事務 問非執行董事對本集團之有效領導作出不同貢 獻。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 規定就其獨立身分作出之年度確認書。根據上 市規則所載獨立身分指引,本公司認為,全體 獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

企業管治報告

The Board (continued)

Board meetings

The Board meets regularly throughout the year to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group. A total of 4 board meetings were held during the year. The individual attendance record of each Director at the meetings of the Board, the Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee during the year ended 31 December 2007 is set out below:

董事會*(續)*

董事會會議

附註:

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

薪酬委員會主席。

審核委員會主席。

薪酬委員會成員。

審核委員會成員。

董事會於年內定期會晤商討本集團整體策略、 營運及財務表現。年內合共舉行四次董事會會 議。截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度, 各董事於董事會會議、薪酬委員會會議及審核 委員會會議之出席記錄如下:

Attendance/Number of meetings

出席/舉行會議次數

			Remuneration		Audit	
Name of Director		Note	Board	Committee	Committee	
董事姓名		附註	董事會	薪酬委員會	審核委員會	
	++ /- ++ -+					
EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	執行董事					
Mr. Yang Yirong (Chairman)	楊毅融先生 <i>(主席)</i>		4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	
Mr. Gong Xionghui	龔雄輝先生		4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	
Ms. Lu Jiahua	盧家華女士		4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	
Mr. Lin Like	林力克先生		2/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	
Mr. Han Huan Guang	韓歡光先生	(i)	4/4	3/3	N/A 不適用	
NED	非執行董事					
Mr. Feng Tao (Vice Chairman)	馮濤先生 <i>(副主席)</i>		0/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	
INED	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Yau Fook Chuen (iv) (v)	丘福全先生	(ii) (iii)	4/4	3/3	3/3	
Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John (v) (vi)	黃翼忠先生	(iii) (iv)	4/4	3/3	3/3	
Mr. Zheng Lansun (v) (vi)	鄭蘭蓀先生	(iii) (iv)	1/4	0/3	0/3	

Notes:

- (i) Chairman of the Remuneration Committee.
- (ii) Chairman of the Audit Committee.
- (iii) Member of the Remuneration Committee.
- (iv) Member of the Audit Committee.

Notices of regular board meetings are served to all Directors at least 14 days before the meetings while reasonable notice is generally given for other Board meetings. Agenda and Board papers together with complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting to keep the Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decision. Minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary. Draft minutes are normally circulated to Directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for Directors' inspection.

定期舉行之董事會會議通告須於會議舉行前最少14日送交全體董事,而其他董事會會議亦通常有合理時間的通知。為讓董事知悉本公司知以及確保彼等可作出的資訊,議程及會議文件連同完整及可靠的資料。 均須於各董事會會議舉行前最少3日送交過大均須於各董事會會議舉行前最少3日送交過大時期, 董事會會議之會議記錄初稿一般, 員會議結束後的合理時間內交予董事傳閱, 讓查 事提供意見,會議記錄之最終定稿可供董事查 閱。

企業管治報告

The Board (continued)

Board meetings (continued)

According to current Board practice, any material transaction which involves a conflict of interests for a substantial shareholder or a Director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened board meeting. The Company's Articles of Association also contain provisions requiring Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

Appointment, rotation and re-election of Directors

The Board as a whole is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of Directors, monitoring the appointment and succession planning of Directors and assessing the independence of INED. The Board reviewed its own structure, size and composition regularly to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Company. There were no meeting held for the nomination of Directors during the year.

In accordance with the CG Code and the Company's Articles of Association, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation once every three years and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Term of appointment of NED and INED

All NED and INED were appointed for an initial term of not more than one year and will be renewable automatically for successive term of one year until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party or the other. All NED and INED are subject to retirement by rotation once every three years and are subject to re-election.

Indemnification

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal actions against its Directors and officers. The Board reviews the extent of this insurance annually.

董事會(續)

董事會會議(續)

根據現時董事會常規,任何涉及主要股東或董事利益衝突之重大交易將由董事會正式召開董事會會議予以考慮及處理。本公司之公司組織章程細則亦載有條文規定,董事在批准涉及其或其連繫人士擁有重大權益之交易時,必須放棄投票及不得計入有關會議之法定人數內。

董事委任、輪值退任及重選

董事會之整體職責是檢討董事會組成、發展及 制定提名及委任董事之有關程序、監督董事委 任及連任計劃以及評估獨立非執行董事之獨立 性。董事會定期檢討其本身的架構、人數及組 成,確保具備適當及所需之專長、技能及經 驗,以應付本公司業務發展所需。年內並無就 董事之提名召開任何會議。

根據守則及本公司組織章程細則,全體董事均 須每三年輪流退任,惟符合資格膺選連任。

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之委任年期

本公司全體非執行董事均按不超過一年之初步 年期委任,並將於屆滿時自動續約一年,直至 其中一名訂約方向另一方發出不少於三個月書 面通知予以終止,所有非執行董事均須每三年 輪流退任,並須經重選連任。

賠償

本公司已就其董事及高級人員可能會面對之法 律行動作適當之投保安排,投保範圍乃按年檢 討。

企業管治報告

Segregation of Rules of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO")

The Company has not yet adopted A.2.1. Under the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of Chairman and CEO should be separate and would not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and CEO should be clearly established and set out in writing.

The Company does not presently have any officer with the title CEO. At present, Mr. Yang Yirong, being the Chairman and the President of the Company, is responsible for the strategic planning, formulation of overall corporate development policy and running the business of the Group as well as the duties of Chairman. The Board considered that, due to the nature and extent of the Group's operations, Mr. Yang is the most appropriate chief executive because he possesses in-depth knowledge and experience in fine chemicals business and is able to ensure the sustainable development of the Group. Besides, he is the founder, the chairman and the controlling shareholder of the Group since its establishment and till now. Notwithstanding the above, the Board will review the current structure from time to time. When at the appropriate time and if candidate with suitable leadership, knowledge, skills and experience can be identified within or outside the Group, the Company may make the necessary amendments.

主席及行政總裁職能之劃分

本公司尚未採納第A.2.1條之規定。根據企業管治守則之守則條文A.2.1,主席及行政總裁之角色應予區分,不應由同一人擔任。主席與行政總裁間之職責分工應清楚界定及以書面列明。

Board Committees

The Board has established two committees, namely the Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties.

The chairmen of the committees will report the findings and recommendations of the committees to the Board after each meeting. The minutes of all meetings of the committees are circulated to the Board for information.

董事委員會

董事會設有兩個委員會,分別為薪酬委員會及 審核委員會,以監管本公司各類具體事務。本 公司之所有董事會委員會均有明確的書面職權 範圍,清晰訂明其權力及職能。

各委員會主席將於各會議完結後向董事會提交 各委員會的結論及推薦意見。所有委員會會議 記錄會交予董事會傳閱,以提供資訊。

企業管治報告

Board Committees (continued)

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Han Huan Guang is the chairman while all the three INED, namely, Mr. Yau Fook Chuen, Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John and Dr. Zheng Lansun are the members of the Remuneration Committee.

The primary responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include establishing a formal and transparent procedures for developing policy on the remuneration of the Executive Directors and senior management, making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of Directors and senior management, ensuring the remuneration packages are sufficient to attract and retain the Directors to run the Company successfully, to avoid over-paying and ensure no Director or any of his associates will participate in deciding his own remuneration.

During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee met three to review and consider the remuneration policy and packages, including any discretionary management bonus of the Executive Directors and senior management by reference to market conditions, performance of the Group and the individual and corporate goals.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises the three INED, namely, Mr. Yau Fook Chuen, Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John and Dr. Zheng Lansun. Mr. Yau is the chairman of the Audit Committee and he possesses recongised professional qualifications in accounting required by the Listing Rules.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

- (a) To review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the qualified accountant or external auditors before submission to the Board;
- (b) To review and monitor the external auditors' independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process by reference to the work performed by the external auditors, their fees and terms of engagement, and make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditors; and
- (c) To review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system and associated procedures.

董事委員會(續)

薪酬委員會

韓歡光先生為薪酬委員會主席,而三名獨立非 執行董事丘福全先生、黃翼忠先生及鄭蘭蓀博 士均為薪酬委員會成員。

薪酬委員會主要職責包括制定正式及具透明度 之程序,就執行董事及高級管理層之酬金制定 政策;就本公司對執行董事及高級管理層酬金 之政策及結構向董事會提供推薦意見;確保酬 金組合足以吸引及留聘董事成功經營本公司; 避免給予過多酬報以及確保並無董事或其任何 聯繫人士參與釐定本身酬金的磋商。

於回顧年度,薪酬委員會曾舉行會議三次,經 參考市況、本集團及個人表現以及企業目標 後,檢討及考慮執行董事及高級管理層之酬金 政策及組合,包括任何酌情管理花紅。

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,分別 為丘福全先生、黃翼忠先生及鄭蘭蓀博士。丘 先生為審核委員會主席,其擁有上市規則規定 之認可專業會計資格。

審核委員會主要職責包括以下各項:

- (a) 向董事會提交財務報表及報告前,審閱 財務報表及報告以及考慮任何由合資格 會計師或外聘核數師提出的重大或不尋 常項目:
- (b) 經參考外聘核數師之工作、委聘費用及條款後,檢討及監察與外聘核數師是否獨立客觀及核數程序是否有效,並就外聘核數師之委聘、續聘及罷免向董事會提供推薦意見;及
- (c) 檢討本公司財務申報系統、內部監控及 風險管理制度與相關程序是否足夠及其 成效。

企業管治報告

Board Committees (continued)

Audit Committee (continued)

During the year under review, the Audit Committee held three meetings with the senior management and the Company's external auditors to review the interim and annual financial statements, financial controls, internal controls and risk management systems and the re-appointment of the external auditors. The Audit Committee has also reviewed the Group's accounting principles and practices, listing rules and statutory compliance and financial reporting matters.

Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the Company's own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiry has been made to all Directors and all the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with all the relevant requirements as set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2007.

Responsibilities in Respect of the Financial Statements

The management provides such explanation and information to the Board to facilitate an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the Board for approval.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements which give a true and fair view and the Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, price-sensitive announcements and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements. Meanwhile, the Directors are responsible for ensuring that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently; and that judgments and estimates made are prudent and reasonable. The Board was not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that might cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board has prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

於回顧年內,審核委員會曾與高級管理人員及 本公司外聘核數師舉行三次會議,檢討中期及 年度財務報表、財務監控、內部監控、風險管 理制度及外聘核數師續聘等事宜。審核委員會 亦完成檢討本集團之會計原則與常規、上市規 則及其他法規之遵行,以及財務匯報事宜。

進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為本公司有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則。本公司已向全體董事作出具體查詢,而全體董事亦已確認,彼等於截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守標準守則所載所有有關規定。

有關財務報表之責任

管理層提供一切解釋及資料,以便董事會在知情之情況下就其提呈予以通過之財務及其他資料加以評定。

董事知悉其須編製真實公平的財務報表之責任,而董事會則須負責對年報及中期報告、股價敏感資料公佈以及根據上市規則及其他監管規定須予披露的其他財務資料提呈平衡、清之會計政策及貫徹採用,且所作判斷及估計乃審慎合理。董事會並不知悉任何可能會嚴調長遠經營之能力的重大不團長遠經營之假設下編製財務報表。

企業管治報告

Internal Controls

The Board has overall responsibilities for maintaining a sound and effective internal control system of the Group. The system includes a defined management structure with limits of authority, safeguards its assets against unauthorized use or disposition, ensures the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensures compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss, and to manage the risks of failure in the Group's operational systems and in the achievement of the Group's objectives.

The Board periodically conducts review of the effectiveness of the system of internal controls. The tasks include:

- (i) access and review selected aspects of the Group's activities and internal controls:
- (ii) conduct regular comprehensive reviews of the practices, procedures and internal controls of selected business and supporting units and subsidiaries;
- (iii) examine and investigate business ethics, conflicts of interest and other company policy violations; and
- (iv) report results of review to the senior management and make recommendation where appropriate.

The Directors, through the audit committee of the Company ("Audit Committee"), have conducted an annual review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Company and its subsidiaries. The review covers all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

External Auditors

During the year, PricewaterhouseCoopers, the external auditors of the Company received approximately RMB1.5 million for audit services provided to the Group. The external auditors did not provide any non-audit service to the Group during the year under review.

內部監控

董事會須在整體上負責保持本集團之內部監控制度有效妥善,當中包括設有一個權限分明之清晰管理架構、保障集團資產不會遭挪用或竊取、確保會計紀錄妥為存置以提供可靠財務資料作內部或公佈之用,並且確保有關法例及規則一一遵循。該制度旨在合理(但非絕對)保證不會出現嚴重失誤,並管控本集團之營運系統以及本集團爭取達成業務目標過程中之失誤風險。

董事會定期檢討內部監控制度之有效性,範圍 包括:

- (i) 對本集團業務及內部監控選定之範疇進 行評估及檢討;
- (ii) 定期對選定之業務、支授單位及附屬公司之常規、程序及內部監控進行全面檢討;
- (iii) 對業務操守,利益衝突及其他公司政策 之違反進行審查及調查;及
- (iv) 向高級管理層提交評審結果及提出建議 (如適用)。

董事透過本公司之審核委員會(「審核委員會」),每年檢討一次本公司及其附屬公司的內部監控系統是否有效。有關檢討涵蓋所有重要的監控方面,包括財務監控、運作監控及合規監控,以及風險管理功能。

外聘核數師

年內,本公司核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所就審計服務收取本集團約1,500,000元人民幣。外聘核數師年內並無向本集團提供任何非審計服務。

企業管治報告

Communication with Shareholders and Investor Relations

Details of the rights of shareholders and the procedures for demanding a poll on resolutions at shareholders' meetings are set out in the circulars despatched to shareholders which the notice of the general meeting forms part and will be explained during the proceedings of meetings.

In accordance with the CG Code and the Company's Articles of Association, the Chairman of a meeting and/or Directors who, individually or collectively, hold proxies in respect of shares representing 5% or more of the total voting rights at a particular meeting shall demand a poll in certain circumstances where, on a show of hands, a meeting votes in opposite manner to that instructed in those proxies.

The Company continues to enhance communications and relationships with its investors. The annual general meeting enables the Company's shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The chairman of the Board and the chairman of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee have attended at the annual general meeting to be available to answer the questions of the shareholders of the Company. Regular meetings are also held with media, institutional investors and research analysts to provide them the Group's latest business development and non-price sensitive information.

To promote effective communication, extensive information about the Company business is provided in its interim and annual reports, which are sent to shareholders, analysts and interested parties. The Company also maintains a corporate website on which comprehensive information, updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information of the Group are provided.

與股東之溝通及投資者關係

股東權利及於股東大會就決議案要求按股數方式表決程序之詳情載於寄發予股東之通函內, 股東大會通告亦為該通函一部分,有關詳情將 於會議過程中闡釋。

根據守則及公司組織章程細則,個別或共同持有特定大會代表權之投票權總額5%或以上股份之大會主席及/或董事,須於進行舉手表決而表決結果與代表委任表格所指示相反方式表決之若干情況下,要求按股數投票表決。

本公司繼續改善與其投資者之溝通及關係。股 東週年大會為讓本公司股東可與董事會交流意 見之機會。董事會主席及審核委員會與薪酬委 員會主席均有出席股東週年大會,以回應本公 司股東的提問。本公司亦與傳媒、機構投資者 及研究分析員定期舉行會議,向彼等提供本公 司最新業務發展及非股價敏感資料。

為推行有效溝通,本公司向股東、分析員及有關人士寄發載有本集團業務詳細資料之中期報告及年報,並設有公司網站,提供全面資訊、本公司業務發展及營運的最新動向、財務資料、企業管治常規及本集團其他資料。

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. YANG Yirong (Chairman and President)

Mr. Yang, aged 46, is the founder of the Group. He is responsible for strategic planning and formulation of overall corporate development policy for the Group. Mr. Yang holds a Bachelor degree in science, majoring in chemistry from Huaqiao University (華僑大學) in 1982. Prior to founding the Group in 1994, Mr. Yang has extensive experience in the fine chemicals manufacturing and trading and has more than ten years of experience in natural organic chemistry research.

Mr. GONG Xionghui (Senior Vice President - Engineering Project Management)

Mr. Gong, aged 44, is responsible for project construction and strategic investment development. Mr. Gong holds a Master degree in chemical engineering from Xiamen University (廈門大學) and has accumulated over 19 years of experience in fine chemicals industry and qualified as an ISO 9000 auditor in the PRC in 1998. He joined the Group in September 1999.

Ms. LU Jiahua (Senior Vice President - Group Financial Control)

Ms. Lu, aged 41, oversees the finance and accounting and human resources functions for the Group in the PRC. She has over 18 years of experience in accounting, financial management, administration management and internal auditing in a number of pharmaceutical and fine chemical manufacturing enterprises. Ms. Lu holds a Bachelor degree and a Master degree in economics and corporate management from Xiamen University (廈門大學). She joined the Group in April 2002.

Mr. LIN Like (Senior Vice President – Group Operation and Technology)

Mr. Lin, aged 45, is responsible for the management of the Group's operation in aroma and natural products and research and development functions for the Group. Mr. Lin oversees the research and development department and other operational departments including the production department and quality management department of the Group. Mr. Lin graduated from the Chemistry Department of Huaqiao University (華僑大學) with a Bachelor degree in science and graduated from the Guangzhou Institute of Chemistry (中國科學院廣州化學研究所), Academic Sinica with a Master degree in science. Mr. Lin has been engaged in the research and development of fine chemicals for many years with extensive experience in the natural products industry in China. He joined the Group in August 2004.

董事

執行董事

楊毅融先生(主席兼總裁)

楊先生,46歲,本集團創辦人,負責制定本集 團策略規劃及整體企業發展政策。楊先生在華 僑大學主修化學,於一九八二年取得理學士學 位。於一九九四年創辦本集團之前,已累積豐 富精細化學品生產及貿易經驗,具有逾十年天 然有機化學研究經驗。

龔雄輝先生(資深副總裁-工程項目管理)

龔先生,44歲,負責項目建設及策略投資發展。龔先生持有廈門大學化學工程碩士學位,並累積超過19年之精細化工行業經驗,龔先生於一九九八年成為中國認可ISO 9000審計師。彼於一九九九年九月加入本集團。

盧家華女士(*資深副總裁-財務管控*)

盧女士,41歲,負責監督本集團中國業務之財務與會計及人力資源的工作。盧女士於多間製藥工業及精細化工企業之會計、財務管理、行政管理及內部核數擁有逾18年經驗。盧女士持有廈門大學經濟學學士及企業管理碩士學位。彼於二零零二年四月加入本集團。

林力克先生(資深副總裁-集團營運及技術管理)

林先生,45歲,負責管理本集團芳香及天然產物的營運工作及研發工作。林先生掌管本集團研發部及其他營運部門,包括生產部及品質管理部。林先生先後於華僑大學化學系及中國科學院廣州化學研究所畢業,分別獲理學學士學位及理學碩士學位。林先生多年來從事精細化學品的研究和開發工作,對中國天然產物產業擁有豐富經驗。彼於二零零四年八月加入本集團。

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Directors (continued)

Executive Directors (continued)

Mr. HAN Huan Guang (Chairman of Remuneration Committee) (Senior Vice President – Group Strategic Investments and Capital Markets)

Mr. Han, aged 45, graduated from Zhongshan University (中山大 學) with a Bachelor degree in biochemistry in 1982 and obtained his Master degree in Business Administration from University of Technology, Sydney, Australia in 1993. He has over 20 years' experience in corporate finance, merger and acquisition, infrastructure and new technology developments, management of listed and nonlisted companies in the PRC and overseas. Over the years, he has been a Director, and then Managing Director in China Everbright Medicine Co. Ltd. (a subsidiary of China Everbright Holdings Group), Livzon Pharmaceutical Group Inc. and in other senior management positions in Hong Kong, Singapore and Mainland companies. He has been appointed as a Councilor of the China Society of Biotechnology, and also member of some professional associations in the region. He joined the Group in September 2005 as a non-executive director, and became an executive director from May 2006, responsible for Group strategic investments and investor relations.

Non-executive Directors

Mr. FENG Tao (Vice Chairman)

Mr. Feng, aged 40, is the Chief Executive Officer of New Margin Venture Capital Co. Ltd., which is one of the most outstanding venture-capital firms in China. Commencing from 1999, Mr. Feng has been serving as the vice president officer (副主任) of The Foundation of Science & Technology for Development of the State Planning Committee, State Economic & Trade Commission of the PRC (中華人民共和國國家經濟貿易委員會) and Chinese Academy of Sciences. As one of pioneers of venture-capital of China, Mr. Feng possesses extensive experience and knowledge of both domestic and overseas markets. Mr. Feng was awarded the title of "Top 10 most influential venture capitalists in China" in the "Asia-Pacific Venture Capitalist Summit and Most Influential Venture Capitalists in China Award Ceremony" in April 2005. He obtained a Master degree in science from the Department of Statistics and Applied Probability of University of Alberta in June 1992. He joined the Group in September 2005.

董事(續)

執行董事(續)

韓歡光先生(薪酬委員會主席)(資深副總裁一策略投資與資本市場)

非執行董事

馮濤先生(副主席)

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Directors (continued)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. YAU Fook Chuen (Chairman of Audit Committee, Member of Remuneration Committee)

Mr. Yau, aged 50, is a practising accountant and has over 18 years of experience in public accountancy practice which covers company secretarial service, accountancy, auditing and taxation. He is a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Yau is currently the proprietor of Yau & Wong, Certified Public Accountants in Hong Kong. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in February 2004.

Mr. WONG Yik Chung, John (Member of Audit Committee, Member of Remuneration Committee)

Mr. Wong, aged 41, among being the Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, was also served as an Independent Nonexecutive Director of Golden Resources Development International Limited, CDW Holdings Limited and General Steel Holdings Inc, companies listed in Hong Kong, Singapore and the United States respectively. He is a professional accountant by training with more than 17 years of experience in auditing and corporate finance work, with extensive exposure to the business enterprise in the PRC. Mr. Wong is currently the director to TMF China, a firm provides a variety of professional outsourcing solutions to an international client base investing in PRC. Mr. Wong graduated from the University of Melbourne. He is a fellow member of the Australian Society of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He also obtained a PRC Certificate of Independent Directorship in 2002. He was appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director in February 2004.

Dr. ZHENG Lansun (Member of Audit Committee, Member of Remuneration Committee)

Dr. Zheng, aged 53, is a member of the National Committee of the 10th Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (中國人民政治協商會議第十屆全國委員會), representing the technology sector. He is also a qualified academician (院士) of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (中國科學院). Dr. Zheng received a Doctoral degree in philosophy from Rice University in the United States of America and has engaged in chemistry related research activities at Xiamen University. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in February 2004.

董事(續)

獨立非執行董事

丘福全先生(審核委員會主席,薪酬委員會成 員)

丘先生,50歲,執業會計師,擁有逾18年有關公司秘書服務、會計、審計及稅務之執業會計師經驗。丘先生為英國特許公認會計師公會及香港會計師公會會員,現時經營香港執業會計師丘王會計師事務所。彼於二零零四年二月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

黃翼忠先生(審核委員會主席,薪酬委員會成 員)

黃先生,41歲,彼為本公司的獨立非執行董事外,同時身兼金源米業國際有限公司,CDW Holdings 及通用鋼鐵控股有限公司等分別於香港、新加坡及美國上市之公司獨立非執行審事之職務。彼為合資格會計師,擁有逾17年審計及企業融資經驗,對中國商業企業具有資經驗。彼現為TMF China之董事,該公司向投外開發。彼現為TMF China之董事,該公司向投外開發。彼現為TMF China之董事,該公司向投外開發。後期一國際客戶為主之公司提供專業與資於中國並以國際客戶為主之公司提供專業與對於中國企業事為主之公司,為於一次會及香港會計師公會資深會員。被亦於二零零四年二月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

鄭蘭蓀博士*(審核委員會主席,薪酬委員會成 員)*

鄭博士,53歲,中國人民政治協商會議第十屆 全國委員會科技界委員。鄭博士亦為中國科學 院合資格院士,獲美國Rice University頒發哲 學博士學位,其後在廈門大學從事化學研究工 作。鄭博士於二零零四年二月獲委任為獨立非 執行董事。

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Senior Management

Mr. XIE Rong Guo. (Vice President – Strategic Resources Management) Mr. Xie, aged 45, Head of Strategic Resources Management Center. Since he joined Ecogreen, Mr. Xie has been the management positions in purchase department, logistic department and commercial department and the general manager of strategic resources management. He has excellent professional knowledge and rich experience in supply chain management and strategic resources management.

Mr. LIN Zhigang (Vice President – Food Additives Business)

Mr. Lin, aged 37, Head of Food Additives Business. He holds a Bachelor degree of economics obtained from Xiamen University. Prior to joining the Group in June 1996, he worked in a foreign investment enterprise and has concrete experience in sales and marketing management, business development and production management.

Mr. Yl Zhi Xiong (Vice President – Corporate Administration)

Mr. Yi, aged 46, Head of Corporate Administration. Mr. Yi majored in fine chemicals in Tianjin University with a Bachelor degree of engineering. He has been the head of management in a large manufacturing company before he joined Ecogreen in September 1998.

Mr. WONG Cang Yan (Head of President Office)

MR. Wong, aged 50, Head of President Office. Mr. Wong received Bachelor degree of management science from National Chiao Tung University. Before joining Ecogreen in July 2007, Mr. Wong has 26 years work experience in enterprise management. During 2003 to 2005, he was the management consultant of Ecogreen, helping the Group to build the daily management system.

Mr. YAN Da Yi David (General Manager – Marketing and Sales of Aroma Chemicals)

Mr. Yan, aged 47, General Manager of the Marketing and Sales of Aroma Chemicals, Mr. Yan holds a Bachelor degree of Engineering. Mr. Yan has 25 years work experience in Canada, Hong Kong and China. Before joining the Group in May 2004, he worked for eight years in a well-known software company in Hong Kong, for positions in marketing, sales, servicing and administrative departments.

高級管理人員

謝榮國(副總裁一戰略資源管理)

謝先生,45歲,本集團之戰略資源副總裁。謝 先生自公司建立入職,歷任採購、物流、商務 經理、物流中心總經理及戰略資源總經理等重 要職務。在供應鏈管理,戰略資源項目開發、 戰略資源運營上具有優秀的專業積累和豐富的 運營經驗。

林志剛先生(副總裁-食品配料事業部)

林先生,37歲,本集團之食品配料事業部副總裁。林先生持有廈門大學經濟學士學位。於一九九六年六月加入本集團之前,曾在一家外資企業工作,有堅實之銷售與市場推廣管理、業務開發及生產管理經驗。

伊志雄先生(副總裁一企業管理)

伊先生,46歲,本集團之企業管理副總裁。伊 先生畢業於天津大學精細化工工學學士學位。 於一九九八年九月加入本集團前,伊先生曾於 一家大型製造企業擔任管理部部長,具有優秀 的專業積累和豐富的管理經驗。

翁倉煙先生(總裁辦公室主任)

翁先生,50歲,本集團之總裁辦公室主任。翁 先生畢業於台灣交通大學管理科學學士學位。 於二零零七年十月加入本集團前,翁先生已從 事企業管理26年。在二零零三年至二零零五期 間擔任本集團的管理顧問,幫助集團建立了日 常管理體系,擁有豐富的管理經驗。

顏達義先生(香原料市場營銷部總經理)

額先生,47歲,本集團之香原料市場營銷部總經理。顏先生持有工學學士學位,在加拿大、香港和中國沿海有25年工作積累,於二零零四年五月加入本集團前,顏先生曾於香港一家知名軟體公司任職八年及擔任市場、銷售、服務和行政管理職務,對不同文化背景的商業運作模式和溝通交流理解深刻、經驗豐富。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Senior Management (continued)

Mr. XIAO Li Yuan (Aroma Chemicals Operations Manager)

Mr. Xiao, aged 44, Director of Aroma Chemicals Operations. Before joining the Group in February 2001, he was the deputy manager in a large chemical enterprise. Mr. Xiao has more than 26 years experience of production management.

Ms. CHEN Ying Hong (Human Resources Manager)

Ms. Chen, aged 32, Human Resources Manager. She graduated from Normal University, and holds the certificate of manpower resource management (second class), and certificate of national enterprise training (second class). Before joining the Group in July 2006, she worked in a Japanese corporation and occupied the management position, She has very rich manpower management experience.

Mr. TU Hong Bin (Aroma Chemicals R&D Manager)

Mr. Tu, aged 40, Aroma Chemicals R&D Manager, who received a Ph.D degree in 1995 from Beijing Institute of Technology. After the postdoctoral research experience with Professor Alan.R.Katritzky at University of Florida of USA (2001-2004), he joined Ecogreen in May 2005. He has more than 10 years experience in organic synthesis and methodology including 3 years preparation and production of Heterocyclic compounds.

Mr. LEE Ke (Deputy Manager of Shanghai Fine Chemical)

Mr. Lee, aged 33. Deputy Manager of Shanghai Fine Chemical Co., Ltd. Mr. Lee received a Master degree of MBA in Britain together a Master of science. Before joining the Group in May 2005, Mr. Lee occupied management position in American and French companies. He has excellent professional knowledge and rich experience in sales & marketing, also in project management.

Mr. LAM Kwok Kin (Financial Controller and Company Secretary)

Mr. Lam, aged 34, is the financial controller and company secretary of the Company. He holds a Bachelor degree in accountancy and is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Prior to joining the Group in October 2003, he worked with an international accounting firm for seven years and was the financial controller and company secretary of a company listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Lam has extensive experience in auditing, accounting, budgeting and company secretarial works.

高級管理人員(續)

肖利遠先生(香原料營運總監)

肖先生,44歲,本集團香原料製造之營運總 監。於二零零一年二月加入本集團前,肖先生 曾於一家大型化工企業擔任生產管理副廠長, 具有26年化工企業生產管理的豐富經驗。

陳映紅女士(人力資源部經理)

陳女士,32歲,本集團之人力資源經理。師範大學本科,國家人力資源管理師(二級)、國家企業培訓師(二級)。於二零零六年七月加入本集團前,陳女士曾於日資企業擔任管理職務,具有豐富的人力資源實務與管理經驗。

塗洪斌先生(香原料研發主管)

塗先生,40歲,本集團之香原料研發主管。北京理工大學工學博士,美國佛羅里達大學博士後。於二零零五年五月加入本集團前,塗先生曾於美國佛羅尼里達大學從事雜環化學研究3年,積累有13年有機化學研究的豐富經驗。

李科先生(萬凱化學副總經理)

李先生,33歲,本集團之萬凱化學副總經理。 李先生在英國接受MBA教育,獲碩士學位、同 時具有理學碩士學位。於二零零五年一月加入 本集團前,李先生曾於美、法外資企業擔任管 理職務,有優秀的專業積累,具備豐富的市場 行銷和專案管理經驗。

林國健先生(財務總監兼公司秘書)

林先生,34歲,本集團之財務總監兼公司秘書。林先生持有會計學士學位,為英國特許公認會計師公會及香港會計師公會之資深會員。於二零零三年十月加入本集團前,林先生曾於一家國際會計師行任職七年及擔任一家聯交所上市公司之財務總監兼公司秘書,於核數、會計、預算及公司秘書事務擁有豐富經驗。

董事會報告

The directors ("the Directors") of EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited ("the Company") are pleased to present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and of its subsidiaries (collectively "the Group") for the year ended 31 December 2007.

中怡精細化工集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)欣然呈報其全年報告連同本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。

Principal activities and geographical analysis of operations

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are the research and development, production and sale of fine chemicals products from natural resources for use in aroma chemicals and pharmaceutical products and trading of fine chemicals products and natural materials.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by business and geographical segments is set out in Note 5 to the financial statements.

主要業務及業務地區分析

本公司為投資控股公司。本集團之主要業務包括利用天然資源研發、生產及銷售精細化學品,用於芳香化學品及藥品,以及買賣精細化工產品及天然物料。

本集團於本年度按業務及地區分部劃分之表現 分析載於財務報表附註5。

Subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 December 2007 are set out in Note 10 to the financial statements.

附屬公司

本公司附屬公司於二零零七年十二月三十一日 之詳情載於財務報表附註**10**。

Results and dividends

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2007 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 53.

An interim dividend of HK1 cents per share, amounting to a total of about HK\$4,699,000 (equivalent of approximately RMB4,537,000), was paid to shareholders of the Company ("the Shareholders") on 30 November 2007.

The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK3.5 cents per share to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members on 9 May 2008. Together with the interim dividend, this will bring the total dividend distribution for the year to HK4.5 cents (2006: HK3.1 cents) per share, resulting in an aggregate dividend of about HK\$21.1 million (equivalent of approximately RMB19.3 million) for the year ended 31 December 2007.

業績及股息

本集團截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度 業績載於第**53**頁之綜合損益帳。

本公司已於二零零七年十一月三十日向本公司股東(「股東」)派付中期股息每股1港仙,合共約4,699,000港元(約相等於4,537,000元人民幣)。

董事建議派發末期股息每股3.5港仙予於二零零八年五月九日名列股東名冊之股東,連同中期股息款額,本年度股息分派總額為每股4.5港仙(二零零六年:3.1港仙),導致截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度之股息合共約為21,100,000港元(約相等於19,300,000元人民幣)。

Reserves

Details of movements in reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 54. Details of movements in other reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out in Note 16 to the financial statements.

儲備

本集團儲備於年內之變動詳情載於第54頁之綜合權益變動表。本集團及本公司其他儲備於年內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

董事會報告

Property, plant and equipment

Movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Share capital

Details of movements in share capital of the Company during the year are set out in Note 15 to the financial statements.

Distributable reserves

Distributable reserves including retained earnings of the Company at 31 December 2007 amounted to RMB321,547,000 (2006: RMB291,624,000).

Purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed securities

During the year ended 31 December 2007, the Company had not redeemed and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased or sold any of the Company's listed securities.

Pre-emptive rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

Financial summary

A summary of the results and of the financial positions of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 122.

物業、機器及設備

本集團物業、機器及設備於年內之變動詳情載 於財務報表附註**6**。

股本

本公司股本於年內之變動詳情載於財務報表附 註**15**。

可供分派儲備

本公司於二零零七年十二月三十一日包括保留盈利之可供分派儲備為321,547,000元人民幣(二零零六年:291,624,000元人民幣)。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司並無贖回,而本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 購買或出售本公司任何上市證券。

優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則並無有關優先購買權之 規定,而根據開曼群島法例,該等權利並無限 制,本公司毋須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新 股份。

財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績及財務狀況概 要載於第122頁。

董事會報告

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yang Yirong (Chairman & President)

Mr. Gong Xionghui Ms. Lu Jiahua

Mr. Lin Like

Mr. Han Huan Guang

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Feng Tao

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yau Fook Chuen

Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John

Dr. Zheng Lansun

In accordance with article 108(A) of the Company's articles of association, Mr. Lin Like, Mr. Yau Fook Chuen and Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John, will retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, offers themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors were appointed for an initial term of not more than one year and will be renewable automatically for successive term of one year until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Directors' interests in contracts

Details of the related party transactions are set out in Note 31 to the financial statements.

Save for the above, no contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at year-end or at any time during the year.

董事

於本年度及直至本報告日期之本公司董事如下:

執行董事

楊毅融先生(主席兼總裁)

龔雄輝先生

盧家華女士

林力克先生

韓歡光先生

非執行董事

馮濤先生

獨立非執行董事

丘福全先生

黄翼忠先生

鄭蘭蓀博士

根據本公司之組織章程細則第108(A)條,林力克先生、丘福全先生及黃翼忠先生將於應屆股東週年大會輪值退任,惟符合資格並願意膺選連任。

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會重選連任之董事訂 有本集團不可於一年內不作賠償(法定賠償除 外)予以終止之服務合約。

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之任期初步不多 於一年,並將自動續任一年,直至任何一方向 對方發出不少於三個月之書面通知終止任期為 止。

董事之合約權益

有關連人士交易詳情載於財務報表附註31。

除上述者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂 有與本集團業務有關,且於年末或年內任何時 間仍然生效及本公司董事直接或間接擁有重大 權益之重大合約。

董事會報告

Biographical details of Directors and senior management

Biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 31 to 35.

董事及高級管理人員履歷

董事及高級管理人員之履歷載於第31至35頁。

Directors' Emoluments

Details of Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Ordinance and Appendix 16 of the Listing Rules are set out in Note 23(b) to the financial statements.

董事袍金

根據公司條例第161條及上市規則附錄16披露 有關董事袍金詳情載於財務報表附註23(b)。

Arrangements to purchase shares or debentures

At no time during the year was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or chief executives of the Company or their spouses or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate with the exception of the Company's share option scheme, details of which are set out in the following section under the heading "Share options".

購買股份或債券之安排

於年內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概 無訂立任何安排,致使董事或本公司行政總裁 或彼等之配偶或未滿十八歲子女可藉收購本公 司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲利, 惟透過本公司購股權計劃所購買者則除外,有 關詳情載於下文「購股權」一節。

Notes:

(b)

(c)

Directors' Report 董事會報告

Directors' and chief executives' interests and/or short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures

At 31 December 2007, the interests and short positions of the Directors, chief executives and their associates in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")), which were recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO; or which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies contained in the Listing Rules, were as follows:

董事及行政總裁於股份、相關股份及債券之權益及/或淡倉

於二零零七年十二月三十一日,董事、行政總裁及彼等之聯繫人士於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)股份、相關股份或債券中擁有,並登記於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊;或根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部已知會本公司及聯交所(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文,彼等被當作或視作擁有之權益或淡倉)或根據上市規則上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則已知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

(a) Long positions in ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

(a) 於本公司每股面值**0.10**港元普通股之好 倉

Number of shares held 所持股數

			11139	以及			
	Personal	Family	Corpora	te	Other		% of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司
Name of Director	interests	interests	interes		interests	Total	已發行股
董事姓名	個人權益	家族權益	公司權	益	其他權益	總計	本百分比
Mr. Yang Yirong 楊毅融先生	-	-	193,263,15 (Note (附註:	a)	-	193,263,158	41.12%
Mr. Gong Xionghui 龔雄輝先生	-	-	11,368,42 (Note (附註)	21 b)	-	11,368,421	2.41%
Ms. Lu Jiahua 盧家華女士	-	-	8,526,33 (Note (附註)	16 c)	-	8,526,316	1.81%
				附註:			
These shares were beneficially owned by Marietta Limited, a private company beneficially wholly-owned by Mr. Yang Yirong.				(a)	該等股份以楊毅融先生實益全資擁有之私/ Marietta Limited實益擁有。		
These shares were beneficially owned by Dragon Kingdom Investment Limited, a private company beneficially wholly-owned by Mr. Gong Xionghui.				(b)		優雄輝先生實益全資 om Investment Limit	
These shares were beneficially owned by Sunwill Investments Limited, a private company beneficially wholly-owned by Ms. Lu Jiahua.				(c)		氢家華女士實益全資 ments Limited實益	

董事會報告

Directors' and chief executives' interests or short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures (continued)

(b) Interest in share options of the Company

Share options, being unlisted physically settled equity derivatives, to subscribe for the ordinary shares of the Company were granted to Directors, chief executives, employees and certain participants pursuant to the approved Company's share option scheme. Information in relation to these share options during the year ended 31 December 2007 are set out in the following section under the heading "Share options".

(c) Interest in registered share capital of a Company's subsidiary

Other than the interest disclosed above, a Director also hold nominee shares in certain subsidiaries held in trust for the Group solely for the purpose of ensuring that the relevant subsidiary has more than one member.

Other than as disclosed above, neither the Directors nor any chief executives, nor any of their associates, had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares, or debentures of the Company or its associated corporation as at 31 December 2007.

Share options

The following is a summary of the Company's share option scheme ("the Scheme"), which was approved and adopted pursuant to a written resolution of the shareholders of the Company passed on 16 February 2004, disclosed in accordance with the Listing Rules:

1. Purpose of the Scheme

The Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contributions to the Group.

2. Participants of the Scheme

All directors, employees, suppliers of goods or services, customers, persons or entities that provide research, development or other technological support to the Group, shareholders and advisers or consultants of the Group are eligible to participate in the Scheme.

董事及行政總裁於股份、相關股份及債券之權益或淡倉(續)

(b) 於本公司購股權之權益

董事、行政總裁、僱員及根據已獲批准之本公司購股權計劃之若干參與人士,授予屬於非上市實物交收股本衍生工具以認購本公司普通股之購股權。有關截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度內該等購股權之詳情,載於下文「購股權」一節。

(c) 於本公司一家附屬公司註冊股本之權益

除上文披露之權益外,董事亦以信託方 式為本集團持有若干附屬公司之代名人 股份,僅為確保有關附屬公司擁有超過 一名股東。

除上文披露者外,於二零零七年十二月 三十一日,概無董事或任何行政總裁或 彼等任何聯繫人士,於本公司或其相聯 法團之股份、相關股份或債券中,擁有 任何權益或淡倉。

購股權

以下為根據上市規則披露本公司股東於二零零四年二月十六日通過書面決議案批准及採納之本公司購股權計劃([計劃])之概要:

1. 計劃之目的

計劃之目的是使本集團可向指定參與者 授出購股權,作為彼等對本集團所作貢 獻之獎勵或回報。

2. 計劃參與者

本集團所有董事、僱員、貨品或服務供 應商、客戶與向本集團提供研究、開發 或其他技術支援之人士或公司、股東及 諮詢人或顧問均合資格參與計劃。

董事會報告

Share options (continued)

3. Total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme

The total number of shares of the Company ("the Shares") which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme adopted by the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue on 21 July 2004, the date of approval of the refreshment of the General Scheme Limit (as defined below) by the shareholders of the Company ("the Shareholders").

The Company may renew the 10% limit with Shareholders' approval provided that each such renewal may not exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of the Shareholder's approval ("the General Scheme Limit").

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme adopted by the Company must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time.

As at 9 April 2008, being the latest practicable date prior to the issue of the annual report, options to subscribe for a total of 31,410,000 Shares were still outstanding under the Scheme which represents approximately 6.7% of the Shares in issue.

4. Maximum entitlement of each participant

Unless approved by shareholders of the Company, the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of the options granted to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Scheme or any other share option scheme adopted by the Company in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the issued share capital.

5. The period within which the shares must be taken up under an option

An option must be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Directors to each grantee, which period may commence from the date of the offer for the grant of option is made, but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date on which the offer for the grant of the option is made, subject to the provisions for early termination thereof.

購股權(續)

3. 根據計劃可發行之股份總數

根據計劃及本公司採納之任何其他購股權計劃授出之購股權獲行使而將予配發及發行之本公司股份(「股份」)總數,合共不得超過於二零零四年七月二十一日本公司股東(「股東」)批准更新一般計劃限額(見以下註釋)當天已發行股份之10%。

在獲得股東批准後,本公司可更新此 10%之限額,而每一次更新,均不得超 過股東批准該日已發行股份之10%(「一 般計劃限額」)。

根據購股權計劃及本公司採納之任可其 他購股權計劃已授出但尚未行使之購股 權獲行使而可予發行之股份數目,合共 最多不得超過不時已發行股份之30%。

於二零零八年四月九日,為發行本年報之最後可行日期,根據計劃仍未行使的購股權可認購股份合共31,410,000股,佔已發行股份約6.7%。

4. 各參與者之最高配額

除非獲本公司股東批准,否則於任何十二個月期間內,就根據計劃或本公司 採納之任何其他購股權計劃而授予每名 參與者之購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使 者)獲行使而發行及將予發行之股份總 數,不得超過已發行股本之1%。

5. 根據購股權認購股份之期限

購股權須於董事釐定並知會各承授人之期間隨時根據計劃條款行使,而除根據計劃規定提早終止外,該期間可自建議授出購股權當日起計,惟無論如何不得遲於建議授出購股權當日起計滿10年之日屆滿。

董事會報告

Share options (continued)

The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

Unless otherwise determined by the Directors and stated in the offer for the grant of options to a grantee, there is no minimum period required under the Scheme for the holding of an option before it can be exercised.

7. The period within which payments or calls must or may be made or loans for such purposes must be repaid and the amount payable on application or acceptance of the option

An option may be accepted by a participant within 21 days from the date of the offer for the grant of the option and the amount payable on acceptance of the grant of an option is HK\$1.

8. The basis of determining the exercise price

The exercise price is determined by the Directors and being not less than the highest of:

- the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange for trade in one or more board lots of the Company's shares on the date of the offer for the grant;
- b. the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the offer for the grant; and
- c. the nominal value of the Company's shares.

9. The remaining life of the Scheme

The Scheme will end on 15 February 2014, after which no option can be granted under the Scheme. However, options that remain outstanding as at 15 February 2014 can be exercised until their respective expiry dates.

購股權(續)

6. 購股權可行使前須持有之最短期限

除非董事另行決定並於向承授人授出購 股權之建議中表明,否則並無有關購股 權可行使前必須根據計劃持有之最短期 限。

7. 必須或可以付款或催繳或須就此等目的 償還貸款之期限及於申請或接納購股權 時應付款項

> 參與者可由建議授出購股權當日起計21 日內接納購股權,而於接納授予購股權 時須支付之金額為1港元。

8. 釐定行使價之基準

行使價由董事釐定,惟不得低於下列最 高者:

- a. 以一手或以上單位進行買賣之本 公司股份於建議授出購股權當日 在聯交所每日報價表所列收市 價:
- b. 本公司股份於緊接建議授出購股 權當日前五個營業日在聯交所每 日報價表所列平均收市價;及
- c. 本公司股份之面值。

9. 計劃剩餘年期

計劃將於二零一四年二月十五日屆滿, 此後不得根據計劃授出購股權。然而, 於二零一四年二月十五日仍未行使之購 股權可予行使,直至其各自屆滿日期為 止。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

Share options (continued)

The following table discloses details of share options outstanding as at 31 December 2007 under the Scheme and the movements during the year.

購股權(續)

下表載述於二零零七年十二月三十一日根據計 劃尚未行使之購股權詳情及其於年內之變動。

Type of Grantee	承授人類別	Granted date 授出日期	Exercise price 行使價 HK\$ 港元	Exercisable period 行使期	Balance as at 1 January 2007 於二零零七年 一月一日 結餘 ('000)	Granted during the year 年內授出 ('000)	Exercised during the year 年內行使 ('000) (Notes a) (附註a)	Cancelled during the year 年內註銷 ('000)	Balance as at 31 December 2007 於二零零七年 十二月三十一日 結餘 ('000)
Category 1 Directors	類別 1 -董事								
Mr. Yang Yirong	楊毅融先生	25.5.2006	1.39	25.5.2006 - 24.5.2011	400	-	-	-	400
Mr. Gong Xionghui	龔雄輝先生	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004 - 7.6.2014	4,000	-	(900)	-	3,100
Ms. Lu Jiahua	盧家華女士	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004 - 7.6.2014	3,500	-	(900)	-	2,600
Mr. Lin Like	林力克先生	25.5.2006	1.39	25.5.2006 - 24.5.2011	3,000	-	(600)	-	2,400
Mr. Han Huan Guang	韓歡光先生	25.5.2006	1.39	25.5.2006 - 24.5.2011	3,000	-	(600)	-	2,400
Mr. Fung Tao	馮濤先生	25.5.2006	1.39	25.5.2006 - 24.5.2011	3,000	-	(600)	-	2,400
Mr. Yau Fook Chuen	丘福全先生	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004 - 7.6.2014	400	-	(200)	-	200
		25.5.2006	1.39	25.5.2006 - 24.5.2011	400	-	-	-	400
Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John	黃翼忠先生	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004 - 7.6.2014	400	-	(200)	-	200
		25.5.2006	1.39	25.5.2006 - 24.5.2011	400	-	-	-	400
Dr. Zheng Lansun	鄭蘭蓀博士	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004 - 7.6.2014	400	-	-	-	400
		25.5.2006	1.39	25.5.2006 – 24.5.2011	400	-	-	_	400
Sub-total	小計				19,300	-	(4,000)	-	15,300
Category 2 – Employees under	類別 2 - 持續僱傭合約	8.6.2004	1.37	8.6.2004 - 7.6.2014	13,000	-	(2,730)	(2,000)	8,270
continuous employmer contract	僱員	25.5.2006	1.39	25.5.2006 – 24.5.2011	6,800	-	(1,360)	-	5,440
Sub-total	/] \ 計				19,800	-	(4,090)	(2,000)	13,710
Category 3 – Other participant	類別3- s 其他參與人士	25.5.2006	1.39	25.5.2006 – 24.5.2011	4,000	-	(800)	-	3,200
Sub-total	小計				4,000	-	(800)	-	3,200
Total	總計				43,100	-	(8,890)	(2,000)	32,210

Notes:

附註:

(a) 行使日期為二零零七年五月二十三日,在購股權行 使前一日,每股市值為3.79港元。

Exercise date was 23 May 2007. At the date before the options were exercised, (a) the market value per share was HK\$3.79.

董事會報告

Interest and/or short positions of shareholders discloseable under SFO

As at 31 December 2007, the interests and short positions of the persons, other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company, in the shares and underlying shares of the Company, which were notified to the Company pursuant to Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, were as follows:

根據證券及期貨條例須予披露之股東權 益及/或淡倉

於二零零七年十二月三十一日,除董事及本公司行政總裁以外之人士於本公司股份及相關股份中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部已知會本公司;或本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定存置之登記冊所記錄之權益及淡倉如下:

Long positions in ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

於本公司每股面值0.10港元普通股之好倉

			Number of share 所持股數 Interest of			% of the
			corporation controlled by the substantial shareholder			issued share capital of the Company
Name 名稱	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Investment Manager 投資經理	大股東 所控制的法團 的權益	Other interests 其他權益	Total 總計	佔本公司 已發行股 本百分比
Marietta Limited	193,263,158 (Note a) (附註 a)	-	-	-	193,263,158	41.12%
Keywise Capital Management (HK) Limited	-	71,342,000	-	-	71,342,000	15.18%
Keywise Greater China Opportunities Master Fund	57,450,000	-	-	-	57,450,000	12.22%
Hang Seng Bank International Limited	-	-	-	28,376,000 (Note d) (附註 d)	28,376,000	6.03%
Cheah Cheng Hye 謝清海	796,000	-	28,376,000 (Note b) (附註 b)	-	29,172,000	6.20%
To Hau Yin 杜巧賢	-	-	-	29,172,000 (Note e) (附註 e)	29,172,000	6.20%
Cheah Capital Management Limited	-	-	28,376,000 (Note b) (附註 b)	-	28,376,000	6.03%
Cheah Company Limited	-	-	28,376,000 (Note b) (附註 b)	-	28,376,000	6.03%
Value Partners Group Limited	-	-	28,376,000 (Note c) (附註 c)	-	28,376,000	6.03%
Value Partners Limited	-	28,376,000	-	-	28,376,000	6.03%

董事會報告

Interest and/or short positions of shareholders discloseable under SFO (continued)

Notes:

- (a) These shares were registered in the name of and beneficially owned by Marietta Limited, the entire issued share capital of which was directly and beneficially owned by Mr. Yang Yirong.
- (b) These shares were registered in the name of and beneficially owned by Value Partners Limited, approximately 35.65% of the issued share capital of which was indirectly and beneficially owned by this shareholder.
- (c) These shares were registered in the name of and beneficially owned by Value Partners Limited, the entire issued share capital of which was directly and beneficially owned by this shareholder.
- (d) Trustee.
- (e) Interest of a substantial shareholder's spouse.

Other than as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified by any persons, other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company, who had interest or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as at 31 December 2007.

Management contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the year.

Major customers and suppliers

The aggregate sales attributable to the Group's largest and the five largest customers were 15% and 33% respectively. The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's largest and the five largest suppliers were 17% and 33% respectively.

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder of the Company, which to the knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, had any interest in the share capital of the Group's five largest customers and five largest suppliers noted above.

根據證券及期貨條例須予披露之股東權益及/或淡倉(續)

附註:

- (a) 該等股份以Marietta Limited之名義登記,並由該公司實益擁有,而Marietta Limited全部已發行股本則以楊毅融先生直接實益擁有。
- (b) 該等股份以Value Partners Limited之名義登記, 並由該公司實益擁有,約35.65% Value Partners Limited已發行股本則由這股東間接實益擁有。
- (c) 該等股份以Value Parnters Limited之名義登記,並 由該公司實益擁有,而Value Partners Limited全部 已發行股本這股東直接實益擁有。
- (d) 受託人。
- (e) 大股東配偶之權益。

除上文披露者外,本公司並無獲知會,於二零 零七年十二月三十一日,除董事及本公司行政 總裁以外,有任何人士於本公司之股份或相關 股份中擁有權益或淡倉。

管理合約

年內,本公司並無訂立或訂有任何涉及本集團 全部或任何重大部分業務之管理及行政合約。

主要客戶及供應商

本集團之最大客戶及五大客戶應佔銷量總額分別為15%及33%。本集團之最大供應商及五大供應商應佔採購總額分別為17%及33%。

董事、彼等之聯繫人士或據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上之本公司任何股東,概無擁有上述本集團五大客戶及五大供應商股本中任何權益。

董事會報告

Connected transactions

Significant related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2007, which do not constitute connected transactions subject to reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules, are set out in Note 31 to the financial statements.

In the opinion of the Directors, save for disclosed above, the Group did not enter into any connected transactions defined under the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 December 2007.

Corporate governance

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company has complied with most of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices ("the CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules throughout the year ended 31 December 2007, save for the deviations from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. Information on the deviations and further information on the Company's corporate governance practices is set out in the "Corporate Governance Report" as set out on pages 22 to 30.

Sufficiency of public float

Based on the information that is publicly available to and within the knowledge of the Directors, it is confirmed that there is sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued shares at the date of the annual report.

Auditors

The accompanying financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Directors **YANG YIRONG**Chairman & President

Hong Kong, 9 April 2008

關連交易

本集團於截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度內訂立,而根據上市規則之申報、公佈及獨立股東批准之規定不會構成關連交易之重大關連人士交易載於財務報表附註31。

董事認為,除上文披露者外,本集團於截至二 零零七年十二月三十一日止年度內並無訂立任 何上市規則所界定之關連交易。

企業管治

董事認為,除若干偏離企業管治常規守則條文第A.2.1條外,本公司於截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守上市規則附錄14所載大部分企業管治常規守則(「企業管治常規守則」)。有關該等偏離及本公司企業管治常規守則之進一步資料載於第22至30頁「企業管治報告」。

充足公眾持股量

根據董事以公開方式獲提供之資料及彼等所深知,本公司確認,於年報日期本公司已發行股份擁有25%以上之充足公眾持股量。

核數師

本財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審 核,該核數師任滿告退,但表示願意應聘連 任。

代表董事 主席兼總裁

楊毅融

香港,二零零八年四月九日

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

PriceWaterhouse@pers @

PricewaterhouseCoopers 22nd Floor, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ECOGREEN FINE CHEMICALS GROUP LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Ecogreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 50 to 121, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 December 2007, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

香港中環 太子大廈二十二樓

致中怡精細化工集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第50至121頁中怡精細化工集團有限公司(「公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零零七年十二月三十一日的綜合及公司資產負債表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益帳、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋。

董事就財務報表須承擔的責任

公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及按照香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製及真實而公平地列報該等綜合財務報表。這責任包括設計、實施及維護與編製及真實而公平地列報財務報表相關的內部控制,以使財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述:選擇和應用適當的會計政策;及按情況下作出合理的會計估計。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等綜合財務 報表作出意見,僅向整體股東報告,除此之外 本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內 容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準 則進行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守道德規 範,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定此等財務 報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關財務報表所載金額及披露資料的審核憑證。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤兩人的人類,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤不可以對於報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在政策與該公司編製數分,核數師考慮與該公司編製製,內部與計適當的審核程序,但並非為對公司的內數能發表意見。審核亦包括評價董計的效能發表意見。審核亦包括評價董計、以及評價財務報表的整體列報方式。

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

我們相信,我們所獲得的審核憑證是充足和適 當地為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group as at 31 December 2007 and of the group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映公司及集團於二零零七年十二月三十一日的事務狀況及集團截至該日止年度的利潤及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 9 April 2008

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零零八年四月九日

Consolidated Balance Sheet 綜合資產負債表

As at 31st December 2007 於二零零七年十二月三十一日 (All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)(除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

		Note 附註	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	6	336,839	216,012
Land use rights	土地使用權	7	8,741	8,851
Intangible assets	無形資產	8	40,347	29,261
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	9	400	400
			386,327	254,524
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	11	45,489	38,932
Trade receivables	應收交易帳款	12	165,653	114,904
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及			
	其他應收款項	13	46,216	25,819
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	9	-	100
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款		32,158	47,626
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	14	275,226	312,990
			564,742	540,371
Total assets	資產總值		951,069	794,895
EQUITY	權益			
Capital and reserves attributable	本公司權益持有人			
to the Company's equity holders	應佔股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	15	49,653	48,778
Other reserves	其他儲備	16	240,651	209,970
Retained earnings	保留盈利		,	
 Proposed final dividend 	- 擬派末期股息	28	14,760	10,493
- Others	一其他		357,171	263,595
			662,235	532,836
Minority interest in equity	少數股東權益		1,572	224
Total equity	權益總額		663,807	533,060

Consolidated Balance Sheet 綜合資產負債表

As at 31st December 2007 於二零零七年十二月三十一日 (All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)(除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

		Note 附註	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Borrowings	借貸	17	58,121	11,698
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Borrowings	借貸	17	98,272	123,138
Trade payables and bills payable	應付交易帳款及應付票據	18	54,890	91,808
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及			
	其他應付款項	19	34,704	28,231
Deferred income on government grants	政府津貼遞延收入		_	19
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	20	37,837	_
Amount due to directors	應付董事款項	31	1,467	141
Amount due to a related company	應付關連公司款項	31	-	3,880
Current income tax liabilities	即期所得税負債		1,971	2,920
			229,141	250,137
Total liabilities	負債總額		287,262	261,835
Total liabilities and equity	負債及權益總額		951,069	794,895
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		335,601	290,234
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		721,928	544,758

YANG YIRONG 楊毅融 Chairman 主席

LU JIAHUA 盧家華

Executive director

執行董事

The notes on pages 57 to 121 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第57至121頁附註為該等綜合財務報表其中部

Balance Sheet 資產負債表

As at 31st December 2007 於二零零七年十二月三十一日 (All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)(除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

		Note 附註	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investments in and amounts	於附屬公司之投資及			
due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	10	334,849	322,846
Current assets	流動資產			
Prepayments	預付款項	13	100	247
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	14	364	828
Dividend receivable	應收股息		38,000	18,000
			38,464	19,075
Total assets	資產總值		373,313	341,921
EQUITY	權益			
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	15	49,653	48,778
Other reserves	其他儲備	16	286,698	274,577
Retained earnings	保留盈利	10	200,000	21 1,011
Proposed final dividend	一擬派末期股息	28	14,760	10,493
- Others	一其他		20,089	6,554
Total equity	權益總額		371,200	340,402
LIABILITIES	 負債			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	19	2,113	1,519
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	權益及負債總額		373,313	341,921
Net current assets	流動資產總額		36,351	17,556
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		371,200	340,402

YANG YIRONG 楊毅融 Chairman 主席

LU JIAHUA 盧家華

Executive director 執行董事

The notes on pages 57 to 121 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第57至121頁附註為該等綜合財務報表其中部

Consolidated Income Statement

綜合損益帳

- By function of expenses 一按費用功能分類 For the year ended 31st December 2007 截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度 (All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)(除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

		Note 附註	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Turnover	營業額	5	612,159	532,975
Cost of goods sold	已售貨品成本	22	(402,742)	(362,975)
Gross profit	毛利		209,417	170,000
Other gains – net	其他收益-淨額	21	4,239	4,952
Selling and marketing costs	銷售及市場推廣成本	22	(24,816)	(22,123)
Administrative expenses	行政費用	22	(44,437)	(41,767)
Operating profit	經營溢利		144,403	111,062
Finance costs	融資成本	24	(6,355)	(6,645)
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利		138,048	104,417
Income tax expense	所得税開支	25	(7,514)	(8,982)
Profit for the year	年內溢利		130,534	95,435
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Minority interest	應佔: 本公司權益持有人 少數股東權益	26	130,465 69	95,440 (5)
			130,534	95,435
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year (expressed in RMB per share)	年內本公司權益持有人 應佔溢利之每股盈利 (每股以人民幣列示)			
– Basic – Diluted	-基本 -攤薄	27 27	28.0 Cents仙 26.8 Cents仙	20.7 Cents仙 20.6 Cents仙
Dividends	股息	28	19,339	14,226

The notes on pages 57 to 121 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第57至121頁附註為該等綜合財務報表其中部 分。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31st December 2007 截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度 (All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)(除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔

		个公司作血过行八层山					
		Share capital 股本	Other reserves 其他儲備	Retained earnings 保留盈利	Total 總計	Minority interest 少數股東 權益	Total equity 總權益
Balance at 1 January 2007	於二零零七年一月一日 之結餘	48,778	209,970	274,088	532,836	224	533,060
	∠_m4 ω,		200,010				
Profit for the year	年內溢利	_	-	130,465	130,465	69	130,534
Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額	_	(21)	_	(21)	_	(21)
Total recognised income for 2007	二零零七年已						
	確認收入總額	-	(21)	130,465	130,444	69	130,513
Employees share option scheme:	僱員購股權計劃:						
- Value of share options granted	- 授出購股權之價值	_	1,920	_	1,920	_	1,920
 Cancellation of share options 	一註銷購股權	_	(348)	348	_	_	_
- Exercise of share options	- 行使購股權	_	(641)	641	_	_	-
Change in minority	少數股東						
interest in equity:	權益之變動:						
 Capital injection 	一注入資本	_	_	-	_	1,500	1,500
 Equity acquired by the Group 	- 本集團向少數股東						
from minority interest	收購之權益	_	_	_	_	(221)	(221)
Issue of shares	發行股份	875	11,190	-	12,065	-	12,065
Dividend relating to 2006	有關二零零六年之股息	-	-	(10,493)	(10,493)	-	(10,493)
Dividend relating to 2007	有關二零零七年之股息	-	-	(4,537)	(4,537)	_	(4,537)
Transfer	轉撥	_	18,581	(18,581)	_	_	_
		875	30,702	(32,622)	(1,045)	1,279	234
Balance at 31 December 2007	於二零零七年						
	十二月三十一日之結餘	49,653	240,651	371,931	662,235	1,572	663,807

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31st December 2007 截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度 (All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)(除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

Attributable to equity holders of the Company

本公司權益持有人應佔

		Share capital 股本	Other reserves 其他儲備	Retained earnings 保留盈利	Total 總計	Minority interest 少數股東 權益	Total equity 總權益
Balance at 1 January 2006	於二零零六年一月一日						
	之結餘 	48,778	209,747	186,260	444,785	229	445,014
Profit for the year	年內溢利	_	_	95,440	95,440	(5)	95,435
Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額	_	17	_	17	_	17
Total recognised income for 2006	二零零六年已確認收入總額	-	17	95,440	95,457	(5)	95,452
Employees share option scheme:	僱員購股權計劃:						
- Value of share options granted	-授出購股權之價值	-	2,047	-	2,047	-	2,047
- Cancellation of share options	一註銷購股權	-	(1,841)	1,841	-	-	-
Dividend relating to 2005	有關二零零五年之股息	-	-	(5,720)	(5,720)	-	(5,720)
Dividend relating to 2006	有關二零零六年之股息	_	_	(3,733)	(3,733)	_	(3,733)
		_	206	(7,612)	(7,406)	_	(7,406)
Balance at 31 December 2006	於二零零六年						
	十二月三十一日之結餘	48,778	209,970	274,088	532,836	224	533,060

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31st December 2007 截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度 (All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)(除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

		Note 附註	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest received Interest paid Income tax paid	經營業務現金流量 經營業務所得現金 已收利息 已付利息 已付所得税	29	61,472 3,469 (6,355) (8,463)	133,204 3,136 (6,645) (8,471)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營業務所得現金淨額		50,123	121,224
Cash flows from investing activities Acquisition of land use rights Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Increase in intangible assets	投資活動現金流量 收購土地使用權 收購物業、廠房及設備 無形資產增加	7 6 8	- (132,811) (15,082)	(4,006) (43,042) (14,980)
Increase in available-for-sale financial assets Decrease in bank deposits with original maturity over three months	可供出售金融資產增加 原有到期日超過三個月之 銀行存款減少	9	-	(100) 3,122
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale financial assets	出售物業、廠房及 設備所得款項 出售可供出售金融資產 所得款項	14	2	25
Capital injection from a minority interest Equity acquired by the Group from minority interest	少數股東注入資本 本集團向少數股東收購 之權益		1,500 (221)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(146,372)	(58,654)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from borrowings Repayment of borrowings Increase/(decrease) in amounts due	融資活動現金流量 發行股份所得款項 借貸所得款項 償還借貸 應付董事款項增加/	15	12,065 119,281 (97,724)	135,605 (123,593)
to directors Unfront proceeds from derivative financial instrument Increase in pledged bank deposits	(減少) 衍生金融工具前期 所得款項 已抵押銀行存款增加		1,326 38,588 -	(18) - (10,046)
Dividends paid to the Company's equity holders	向本公司權益持有人 支付之股息	28	(15,030)	(9,453)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用) 現金淨額		58,506	(7,505)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目 (減少)/增加淨額		(37,743)	55,065
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Exchange (losses)/gains on cash and	年初之現金及 等同現金項目 現金及等時限金項目之		312,990	257,908
cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	匯兑(虧損)/收益 年終之現金及 等同現金項目	14	(21) 275,226	312,990

The notes on pages 57 to 121 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第57至121頁附註為該等綜合財務報表其中部分。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

1. General information

EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") are principally engaged in the production and trading of fine chemicals from natural resources for use in aroma chemicals and pharmaceutical products.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 3 March 2003 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Century Yard, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681 GT, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, British West Indies.

The Company is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("the Stock Exchange").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of units of Chinese Renminbi (RMB'000), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 9 April 2008.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

1. 一般資料

中怡精細化工集團有限公司(「本公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事 利用天然資源買賣及生產精細化學品, 以用於芳香化學品及醫藥產品。

本公司於二零零三年三月三日根據開曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。其註冊辦事處地址為Century Yard, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681 GT, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, British West Indies。

本公司以香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)主板為其主要上市地點。

除另有指明者外,該等綜合財務報表均 以千元人民幣列值。該等綜合財務報表 於二零零八年四月九日經董事會批准發 行。

2. 主要會計政策概要

於編製該等綜合財務報表時適用之主要 會計政策載列如下。除另有指明者外, 該等政策已於所有呈報年度貫徹採用。

2.1 編製基準

本公司綜合財務報表乃根據香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」),並按歷史成本常規法編 製,並經重估可供出售金融資產 及按公平值透過損益記帳的財務 資產和財務負債(包括衍生金融工 具)按公平值列帳作出修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則規定 之財務報表須使用若干重要會計 評估,管理層亦須於應用本集團 會計政策時作出判斷,而涉及較 高水平判斷或較為複雜之範圍, 或假設及評估對綜合財務報表攸 關重要之範圍於附註4披露。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

Standards, amendments and interpretations effective in 2007

HKFRS 7, 'Financial instruments: Disclosures', and the complementary amendment to HKAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements – Capital disclosures', introduces new disclosures relating to financial instruments and does not have any impact on the classification and valuation of the Group's financial instruments, or the disclosures relating to taxation and trade and other payables.

HK(IFRIC) – Int 8, 'Scope of HKFRS 2', requires consideration of transactions involving the issuance of equity instruments, where the identifiable consideration received is less than the fair value of the equity instruments issued in order to establish whether or not they fall within the scope of HKFRS 2. This standard does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

HK(IFRIC) – Int 10, 'Interim financial reporting and impairment', prohibits the impairment losses recognised in an interim period on goodwill and investments in equity instruments and in financial assets carried at cost to be reversed at a subsequent balance sheet date. This standard does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

Standards, amendments and interpretations effective in 2007 but not relevant to the Group's operations

The following standards, amendments and interpretations to published standards are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2007 but they are not relevant to the Group's operations:

- HK(IFRIC) Int 7, 'Applying the restatement approach under HKAS 29, Financial reporting in hyper-inflationary economies'; and
- HK(IFRIC) Int 9, 'Re-assessment of embedded derivatives'.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

在二零零七年已生效的準則、修訂及詮釋

香港財務報告準則7「金融工具: 披露」,及香港會計準則1「財務 報表的呈報—資本披露」的補充修 訂引入了有關金融工具的新披露 規定,對本集團金融工具的分類 和估值,或稅項和貿易及其他應 付款相關的披露並無任何影響。

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) - 詮釋10「中期財務報告和減值」 禁止在中期期間確認按成本值列 賬的商譽、權益工具的投資和財 務資產投資的減值虧損,在之後 的結算日撥回。此項準則並無對 本集團的財務報表有任何影響。

在二零零七年生效但與本集團營 運無關的準則、修訂及詮釋

以下準則、修訂及對已公佈準則 的詮釋必須在二零零七年一月一 日或之後開始的會計期間採納, 但與本集團的營運無關:

- 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋7「應用香港會計準則29「嚴重通脹經濟中的財務報告」下的重列法」:
- 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋9「重新評估勘 入式衍生工具」。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group

The following standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008 or later periods, but the Group has not early adopted them:

- HKAS 1 (Revised), "Presentation of Financial Statements" (effective from 1 January 2009). HKAS 1 (Revised) requires all owner changes in equity to be presented in a statement of changes in equity. All comprehensive income is presented in one statement of comprehensive income or in two statements (a separate income statement and a statement of comprehensive income). It requires presenting a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the earliest comparative period in a complete set of financial statements when there are retrospective adjustments or reclassification adjustments. However, it does not change the recognition, measurement or disclosure of specific transactions and other events required by other HKFRSs. The Group will apply HKAS 1 (Revised) from 1 January 2009.
- HKAS 23 (Amendment), 'Borrowing costs' (effective from 1 January 2009). The amendment requires an entity to capitalise borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset (one that takes a substantial period of time to get ready for use or sale) as part of the cost of that asset. The option of immediately expensing those borrowing costs will be removed. The Group will apply HKAS 23 (Amended) from 1 January 2009 but is currently not applicable to the Group as there are no qualifying assets.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

仍未生效而本集團亦無提早採納 的準則、修訂及對現有準則的詮 釋

以下為已公佈的準則、修訂及對 現有準則的詮釋,而本集團必須 在二零零八年一月一日或之後開 始的會計期間或較後期間採納, 但本集團並無提早採納:

- 香港會計準則1(修訂)「財 務報表的呈報」(自二零零 九年一月一日起生效)。 香港會計準則1(修訂)規 定所有持有人股益變更須 於權益變動表呈報。所有 綜合收入須於一份綜合損 益帳或兩份綜合損益帳 (一份獨立損益帳及一份 綜合損益帳)呈報。該準 則規定當有追溯性調整或 重新分類調整時,須於完 整財務報表中載入最早可 資比較期間的財務狀況報 表。然而,並不會改變其 他香港財務報告準則所需 呈報的指定交易確認、計 量或披露及其他事項。本 集團會由二零零九年一月 一日起採納香港會計準則 1(修訂)。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. **Summary of significant accounting policies** (continued) **Basis of preparation** (continued)

Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing

standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (continued)

- HKFRS 8, 'Operating segments' (effective from 1 January 2009). HKFRS 8 replaces HKAS 14 and aligns segment reporting with the requirements of the US standard SFAS 131, 'Disclosures about segments of an enterprise and related information'. The new standard requires a 'management approach', under which segment information is presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes. The Group will apply HKFRS 8 from 1 January 2009. The expected impact is still being assessed in detail by management, but it is not expected to have any material impact on the Group's financial statements.
- HK(IFRIC) Int 11, HKFRS 2 Group and treasury share transactions' (effective from 1 March 2007) provides guidance on whether share-based transactions involving treasury shares or involving Group entities (for example, options over a parent's shares) should be accounted for as equity-settled or cash-settled share-based payment transactions in the stand-alone financial statements of the parent and Group companies. The Group will apply HK(IFRIC) - Int 11 from 1 January 2008, but it is not expected to have an impact on the Group's financial statements.
- HK(IFRIC) Int 14, 'HKAS 19 The limit on a defined benefit asset, minimum funding requirements and their interaction' (effective from 1 January 2008). HK(IFRIC) - Int 14 provides guidance on assessing the limit in HKAS 19 on the amount of the surplus that can be recognised as an asset. It also explains how the pension asset or liability may be affected by a statutory or contractual minimum funding requirement. The Group will apply HK(IFRIC) - Int 14 from 1 January 2008, but it is not expected to have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

編製基準 2.1

仍未生效而本集團亦無提早採納 的準則、修訂及對現有準則的詮 釋(續)

- 香港財務報告準則8「營運分 部」(由二零零九年一月一日 起生效)。香港財務準則8取 代了香港會計準則14,並 將分部報告與美國準則SFAS 131「有關企業分部和相關 資料的披露」的規定統一起 來。此項新準則要求採用 「管理方法」,即分部資料須 按照與內部報告所採用的相 同基準呈報。本集團將會由 二零零九年一月一日起應用 香港財務準則8。預期影響 現正由管理層詳細評估中, 但預期不會對本集團的賬目 有任何重要影響。
- 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委 員會)一詮釋11「香港財務 報告準則2-集團及庫存股 份交易」(由二零零七年三 月一日起生效)。對涉及庫 存股份或牽涉集團實體之以 股份為基礎交易的支付應否 在母公司及集團公司的獨立 賬目中入賬為權益結算或現 金結算的以股份為基礎的支 付提供指引。本集團會由二 零零八年一月一日起應用香 港(國際財務報告詮釋委員 會)一詮釋11,但預期不會 對本集團的財務報表並無影
- 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委 員會)一詮釋14「香港會計準 則19-界定福利資產限額、 最低資金要求及兩者相互關 係」(由二零零八年一月一日 起生效)。香港(國際財務報 告詮釋委員會)一詮釋14對 香港會計準則19有關評估可 確認為資產的盈餘金額的限 額提供指引。此項準則亦解 釋了公積金資產或負債如何 可能受法定或合約性的最低 資金要求所影響。本集團會 由二零零八年一月一日起應 用香港(國際財務報告詮釋 委員會)一詮釋14,但預期 不會對本集團的賬目有任何 影響。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (continued)

- HKAS 32 and HKAS 1 Amendments "Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation" (effective from 1 January 2009). The amendment requires some puttable financial instruments and some financial instruments that impose on the entity an obligation to deliver to another party a pro rata share of the net assets of the entity only on liquidation to be classified as equity. The Group will apply HKAS 32 and HKAS 1 Amendments from 1 January 2009, but it is not expected to have any impact on the Group's financial statements.
- HKAS 27 (Revised) "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" (effective from annual period beginning on or after 1 July 2009). The amendment requires non-controlling interests (i.e. minority interests) to be presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the equity of the owners of the parent. Total comprehensive income must be attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the loss of control are accounted for within equity. When control of a subsidiary is lost, the assets and liabilities and related equity components of the former subsidiary are derecognised. Any gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any investment retained in the former subsidiary is measured at its fair value at the date when control is lost. The Group will apply HKAS 27 (Revised) from 1 January 2010.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

仍未生效且與本集團營運無關的 對現有準則的詮釋(續)

- 香港會計準則32及香港 會計準則1修訂本「可售回 金融工具及清盤引致的責 任 |(自二零零九年一月一 日起生效)。該修訂本規 定實體的若干可售回金融 工具及若干金融工具僅需 於清盤時負上向另一方按 比例交付應佔該實體資產 淨值的份額,並將其列為 權益的責任。本集團會由 二零零九年一月一日起採 納香港會計準則32及香港 會計準則1修訂本,惟預 期不會對本集團帳目有任 何影響。
- 香港會計準則27(修訂) 「綜合及獨立財務報表」 (自二零零九年七月一日 或之後開始的年度期間起 生效)。該修訂規定非控 權權益(即少數股東權益) 須於綜合財務狀況報表的 權益中呈報,並與母公司 權益持有人分開呈列。即 使會使非控權權益出現赤 字,綜合收入總額亦須分 配予母公司持有人及非控 權權益。母公司於附屬公 司的擁有權權益變更(惟 不會導致失去控制權者) 會計入權益。前附屬公司 的資產、負債及相關權益 部分會於失去控制權時取 消確認。任何盈虧均會於 損益帳確認。獲保留的前 附屬公司投資按失去控制 權當日的公平值計量。本 集團會由二零一零年一月 一日起採納香港會計準則 27(修訂)。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (continued)

HKFRS 3 (Revised) "Business Combination" (effective for business combinations with acquisition date on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 July 2009). The amendment may bring more transactions into acquisition accounting as combinations by contract alone and combinations of mutual entities are brought into the scope of the standard and the definition of a business has been amended slightly. It now states that the elements are 'capable of being conducted' rather than 'are conducted and managed'. It requires considerations (including contingent consideration), each identifiable asset and liability to be measured at its acquisition-date fair value, except leases and insurance contracts. reacquired right, indemnification assets as well as some assets and liabilities required to be measured in accordance with other HKFRSs. They are income taxes, employee benefits, share-based payment and non current assets held for sale and discontinued operations. Any non-controlling interest in an acquiree is measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets. The Group will apply HKFRS 3 (Revised) from 1 January 2010.

HKFRS 2 Amendment "Share-based Payment Vesting Conditions and Cancellations" (effective from 1 January 2009). The amendment clarifies the definition of "vesting conditions" and specifies the accounting treatment of "cancellations" by the counterparty to a share-based payment arrangement. Vesting conditions are service conditions (which require a counterparty to complete a specified period of service) and performance conditions (which require a specified period of service and specified performance targets to be met) only. All "nonvesting conditions" and vesting conditions that are market conditions shall be taken into account when estimating the fair value of the equity instruments granted. All cancellations are accounted for as an acceleration of vesting and the amount that would otherwise have been recognised over the remainder of the vesting period is recognised immediately. The Group will apply HKFRS 2 Amendment from 1 January 2009, but it is not expected to have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

仍未生效且與本集團營運無關的 對現有準則的詮釋(續)

- 香港財務報告準則3(修 訂)「業務合併」(適用於 收購日期為二零零九年七 月一日或之後開始的首個 年度報告期間開始當時或 之後的業務合併)。由於 單按合約的合併及相互實 體的合併獲納入該準則範 圍,而業務的定義亦有少 許修訂,故該修訂本或會 使更多交易須納入收購會 計。該修訂本現訂明有關 元素為「可予處理」,而 非「被處理及管理」,亦 規定除和賃及保險合約、 重新取得的權利、彌償資 產以及須按其他香港財務 報告準則計量的若干資產 及負債外,代價(包括或 然代價)、各可識別資產 及負債須按收購日期的公 平值計量。有關項目為所 得税、僱員福利、以股份 為基礎的支付、持作出售 的非流動資產及已終止業 務。承購人的非控權權益 按公平值或非控權權益按 比例應佔承購人可識別資 產淨值的份額計量。本集 團會由二零一零年一月一 日起採納香港財務報告準 則3(修訂)。
- 香港財務報告準則2修訂 本「以股份為基礎的支付 的歸屬條件及註銷」(自二零零九年一月一日起生 效)。該修訂本澄清「歸屬 條件」的定義並訂明另一 方以股份為基礎的支付安 排進行「註銷」的會計處 理。歸屬條件僅為另一方 須完成指定服務期的服務 條件以及須完成指定服務 期及達到指定表現指標的 表現條件。估計獲授股權 工具的公平值時須計入所 有市場「非歸屬條件」及歸 屬條件。所有註銷均須當 作提早歸屬處理,而原本 可於餘下歸屬期確認的金 額須即時確認。本集團會由二零零九年一月一日起 採納香港財務報告準則2 修訂本,惟預期不會對本 集團帳目有任何影響。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

Interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and not relevant for the Group's operations

The following interpretations to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008 or later periods but are not relevant for the Group's operations:

- HK(IFRIC) Int 12, 'Service concession arrangements' (effective from 1 January 2008).
 HK(IFRIC) Int 12 applies to contractual arrangements whereby a private sector operator participates in the development, financing, operation and maintenance of infrastructure for public sector services.
 HK(IFRIC) Int 12 is not relevant to the Group's operations because none of the Group's companies provide for public sector services.
- HK(IFRIC) Int 13, 'Customer loyalty programmes' (effective from 1 July 2008). HK(IFRIC) Int 13 clarifies that where goods or services are sold together with a customer loyalty incentive (for example, loyalty points or free products), the arrangement is a multiple-element arrangement and the consideration receivable from the customer is allocated between the components of the arrangement using fair values. HK(IFRIC) Int 13 is not relevant to the Group's operations because none of the Group's companies operate any loyalty programmes.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

仍未生效且與本集團營運無關的 對現有準則的詮釋

以下為已公佈對現有準則的詮釋,本集團必須在二零零八年一月一日或之後開始的會計期間或較後期間採納,但與本集團的營運無關:

- 一 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 詮釋12「服務報告資料」(由二零零港(國際財務工作) (由二零零港(国民) (由二年) (自二年) (由二年) (
- 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委 員會)詩釋13「客戶忠誠度 計劃」(由二零零八年七月一 日起生效)。香港(國際財務 報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋13 澄清了假若貨品或服務是跟 隨一項客戶忠誠度獎勵計劃 (例如忠誠度分數或贈品)而 售出,則有關安排屬於多重 銷售組合安排,應收客戶的 代價須利用公平值在多重銷 售組合安排部份中分攤。香 港(國際財務報告詮釋委員 會)-詮釋13與本集團的營 運無關,因為本集團屬下並 無公司營運任何客戶忠誠度 計劃。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.2 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries made up to 31 December.

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement (see Note 2.6).

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's balance sheet the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 綜合

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其所 有附屬公司截至十二月三十一日 止之財務報表。

(a) 附屬公司

附屬公司在控制權轉移至 本集團之日全面綜合入 帳。附屬公司在控制權終 止之日起停止綜合入帳。

本集團收購附屬公司時採 用購買會計處理法。收購 成本乃按交換日期所給予 資產、所發行股本工具及 所引致或承擔負債之公平 值,加收購直接產生之成 本計算。業務合併時所收 購可識別資產及所承擔負 債及或然負債,初步以收 購日之公平值計算,而不 考慮任何少數股東權益。 收購成本超出本集團應佔 所收購可識別資產淨值之 差額乃記錄為商譽。倘收 購成本低於所收購附屬公 司資產淨值,則該差額則 直接於損益帳中確認(見 附註2.6)。

在本公司之資產負債表內,於附屬公司之投資按 成本值減減值虧損撥備列 帳。附屬公司之業績由本 公司按已收及應收股息入 帳。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(b) Transactions with minority interest in connection with equity interests in subsidiaries

The Group applies a policy of treating transactions with minority interest as transactions with parties external to the Group. Disposals to minority interest result in gains and losses for the Group that are recorded in the consolidated income statement. Purchases from minority interest results in goodwill, being the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary.

2.3 Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Chinese Renminbi, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 綜合(續)

(b) 與附屬公司權益有關之少 數股東進行之交易

2.3 分部呈報

業務分部指從事提供產品或服務 之一組資產及業務,而該組資產 及業務之風險及回報,與其他業 務分部有別。地區分部乃在特定 經濟環境下從事提供產品或服務 業務,而該分部之風險及回報與 在其他經濟環境經營之分部有 別。

2.4 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表 所列項目,均以該實體 營運主要經濟環境之貨幣 (「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合 財務報表乃以本公司之功 能及呈列貨幣中國人民幣 呈列。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易日之現行 匯率換算為功能貨幣。結 算該等交易及按年結匯率 換算以外幣呈列貨幣資產 及負債所產生之匯兑盈虧 均於損益帳確認。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)2.4 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(b) Transactions and balances (continued)

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security, and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in the amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in equity.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation difference on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets such as equities classified as available-for-sale are included in the fair value reserve in equity.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.4 外幣換算(續)

(b) 交易及結餘(續)

(c) 集團公司

集團旗下所有公司(當中沒有嚴重通脹經濟體系之貨幣)之功能貨幣倘有別於呈列貨幣,則其業績及財務狀況須按如下方式兑換為呈列貨幣:

- (i) 每份呈報的資產負 債表所呈列之資產 及負債按其結算日 之收市匯率換算:
- (ii) 每份損益帳所列收 入及開支按所列收 率換算,惟於之 等 地理率累計影響 理約數,則 開支按交易 開支按 率換算:及
- (iii) 所有由此而產生之 匯兑差額均確認為 權益獨立組成部 分。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(c) Group companies (continued)

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

(a) Construction-in-progress

Construction-in-progress, representing buildings on which construction work has not been completed and machinery pending installation, is stated at historical cost, which includes construction expenditures incurred, cost of machinery, and other direct costs capitalised during the construction and installation period, less accumulated impairment losses, if any. No depreciation is provided in respect of construction-in-progress until the construction and installation work is completed. On completion, the construction-in-progress is transferred to appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment.

(b) Other property, plant and equipment

Other property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains/losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.4 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司(續)

於綜合帳目時,因換算於海外業務之淨投資、借資及其他指定作為該等投資對沖的貨幣工具而產免差額均計入股東權時之差額均計入股票務時,有關匯兑差額乃於損益,有關匯兑差額所於損益。確認為出售盈虧一部分。

收購海外實體時產生之商 譽及公平值調整乃視為該 海外實體之資產及負債處 理,並按收市匯率換算。

2.5 物業、廠房及設備

(a) 在建工程

(b) 其他物業、廠房及設備 其他物業、廠房及設備乃 按歷史成本減折舊及減值 虧損列帳。歷史成本包括 收購項目直接產生之開 支。成本亦可包括轉廢房 權益之對沖物業、廠房內 設備外幣採購項目之任何 格現金流量所產生之任何 收益/虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment(continued)

(b) Other property, plant and equipment (continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are expensed in the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate cost or revalued amounts less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings 30 to 40 years
Plant and machinery 5 to 15 years
Leasehold improvements 5 to 10 years
Office furniture and equipment 5 to 10 years
Motor vehicles 5 to 10 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised within other (losses)/gains – net in the income statement.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.5 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(b) 其他物業、廠房及設備 (續)

> 僅在與項目相關之日後經濟效益有可能歸於可靠地計算出成成本之情況下,其後或可成本之情況下,其後或或可成本之情況產帳面值所以實達。 為獨立資產(倘適用)。 有其他維修及保養帳列支 對政期間在損益帳列支 銷。

> 其他物業、廠房及設備以 直線法計算折舊,並按估 計可使用年期分配成本或 重估數額至餘值,估計可 使用年期如下:

> 樓宇30至40年廠房及機器5至15年租賃物業裝修5至10年辦公室傢俬及設備設備5至10年

 汽車
 5至10年

 5至10年

於各結算日檢討及調整 (倘適用)資產之餘值及可 使用年期。

倘資產之帳面值超過其估計可收回金額,則資產之 帳面值將即時減至其可收 回金額。

出售盈虧經比較所得款項 與帳面值而釐定,在損益 帳內的其他(虧損)/收 益-淨額中確認。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) Intangible assets

(a) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Gains and losses on disposal of an entity include the goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose.

(b) Research and development

Research expenditure is recognised as an expense as incurred. Costs incurred on development projects (relating to the design and testing of new or improved products) are recognised as intangible assets when the following criteria are fulfilled:

- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale:
- (ii) management intends to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- (iii) there is an ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- (iv) it can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits:
- (v) adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are available; and
- (vi) the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 無形資產

(a) 商譽

進行減值檢測時,商譽分配至各現金產生單位。商譽分配至預期將從產生商譽之業務合併中受惠之現金產生單位。

(b) 研究及開發成本

研究成本於產生時列作開 支。有關設計、開發及測 試新產品或改良產品之開 發項目成本確認為產品開 發成本會於以下條件達成 後確認為產品開發成本:

- (i) 在技術上可完成有 關無形資產,並可 供使用或出售;
- (ii) 管理層有意完成並 使用或出售有關無 形資產;
- (iii) 可使用或出售有關 無形資產;
- (iv) 證明有關無形資產 可於日後獲得經濟 利益;
- (v) 具備合適的技術、 財政及其他資源完 成開發並使用或出 售有關無形資產;
- (vi) 可準確計算開發有 關無形資產的所需 開支。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Intangible assets (continued)

(b) Research and development costs (continued) Other development expenditures that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as an asset in a subsequent period.

Caplitalised development costs are recorded as intangible assets and amortised from the point at which the asset is ready for use on a straight-line basis over a period of five years.

Development assets are tested for impairment annually, in accordance with HKAS 36.

(c) Patents and technical know-how
Expenditure on acquired patents and technical know-how is capitalised and amortised using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life of 5 to 10 years, from the date when the patents and technical know-how is available for use.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 無形資產(續)

(b) 研究及開發成本(續)

該等開發成本確認為資產,按直線法在五年期間內攤銷,以反映自資產可供銷售或使用日期起相關經濟利益之確認模式。

開發資產會根據香港會計準則36每年測試減值。

(c) 專利權及專門技術 購入專利權及專門技術所 產生支出乃以直線法,按 其估計可使用年期5至10 年(自可使用該等專利權 及專門技術日期起計)予 以資本化及攤銷。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life or have not yet available for use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables and available-for-sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

2.8 Financial assets

(a) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are classified as trade and other receivables in the balance sheet (Note 2.11).

(b) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are nonderivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.7 非金融資產減值

本集團將其金融資產分為以下類別:按公平值計入損益之金融資產分為以下類產、貸款和應收款項、持至到期投資以及可供出售之金融資產之對稅,對稅分類稅爭購入投資金融資產之目的而定。管理層於初步確認時報 管理層於初步於每個報告日期重新評估該分類。

2.8 金融資產

(a) 貸款及應收款項

(b) 可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產指被指定為可供出售或未歸類為可供出售或未歸類別的非衍生金融資產。除非管理層擬在結實,百日後十二個月內出售投資,否則均列為非流動資產。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Financial assets (continued)

Regular purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the trade-date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available for-sale financial assets are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the income statement within 'other (losses)/gains – net', in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the income statement as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. The translation differences are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in equity. Changes in the fair value of monetary securities classified as available-for-sale and non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the income statement as 'gains and losses from investment securities'. Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the income statement. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in the income statement when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融資產(續)

來自「按公平值透過損益記賬的財務資產」類別的公平值變動所產生的盈虧,列入產生期間收益表內的「其他(虧損)/收益一淨額」中。來自按公平值透過損益記賬的財務資產的股息,當本集團收取有關款項的權利確定時,在收益表內確認為部份其他收入。

於分類為可供出售證券已出售或減值,其於權益確認之累計公平值調整將列入損益帳為「投資證券之收益或虧損」。可供出售證券之利息以實際利率法計算,在損益帳確認。有關可供出售股本工具的股息於本集團收取款項的權利確立時於損益帳確認。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Financial assets (continued)

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and option pricing models, making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity specific inputs.

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered an indicator that the security is impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in the income statement - is removed from equity and recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses recognised in the income statement on equity instruments are not reversed through the income statement. Impairment testing of trade receivables is described in Note 2.11.

2.9 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of these derivative instruments are recognised immediately in the income statement within "other gains/(losses) – net".

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融資產(續)

報價投資之公平值乃根據現行買入價計算。倘金融資產(以及非上市股份)之市場不活躍,本集團使用估價法確定公平值。估價法。估使用最近進行公平交易,現現包括使用最近進行公平交易,現現金流量分析和期權定價模型,並實體獨特的估價參數。

2.9 衍生金融工具

衍生工具初步按於衍生工具合約 訂立日之公平值確認,其後按公 平值重新計量。此等衍生工具的 公平值變動即時於收益表中的「其 他收益/(虧損)一淨額」內確認。

2.10 存貨

存貨按成本或可變現淨值兩者間 之較低者入帳。成本按加權平均 法釐定。製成品及在製品成本包 括原材料、直接人工、其他直接 成本及相關生產開支(按正常經營 規模計算),惟不包括借款成本。 可變現淨值指日常業務過程中之 預計售價減適用銷售開支。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the assets is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement within administrative expenses. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance for trade receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against administrative expenses in the income statement.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

2.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.14 Trade payables

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.11 應收交易帳款及其他應收款項

應收交易帳款及其他應收款項初 步按公平值確認,其後按實際利 率法攤銷成本減減值撥備計算。 應收交易帳款及其他應收款項撥 備乃在有客觀跡象顯示,本集團 無法按應收款項之原有條款收回 所有金額時作出。債務人出現重 大財務困難、債務人可能破產或 進行財務重組,延誤繳付及欠繳 款項均被視為應收交易帳款出現 減值之指標。撥備金額為資產帳 面值與估計日後現金流量現值(按 實際利率貼現計算)間之差額。資 產的賬面值透過使用備付賬戶削 減,而有關的虧損數額則在損益 帳內的行政費用中確認。如一項 貿易應收款無法收回,其會與貿 易應收款內的備付賬戶撇銷。之 前已撇銷的款項如其後收回,將 撥回損益表中的行政費用內。

2.12 現金及等同現金項目

現金及等同現金項目包括庫存現金、活期銀行存款、其他三個月或以內到期之短期高度流通之投資以及銀行透支。銀行透支於資產負債表以流動負債項下借貸列示。

2.13 股本

普通股歸類為股本。

發行新股份或購股權直接所佔成本之增加,於權益中列為所得款項之扣減項目(扣除稅項)。

2.14 貿易應付款

貿易應付款初步以公平值確認 其 後利用實際利息法按攤銷成本計 量。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)2.15 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

2.16 Current and deferred income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.15 借款

借款初步按公平值扣除所產生之 交易成本確認。借款其後按攤銷 成本計算,所得款項(經扣除交易 成本)及贖回價值間之任何差額於 借貸期間以實際利率法於損益帳 內確認。

除非本集團具備無條件權利遞延 清償債務之期限至結算日後最少 十二個月,否則借款將分類為流 動負債。

2.16 當期及遞延所得税

當期所得稅支出根據本公司及其附屬公司營運及產生應課稅收入的國家於結算日已頒佈或實質競佈的稅務法例計算。管理層就適用稅務法例詮釋所規限的情況定期評估報稅表的狀況,並在適用情況下根據預期須向稅務機關支付的稅款設定撥備。

遞延所得税資產於可能出現未來 應課税溢利抵銷暫時差額時方會 確認。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.16 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.17 Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of the leave.

(ii) Share-based compensation

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any nonmarket vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.16 當期及遞延所得税(續)

遞延所得稅按投資於附屬公司產 生之暫時差額作出撥備,除非暫 時差額逆轉之時間可以控制,且 暫時差額在可見未來將不會轉 回。

2.17 僱員福利

(i) 僱員假期福利

僱員年假福利在僱員享有 時確認。就僱員計至結 算日之服務年期所享年假 估計須承擔之負債作出撥 備。僱員可享有之病假及 產假於享有時方予以確 認。

(ii) 股份付款酬金

本集團推行按股本結算、 以股份支付酬金之計劃。 就換取購股權而獲得的僱 員服務,按其公平值確認 為開支。於歸屬期內列作 開支的總金額,乃參照已 授出的購股權之公平值釐 定,不包括任何非市場歸 屬條件(例如盈利能力及 銷售增長目標)的影響。 非市場歸屬條件包括在有 關預期可予歸屬購股權 數目的假設內。於各結算 日,各實體均會修訂其估 計預期可予歸屬的購股權 數目,修訂原來估計數字 (如有)之影響,則於損益 帳內確認,以及對股本作 相應調整。

當購股權獲行使時,已收取所得款項(扣除任何直接應佔交易成本)均列入股本(面值)及股份溢價中。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)2.17 Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Pension obligations

Group companies operate various defined contribution plans. The plans are generally funded through payments to trustee-administered funds. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due and are not reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

2.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續) 2.17 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 退休金責任

集團公司營運多項定額供 款計劃。一般透過信託管 理基金撥付計劃供款。定 額供款計劃為本集團向一 獨立實體作出強制、合約 或自願性質定額供款之退 休金計劃。倘基金所持資 產並不足以支付所有僱員 有關僱員於當期或以往期 間服務之福利,本集團並 無法律或推定責任作進一 步供款。供款於到期時確 認為僱員福利開支,且不 會以僱員在取得全數供款 前退出計劃而被沒收之供 款作扣減。預繳供款確認 為資產,惟須以可獲現金 退款或扣減日後供款為 限。

2.18 撥備

倘本集團需就過去事項承擔現有 法律或推定責任,而有可能導致 資源流出以履行該責任,並能可 靠估計金額,才會確認撥備。但 不會就日後之經營虧損確認撥 備。

倘出現多項類似債務,會否導致 經濟利益流出以清償債務乃經考 慮債務之整體類別後確定。即使 同類別債務中任何一項可能流出 經濟利益的機會不大,仍會確認 撥備。

撥備按採用稅前貼現率計算預期 須清償債務責任之開支現值計 量,該貼現率反映市場當時對貨 幣時間價值之評估及該責任之獨 有風險。因時間過去而產生之撥 備增加確認為利息開支。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)2.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown, net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group. Revenue is recognised as follow:

(a) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when a group entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectibility of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

(b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

2.20 Operating leases

Leases in which a significant portion the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

The up-front prepayments made for the land use rights are expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease or where there is impairment, the impairment is expensed in the income statement.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 收益確認

收益包括於本集團日常業務過程 中銷售貨品已收或應收代價之公 平值,並於扣除增值稅、退貨、 回扣及折扣,以及撇銷集團內銷 售額後呈列。收益乃於下列情況 確認:

(a) 銷售貨品

銷售貨品乃於集團實體向 客戶交付產品,而客戶已 接納有關產品,並會確保 可收回相關應收款項時確 認。

(b) 利息收入

利息收入乃採用實際利率法按時間比例基準值上例現測與不應收款帳面的現別,與不應應的,與不可能與不可的。 一個的,與不可的,與不可的, 一個的,與不可的, 一個的,與不可的, 一個的, 一個。 一個的, 一個一 一個一 一個一 一個一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一

2.20 經營租約

資產擁有權之大部分風險及回報 仍屬出租人所有之租約,一概列 為經營租約。根據經營租約支付 之款項須扣除自出租人所得任何 優惠,按直線法於租期內自損益 帳扣除。

土地使用權之前期預付款項將於租約期間內以直線法在損益表內扣除,或倘出現減值,減值將於損益表內扣除。於過往年度,土地使用權乃按成本減累計減值列賬。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)2.21 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred government grants and are recognised in the income statement on a straight line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

2.22 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

3. Financial risk management

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables. The Group's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables, accruals and derivative financial instruments.

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. These risks are limited by the Group's financial management policies and practices described below.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.21 政府津貼

政府津貼於可合理肯定本集團將 可獲取有關津貼及將符合有關附 帶條件時按公平值確認。

與成本有關之政府津貼於損益帳 按其擬補足之成本期間遞延處理 及確認。

有關購置物業、廠房及設備之政 府津貼列作非流動負債項下遞延 政府津貼,並按直線法於有關資 產估計可用年期計入損益帳。

2.22 股息分派

分派予本公司股東之股息於本公司股東批准期間,在本集團之財 務報表中確認為負債。

3. 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團之金融資產包括現金及現 金等價物、應收賬款及其他應收 款。本集團之金融負債包括借 貸、應付賬款、其他應付款、應 計費用及衍生金融工具。

本集團業務面對各種財務風險 市場風險(包括外匯風險及價格風險)、信貸風險、流動資金風險及現金流量與公平值利率風險。本集團整體風險管理策略針對尋求成下預測特性,並尋對來集團財務表現造過對來集團財務等理政策和慣常做法,對這些風險加以限制。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

3. Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Credit risk

The Group has policies in place to ensure that the sales of products are made to customers with appropriate credit history and the Group performs credit evaluations of its customers.

Trade receivables are due within three months from the date of billing. As at 31 December 2007, 90.0% of the total trade receivables was due within three months (2006: 99.0%).

As at 31 December 2007, the five largest customers accounted for 33% of the trade receivables carrying amount (2006: 31%).

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of trade receivables in the consolidated balance sheet.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in Note 12.

(b) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 信貸風險

本集團制定政策,確保向 擁有合適信貸記錄之客戶 銷售產品。本集團會評估 客戶信貸狀況。

應收賬款在出具賬單日起計三個月內到期。於二零零七年十二月三十一日, 90%的應收賬款總額將於未來三個月內被支付(二零零六年:99.0%)。

於二零零七年十二月 三十一日,應收賬款賬面 金額中有33%來自本集團 五個最大之客戶(二零零 六年:31%)。

信貸風險敞口上限為合併 資產負債表中應收賬款的 賬面金額。

更多有關本集團的應收賬款的信貸風險敞口的信息已在附註**12**披露。

(b) 流動資金風險

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

3. Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the balance sheet date of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the balance sheet date) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

下表載列了本集團的金融 負債於結算日以合約 現現金流量(包括按照合 約利率或(如屬浮動利率) 結算日的現行利率計算的 利息付款)和本集團可能 需要付款的最早日期為准 的剩餘合約到期情況:

The Group	本集團	Carrying amount 賬面值	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 已訂約 而未貼現 的規總額	Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或 接獲通知時	More than 1 year but less than 2 years 一年後 但不足兩年	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 二年後 但不足五年	More than 5 years 五年後
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日						
Borrowings Derivative financial instruments Trade payables and bills payables Accruals and other payables	借貸 衍生金融工具 應付交易賬款及應付票據 應計費用及其他應付款項	156,393 37,837 54,890 34,704	156,393 37,837 54,890 34,704	98,272 37,837 54,890 34,704	3,121 - - -	50,000 - - -	5,000 - - -
At 31 December 2006	二零零六年十二月三十一日						
Borrowings Trade payables and bills payables Accruals and other payables	借貸 應付交易脹款及應付票據 應計費用及其他應付款項	134,836 91,808 28,231	134,836 91,808 28,231	123,138 91,808 28,231	3,349 - -	3,349 - -	5,000 - -

(c) Cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates as the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets. The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its bank borrowings. Bank borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk. Bank borrowings at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest-rate risk. Details of the Group's bank borrowings have been disclosed in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group does not currently use any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk.

It is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 50 basis points as at 31 December 2007 in bank borrowing interest rates for bank loans with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the profit after taxation by approximately RMB613,000 (2006: RMB505,000).

(c) 現金流量及公平值利率風 險

田資入於之借銀金提面關情 無國流動要息集險資本,經場率。 無國流動要息集險資本所 無團流動要息集險資率 無團流動要息集險資率 無團流動要息集險資率 無團流動要息集險資率 大部均本自提面按本險資表前對 大部均本自提面按本險資表前對 大部均本自提面接本險資表前對 是與立團行之現息團有詳註無其

於二零零七年十二月 三十一日,估計銀行下 的利率普偏上升/所 50個基準點,如果所有 其他變量保持不變,除稅 後利潤會減少/增加 613,000元人民幣(二 零六年:505,000元人民 幣)。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

3. Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the balance sheet date and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for non derivative financial instruments in existence at that date.

(d) Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in the PRC with most of the transactions settled in RMB. Foreign exchange rate risk arises when future commercial translation or recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.

The Group's assets and liabilities, and transactions arising from its operations primarily do not expose to material foreign exchange risk. Other than certain trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, borrowings and derivative financial instrument denominated in United States dollars ("USD") and Hong Kong dollars ("HKD"), details of which have been disclosed in Note 12, Note 14, Note 17 and Note 20 respectively, the Group's assets and liabilities are primarily denominated in RMB. Other than approximately 33% (2006: 35%) of the sales are denominated in USD and certain expenses in HKD, the Group mainly generates RMB from sales in the PRC to meet its liabilities denominated in RMB. The Group has not used any forward contracts as the costbenefit is considered not effective. But the Group used foreign currency bank borrowings to minimize its exposure.

RMB experienced certain appreciation in recent years which is the major reason for the exchange losses recognised by the Group for the years ended 31 December 2006 and 2007. Further depreciation or appreciation of USD and HKD against RMB will affect the Group's financial position and results of operations.

A 5% strengthening RMB against USD and HKD as at the respective balance sheet dates would increase profit after taxation by approximately RMB162,000 (2006: decrease of RMB1,766,000) and incease by approximately RMB287,000 (2006: RMB382,000) respectively.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 現金流量及公平值利率風 險

> 上述敏感度分析的釐定已 假設利率變動在結算日已 經發生,並且應用在該日 已存在的非衍生金融工具 的利率風險敞口上。

(d) 外匯風險

本集團主要在中國內地經營業務。本集團大部分交易、資產及負債均以中國 人民幣結算。

本集團的資產與負債以及 業務過程中的交易基本上 並無重大外匯風險。除若 干應收交易帳款、現金及 等同現金項目、借貸以及 衍生金融工具以美元及港 元計值(詳情分別於附註 12、附註14、附註17及 附註20披露)外,本集團 的資產及負債主要以人民 幣計值。除約33%(二零零 六年:35%)的銷售以美 元計值以及若干港元開支 外,本集團在中國的銷售 主要賺取人民幣,以償付 按人民幣計值的負債。由 於遠期合約的成本效益不 大,故本集團並無採用。 然而,本集團採用外幣銀 行借貸減低有關風險。

於各相關結算日,人民幣兑美元及港元升值5%會分別增加除税後溢利約人民幣162,000元(二零零六年:減少人民幣1,766,000元)及約人民幣287,000元(二零零六年:人民幣382,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

3. Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(e) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because certain investments held by the Group are classified on the consolidated balance sheet as available-for-sale financial assets. As the amount of such financial assets is not material to the Group, the exposure to price risk is considered to be insignificant.

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and noncurrent borrowings as shown in the consolidated balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as "equity", as shown in the consolidated balance sheet, plus net debt.

During 2007, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2006, was to maintain the debt equity ratio to be in a net cash position. The net cash amounts at 31 December 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(e) 價格風險

3.2 資金風險管理

本集團的資金管理政策,是保障 本集團能繼續營運,以為股東提 供回報和為其他權益持有人提供 利益,同時維持最佳的資本結構 以減低資金成本。

為了維持或調整資本結構,本集 團可能會調整支付予股東的股息 數額、向股東分派的資本返還、 發行新股或出售資產以減低債 務。

與業內其他公司一樣,本集團利 用負債比率監察其資本。此比率 按照債務淨額除以總資本計算。 債務淨額為總借貸(包括綜合資產 負債表所列的即期及非即期貸款) 減去現金及現金等價物。總資本 為「權益」(如綜合資產負債表所 列)加債務淨額。

本集團在二零零七年的策略與二 零零六年比較維持不變,為致力 將負債比率維持在淨現金水平。 在二零零七年及二零零六年十二 月三十一日,淨現金之金額如 下:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Total borrowings (Note 17)	總借貸(附註17) 滅:現金及現金等價物	156,393	134,836
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 14)	(附註14)	(275,226)	(312,990)
Net cash	淨現金	(118,833)	(178,154)

The decrease in the net cash position during 2007 resulted primarily from the capital expenditure in the construction of a new production plant and the product development cost for new products.

二零零七年淨現金水平降低主要 因為建設新生產設施及新產品開 發成本之資本性開支。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance sheet date. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used for long-term debt.

The nominal values less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

4.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to market conditions. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計

公開買賣衍生工具及買賣與可供 出售證券等於活躍市場買賣之金 融工具公平值於結算日按市價報 價計算。本集團所持金融資產所 用市場報價乃現行買入價。

場外衍生工具等並非於活躍市場 買賣之金融工具公平值利用估值 法釐定。本集團採用各種方法及 根據各結算日現行市況作出多項 假設。長期債務採用類似工具之 市場報價或交易商報價。

應收交易帳款及應付交易帳款之 面值扣除減值撥備假定與其公平 值相若。

4. 重大會計估計及判斷

本集團根據過往經驗及其他因素不斷對估計及判斷作出評估,包括根據該等情況相信為合理之未來事項預測。

4.1 重大會計估計及假設

本集團就未來發展作出估計及判斷。所得會計估值故名思義甚少等同於相關實際結果。以下所論述之估計及假設存有對下一個財政年度資產及負債帳面值造成重大調整之重大風險。

(a) 物業、廠房及設備之估計 可用年期

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

4.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)

(b) Estimated impairment of intangible assets, inventories and trade receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of intangible assets, inventories and trade receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of intangible assets and trade receivables. Provisions are applied to intangible assets, inventories and trade receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be recoverable. The identification of impairment requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of intangible assets, inventories and trade receivables and provision for impairment in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

(c) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and Mainland China. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

4.1 重大會計估計及假設(續)

(b) 無形資產、存貨及應收交 易帳款之估計減值 本集團根據無形資產及應 收交易帳款之可收回情 況作出之評估,就無形資 產、存貨及應收交易帳款 作出減值撥備。倘出現事 項或情況有變而顯示不一 定可收回餘款時,撥備應 用於無形資產、存貨及應 收交易帳款。識別減值須 運用判斷及估計。倘預算 金額有別於原訂估值,有 關差額將影響估值出現變 動期間無形資產、存貨及 應收交易帳款之帳面以及 期內減值撥備。

(c) 所得税

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

5. Turnover and segment information

(a) Turnover

The Group is principally engaged in the manufacturing of fine chemicals from natural resources for use in aroma chemicals and pharmaceutical products and the trading of natural materials and fine chemicals. Turnover for the Group represents revenue from sale of goods.

5. 銷售額及分部資料

(a) 營業額

本集團主要從事利用天然資源製造精細化學品,以用於芳香化學品及醫藥產品以及買賣天然原料及精細化學品。本集團營業額指從銷售貨品所產生之效益。

		_	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Sale of goods (net of value-added tax)	銷售貨品 (已扣除增值税)		612,159	532,975

(b) Segment information

Primary reporting format - business segment

As at 31 December 2007, the Group is organised into two main business segments:

- (1) manufacturing and selling of fine chemicals; and
- (2) trading of natural materials and fine chemicals.

The segment results for the year ended 31 December 2007 are as follows:

(b) 分部資料

<u>主要呈報方式-業務分部</u> 於二零零七年十二月三十一日, 本集團分為兩大主要業務分部:

- (1) 生產及銷售精細化學品; 及
- (2) 買賣天然原料及精細化學品。

截至二零零七年十二月三十一日 止年度之分部業績如下:

		Manufacturing 生產	Trading 買賣	Total 總計
Turnover	營業額	545,094	67,065	612,159
Operating profit	經營溢利	150,475	2,990	153,465
Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs	未分配公司開支 融資成本			(9,062) (6,355)
Profit before income tax Income tax expense	除所得税前溢利 所得税開支			138,048 (7,514)
Profit for the year	年內溢利			130,534

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

5. Turnover and segment information (continued)

(b) Segment information (continued)

<u>Primary reporting format – business segment (continued)</u> The segment results for the year ended 31 December 2006 are as follows:

5. 銷售額及分部資料(續)

(b) 分部資料(續)

<u>主要呈報方式一業務分部(續)</u> 截至二零零六年十二月三十一日 止年度之分部業績如下:

		Manufacturing 生產	Trading 買賣	Total 總計
Turnover	營業額	419,904	113,071	532,975
Operating profit	經營溢利	111,589	2,819	114,408
Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs	未分配公司開支 融資成本			(3,346) (6,645)
Profit before income tax Income tax expense	除所得税前溢利 所得税開支			104,417 (8,982)
Profit for the year	年內溢利			95,435

Other segment items included in the consolidated income statement are as follows:

計入綜合損益帳之其他分部項目 如下:

		Manufacturing 生產		Trading 買賣	
		2007	2006	2007	2006
		二零零七年	二零零六年	二零零七年	二零零六年
Depreciation (Note 6)	折舊(附註6)	11,545	11,106	103	55
Amortisation (Notes 7 and 8)	攤銷(附註7及8)	2,442	4,084	-	-
Impairment of intangible assets	無形資產(附註8)				
(Note 8)		1,664	4,450	-	-
Provision for/(reversal of)	存貨減值撥備/				
impairment of inventories	(撥回)(附註11)				
(Note 11)		160	175	8	(31)
Provision for/(reversal of)	應收交易帳款減值				
provision for impairment of	撥備/(撥回)				
trade receivables (Note 12)	(附註12)	632	124	16	(38)

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

5. Turnover and segment information (continued)

(b) Segment information (continued)

<u>Primary reporting format – business segment (continued)</u>
The segment assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2007 and capital expenditure for the year then ended are as follows:

5. 銷售額及分部資料(續)

(b) 分部資料(續)

<u>主要呈報方式-業務分部(續)</u> 於二零零七年十二月三十一日之

於二零零七年十二月三十一日之 資產及負債分部以及截至該日止 年度之資本開支如下:

		Manufacturing 生產	Trading 買賣	Unallocated 未分配	Total 總計
Assets Liabilities	資產 負債	633,567 125,091	10,118 1,811	307,384 160,360	951,069 287,262
		508,476	8,307	147,024	663,807
Capital expenditure (Notes 6, 7 and 8)	資本開支 (附註6、7及8)	147,874	19	-	147,893

The segment assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2006 and capital expenditure for the year then ended are as follows:

於二零零六年十二月三十一日之 資產及負債分部以及截至該日止 年度之資本開支如下:

		Manufacturing 生產	Trading 買賣	Unallocated 未分配	Total 總計
Assets	資產	407,016	27,263	360,616	794,895
Liabilities	負債	145,370	15,499	100,966	261,835
		261,646	11,764	259,650	533,060
Capital expenditure	資本開支				
(Notes 6, 7 and 8)	(附註6、7及8)	61,312	716	-	62,028

Segment assets consist primarily of land use rights, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories, receivables and operating cash. Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities. They exclude items such as taxation and corporate borrowings. Capital expenditure comprises additions to property, plant and equipment (Note 6), land use rights (Note 7), and intangible assets (Note 8).

分部資產主要包括土地使用權、物業、廠房及設備、無形資產、存貨、應收款項及經營現金。分部負債包括經營負債,但不包括税項及公司借貸等項目。資本開支包括物業、廠房及設備(附註7)以及無形資產(附註8)之增額。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

5. Turnover and segment information (continued)

(b) Segment information (continued)

Secondary reporting format – geographical segment

The Group's two business segments operate in three main geographical areas.

5. 銷售額及分部資料(續)

(b) 分部資料(續)

次要呈報方式-地區分部

本集團兩大業務分部於三個主要 地區經營。

	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Turnover 營業額		
- Mainland China -中國內地	411,054	345,380
- Europe - 歐洲	99,912	126,822
- Asia ──亞洲		
(excluding Mainland China) (中國內地除外)	64,255	43,554
- Others - 其他	36,938	17,219
	612,159	532,975

Sales are allocated based on the places/countries in which customers are located.

銷售額乃按客戶所在地區/國家分配。

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Total assets – Mainland China – Hong Kong – Unallocated	資產總值 一中國內地 一香港 一未分配	899,938 48,872 2,259	739,824 54,656 415
		951,069	794,895

Total assets are allocated based on where the assets are located.

資產總值乃按資產所在地分配。

No geographical analysis of capital expenditure is presented as substantially all of the Group's capital expenditure was incurred in respect of assets located in Mainland China.

由於本集團絕大部分資本開支就 位於中國內地之資產產生,因此 並無呈報資本開支之地區分析。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

6. Property, plant and equipment

6. 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 樓宇	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器	Leasehold improvements, office furniture and equipment 租賃物業、 裝修、辦公室 塚私及設備	Motor vehicles 汽車	Construction- in-progress 在建工程	Tota l 슴計
At 1 January 2006 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零零六年一月一日 成本 累計折舊	57,255 (5,708)	132,750 (11,500)	4,352 (2,076)	3,713 (2,266)	7,624 -	205,694 (21,550)
Net book amount		51,547	121,250	2,276	1,447	7,624	184,144
Year ended 31 December 2006 Opening net book amount Additions Transfers Disposals (Note 29) Depreciation	截至二零零六年十二月 三十一日止年度 年初帳面淨值 添置 轉撥 出售 批舊	51,547 49 - - (1,569)	121,250 975 4,673 - (8,455)	2,276 580 271 - (556)	1,447 117 - (13) (581)	7,624 41,321 (4,944) -	184,144 43,042 - (13) (11,161)
Closing net book amount	年終帳面淨值	50,027	118,443	2,571	970	44,001	216,012
At 31 December 2006 Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount	於二零零 六年 十二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊 帳面淨值	57,304 (7,277) 50,027	138,398 (19,955)	5,203 (2,632) 2,571	3,705 (2,735)	44,001 - 44,001	248,611 (32,599)
Year ended 31 December 2007 Opening net book amount Additions Transfers Disposals (Note 29) Depreciation	截至二零零七年十二月 三十一日止年度 年初帳面淨值 添費 轉接 (附註29) 折舊	50,027 - - - (1,614)	118,443 468 3,965 (94) (8,966)	2,571 3,749 - (242) (554)	970 120 - - (514)	44,001 128,474 (3,965)	216,012 132,811 - (336) (11,648)
Closing net book amount	年終帳面淨值	48,413	113,816	5,524	576	168,510	336,839
At 31 December 2007 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於一零零七年 十二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊	57,304 (8,891)	142,641 (28,825)	7,863 (2,339)	3,809 (3,233)	168,510	380,127 (43,288)
Net book amount	帳面淨值	48,413	113,816	5,524	576	168,510	336,839

The Group's buildings including buildings under construction, totalling RMB48,413,000 (2006: RMB50,027,000) are built on pieces of land in Mainland China with lease terms of 50 years up to April 2054.

本集團之樓宇包括合共48,413,000元人 民幣(二零零六年:50,027,000元人民 幣)之在建樓宇,建於中國內地多幅土地 上,為租期50年,於二零五四年四月屆 滿。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

6. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation expense of RMB9,535,000 (2006: RMB9,007,000) has been charged in "cost of goods sold", RMB2,000 (2006: RMB3,000) in "selling and marketing costs" and RMB2,111,000 (2006: RMB2,151,000) in "administrative expenses".

Analysis of construction-in-progress is:

2007
二零零七年2006
二零零七年2006
二零零六年Construction costs of buildings
Cost of leasehold improvements
and plant and machinery樓宇建築成本46,83323,634121,67720,367168,51044,001

Property, plant and equipment with a net book amount of RMB94,540,000 (2006: RMB92,077,000) were pledged as collateral for the Group's borrowings.

帳面淨值94,540,000元人民幣(二零零 六年92,077,000元人民幣)之物業、廠 房及設備已作為本集團借貸之抵押品。

物業、廠房及設備(續)

則計入「行政費用 中。

在建工程分析如下:

折舊費用其中9,535,000元人民幣(二零

零六年:9,007,000元人民幣)在「已售

貨品成本 | 中支銷, 2.000元人民幣(二

零零六年:3,000元人民幣)計入「銷售及市場推廣成本」,而2,111,000元人民幣(二零零六年:2,151,000元人民幣)

6.

7. Land use rights

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book values are analysed as follows:

7. 土地使用權

本集團於土地使用權之權益指預付經營 租約款項,其帳面淨值分析如下:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
In Mainland China, held on Leases of between 10 to 50 years	於中國內地,按10至50年	8,741	8,851

Borrowings are secured on land use right with a carrying amount of RMB2,441,000 (2006: RMB4,845,000).

帳面值2,441,000元人民幣(二零零六年4,845,000元人民幣)之借貸以土地使內權作抵押。

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Opening net book amount Additions Amortisation of prepaid operating lease payments	年初帳面淨值 添置 攤銷預付經營租約款項	8,851 - (110)	4,955 4,006 (110)
Closing net book amount	期終帳面淨值	8,741	8,851

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

8. **Intangible assets**

無形資產 8.

		Patents and technical know-how 專利權及 技術知識	Product development costs 產品 開發成本	Total 總計
At 1 January 2006	於二零零六年一月一日			
Cost	成本	4,000	30,401	34,401
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(200)	(11,496)	(11,696)
Net book amount	帳面淨值	3,800	18,905	22,705
Year ended	截至二零零六年十二月			
31 December 2006	三十一日止年度			
Opening net book amount	期初帳面淨值	3,800	18,905	22,705
Additions	添置	5,930	9,050	14,980
Amortisation	攤銷	(1,097)	(2,877)	(3,974)
Impairment (Note 22)	減值(附註22)	_	(4,450)	(4,450)
Closing net book amount	期終帳面淨值	8,633	20,628	29,261
At 31 December 2006	於二零零六年			
	十二月三十一日			
Cost	成本	9,930	39,451	49,381
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷及減值			
and impairment		(1,297)	(18,823)	(20,120)
Net book amount	帳面淨值	8,633	20,628	29,261
Year ended	截至二零零七年十二月			
31 December 2007	三十一日止年度			
Opening net book amount	期初帳面淨值	8,633	20,628	29,261
Additions	添置	131	14,951	15,082
Amortisation	攤銷	(1,393)	(939)	(2,332)
Impairment (Note 22)	減值(附註22)	_	(1,664)	(1,664)
Closing net book amount	期終帳面淨值	7,371	32,976	40,347
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年			
	十二月三十一日	4.5.5.5	.	
Cost	成本	10,061	54,402	64,463
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	累計攤銷及減值	(2,690)	(21,426)	(24,116)
Net book amount		7,371	32,976	40,347
	1人四/ア 1旦		52,510	10,041
Notes:		附註:		
(a) Amortisation of RMR2 332 000	(2006: RMR3 974 000) is included in	(a)	爀 绉 2 3 3 2 000 元 人 民 憋	(一要要六年:

Amortisation of RMB2,332,000 (2006: RMB3,974,000) is included in administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement.

(a) 攤銷2,332,000元人民幣(二零零六年: 3,974,000元人民幣)已計入綜合損益帳行 政費用內。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

9. Available-for-sale financial assets

9. 可供出售金融資產

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
At 1 January	於一月一日	500	700
Additions	添置	-	100
Disposals	出售	(100)	(300)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	400	500
Less: Non-current portion	減:非流動部分	(400)	(400)
Current portion	流動部分	_	100

Available-for-sale financial assets include the following:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Unlisted equity securities Other available-for-sale	非上市股本證券 其他可供出售金融資產	400	400
financial assets		-	100
		400	500

10. Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries – Company

10. 於附屬公司之投資及應收附屬公司款項 – 本公司

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Unlisted investments, at cost Amounts due from subsidiaries	非上市投資,按成本值 應收附屬公司款項	91,041 243,808	91,041 231,805
		334,849	322,846

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured and non-interest bearing and have no fixed repayment terms.

應收附屬公司款項乃無抵押、免息且並 無固定還款期。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

10. Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries - Company (continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are:

10. 於附屬公司之投資及應收附屬公司款項 – 本公司(續)

附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 經營地點	Principal activities 主要業務	Issued and fully paid up capital 已發行及 繳足股本	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group (a) 本集團 應佔股權 百分比(a)
EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding 投資控股	US\$95,000 95,000美元	100%
EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Manufacturing Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding 投資控股	US\$1 1美元	100%
EcoGreen Fine Chemicals B.V.	The Netherlands 荷蘭	Sale of fine chemicals 銷售精細化學品	EUR18,000 18,000歐羅	100%
EcoGreen Holding B.V.	The Netherlands 荷蘭	Investment holding 投資控股	EUR18,000 18,000歐羅	100%
EcoGreen Investments Limited 中怡精細化工集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Inactive 暫無業務	HK\$2 2港元	100%
Sino Bright International Trading Limited 光華國際貿易有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Inactive 暫無業務	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%
Doingcom International Limited 中坤國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Trading of fine chemicals 買賣精細化學品	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%
Xiamen Doingcom Biotechnology Co., Ltd.(b) 廈門中坤生物科技有限公司(b)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacturing of fine chemicals 生產精細化學品	RMB30,000,000 30,000,000元 人民幣	100%
上海萬凱化學有限公司(b)(c) (Shanghai Fine Chemicals Company Limited) (b)(c)	Mainland China 中國內地	Research and development of fine chemicals 研究及開發精細化學品	US\$2,000,000 2,000,000美元	100%
Xiamen Doingcom Chemical Co., Ltd. (b) 廈門中坤化學有限公司(b)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacturing and sale of fine chemicals 生產及銷售精細化學品	RMB50,000,000 50,000,000元 人民幣	100%
楚雄中怡林產貿易有限公司(b)(c) (Chuxiong Zhongyi Forestry Trading Co. Ltd.)	Mainland China 中國內地	Sale of forestry products 銷售林業產品	RMB5,000,000 5,000,000元	70%

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

10. Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries - Company (continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are:(continued)

10. 於附屬公司之投資及應收附屬公司款項 – 本公司(續)

附屬公司之詳情如下:(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 經營地點	Principal activities 主要業務	Issued and fully paid up capital 已發行及 繳足股本	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group (a) 本集團 應佔股權 百分比(a)
			人民幣	
Xiamen Doingcom Enterprise Limited (b) 廈門中坤貿易有限公司(b)	Mainland China 中國內地	Sale of fine chemicals 銷售精細化學品	RMB6,000,000 6,000,000元 人民幣	100%
Xiamen Hoozyn Life Chemistry Technology Limited (b) 廈門和辰生化科技有限公司(b)	Mainland China 中國內地	Research and development of fine chemicals 研究及開發精細化學品	US\$1,400,000 1,400,000美元	100%
Xiamen Sinoloon Import and Export Co., Ltd. (b) 廈門中玖進出口有限公司 有限公司(b)	Mainland China 中國內地	Investment holding and trading of fine chemicals 投資控股及買賣 精細化學品	RMB7,000,000 7,000,000元 人民幣	100%
Xiamen Sinotek Enterprise Development Co., Ltd. (b) 廈門中技實業發展有限公司(b)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacturing and sale of fine chemicals 生產及銷售精細化學品	RMB20,000,000 20,000,000元 人民幣	100%
Zhangzhou Zhongyi Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd. (b) 漳洲中怡精細化工有限公司(b)	Mainland China 中國內地	Inactive 暫無業務	US\$1,509,330 1,509,330美元	100%

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

10. Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries – Company (continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are:(continued)

Notes:

- (a) The shares of EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Limited are held directly by the Company. The shares of other subsidiaries are held indirectly.
- (b) Xiamen Doingcom Chemical Co., Ltd. and Xiamen Doingcom Biotechnology Co., Ltd. are sino-foreign owned enterprises established in Xiamen, Fujian Province, Mainland China for a term of 20 years up to October 2017 and July 2024 respectively. Shanghai Fine Chemicals Company Limited is a wholly foreign owned enterprise established in Shanghai, Mainland China for a term of 35 years up to March 2040. Xiamen Doingcom Enterprise Limited is a limited liability enterprise established in Xiamen, Fujian Province, Mainland China for a term of 20 years up to June 2024. Xiamen Hoozyn Life Chemistry Technology Limited, Xiamen Sinoloon Import and Export Co., Ltd. and Xiamen Sinotek Enterprise Development Co., Ltd. are wholly foreign owned enterprises established in Xiamen, Fujian Province, Mainland China for a term of 10 years, 17 years and 20 years up to June 2012, April 2012 and July 2016, respectively. Chuxiong Zhongyi Forestry Trading Co., Ltd. is a limited liability enterprise established in Chuxiong, Yunnan Province, Mainland China for a term of 30 years up to March 2007. Zhangzhou Zhongyi Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd. is wholly foreign owned enterprise established in Zhangzhou, Fujian Province, Mainland China for a term of 50 years up to April 2057.
- (c) The English names for 上海萬凱化學有限公司 and 楚雄中怡林產貿易有限 公司 are for identification purpose only.

10. 於附屬公司之投資及應收附屬公司款項 – 本公司(續)

附屬公司之詳情如下:(續)

附註:

- (a) EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Limited股份由 本公司直接持有,其他附屬公司股份則間 接持有。
- (c) 上海萬凱化學有限公司及楚雄怡林產貿易 有限公司的英文名稱僅供識別。

11. Inventories

11. 存貨

		2007	2006
		二零零七年	二零零六年
Raw materials	原料	28,184	26,685
Work-in-progress	在製品	996	1,064
Finished goods	製成品	17,475	12,181
Less: Provision for impairment	減:存貨減值撥備	46,655	39,930
of inventories		(1,166)	(998)
		45,489	38,932

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in cost of goods sold amounted to RMB337,114,000 (2006: RMB316,658,000).

The Group made a provision for impairment of inventories of RMB168,000 (2006: impairment of RMB144,000). The amount has been included in cost of goods sold in the consolidated income statement.

確認為開支及計入售出貨品成本之存貨 成本為337,114,000元人民幣(二零零六 年:316,658,000元人民幣)。

本集團已作出存貨減值撥備168,000元 人民幣(二零零六年:撥備144,000元人 民幣)。該款額已計入綜合損益帳售出貨 品成本內。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

12. Trade receivables

12. 應收交易帳款

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Trade receivables Less: Provision for impairment	應收交易帳款 減:應收交易帳款減值撥備	167,737	116,340
of trade receivables		(2,084)	(1,436)
		165,653	114,904

The fair values of trade receivables approximate their carrying amounts.

應收交易帳款公平值與其帳面值相若。

The credit period granted by the Group to its customers is generally 60 to 90 days. The aging analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

本集團給予其客戶之信貸期一般60至90 天。應收交易帳款之帳齡分析如下:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
0 to 30 days	0至 30天	60,902	46,985
31 to 60 days	31至 60天	54,627	40,983
61 to 90 days	61至 90天	35,451	28,122
91 to 180 days	91至 180天	15,853	512
•		150	137
181 to 365 days	181天至365天		
Over 365 days	365天以上	754	512
Less: Provision for impairment	減:應收交易帳款減值撥備	167,737	116,340
of trade receivables		(2,084)	(1,436)
		165,653	114,904

The credit quality of trade receivable that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to the historical information about counter party default rates. The existing counter parties do not have significant default in the past. There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables, as the Group has a large number of customers.

沒有逾期或減值需要之應收交易帳款, 其信貸質素是按以往的收款記錄及客戶 的壞帳率而定。現有的客戶並無重大的 拖欠。由於本集團客戶數目龐大,故有 關應收交易帳款之信貸風險並無過份集 中。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

12. Trade receivables (continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

12. 應收交易帳款(續)

本集團的貿易應收款的賬面值以下列貨 幣為單位:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Renminbi US dollar	人民幣 美元	122,458 43,195	95,934 18,970
		165,653	114,904

Movements on the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收款減值撥備的變動如下:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
At 1 January Provision for receivable impairment Unused amounts reversed	一月一日 應收款減值撥備 未用金額轉回	1,436 648 -	1,598 - (162)
At 31 December	十二月三十一日	2,084	1,436

The creation and release of provisions for impaired receivables have been included in administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement. Amounts are charged to the allowance account when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

對已減值應收款撥備的設立和撥回已包 括在綜合損益帳中的行政費用內。在準 備賬戶中扣除的數額一般會在預期無法 收回額外現金時撇銷。

13. Prepayments and other receivables

13. 預付款項及其他應收款項

			Group 本集團		any 司
		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Prepayment for purchases of raw materials	購買原料預付款項	44,150	20,979	_	-
Input value-added tax recoverable	可收回進項增值税	1,079	3,284	-	-
Advances to employees	向僱員墊款	161	501	-	-
Others	其他	826	1,055	100	247
		46,216	25,819	100	247

The fair values of prepayments and other receivables approximate their fair values.

預付款項及其他應收款項公平值與其帳 面值相若。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

14. Cash and cash equivalents

14. 現金及等同現金項目

			Group 本集團		any 司
		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Cash and cash equivalents Cash at bank and on hand	現金及等同現金項目 銀行及手頭現金	275,226	312,990	364	828
		275,226	312,990	364	828

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

於現金及等同現金項目的帳面值結算貨幣的金額如下:

			Group 本集團		any 司
		2007	2006	2007	2006
		二零零七年	二零零六年	二零零七年	二零零六年
Renminbi	人民幣	264,461	288,893	_	-
Hong Kong dollar	港元	1,036	2,403	364	828
US dollar	美元	7,981	21,270	-	_
Euro	歐羅	1,748	424	-	-
		275,226	312,990	364	828

As at 31 December 2007, the Group has cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB264,461,000 (2006: RMB288,893,000) denominated in Chinese Renminbi, which is not a freely convertible currency in the international market and its exchange rate is determined by the People's Bank of China.

At 31 December 2007, bank balance of RMB32,158,000 (2006: RMB47,626,000) have been pledged to banks to secure credit facilities granted to subsidiaries.

The cash and cash equivalents are not exposed to material credit risk.

於二零零七年十二月三十一日,本集團共有現金與等同現金項目約264,461,000元人民幣(二零零六年:288,893,000元人民幣),均以中國人民幣列值,且為不能於國際市場自由轉換貨幣,其匯率由中國人民銀行釐定。

於二零零七年十二月三十一日,共 32,158,000元人民幣(二零零六年: 47,626,000元人民幣)之銀行存款已予 以抵押作為附屬公司向銀行取得借貸額 度之抵押。

現金及等同現金項目並沒有重大的信貸 風險。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

15. Share capital and share options

15. 股本及購股權

(a) Share capital – Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each

(a) 股本一每股面值 0.1港元之普通

Authorised:	法定:	Number of shares (thousands) 股份數目 (千股)	Nominal value 面值
At 1 January 2006,	於二零零六年一月一日、		
31 December 2006 and 31 December 2007	二零零六年十二月三十一日及 二零零七年十二月三十一日	2,000,000	212,000
and 31 December 2007	—令令七十十二月二十 日	2,000,000	212,000
		Number of fully paid shares (thousands) 已繳股款	Nominal
la a consider	¬ * /	股份數目	value
Issued:	已發行:	(千股)	面值
At 1 January 2006 and	於二零零六年一月一日及		
at 31 December 2006	二零零六年十二月三十一日	461,000	48,778
Employee share option	僱員購股權計劃		
scheme			
proceeds from shares issues	-發行股份所得款	8,890	875
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	469,890	49,653

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

15. Share capital and share options (continued)

(b) Share options

Pursuant to a resolution of the shareholders of the Company passed on 16 February 2004, a share option scheme ("the Share Option Scheme") was approved and adopted. Under the Share Option Scheme, the Company's Directors may, at their sole discretion, grant options to any employee, non-executive director, supplier, customer, person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to the Group, shareholder and adviser or consultant of the Group to subscribe for shares in the Company at a price per share of not less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on the date of the offer of grant; or (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share. A nominal consideration of RMB1.04 (equivalent of HK\$1) is payable on acceptance of the grant of options. The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme adopted by the Group from time to time must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the share capital of the Company in issue from time to time. The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years up to February 2014. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash.

15. 股本及購股權(續)

(b) 購股權

根據本公司股東於二零零四年二 月十六日通過之決議案,購股權 計劃(「購股權計劃」)獲批准及 採納。根據購股權計劃,本公司 董事可全權酌情向本集團任何僱 員、非執行董事、供應商、客戶 或為本集團提供研發或其他技術 支援之人士或實體以及本集團股 東及顧問或諮詢顧問授出購股 權,彼等可按不低於以下較高者 之每股價格認購本公司股份:(i) 授出日期在香港聯合交易所有限 公司每日報價表所報之股份收市 價;或(ii)緊接授出日期前五個交 易日聯交所每日報價表所報股份 平均收市價;及(iii)股份面值。在 接納購股權時,須支付名義代價 1.04元人民幣(相等於1港元)。 根據購股權計劃及本集團不時採 納之任何其他購股權計劃授出但 尚未行使之所有購股權獲行使而 可予發行之股份數目,最多合共 不得超過本公司不時已發行股本 30%。購股權計劃有效期為10 年,直至二零一四年二月止。本 集團並無法定或推定責任,購回 或以現金清償購股權。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

15. Share capital and share options (continued)

(b) Share options

Movements of the number of share options outstanding during the year and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

15. 股本及購股權(續)

(b) 購股權

尚未行使購股權數目及其相關加 權平均行使價於年內之變動如 下:

		2007		2006	
		二零零七年		二零零六年	
		Average		Average	
		exercise		exercise	
		price		price	
		in HK\$	Options	in HK\$	Options
		per share	(thousands)	per share	(thousands)
		每股港元	購股權	每股港元	購股權
		平均行使價	(千份)	平均行使價	(千份)
At 1 January	於一月一日	1.38	43,100	1.37	36,075
Granted during the year	年內授出	_	_	1.39	21,400
Exercised during the year	年內行使	1.38	(8,890)	_	_
Cancelled during the year	年內註銷	1.37	(2,000)	1.37	(14,375)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1.38	32,210	1.38	43,100

Out of the 32,210,000 outstanding options (2006: 43,100,000 options), 19,730,000 options (2006: 25,980,000) were exercisable.

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

在 32,210,000 未 行 使 的 購 股 權 中 (二 零 零 六 年 : 43,100,000 購 股 權) · 19,730,000 (二 零 零 六 年 : 25,980,000) 購股權可予行使。

在年終時未行使的購股權的到期日和行 使價如下:

Share options 購股權

			71772 IE	
			2007	2006
		Exercise price	二零零七年	二零零六年
		HK dollar per share	(thousands)	(thousands)
Expiry date	到期日	每股港元行使價	(千份)	(千份)
May 2011	二零一一年五月	1.39	14,770	21,400
Jun 2014	二零一四年六月	1.37	17,440	21,700
			32,210	43,100

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

16. Other reserves

(a) Group

16. 其他儲備

(a) 本集團

		Share Premium 股份溢價	Capital reserve (i) 股本儲備(i)	Contributed surplus (ii) 實繳盈餘(ii)	Statutory reserves (iii) 法定 公積金(iii)	Share options equity reserve 購股權 股本儲備	Currency translation reserve 匪兑儲備	Total 總計
Balance at 1 January	於二零零六年一月一日							
2006 Employee share option scheme:	之結餘 僱員購股權計劃:	177,698	685	9,500	16,168	5,732	(36)	209,747
 Value of share options granted 	-授出購股權之價值	-	-	-	-	2,047	-	2,047
Cancellation of share options	一註銷購股權	-	-	-	-	(1,841)	-	(1,841)
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	-	17	17
Balance at	於二零零六年十二月							
31 December 2006	三十一日之結餘	177,698	685	9,500	16,168	5,938	(19)	209,970
At 1 January 2007	於二零零七年一月一日	177,698	685	9,500	16,168	5,938	(19)	209,970
Employee share option scheme:	僱員購股權計劃:							
 Value of share options granted 	授出購股權之價值					1,920		1,920
— Cancellation of	一註銷購股權	-	-	-	-	1,920	-	1,920
share options		-	-	-	-	(348)	-	(348)
 Exercise of share options 	一行使購股權	-	-	-	-	(641)	-	(641)
Isusue of shares	發行股份	11,190	-	-	-	-	-	11,190
Transfer from retained earnings	保留盈利轉撥	-	-	-	18,581	-	-	18,581
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	-	(21)	(21)
Balance at	於二零零七年十二月							
31 December 2007	三十一日之結餘	188,888	685	9,500	34,749	6,869	(40)	240,651

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

16. Other reserves (continued) (b) Company

16. 其他儲備(續)

		Share Premium 股份溢價	Capital reserve (i) 股本儲備(i)	Share options equity reserve 購股權 股本儲備	Total 總計
Balance at 1 January 2006 Employee share option scheme:	於二零零六年一月一日之結餘 僱員購股權計劃:	177,698	90,941	5,732	274,371
 Value of share options granted 	-授出購股權之價值	-	-	2,047	2,047
- Cancellation of share options	一註銷購股權	-	-	(1,841)	(1,841)
Balance at 31 December 2006	於二零零六年十二月 三十一日之結餘	177,698	90,941	5,938	274,577
Balance at 1 January 2007 Employee share option scheme:	於二零零七年一月一日之結餘 僱員購股權計劃:	177,698	90,941	5,938	274,577
- Value of share options granted	-授出購股權價值	_	_	1,920	1,920
- Cancellation of share options	一註銷購股權	-	-	(348)	(348)
 Exercise of share options 	一行使購股權	-	-	(641)	(641)
Issue of share	發行股份	11,190	-	-	11,190
Balance at 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月				
	三十一日之結餘	188,888	90,941	6,869	286,698

Notes:

(i) Capital reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the share exchange on 16 February 2004 over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefor.

Capital reserve of the Company represents the difference between the costs of investments in subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the share exchange on 16 February 2004 over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefor.

- (ii) Contributed surplus represents the capital contribution from an executive director and an indirect substantial shareholder of the Company, as part of a group reorganisation exercise.
- (iii) According to the articles of association of the relevant subsidiaries established in Mainland China and the Mainland China rules and regulations, Mainland China subsidiaries are required to transfer not less than 10% of their net profit as stated in their annual financial statements prepared under Mainland China accounting regulations to statutory reserves before the corresponding Mainland China subsidiaries can distribute any dividend. Such a transfer is not required when the amount of statutory reserves reaches 50% of the corresponding subsidiaries' registered capital. The statutory reserves shall only be used to make up losses of the corresponding subsidiaries, to expand the corresponding subsidiaries' production operations, or to increase the capital of the corresponding subsidiaries. Upon approval by resolutions of the corresponding subsidiaries' shareholders in general meetings, the corresponding subsidiaries may convert their statutory reserves into registered capital and issue bonus capital to existing owners in proportion to their existing ownership structure.
- (iv) The Company's other reserves totalled RMB286,698,000 (2006: RMB274,577,000) which, under the Company Law (revised) of the Cayman Islands subject to certain conditions, are available for distribution to shareholders.

附註:

(i)

本集團資本儲備指根據二零零四年二月十六日 重組所收購附屬公司股份的面值超過本公司發 行以換取上述股份之股本面值的差額。

本公司資本儲備指根據二零零四年二月十六日 重組所收購附屬公司的投資成本超過本公司發 行以換取上述投資之股本面值的差額。

- (ii) 實繳盈餘指本公司一名執行董事兼間接主要股 東就集團重組作出之出資額。
- (iv) 根據開曼群島公司法(修訂本),本公司可供分 派儲備約為286,698,000元人民幣(二零零六 年:274,577,000元人民幣)。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

17. Borrowings

17. 借貸

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Non-current	非即期		
Government loans, unsecured	無抵押政府貸款	5,000	5,000
Bank borrowings, secured	有抵押銀行借貸	3,121	6,698
Bank borrowings, unsecured	無抵押銀行借貸	50,000	, -
		58,121	11,698
Current	即期		
Government loans, unsecured	無抵押政府貸款	28,870	28,870
Bank borrowings, secured	有抵押銀行借貸	62,402	94,268
Bank borrowings, unsecured	無抵押銀行借貸	7,000	-
		98,272	123,138
Total borrowings	借貸總額	156,393	134,836

Government loans represent unsecured loans from the State Development and Reform Commission, Xiamen Development Planning Commission and other Mainland China government bureaus to finance the Group's product development activities and expansion of production facilities.

Government loans of RMB5,000,000 (2006: RMB5,000,000) are repayable in 2018, and bear interest at 2.6%. Government loans of RMB8,000,000 (2006: RMB8,000,000) are repayable on demand, and bear interest at 7.6% per annum. Government loans of RMB20,870,000 (2006: RMB20,870,000) are non-interest bearing, and shall be repayable on terms and conditions to be determined between the government bureaus and the Group upon completion of the relevant project.

政府貸款即來自國家發展計劃委員會、 廈門市計劃委員會及其他中國內地政府 機關之無抵押貸款,用於本集團產品開 發及擴建生產設施。

政府貸款5,000,000人民幣(二零零六年:5,000,000元人民幣)須於二零一八年償還,並按2.6厘利率計息。政府貸款8,000,000人民幣(二零零式年:8,000,000元人民幣)須應要求償還,並按年利率7.6厘計息。政府貸款20,870,000元人民幣(二零零六年:20,870,000元人民幣)為免息以及將按照政府當局與本集團釐定之條款及條件,於有關項目完成後償還。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

17. Borrowings (continued)

17. 借貸(續)

The maturity of borrowings is as follows:

借貸之還款期如下:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Amounts repayable within a period:	須於以下期間償還之款項:		
 not exceeding one year 	- 不超過一年	98,272	123,138
 more than one year but not 	年以上,但		
exceeding two years	不超過兩年	3,121	3,349
 more than two years but not 	一兩年以上,但		
exceeding five years	不超過五年	50,000	3,349
 more than five years 	一五年以上	5,000	5,000
		156,393	134,836

The effective interest rates at the balance sheet date were as follows:

於結算日之實際利率如下:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Government loans	政府貸款	2.16%	2.16%
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	8.5%	5.9%

The carrying amounts of borrowings approximate their fair value.

貸款的賬面值與其公平值相近。

The carrying amounts of the borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

貸款的賬面金額以下列貨幣為單位

			Group 集團		
		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年		
Renminbi Hong Kong dollar US dollar	人民幣 港元 美元	133,870 6,243 16,280	119,870 10,047 4,919		
		156,393	134,836		

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

17. Borrowings (continued)

17. 借貸(續)

The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

本集團有下列未提取貸款融資:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Floating rate – expiring within one year – expiring beyond one year	浮息 -一年內到期 -一年以上到期	29,956 2,367	11,469 25,221
		32,323	36,690

Total borrowings include secured bank borrowings of RMB65,523,000 (2006: RMB100,966,000). Bank borrowings are secured by the land property, plant and equipment of the Group (Notes 6 and 7) and director's and corporate guarantees.

總貸款包括有抵押銀行貸款65,523,000 元人民幣(二零零六年:100,966,000 人民幣)。銀行貸款以本集團的土地及物 業、廠房及設備(附註6及7)為抵押及需 要董事及企業擔保。

The exposure of the Group's borrowings to interest-rate changes and the contractual repricing dates is as follows:

本集團的貸款在利率變動及合約重新定 價日期所承擔的風險如下:

			Group 集團		
		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年		
6 months or less 6–12 months 1–5 years Over 5 years	6個月或以下 6-12個月 1-5年 5年以上	55,393 46,000 50,000 5,000	62,836 67,000 - 5,000		
		156,393	134,836		

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

18. Trade payables and bills payable

18. 應付交易帳款及應付票據

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Trade payables Bills payable	應付交易帳款 應付票據	8,202 46,688	16,548 75,260
		54,890	91,808

As at 31 December 2007, the aging analysis of trade payables and bills payable is as follows:

於二零零七年十二月三十一日,應付交 易帳款及應付票據之帳齡分析如下:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
0 to 30 days	0至30天	11,194	20,660
31 to 60 days	31至60天	31,071	21,017
61 to 90 days	61至90天	4,150	18,230
91 to 180 days	91至180天	7,676	30,647
181 to 365 days	181至365天	28	84
Over 365 days	超過365天	771	1,170
		54,890	91,808

All trade payables and bills payable were denominated in RMB.

應付交易帳款及應付票據均以人民幣為單位。

19. Accruals and other payables

19. 應計費用及其他應付款項

		Group 本集團			pany 公司
		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Payable for construction and purchase of property, plant and equipment	應付建造及購買物業、 廠房及設備費用	6,922	3,173	_	_
Output value-added tax payable Accruals for	應付銷項增值税 應計費用	8,891	15,050	-	-
Administrative expensesGovernment loan interest	一行政費用 一政府貸款利息	16,446 2,445	8,294 1,714	2,113 -	1,519 -
		34,704	28,231	2,113	1,519

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

20. Derivative financial instruments

20. 衍生金融工具

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Structured interest rate swaps,	結構性利率掉期,		
at fair value	按公平值	37,837	-

Note (i)

During the year, the Group entered into a structured interest rate swaps (the "Swap") with maturity in 2012 with a commercial bank (the "Bank"), an upfront payment of USD5 million, approximately to RMB38,588,000 was received by the Group at the inception of the Swap and were initially recognised as a derivative financial liability in balance sheet. The Swap is remeasured at fair value as estimated by the Bank based on certain assumption at each balance sheet date. Key terms of the interest rate swap are summarised as follows:

USD50,000,000 Notional amounts: Upfront payment: USD5,000,000 Effective date: 16 April 2007 Maturity date: 16 April 2012 5% (annually) Group pays: 3% + 8* Bank pays: (Index YoY Return - 1%) Coupon capped at 10% and floored at 0% (annually)

On 18 March 2008, the Swap between the Group and the Bank had been terminated. The Group paid USD4.2 million, approximately to RMB29,615,000 on 20 March 2008 with respect to this termination. There should be no further cashflows from either party with respect to this Swap after the termination. The gain on this Swap will be recognised as other gains in the year ending 31 December 2008.

Note:

Index means the Deutsche Bank Municipal Forward Rate Bias Index (the "Index") as published on Bloomberg. 於年內,本集團與一間商業銀行(「銀行」)進行之結構性利率掉期(「掉期」)於二零一二年,到期掉期開始時本集團收到一筆前期收款美元5,000,000元約為38,588,000元人民幣,於掉期開始時此前期收款於資產負債表中初始確認為衍生金融負債。掉期按銀行於每個結算日作出若干假設而預計之公平價作重新估量。利率掉期之重要條款概述如下:

名義金額: 50,000,000美元 首筆支付費用: 5,000,000美元 生效日: 二零零七年四月十六日 到期日: 二零一二年四月十六日 集團支付: 5%(每年) 銀行 3% + 8* (指數年比回報-1%) 票息上限為10%下限為0% (每年)

附註(i)

於二零零八年三月十八日,本集團與銀行之間的掉期已終止,本集團於二零零八年三月二十日已付美元4,200,000元,約為29,615,000元人民幣終止有關掉期,本集團與銀行在未來不需要為此掉期有任何的現金付款,而終止此掉期所產生的盈利將會在截至二零零八年十二月三十一日止之年度內確認為其他收益。

附註:

(i) 指數指於彭博資訊上發佈之德意志銀行市 政府遠期利率偏向指數(「指數」)。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

21. Other gains – net

21. 其他收益淨額

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Interest income from bank deposits Amortisation of deferred income	銀行存款之利息收入 攤銷政府撥款之遞延收入	3,469	3,136
on government grants		19	115
Realised and unrealised loss on	利率掉期之變現及未變現		
interest rate swaps – net	虧損淨額	(1,430)	-
Net foreign exchange gains from	利率掉期之匯兑收益淨額	2,181	-
interest rate swap			
Others	其他	-	1,701
		4,239	4,952

22. Expenses by nature

22. 按性質劃分之開支

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Depreciation (Note 6)	折舊(附註6)	11,648	11,161
Amortisation of prepaid operating	攤銷預付經營租金		
lease payments (Note 7)	款項(附註7)	110	110
Amortisation of intangible assets	攤銷無形資產		
(Note 8)	(附註8)	2,332	3,974
Impairment of product development	產品開發成本減值		
costs (Note 8)	(附註8)	1,664	4,450
Employee benefit expense (Note 23)	僱員福利開支(附註23)	27,682	22,406
Changes in inventories of finished	製成品及在製品		
goods and work-in-progress	存貨變動	39,190	62,644
Raw materials and	已用原料及消耗品		
consumables used		297,924	254,014
Transportation	運輸	15,577	12,960
Advertising	廣告宣傳	123	564
Operating lease payments	營運租賃租金	2,864	2,289
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	1,479	1,175
Net exchange loss	淨匯兑虧損	4,319	1,769

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

23. Employee benefit expense

23. 僱員福利開支

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Wages, salaries, other allowances	工資、薪金、其他津貼		
and benefits in kind	及實物利益	22,129	16,965
Bonus	花紅	2,248	2,759
Share options granted to directors	授予董事及僱員之		
and employees (Note 15)	購股權(附註15)	1,920	2,047
Pension costs – defined contribution	退休金成本 – 定額供款		
plans (Note a)	計劃(附註a)	1,385	635
		27,682	22,406

(a) Pensions – defined contribution plans

As stipulated by rules and regulations in Mainland China, the Group contributes to a state-sponsored retirement plan for its employees in Mainland China, which is a defined contribution plan. The Group and its employees contribute approximately 6% to 14% and 0% to 4%, respectively, of the employees' salary as specified by the local government, and the Group has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. The state-sponsored retirement plan is responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

The Group has arranged for its Hong Kong employees to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), a defined contribution scheme managed by an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, each of the Group and its Hong Kong employees makes monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. Both the Group's and the employees' contributions are subject to a cap of HK\$1,000 per month.

During the year, the aggregate amounts of the Group's contributions to the aforementioned retirement schemes were approximately RMB1,385,000 (2006: RMB635,000). As at 31 December 2007, the Group was not entitled to any forfeited contributions to reduce the Group's future contributions.

(a) 退休金成本 - 定額供款計劃

根據中國內地法規,本集團為其 中國內地僱員向國家認可之是 供款退休計劃供款。本集團 僱員分別按地方政府所指定之 員薪金約6%至14%及0%至4%供 款,除作出年度供款外,本金 贯再承擔實際支付退休金 中级福利之責任。國家認可 以 依金計劃承擔應付予退休僱員 之 一切退休福利責任。

本集團已安排其香港僱員參與由獨立信託人管理之定額供款計劃 強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。根據強積金計劃,本集團 及其香港僱員須每月按照強制性 公積金條例所釐定之僱員收入5% 各自向計劃供款,而本集團及僱 員每月供款上限為1,000港元。

年內,本集團有關上述退休金計劃之供款總額約為1,385,000元人民幣(二零零六年:635,000元人民幣)。於二零零七年十二月三十一日,本集團並無已沒收供款可用作減少其日後供款。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

23. Employee benefit expense (continued)

(b) Directors' and senior management's emoluments

The remuneration of each Director for the year ended 31 December 2007 is set out below:

23. 僱員福利開支(續)

(b) 董事及高級管理人員酬金

截至二零零七年十二月三十一日 止年度,各董事之酬金載列如下:

Name of Director 董事姓名		Fees 袍金	Salaries, other allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、 其他津貼 及實物福利	Retirement benefit- defined contribution plans 退休福利一 定額供款計劃	Share options granted to Directors 授予董事 之購股權	Total 總計
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Yang Yirong	楊毅融先生	-	1,625	9	38	1,672
Mr. Gong Xionghui	龔雄輝先生	_	885	8	-	893
Ms. Lu Jiahua	盧家華女士	_	830	8	-	838
Mr. Lin Like	林力克先生	-	822	-	283	1,105
Mr. Han Huan Guang	韓歡光先生	-	1,321	12	283	1,616
Non-executive director	非執行董事					
Mr. Feng Tao	馮濤先生	-	-	-	283	283
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Yau Fook Chuen	丘福全先生	139	9	_	38	186
Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John	黃翼忠先生	139	7	_	38	184
Mr. Zheng Lansun	鄭蘭蓀先生	64	4	-	38	106
		342	5,503	37	1,001	6,883

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

23. Employee benefit expense (continued)

(b) Directors' and senior management's emoluments (continued)

The remuneration of each Director for the year ended 31 December 2006 is set out below:

23. 僱員福利開支(續)

(b) 董事及高級管理人員酬金(續)

截至二零零六年十二月三十一日 止年度,各董事之酬金載列如 下:

			Salaries,				
			other		Retirement		
			allowances		benefit-		
			and benefits	Discretionary	defined	Share options	
			in kind	performance	contribution	granted to	
			薪金、	bonus	plans	Directors	
Name of Director		Fees	其他津貼	按表現發放	退休福利-	授予董事	Total
董事姓名		袍金	及實物福利	之酌情花紅	定額供款計劃	之購股權	總計
Executive directors	執行董事						
Mr. Yang Yirong	楊毅融先生	_	1,412	300	7	41	1,760
Mr. Gong Xionghui	龔雄輝先生	_	713	378	7	_	1,098
Ms. Lu Jiahua	盧家華女士	_	713	378	7	_	1,098
Mr. Lin Like	林力克先生	_	578	350	_	304	1,232
Mr. Han Huan Guang	韓歡光先生	-	669	200	7	304	1,180
Non-executive director	非執行董事						
Mr. Feng Tao	馮濤先生	-	-	-	-	304	304
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Yau Fook Chuen	丘福全先生	140	9	60	_	41	250
Mr. Wong Yik Chung, John		140	9	60	_	41	250
Mr. Zheng Lansun	鄭蘭蓀先生	70	-	_	_	41	111
		350	4,103	1,726	28	1,076	7,283

Notes:

None of the directors waived any emoluments during the year ended 31 December 2007 (2006: Nil).

附註:

截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度, 並無董事放棄任何酬金(二零零六年: 無)。

綜合財務報表附註

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated) (除另有指明者外,所有款額均以千元人民幣列值)

23. Employee benefit expense (continued)

(c) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the years ended 31 December 2007 and 31 December 2006 exclusively comprise the five highest paid directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above.

During the years ended 31 December 2007 and 2006, no emoluments were paid to the directors of the Company or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or as compensation for loss of office.

23. 僱員福利開支(續)

(c) 五名最高薪人士

本集團截至二零零七年十二月 三十一日及二零零六年十二月 三十一日止年度之五名最高薪人 士之酬金已完全包括於上文分析 內之五名最高薪董事。

截至二零零七年及二零零六年 十二月三十一日止年度,並無向 本公司董事或該五名最高薪人士 支付任何酬金,作為吸引彼加盟 之獎金或作為離職之補償。

24. Finance costs

24. 融資成本

	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Interest expense on: 利息開支:		
- Bank borrowings wholly repayable	5,623	5,913
- Government loans wholly repayable 一須於五年內全數償還 within five years 之政府貸款	732	732
	6,355	6,645

綜合財務報表附註

25. Income tax expense

25. 所得税開支

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Current taxation	現有税項		
 Mainland China enterprise income tax 	- 中國內地企業所得税	7,514	8,982

Notes:

(a) Hong Kong profits tax

No Hong Kong profits tax has been provided as the Group had no assessable profit arising in or derived from Hong Kong.

(b) Mainland China enterprise income tax

The subsidiaries established in Xiamen, Fujian Province, Mainland China are subject to Mainland China enterprise income tax at a rate of 15% (2006: 15%). In August 2003, Xiamen Doingcom Chemical Co., Ltd. was accredited as a New High Technology Enterprise and accordingly is exempted from payment of enterprise income tax for two years starting from year 2003. In November 2006, Xiamen Doingcom transformed from a domestic enterprise to a wholly foreign owned enterprise. It has obtained approval from Mainland China Tax Bureau to be exempted from enterprise income tax for two years starting from the first year of profitable operations, followed by a 50% reduction in enterprise income tax for the following three years, Xiamen Doingcom has commenced to enjoy its tax holiday in year 2007.

On 16 March 2007, the Fifth Plenary Session of the Tenth National People's Congress passed the Corporate Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China ("the New Tax Law") which will take effect on 1 January 2008. From 1 January 2008, the income tax rate for the operating subsidiaries mentioned above will be gradually changed to the standard rate of 25% over a five-year transition period. According to the Circular 39 passed by the State Council on 26 December 2007, the tax exemption and reduction will be terminated latest by 2012. The Group has assessed the impact of the change and consider the financial effect on the change in tax rate does not have material effect to the accounts.

(c) Overseas income taxes

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and, accordingly, is exempted from Cayman Islands income tax. The Company's subsidiaries established in the British Virgin Islands are incorporated under the International Business Companies Acts of the British Virgin Islands and, accordingly, are exempted from British Virgin Islands income tax.

(d) Mainland China value-added tax

The subsidiaries established in Mainland China are subject to Mainland China value-added tax ("VAT") at 17% (2006: 17%) of revenue from sale of goods in Mainland China and entitled to a VAT export refund at 5% (2006: 13%) from sale of goods outside Mainland China. Input VAT paid on purchases can be used to offset output VAT levied on sales to determine the net VAT recoverable/payable.

附註:

(a) 香港利得税

由於本集團並無在香港獲得或賺取應課稅溢利,因此並無就香港利得稅作出撥備。

(b) 中國內地企業所得税

於中國內地福建省廈門成立之附屬公司須按15%(二零零六年:15%)之税率缴納中廈門內地企業所得税。二零零三年八月企業所得税。二零零三年八月,企業可為總額企業所得代。二零零六年十一月,廈門中中地後自二零零六年十一月,廈門中中地人學內國內地稅務局豁免自首個年度設繳納役則減半。但廈門中中地化學有限公司由內資企業所得稅則減半。但廈門中中地於項稅的人數,但與於其一數,與於其一數,與於其一數,以於其一數,如於其一數,以於其一數

於二零零七年三月十六日,第十屆全國人民代表大會第五次會議通過於二零零八年一月一日施行的《中華人民共和國企業所得稅法》(「新稅法」)。從二零零八年一月一日施行的《中華人民共和國企業所日起,上述營運附屬公司將於五年過渡期內三逐步轉變為標準率25%。根據國務院於二零零七年十二月二十六日通過的國法39號通知,稅項豁免及減免最遲將於二零轉,稅可以與稅軍之。以與稅事變動不會對賬目產生重大財務影響。

(c) 海外所得税

本公司根據開曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司,因此獲豁免繳納開曼群島所得税。本公司在英屬處女群島成立之附屬公司乃根據英屬處女群島國際商業公司法註冊成立,因此獲豁免繳納英屬處女群島所得税。

(d) 中國內地增值税

於中國內地成立之附屬公司在中國內地及境外銷售貨品之收入須分別按17%(二零零六年:17%),繳納中國內地增值稅(「增值稅」),但其出口銷售可享受增值稅出口退稅的待遇(退稅率為5%(2006:13%))。計算可收回/應付增值稅淨額時,採購時支付之進項增值稅可用作抵銷出售時徵收之銷項增值稅。

25. Income tax expense (continued)

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the relevant enterprise income tax rate in Mainland China, where substantially all of the Group's profit was earned, and the reconciliation is as follows:

25. 所得税開支(續)

以本集團除所得税前溢利計算之税項, 與按照本集團所得絕大部分溢利來源地 中國相關之內地企業所得稅稅率計算之 理論數額有差異,對帳如下:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	138,048	104,417
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to profits in	按相關國家溢利適用之 本地税率計算之税項		
the respective countries		12,334	7,969
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(6,971)	(665)
Tax losses for which no deferred	並無確認遞延所得税資產		
income tax asset was recognised	所產生税項虧損	2,151	1,678
Income tax expense	所得税項開支	7,514	8,982

The weighted average applicable tax rate was 5.4% (2006: 8.6%).

As at 31 December 2007, the Group has unrecognised tax losses of approximately RMB91,824,000 (2006: RMB72,555,000), which can be carried forward to offset future taxable income. Included in the tax loss as at 31 December 2007 was a loss of RMB8,294,000 (2006: RMB5,597,000) that will expire during the period from 2008 to 2012 (2006: 2007 to 2011), while other losses can be carried forward indefinitely. The deferred tax benefit of such tax losses has not been recognised as it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unutilised tax losses can be utilised.

適用加權平均税率為5.4%(二零零六年: 8.6%)。

26. Profit attributable to equity holders of the company

The profit attributable to equity holders of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of RMB31,844,000 (2006: RMB11,669,000).

26. 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利

於本公司財務報表處理之本公司權益持有人應佔溢利為31,844,000元人民幣(二零零六年:11,669,000元人民幣)。

27. Earnings per share

Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

27. 每股盈利

基本

每股基本盈利乃根據本公司權益持有人 應佔溢利除年內已發行普通股加權平均 數計算。

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人應佔溢利	130,465	95,440
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	已發行普通股加權平均數 (千股)	466,407	461,000
Basic earnings per share (RMB per share)	每股基本盈利(每股人民幣)	28.0 Cent s仙	20.7 Cents仙

Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The dilutive potential ordinary shares of the Company mainly comprise the share options. A calculation is made in order to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average monthly market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options.

攤薄

每股攤薄盈利假設所有可攤薄的潛在普通股被兑換後,根據已發行普通股的加權平均股數計算。本公司可攤薄的潛在普通股主要包括購股權。根據未行使購股權所附的認購權的貨幣價值,釐定按公平值(釐定為本公司股份的平均月度市價)可購入的股份數目。按以上方式計算的股份數目,與假設購股權行使而應已發行的股份數目作出比較。

27. Earnings per share (continued) Diluted (continued)

27. 每股盈利(續) 攤薄(續)

	2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Profit attributable to equity holders 本公司權益持有人 作	130,465	95,440
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands) 加權平均數(千計) Adjustments assuming the exercise of share options (thousands) 問題(千計)	466,407 20,626	461,000 2,818
Weighted average number of ordinary 計算每股攤薄盈利的 shares for diluted earnings per share 普通股的加權 (thousands) 平均數(千計)	487,033	463,818
Diluted earnings per share 每股攤薄盈利 (RMB per share) (每股人民幣)	26.8 Cents 仙	20.6 Cents仙

28. Dividends

During the year ended 31 December 2007, a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2006 of RMB10,493,000 (HK2.3 cents/share) (2006: 2005 final dividend of RMB5,720,000 (HK1.2 cents/share) and an interim dividend for the year ended 31 December 2007 of RMB4,537,000 (HK1 cents/share) (2006: 2006 interim dividend of RMB3,733,000 (HK 0.8 cents/share)), were paid by the Company, totalling RMB15,030,000 (2006: RMB9,453,000).

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2007 of HK 3.5 cents per share, totalling approximately of RMB14,760,000, is to be proposed at the annual general meeting on 9 May 2008. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable.

28. 股息

於截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司共支付15,030,000元人民幣(二零零六年:9,453,000元人民幣)之股息,分別包括10,493,000元人民幣(每股2.3港仙)之二零零六年末期股息(二零零六年:5,720,000元人民幣(每股1.2港仙)之二零零五年末期股息)和4,537,000元人民幣(每股1港仙)之2007年中期股息(二零零六年:3,733,000元人民幣(每股0.8港仙)之二零零六年中期股息)。

於二零零八年五月九日舉行之股東週年大會上,有關截至二零零七年十二月三十一日止年度擬派末期股息每股3.5港仙,合共約14,760,000元人民幣。財務報表並無反映此應付股息。

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Interim dividend paid of HK1 cents (2006: HK0.8 cents) per ordinary share	已派中期股息每股普通股 1港仙(二零零六年: 0.8港仙)	4,537	3,733
Proposed final dividend of HK3.5 cents (2006: HK2.3 cents) per ordinary share	擬派末期股息每股普通股 3.5港仙(二零零六年: 2.3港仙)	14,760	10,493
		19,297	14,226

29. Cash generated from operations

29. 經營業務產生之現金

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Profit for the year	年內溢利	130,534	95,435
Adjustments for:	按下列各項調整:	·	
Income tax expense (Note 25)	一所得税開支(附註25)	7,514	8,982
- Depreciation (Note 6)	-折舊(附註6)	11,648	11,161
– Amortisation of:	- 攤銷以下各項:		
Land use rights (Note 7)	一土地使用權(附註7)	110	110
 Intangible assets (Note 8) 	-無形資產(附註8)	2,332	3,974
 Deferred income on government 	一政府撥款之遞延收入		
grants		(19)	(115)
 Impairment of intangible assets 	-無形資產減值(附註8)		
(Note 8)		1,664	4,450
 Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, 	一出售物業、廠房及設備之		
plant and equipment (see below)	虧損/(收益)(見下文)	334	(12)
 Gain on disposal of 	一出售可供出售金融資產收益		
available-for-sale financial assets		(140)	(27)
 Employee share option costs 	一僱員購股權成本(附註23)		
(Note 23)		1,920	2,047
 Fair value loss on derivative 	一衍生金融工具之	1,430	_
financial instrument	公平值虧損		
 Unrealised exchange gain on 	一衍生金融工具之		
derivative financial instrument	未變現匯兑收益	(2,181)	_
- Interest income (Note 21)	一利息收入(附註21)	(3,469)	(3,136)
- Interest expense (Note 24)	一利息開支(附註24)	6,355	6,645
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:		
- Inventories	一存貨	(6,557)	(5,626)
 Trade receivables 	一應收交易帳款	(50,749)	(13,133)
 Prepayments and other receivables 	- 預付款項及其他應收款項	(20,397)	14,739
 Pledged bank deposits 	一已抵押銀行存款	15,468	(37,580)
 Trade payables and bills payable 	- 應付交易帳款及應付票據	(36,918)	43,747
 Accruals and other payables 	- 應計款項及其他應付款項	6,473	(2,337)
 Amount due to a related company 	一應付關連公司款項	(3,880)	3,880
Cash generated from operations	經營業務產生之現金	61,472	133,204

In the cash flow statement, proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment comprise:

於現金流量表,出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項包括以下各項:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Net book amount (Note 6) (Loss)/gain on sale of property,	帳面淨值(附註6) 出售物業、廠房及設備之	336	13
plant and equipment	(虧損)/收益	(334)	12
Proceeds from sale of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項		
plant and equipment		2	25

綜合財務報表附註

30. Commitments

30. 承擔

(a) Capital commitments

(a) 資本承擔

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Authorised and contracted but not provided for	已授權及訂約但未撥備		
– Construction-in-progress	- 在建工程以及物業、		
and property, plant	廠房及設備		
and equipment		9,861	101,164
- Product development projects	一產品開發計劃	6,450	4,370
 Land use rights 	一土地使用權	3,244	3,244
		19,555	108.778
		19,555	100,776

(b) Operating lease commitments

The Group leases certain premises under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The lease have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal rights. The lease expenditure expensed in the consolidated income statement during the year is disclosed in Note 22.

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

(b) 經營租約承擔

本集團根據多份不可撤銷經營租 約協議租賃若干物業。該等租約 之條款、租金調整條款及續約權 利不一。年內於綜合損益帳支銷 之租賃開支在附註22披露。

本集團根據不可撤銷經營租約之 未來最低租金總額如下:

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not	不超過一年 超過一年但不超過五年	2,809	2,494
later than 5 years		3,118	3,000
		5,927	5,494

綜合財務報表附註

(c)

31. **Related party transactions**

The Company is 41% owned by Marietta Limited (incorporated in British Virgin Islands) which is owned by Mr. Yang Yirong. The remaining 59% of the shares are widely held.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

Key management compensation (a)

31. 有關連人士交易

本公司41%權益由一間楊毅融先生持 有之英屬處女群島計冊成立之公司一 Marietta Limited擁有。餘下59%餘由其 他人士持有。

下列為與有關連人士進行之交易:

(a) 主要管理人員酬金

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	薪金及其他短期僱員福利	6,507	4,053
Discretionary performance bonus	按表現發放之酌情花紅	_	1,826
Share-based payments	以股份為基礎的支付	1,001	1,076
		7,508	6,955

Details of the amounts due to directors were: (b)

		(u))	
			2007	2006
			二零零七年	二零零六年
Mr. Yang Yirong	楊毅融先生		1,167	141
Ms. Lu Jiahua	盧家華女士		300	-
			4 407	4.44
			1,467	141

Balances with directors were unsecured non-interest bearing, and are repayable within one year.

No advances were made to Mr. Yang Yirong or Ms. Lu Jiahua durng the year ended 31 December 2007 and 31 December 2006.

Details of amount due to a related company were: (c)

應付關連公司款項如下:

於一年內償還。

		2007 二零零七年	2006 二零零六年
A company benefically owned by Mr. Yang Yirong	一間由楊毅融先生 為擁有之公司	_	3,880

Balances with the related company were unsecured, non-interest bearing and are repayable within one year.

關連公司之結餘為無抵押、免息 及須於一年內償還。

董事之結餘為無抵押、免息及須

截至二零零七年十二月三十一日

及二零零六年十二月三十一日止

年度,本集團並無向楊毅融先生

或盧家華女士墊付款項。

Financial Summary 財務概要

Results	業績 Year ended 31 December					
		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
		二零零三年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零六年	二零零七年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Turnover	銷售	223,152	276,491	384,417	532,975	612,159
Operating profit	經營溢利	61,854	73,586	84,837	111,062	144,403
Finance costs	融資成本	(7,174)	(7,003)	(6,864)	(6,645)	(6,355)
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	54,680	66,583	77,973	104,417	138,048
Income tax expense	所得税	54,060	(5,230)	(6,923)	(8,982)	(7,514)
- Income tax expense	1111/10		(3,230)	(0,323)	(0,302)	(1,014)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	54,680	61,353	71,050	95,435	130,534
Dividends	股息	7,600	9,650	9,605	14,226	19,339
Attributable to:	應佔:					
Equity holders of	本公司權益持有人					
the Company	个公司准型1777八	54,680	61,354	71,120	95,440	130,465
Minority interest	少數股東權益	54,000	(1)	(70)	(5)	69
	> >//D//// E IIII		(-)	(. 0)	(0)	
		54,680	61,353	71,050	95,435	130,534
Financial Positions		財務狀況				
		As at 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2003	截至7 2004	д=тпш 2005	工午及 2006	2007
		二零零三年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零六年	二零零七年
		ー学学二十 RMB'000	_ 李 李 四 十 RMB'000	_令令五十 RMB'000	ー令令ハキ RMB'000	RMB'000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
		1 767 (201)	1 707 (10,11)	1 767 (2011)	1 767 (241)	1 707(101)
Non-current assets	非流動資產	115,695	141,773	212,204	254,524	386,327
Current assets	流動資產	168,155	344,070	436,965	540,371	564,742
Total assets	資產總值	283,850	485,843	649,169	794,895	951,069
Shareholder' equity	股東權益	85,888	320,790	445,014	533,060	663,807
		·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	70,669	5,134	5,020	11,698	58,121
Curren liabilities	流動負債	127,293	159,919	199,135	250,137	229,141
Total liabilities	在 / 主 / 由 南西	197,962	165,053	204,155	261,835	287,262
	負債總額	197,902	100,000		,	
	貝偵總組	197,902	100,000		202,000	
Total liabilities and equity	製質	283,850	485,843	649,169	794,895	951,069
		<u> </u>				951,069
		<u> </u>				951,069 335,601
Total liabilities and equity	總負債及權益	283,850	485,843	649,169	794,895	<u> </u>
Total liabilities and equity	總負債及權益	283,850	485,843	649,169	794,895	<u> </u>



EcoGreen Fine Chemicals Group Limited 中怡精細化工集團有限公司*

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