

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) 股份代號 Stock Code: 8025



# CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET ("GEM") OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 創業板 (「創業板」) 之特色

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors.

創業板的定位,乃為相比起其他在聯交所上 市的公司帶有較高投資風險之公司提供一個 上市之市場。有意投資之人士應了解投資於 該等公司之潛在風險,並應經過審慎周詳之 考慮後方作出投資決定。創業板之較高風險 及其他特色表示創業板較適合專業及其他資 深投資者。

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

由於創業板上市之公司屬於新興性質,在創業板買賣之證券可能較於聯交所主板買賣之證券承受較大之市場波動風險,同時無法保證在創業板買賣之證券會有高流通量之市場。

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This report, for which the directors of Asian Capital Resources (Holdings) Limited collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited for the purpose of giving information with regard to Asian Capital Resources (Holdings) Limited. The directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief: (1) the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading; (2) there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement in this report misleading; and (3) all opinions expressed in this report have been arrived at after due and careful consideration and are founded on bases and assumptions that are fair and reasonable.

本報告(亞洲資產(控股)有限公司各董事願就 此共同及個別承擔全部責任)乃遵照香港聯合 交易所有限公司創業板證券上市規則之規定 提供有關亞洲資產(控股)有限公司之資料。 各董事經作出一切合理查詢後確認,就其所 深知及確信:(1)本報告所載資料在各重大方 面均屬準確及完整,且並無誤導成份;(2)本 報告並無遺漏其他事宜,致使本報告所載任 何內容產生誤導;及(3)本報告所表達之司 乃經審慎周詳考慮後始行作出,並以公平合 理之基準及假設為依據。

#### CONTENTS 目錄

Corporate Information	公司資料	2–3
Chairman's Statement	主席報告	4–7
Management Discussion and Analysis	管理層討論及分析	8–12
Directors and Senior Management Profiles	董事及高級管理人員簡介	13–15
Report of the Directors	董事會報告	16–22
Corporate Governance Report	企業管治報告	23–35
Independent Auditor's Report	獨立核數師報告	36–38
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	綜合損益及其他全面收益表	39–40
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	綜合財務狀況表	41
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	綜合權益變動報表	42–43
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	綜合現金流量表	44–45
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	綜合財務報表附註	46–135
Summary of Financial Information	財務資料概要	136

#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

#### 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Xie Xuan (Chairman)

Mr. Xiao Jing (Chief Executive Office)

Mr. Qiu Yue

Dr. Feng Ke

Mr. Chu Yat Hong (resigned on 18/05/2015)

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wu Jixue

Mr. Zheng Hongliang

Dr. Wang Yi (appointed on 29/02/2016)

Mr. Zhang Daorong (resigned on 29/02/2016)

#### **COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Mr. Xie Xuan

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Dr. Wang Yi

(Chairman, appointed on 29/02/2016)

Mr. Wu Jixue

Mr. Zheng Hongliang

Mr. Zhang Daorong (resigned on 29/02/2016)

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Wu Jixue (Chairman)

Mr. Xie Xuan

Mr. Zheng Hongliang

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Zheng Hongliang (Chairman)

Mr. Xie Xuan

Dr. Wang Yi (appointed on 29/02/2016)

Mr. Zhang Daorong (resigned on 29/02/2016)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Lo Mun Lam, Raymond

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVE**

Mr. Lo Mun Lam, Raymond

Mr. Xie Xuan

#### **AUDITORS**

Cheng & Cheng Limited

#### **SOLICITORS**

As to Cayman Islands Law Conyers Dill & Pearman

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

謝暄先生(主席)

肖靖先生(行政總裁)

邱越先生

馮科博士

朱一航先生(於二零一五年五月十八日辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

巫繼學先生

鄭紅亮先生

王軼博士(於二零一六年二月二十九日獲委任)

張道榮先生(於二零一六年二月二十九日辭任)

#### 監察主任

謝暄先生

#### 審核委員會

干軼博十

(主席,於二零一六年二月二十九日獲委任)

巫繼學先生

鄭紅亮先生

張道榮先生(於二零一六年二月二十九日辭任)

#### 薪酬委員會

巫繼學先生(主席)

謝暄先生

鄭紅亮先生

#### 提名委員會

鄭紅亮先生(主席)

謝暄先生

王軼博士(於二零一六年二月二十九日獲委任)

張道榮先生(於二零一六年二月二十九日辭任)

#### 公司秘書

盧敏霖先生

#### 授權代表

盧敏霖先生

謝暄先生

#### 核數師

鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司

#### 律師

開曼群島法律

Conyers Dill & Pearman

# CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Room 2102, 21/F. Fu Fai Commercial Centre 27, Hillier Street Sheung Wan Hong Kong

#### **WEBSITE**

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#### STOCK CODE

08025

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

# PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

#### 總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 上環 禧利街27號 富輝商業中心 21樓2102室

#### 網址

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#### 股票編號

08025

#### 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

#### 股份登記及過戶總處

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road, George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islan

#### **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

#### 主席報告

I am pleased to present the annual results of Asian Capital Resources (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2015.

本人欣然提呈亞洲資產(控股)有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(合稱「本集團」)截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之年度業績。

In 2015, China's economy increased 6.9% compared to 7.4% in 2014 which is the slowest pace since 1990. The Chinese leadership has promised structural reforms to boost long-term growth, and economic policy in 2016 will focus on supply-side reforms, while China's authorities will also rely on demand-side stimulus to cushion the current slowdown. In addition, the full liberalization of the RMB is far from smooth as demonstrated by the currency's weakness observed in December of 2015. The RMB remains under pressure due to strong capital outflows amid concerns about the health of the Chinese economy.

二零一五年,中國經濟增長為6.9%,而二零一四年則為7.4%,創下一九九零年以來最低增速。中國領導層承諾以結構改革帶動長期增長,而二零一六年經濟政策將聚焦於供應面改革;同時,中國當局亦憑藉振興需求面以減輕當前經濟放緩。此外,人民幣全面國際化進展並不順利。資金大量外流及有關中國經濟穩健程度的憂慮令人民幣仍然受壓。

In addition, since the first half of 2015 there have been numerous cases of repayment problems in regards to peer-to-peer (P2P) lending platform business services. According to the 2015 Online Lending Annual Report by YingCan Investment Management Consulting Co. it stated that 34% of P2P lending platforms face trouble in their operations and repayments, despite the number of P2P lending platforms in China increasing from 1,575 in 2014 to 2,592 in 2015. Accordingly, there has been a massive increase of legal cases against P2P businesses, and hence the triggering of the Chinese government to the tightening of the regulations and governance of the financial sector as a whole.

另外,自二零一五年上半年起,點對點放債平台業務服務屢次發生還款問題。根據Ying Can Investment Management Consulting Co.的二零一五年網上放債年報所載,雖然中國點對點放債平台數目由二零一四年的1,575個增至二零一五年的2,592個,惟有34%點對點放債平台在營運及還款方面遇上問題。據此,針對點對點業務的法律訴訟數目急增,令中國政府收緊對金融界別的整體監管及管治。

As for the global economy, over the past 18-months, world trade has slumped as low as 14% from a year earlier as the global economic activity has slowed. With consumers, governments and businesses being pessimistic about the future outlook, spending, investment and production plans are all being downgraded and hence resulting in slower global trade flows.

全球經濟方面,由於全球經濟活動放緩,過去十八個月的全球貿易下挫,較去年下跌 14%。消費者、政府及企業對未來前景悲觀,令消費、投資及生產計劃均有縮減,因 而令全球貿易流量下降。

Facing the challenging outlook for the ongoing Chinese and global economic growth, the Group will continue to exert rigorous control over its business operations and strategies. The Board's responsibility remains to produce and deliver sustainable value to shareholders, as it guides the Group through these challenging market conditions.

面對往後中國及全球經濟增長前景艱困,本 集團將繼續對業務經營及策略嚴加管控。董 事會繼續以創造並產生可持續價值回饋股東 為己任,於嚴峻市場環境下引領本集團。

#### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

During the past year, there was an increase in the revenue of the group from HK\$1,939,000 of 2014 to HK\$23,551,000 of 2015 and the loss for the year increased from approximate HK\$18,596,000 of 2014 to approximate HK\$32,548,000 of 2015. The loss is mainly attributable to the amortisation of the Intangible asset of approximately HK\$50,877,000.

過去一年,本集團收益,由二零一四年 1,939,000港元增至二零一五年23,551,000港 元,本年度虧損由二零一四年約18,596,000 港元增至二零一五年約32,548,000港元。 虧損及乃主要由於一次性撤銷無形資產 50,877,000港元。

For the year under review the Company has been focused on actively developing and expanding businesses in the management services in the financial services sector for both onshore and offshore. 於回顧年內,本公司專注於積極開發及拓展 在岸及離岸金融服務行業的管理服務。

The Board is pleased to advise the shareholders that the Company has successfully consolidated of its PRC business management services operations. The operations and executive management have now been transferred and consolidated from Shanghai to Guangzhou and Shenzhen, where the Company has been geographically concentrated in as well as most of the projected managed contracts are generally located. The consolidation will reduce operational costs and as well as increasing the efficiency of the operations. Furthermore, the "Private Investment Fund Manager Certificate", granted by the Asset Management Association of China, has been successfully obtained by the Shenzhen subsidiary. With the consolidation of operations the Company has successfully disposed of its Shanghai subsidiary without affecting the profit guarantee in place from its prior acquisition from its vendor. The vendor has also agreed to the deferment of the Company releasing of the year 1 Convertible Bonds to the next financial year and the total amount to be issued will be calculated in accordance to the formula agreed upon in the Sale and Purchase Agreement and issued together with the year 2 Convertible Bonds. In addition, the disposal is also in line with the overall PRC financial sector of increased regulatory environment, as discussed above, which the Company is adhering to while taking a prudent and active approach of risk mitigation and stringent internal control.

董事會欣然通知股東,本公司已成功鞏固其 中國業務管理服務營運。營運及行政管理層 現已由上海轉移及併入廣州及深圳,該兩個 城市乃本公司業務及大部分項目管理合約的 集中地。合併將減少營運成本,並提升營運 效率。此外,深圳附屬公司已成功向中國證 券投資基金業協會取得「私募投資基金管理證 書」。進行業務合併後,本公司已成功出售其 上海附屬公司,且並無影響其先前從賣方收 購而落實的溢利保證。賣方亦已同意將本公 司之一年期可換股債券的發行推遲至下個財 政年度,而將予發行的總額將根據買賣協議 內所協定的公式計算,並連同兩年期可換股 債券一併發行。此外,出售事項亦符合上述 本公司一直恪守的中國整體金融業監管環境 的嚴謹規定,與此同時,本公司採取審慎及 積極的措施, 紓緩風險及加強內部監控。

#### **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

#### 主席報告

For 2015 both of the Company's onshore and offshore business restructuring and advisory services had been emergent and continues to develop and grow. The scope of services ranges from commercial restructuring advisory services to debt restructuring services. In regards of commercial restructuring advisory services the subsidiary includes aspects such as analyzing the business financials and ensuring that there are correlations with the operational metrics in order to fully understand the key drivers of underperformance whereby identifying improvement opportunities through detailed analysis of key commercial factors such as product and customer profitability, contract performance, customer acquisition costs, sales channel performance and store profitability. This is all completed together with quantifying and assessing the financial impacts of the performance of the tailored prepared improvement plans for the clients. The capital under management via the restructuring advisory services including signed memorandum of understandings for 2016 is forecasted to be approximately HK\$750 million.

As for debt restructuring advisory services, the subsidiary targets clients that have solid operations but are highly geared and are about to breach or expect to breach its financial covenants or have insufficient headroom on its banking facilities. The subsidiary has been advising and leading negotiations for the clients with their lenders and creditors from the initial discussions to full documentation of agreed alternative solutions. In addition, our distressed debt advisory team has the expertise to deliver in-depth diagnosis of the client's financing requirements and provides comprehensive analysis of options, appraising achievable alternatives and exploring alternative fund sources. The capital under management via the debt restructuring advisory services including signed memorandum of understandings for 2016 is forecasted to be approximately HK\$800 million.

就債務重組諮詢服務而言,該附屬公司的目標對象為業務穩健但負債率為高的客戶等客戶面臨違反或預期違反其財務更直與資內。該附屬公司一戶工程,或客戶與資方及債權人之磋商提供意見及產類與資方及債權人之磋商提供意見及產業,我們的不良債務顧問團隊求之替代專,我們的不良債務顧問團隊求之對務需求之對於不會戶之財務需求方知提會的資金來源。二零一六年透過債務的的資金來源。二零一六年透過債務的的資金來源。二零一六年透過債務的的資金來源。二零一六年透過債務的的資金來源。二零一六年透過債務的資金預測約為800,000,000港元。

#### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

The Company has just recently finalized the negotiations for the financial advisory roles as a strategic/general partner for a number of overseas investment opportunities, which are in line with the PRC directives of Chinese outbound foreign direct investments, covering regions in Europe, South East Asia and America. The Company is currently forming Joint Ventures with a number of geographically well placed strategic partners for the operations of the management services of the investment ventures. These investments will be funded by the increase demand of Chinese investors looking for investment opportunities overseas. This demand has been emerging because China has transformed rapidly from being an importer of capital into a major exporter of capital creating a substantial amount of capital outflow demand. In addition, with the trend of RMB liberalization on the horizon, the Group envisions it will be in a great position to take advantage of the future macro-economic environment. Together with the experiences of the Board, the Group has the leadership and track record to achieve and create operational added value as well as sustainable value for the financial management services.

On behalf of the Board, we would also like to take this opportunity to thank the Group's clients, suppliers, vendors, banks business partners, consultants and shareholders for their support and trust generously given to the Group. The Board also expresses gratitude to the management and staff for their work and dedication during the past years.

本人謹此代表董事會,衷心感謝各客戶、供應商、賣方、往來銀行、合作夥伴、顧問及股東給予本集團的全力支持及充分信任。同時,董事會亦謹此摯誠感謝各管理人員及員工,於過往年度全力以赴,克盡己職。

**Mr. Xie Xuan**Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 March 2016

主席

謝暄先生

香港,二零一六年三月三十日

管理層討論及分析

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Revenue and loss attributable to shareholders

The total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 was approximately HK\$23,551,000 (2014: HK\$1,939,000) which increased by approximately 12 times as compared to that of the previous financial year.

The increase in total revenue is attributed to the increase of the management services provided. The audited consolidated loss for the year ended 31 December 2015 was approximately HK\$32,548,000 which was increased by about 75% compared with the corresponding period last year, HK\$18,596,000. The increase in loss for the year was mainly attributable to the amortisation of the Intangible Asset of approximately HK\$50,877,000.

The board of directors are of the opinion that the Company is solvent. The auditors' emphasis of matter is based on the technical accounting aspect of addressing the Company's current liabilities is greater than its current assets which resulted in a net current liabilities of HK\$4,457,000. However, with the event after the reporting period which was the disposal of a Subsidiary (24 March 2016), the Group would report a net current assets of approximately HK\$ 3,157,000.

#### **Financial cost**

The financial cost of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 was approximately HK\$1,105,000 (2014: HK\$1,139,000) which was decreased by approximately 2.99% as compared to that of the same period of last year.

#### Liquidity, financial resources and capital structure

For the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group's borrowing consists of an amount due to the Company's substantial shareholder of HK\$22,349,000, and an amount due to a director of HK\$5,713,000. The Group had a cash balance of approximately HK\$12,383,000 (2014: HK\$20,316,000).

The Group continues to adopt a prudent treasury policy to maintain its cash balance either in Hong Kong Dollars, or in the local currencies of the operating subsidiaries, maintaining a minimum exposure to foreign exchange risks.

The issued share capital of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 was HK\$176,182,556 which was the same with end of December 2014.

#### 財務回顧

#### 收益及股東應佔虧損

本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之總收益約為23,551,000港元(二零一四年:1,939,000港元),較上一財政年度增加約12倍。

總收益增加乃由於提供更多管理服務。截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合業務虧損約為32,548,000港元,較去年同期的18,596,000港元增加約75%。本年度虧損增加,主要歸因於無形資產攤銷約50.877,000港元。

董事會認為,本公司具有償債能力。核數師之強調事項乃基於本公司流動負債大於其流動資產,得出流動負債淨額4,457,000港元之會計技術處理範疇而作出。然而,由於報告期後事項(即於二零一六年三月二十四日出售一間附屬公司),本集團將錄得流動資產淨值約3,157,000港元。

#### 融資成本

本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之融資成本約為1,105,000港元(二零一四年:1,139,000港元),較去年同期減少約2.99%。

#### 流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的借款中包括應付本公司主要股東的款項22,349,000港元及應付一位董事款項5,713,000港元。本集團的現金結餘約為12,383,000港元(二零一四年:20,316,000港元)。

本集團繼續採納審慎的庫務政策,以港元或 營運附屬公司之當地貨幣維持其現金結餘, 致力將外匯風險減至最低。

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團之已發行股本為176,182,556港元與二 零一四年十二月底相同。

管理層討論及分析

#### **Gearing ratio**

For the year ended 31 December 2015, the gearing ratio of the Group, expressed as a percentage of net debt divided by the total capital plus net debt, was 82.65% (2014: 78.15%).

#### **Employee and remuneration policies**

For the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group employed a total of 9 employees (as at 31 December 2014: 46), of which 3 were located in Hong Kong and the remaining 5 were located in the PRC and 1 in USA. The Group's remuneration policies are in line with the prevailing market practices and formulated on the basis of performance and experience of the employees. The salary and related benefits of the employees are rewarded on a performance related basis and the general remuneration structure of the Group is subject to review annually.

# Material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies

## Deregistration and winding-up of various subsidiaries in the Group

The Board has resolved that, in order to reduce the operating costs of the Group, those subsidiaries within the Group which no longer add value to, nor generate any income attributable to the Group, should be deregistered, or voluntarily wound up.

Those subsidiaries which are currently in the deregistration process are: Sinobase Asia Limited, South Pearl Limited (廣州南方明珠網絡科技有限公司) and Kasun Asian Capital Resources Management Limited.

Those subsidiaries which are currently being voluntarily wound up are: Asian Information Investment Consulting Limited, BuyCollection.com Limited, and Myhome Network Limited.

#### 資產負債比率

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團之資產負債比率(按淨負債除以總資本加淨負債計算)佔總資產之百分比表示)為82.65%(二零一四年:78.15%)。

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團共僱用9名(二零一四年十二月三十一日:46名)僱員,其中3名駐於香港,餘下5名駐於中國及1名駐於美國。本集團之薪酬政策符合現行市場慣例,乃按僱員之表現及經驗而制定。僱員之薪金及相關福利基於僱員之表現而釐定,本集團之一般薪酬架構會逐年檢討。

#### 有關附屬公司及聯屬公司之重大收購及出售

#### 本集團多間附屬公司解除註冊及清盤

董事會議決,為了降低集團營運成本,應將本集團轄下不再為本集團提供增值或未能為本集團賺取任何收入之附屬公司解除註冊或自願清盤。

現正辦理解除註冊手續之附屬公司包括: Sinobase Asia Limited,廣州南方明珠網絡科 技有限公司及凱盛亞洲資產管理有限公司。

現正辦理自願清盤之附屬公司包括:Asian Information Investment Consulting Limited、BuyCollection.com Limited 及 Myhome Network Limited。

管理層討論及分析

#### **Operational Review**

During the period under review, the Company has been focused on actively developing and expanding businesses in the management services in the financial services sector for both onshore and offshore. Via the revenue generated by the services provided and other assets from the group it has sufficient cashflow generated to operate its business as a going concern. The Company does not have any financial difficulties to an extent that may seriously impair the Company's ability to continue its business.

The Board, looking forward, views that by concentrating on providing our services and expanding on its financial services will enhance the company's incremental business and the future value of the company.

#### **Management Services**

The Board is pleased to advise the shareholders that the Company has successfully consolidated of its PRC business management services operations. The operations and executive management have now been transferred and consolidated from Shanghai to Guangzhou and Shenzhen, where the Company has been geographically concentrated in as well as most of the projected managed contracts are generally located. The consolidation will reduce operational costs and as well as increasing the efficiency of the operations. Furthermore, the "Private Investment Fund Manager Certificate", granted by the Asset Management Association of China, has been successfully obtained by the Shenzhen subsidiary. With the consolidation of operations the Company has successfully disposed of its Shanghai subsidiary without affecting the profit guarantee in place from its prior acquisition from its vendor. The vendor has also agreed to the deferment of the Company releasing of the year 1 Convertible Bonds to the next financial year and the total amount to be issued will be calculated in accordance to the formula agreed upon in the Sale and Purchase Agreement and issued together with the year 2 Convertible Bonds. In addition, the disposal is also in line with the overall PRC financial sector of increased regulatory environment, which the Company is adhering to while taking a prudent and active approach of risk mitigation and stringent internal control.

#### 業務回顧

於回顧期內,本公司專注於積極開發及拓展 在岸及離岸金融服務行業的管理服務。憑藉 本集團提供服務及其他資產產生之收益,本 集團擁有充足之現金流量持續經營其業務。 本公司並無可能嚴重影響本公司持續經營其 業務能力之任何財務困難。

展望未來,董事會認為憑藉專注提供服務及 擴展金融服務,將能夠實現本公司業務增長 及提升本公司未來價值。

#### 管理服務

董事會欣然通知股東,本公司已成功鞏固其 中國業務管理服務營運。營運及行政管理層 現已由上海轉移及併入廣州及深圳,該兩個 城市乃本公司業務及大部分項目管理合約的 集中地。合併將減少營運成本,並提升營運 效率。此外,深圳附屬公司已成功向中國證 券投資基金業協會取得「私募投資基金管理證 書」。進行業務合併後,本公司已成功出售其 上海附屬公司,且並無影響其先前從賣方收 購而落實的溢利保證。賣方亦已同意將本公 司之一年期可換股債券的發行推遲至下個財 政年度,而將予發行的總額將根據買賣協議 內所協定的公式計算,並連同兩年期可換股 债券一併發行。此外,出售事項亦符合本公 司一直恪守的中國整體金融業監管環境的嚴 謹規定,與此同時,本公司採取審慎及積極 的措施,紓緩風險及加強內部監控。

管理層討論及分析

For 2015 both of the Company's onshore and offshore business restructuring and advisory services had been emergent and continues to develop and grow. The scope of services ranges from commercial restructuring advisory services to debt restructuring services. In regards of commercial restructuring advisory services the subsidiary includes aspects such as analyzing the business financials and ensuring that there are correlations with the operational metrics in order to fully understand the key drivers of underperformance whereby identifying improvement opportunities through detailed analysis of key commercial factors such as product and customer profitability, contract performance, customer acquisition costs, sales channel performance and store profitability. This is all completed together with quantifying and assessing the financial impacts of the performance of the tailored prepared improvement plans for the clients. The capital under management via the restructuring advisory services including signed memorandum of understandings for 2016 is forecasted to be approximately HK\$ 750 million.

As for debt restructuring advisory services, the subsidiary targets clients that have solid operations but are highly geared and are about to breach or expect to breach its financial covenants or have insufficient headroom on its banking facilities. The subsidiary has been advising and leading negotiations for the clients with their lenders and creditors from the initial discussions to full documentation of agreed alternative solutions. In addition, our distressed debt advisory team has the expertise to deliver in-depth diagnosis of the client's financing requirements and provides comprehensive analysis of options, appraising achievable alternatives and exploring alternative fund sources. The capital under management via the debt restructuring advisory services including signed memorandum of understandings for 2016 is forecasted to be approximately HK\$ 800 million.

就債務重組諮詢服務而言,該附屬公司的目標對象為業務穩健但負債率為高的客契諾務穩健但負債率為高的容契諾務穩健但負債率為高的契諾務穩度可期違反其財務與資於國際,或有數學與資方及債權人之磋商提供意見及替代專之營養的。此外,我們的不良債務顧問團隊求之替代專之財務需求之對務需求之對於不容戶之財務需求之類於不容戶之財務需求,案與實面之選擇分析、評估可用替代方務。二零一六年透過債務可服務管理(包括已簽署諒解備忘錄)的資金預測約為800,000,000港元。

管理層討論及分析

The Company has just recently finalized the negotiations for the financial advisory roles as a strategic/general partner for a number of overseas investment opportunities, which are in line with the PRC directives of Chinese outbound foreign direct investments, covering regions in Europe, South East Asia and America. The Company is currently forming Joint Ventures with a number of geographically well placed strategic partners for the operations of the management services of the investment ventures. These investments will be funded by the increase demand of Chinese investors looking for investment opportunities overseas. This demand has been emerging because China has transformed rapidly from being an importer of capital into a major exporter of capital creating a substantial amount of capital outflow demand. In addition, with the trend of RMB liberalization on the horizon, the Group envisions it will be in a great position to take advantage of the future macro-economic environment.

Together with the experiences of the Board, the Group has the leadership and track record to achieve and create operational added value as well as sustainable value for the financial management services.

結合董事會的經驗,本集團兼具領導能力和 往績,可實現及締造金融管理服務的營運增 值,並提升可持續價值。

Furthermore, apart from the aforementioned operations, the Group continues to research, develop and explore investment opportunities which are strategic to its business operations and which will contribute significantly to the return of the Company's shareholders.

此外,除上述業務外,本集團繼續研發及發掘符合其業務策略並能為本公司股東帶來巨 大回報的投資機遇。

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

# On 4 December 2015, the Company entered into a memorandum of understanding with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Company intended to dispose 100% equity interest in a subsidiary, Vega International Group Limited and on 24 March 2016, the Company entered into a Sales & Purchase Agreement which completed the disposal. The major classes of assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period are disclosed in Note 21 of Page 107.

#### 報告期後事項

於二零一五年十二月四日,本公司與獨立第三方訂立諒解備忘錄,據此,本公司擬出售於附屬公司Vega International Group Limited之100%股權,於二零一六年三月二十四日,本公司訂立買賣協議,據此完成出售事項。於報告期末之主要資產及負債類別於第107頁附註21披露。

### DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES

董事及高級管理人員簡介

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

#### Mr. Xie Xuan

#### Chairman

Mr. Xie, aged 46, joined the Group in 2002. Mr. Xie holds directorships in various subsidiaries of the Group. He has over 19 years of successful investment and management experience in the areas of property and logistics in the People's Republic of China. He graduated from Jinan University, the PRC with a degree in International Economics.

#### Mr. Chu Yat Hong (resigned on 18/05/2015)

Mr. Chu, aged 32, holds EMBA Master Degree from Zhongshan University of China. From September 2001 to November 2009, Mr. Chu was Assistant to the Managing Director of Pearl River Investment Group; July 2005 to October 2009, as Managing Director of Guangzhou Pearl River Yunsheng Textile Market Administration Co., Ltd., Guangzhou Pearl River Commercial Real Estate Management Co. Ltd. and Guangzhou Pearl River Commercial Logistic Investment Co. Ltd. From May 2012 until now, as the Deputy Managing Director of Pearl River Investment Group.

#### Mr. Xiao Jing

Mr. Xiao Jing, aged 35, graduated from the University of Southern California. He was recruited at International Business Machines Corporation (IBM) in 2001 as Trading Manager. From 2002 to 2005, he established AB International Co. Ltd., Billion Image Co. Ltd and Tri-G Co. Ltd respectively in the United States. In 2006, he founded the Taylor Investment & Management Consultants Co. Ltd. in China, which mainly engaged in commercial real estate investment and development in Mainland China. In addition, Mr. Xiao established AB International Investment Co. and served as chairman in U.S.A. From 2009 to present, he serves as Executive Director of Guangzhou Pearl River Yunsheng Textile Market Administration Co., Ltd. and Guangzhou Pearl River Commercial Real Estate Management Co. Ltd.

#### Mr. Qiu Yue

Mr. Qiu, aged 46, joined the Company in October 2008. Mr. Qiu graduated from Zhongshan University, the People's Republic of China in 1991, with a Bachelor of Arts degree. Mr. Qiu has worked in the advertising business for more than 12 years and was the general manager of Guangzhou Wavecom Communication and Advertising Limited from 1992 to 2006, and is now the general manager of South Pearl Limited, both companies having been acquired by the Company on 24 December 2007.

#### 執行董事

#### 謝暄先生

#### 主席

謝先生,四十六歲,於二零零二年加入本集團。謝先生出任本集團多間附屬公司之董事。彼於中華人民共和國之地產及物流領域積逾十九年之卓越投資及管理經驗。謝先生畢業於中國廣州暨南大學,持有國際經濟學十學位。

#### 朱一航先生(於二零一五年五月十八日辭任)

朱先生,三十二歲,中山大學EMBA碩士學 位。朱先生二零零一年九月至二零零九年 十一月任職珠江投資集團董事長助理;二零 零五年七月至二零零九年十月任廣州珠江運 盛紡織市場管理有限公司、廣州珠江商務物流投 資有限公司董事長。二零一二年五月至今任 職珠江股份集團副董事長。

#### 肖靖先生

肖靖先生,三十五歲,在美國南加州大畢業。二零零一年他被招募于國際商業機器公司(IBM)擔任貿易經理。二零零二年至二零零五年,他在美國成立了AB國際有限公司,Billion Image Co. Ltd.和Tri-G Co. Ltd.。此資外,二零零六年,他在中國成立了泰萊投資管理顧問有限公司,其主要業務是經營中國大陸商業地產投資及開發。另外,同年近近了AB國際投資公司並且擔任董事主席。自二零零九年至今,他在廣州珠江商業地產經營管理有限公司擔任執行董事。

#### 邱越先生

邱先生,四十六歲,於二零零八年十月加盟 本集團。邱先生於一九九一年畢業於中華人 民共和國中山大學,擁有文學士學位。邱先 生在廣告界積逾十二年經驗。從一九九二年 到二零零六年,彼為廣州濤視傳播廣告有限 公司總經理。邱先生現為廣州南方明珠網路 科技有限公司總經理。本公司已於二零零七 年十二月二十四日收購該兩間公司。

#### **DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES**

董事及高級管理人員簡介

#### Dr. Feng Ke

Dr. Feng, aged 44, joined the Group in October 2008. Dr. Feng holds a PHD in theoretic economics from the Beijing University, the People's Republic of China. Presently he is the department head and researcher of Real Estates Finance Research Center, of the Beijing University Economics Faculty. Dr. Feng is an independent compliance advisor in the publicly listed company Sky Land Resources Limited, and is an independent director in the publicly listed company Guang Yu Development Limited, both companies being listed in the People's Republic of China. He now serves as an Independent Non-executive Director of China Huirong Financial Holdings Ltd. (stock code: 01290).

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS Mr. Wu Jixue

Mr. Wu, aged 70, holds a Master degree in Economics. He is currently a professor, guest lecturer and visiting scholar at a number of colleges and universities in the PRC and abroad. He has published more than 262 papers and 18 books in the areas of economics, finance and management.

#### Mr. Zheng Hongliang

Mr. Zheng, aged 57, was graduated from the Department of Economic of Renmin University of China with a Master Degree in 1987. Currently Mr. Zheng is a researcher of the Institute of Economics of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences and a doctoral student supervisor of the Graduate School of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences. Mr. Zheng's field of research mainly covers the areas in respect of microeconomics, comparative study of corporate system, theory of corporate governance, and revolution of state enterprises. Meanwhile, Mr. Zheng is currently the Executive Vice-Editor-in-Chief and the director of editorial office of Economic Research Journal ("《經濟研究》"), which is a leading PRC journal in economic theory research published by the Institute of Economics of Chinese Academy of Social Science.

#### 馮科博士

馮博士,四十四歲,於二零零八年十月加入本集團。馮博士為中華人民共和國北京大學理論經濟學博士。現任北京大學經濟學院副教授。馮博士為中華人民共和國上市公司天地源股份有限公司的獨立監事及上市公司,廣宇發展的獨立董事。他現為中國匯融金融控股有限公司(股份編號:01290)之獨立非執行董事。

# 獨立非執行董事 巫繼學先生

巫先生,七十歲,持有經濟學碩士學位。彼 現為多所位於中國及海外學院及大學之教 授、客席講師及訪問學者。彼曾發表超過 二百六十二篇有關經濟、財務及管理之論文 及出版十八部有關書籍。

#### 鄭紅亮先生

鄭先生,五十七歲,畢業於中國人民大學經濟系,並於一九八七年取得碩士學位。鄭先生目前為中國社會科學院經濟研究所之研究員及中國社會科學院研究生院博士生導師。鄭先生之研究領域主要包括微觀經濟學、企業制度比較研究、企業管治理論及國國、企改革。同時,鄭先生目前為《經濟研究》之由中國主編及編輯部主管。《經濟研究》是由中國社會科學院經濟研究所刊發之中國領先之經濟理論研究期刊。

# DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES 董事及高級管理人員簡介

#### Dr. Wang Yi (appointed on February 29, 2016)

Dr. Wang Yi (王軼), male, was born in 1970 in Xinyang City, Henan Province. He serves as an associate professor, associate editor and tutor of Master's degree students for Beijing Technology and Business University, and the director of Journal of Beijing Technology and Business University (Social Sciences). Dr Wang graduated from Department of Economics and Business Administration, Beijing Normal University with a doctoral degree in Management in 2009; obtained a master's degree in Economics from the School of Economics and Management of Beijing Institute of Technology in 2004 and a Bachelor's degree in business management from Zhongnan University of Economics and Law in 1995. His main research areas include business management, Labour Economics, Economics of Education. Dr Wang currently serves as a member of council of China Labour Economics Association (中國勞動經濟學學會), China of Education Association (中國教育經濟學學會) and China's Disabled Persons' Federation, respectively. He also holds five national-and provincial/ministry-level projects and has published about 20 papers in CSSCI academic journals.

Mr. Zhang Daorong (resigned on February 29, 2016)

Mr. Zhang, aged 44, is a Certified Public Accountant and Certified Tax Agent in the People's Republic of China. He holds a Bachelor degree in Economics and a Masters degree in Business Administration. He has over 17 years of experience in accounting, auditing and taxation. He is currently a project manager in a firm of certified public accountants in the PRC.

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

#### **Company Secretary**

#### Mr. Lo Mun Lam, Raymond

Mr. Lo was born in September 1953 in Hong Kong. Mr. Lo is a Chartered Accountant in England & Wales and a Canadian Chartered Professional Accountant (FCA), member of International Bar Association (IBA), member of Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (MCIArb.). Mr. Lo had worked with Peat Marwick and also PriceWaterhouse of Canada as Principal.

#### Mr. Kong Yeuk Hon, John

Mr. Kong, aged 57, joined the Group in October 2005. Mr. Kong holds a Master of Science Degree in Applied Accounting and Finance from the Baptist University of Hong Kong. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Kong has over 12 years experience in commercial accounting field.

**張道榮先生**(於二零一六年二月二十九日辭任) 張先生,四十四歲,為中華人民共和國註冊 會計師及中國註冊稅務師。彼持有經濟學學 士學位及工商管理碩士學位。彼於會計、審 核及稅務等方面積逾十七年經驗。彼現時為 中國一所會計師事務所之項目經理。

#### 高級管理人員

#### 公司秘書

#### 盧敏霖先生

盧先生一九五三年九月在香港出生。為英國資深特許會計師及加拿大特許會計師(FCA),國際律師公會會員(IBA),英國仲裁學會會士(MCIArb.)。盧先生曾任職於香港畢馬域(Peat Marwick)會計事務所及加拿大羅兵咸(PriceWaterhouse)特許會計師事務所之主管(Principal)。

#### 江約翰先生

江先生,五十七歲,於二零零五年十月加入 本集團。江先生持有香港浸會大學應用會計 及財務理學碩士學位。於加入本集團前,江 先生於商業會計範疇積逾十二年經驗。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

#### 董事會報告

The directors of the Company (the "Directors") submit their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December

本公司董事(「董事」)謹此呈報董事會報告 以及本公司及本集團截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GEOGRAPHICAL **ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of the Group's revenue and profit/(loss) before taxation for the year ended 31 December 2015 by principal activities is as follows:

#### 按主要業務及地區劃分之營運分析

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。有關附屬公 司主要業務之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註5。 本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度按主要業務劃分之收益及除稅前溢利/(虧 損)分析如下:

Locc

Lose

		Revenue 收益 HK\$'000 千港元	before taxation 除税前虧損 HK\$'000 千港元
By Principal activities:	按主要業務劃分:		
Management and			
consultancy service income	管理及顧問服務收入	23,551	(45,267)
		23,551	(45,267)

An analysis of the Group's revenue and loss before taxation 本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 for the year ended 31 December 2015 by geographical areas is as follows:

度按地區劃分之收益及除稅前虧損分析如下:

		Revenue 收益 HK\$'000 千港元	before taxation 除税前虧損 HK\$'000 千港元
By geographical areas PRC	按地區劃分 中國	23,551	(45,267)
		23,551	(45,267)

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The loss for the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 39 to 45 of this Annual Report.

The Directors do not recommend payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

#### **SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

A summary of the results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 136.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2015.

# SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Based on information which is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the latest practicable date prior to the issuance of this annual report, the Directors can confirm that at least 25% of the Company's total listed issued share capital has at all times been held by the public, as required by Rule 11.23 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### 業績及股息

本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度之虧損及本公司及本集團於該日之財務狀 況載於本年報第39至45頁之綜合財務報表。

董事不建議派發截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度股息(二零一四年:無)。

#### 財務資料概要

本集團於過往五個財政年度之業績及資產與 負債概要刊載於第136頁。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團於年內之物業、廠房及設備變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註14。

#### 優先購買權

本公司之公司組織章程或開曼群島(本公司註冊成立之司法權區)法例並無有關優先購買權之規定,規定本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份。

#### 購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度 內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出 售或贖回本公司任何 L 市證券。

#### 公眾持有本公司上市證券之充足程度

於本年報刊發前之最後實際可行日期,根據 本公司現時所取得之公開資料,以及就董事 所知,董事確認公眾人士一直持有本公司全 部上市已發行股本最少25%,符合創業板上 市規則第11.23條之規定。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

#### **RESERVES**

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year is set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 December 2015, the Company has no reserves available for distribution to shareholders (2014: Nil) in accordance with the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands and the Company's articles of association.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Xie Xuan (Chairman)

Mr. Xiao Jing (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Qiu Yue Dr. Feng Ke

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wu Jixue

Mr. Zheng Hongliang

Dr. Wang Yi (appointed on 29/02/2016)

In accordance with Article 87(1) of the articles of association of the Company Mr. Wu Jixue, Mr. Zheng Hongliang and Dr. Wang Yi shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. The retiring Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re- election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT**

None of the Directors to be proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has an unexpired service contract that is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensations.

#### 儲備

本公司及本集團於年內之儲備變動詳情分別 載於綜合財務報表附註26及綜合權益變動報 表。

#### 可供分派之儲備

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,根據開曼群島適用法例及本公司之組織章程,本公司並無可供分派予股東之儲備(二零一四年:無)。

#### 董事

於本年度及截至本報告刊發日期之董事如下:

#### 執行董事

謝暄先生(主席) 肖靖先生(行政總裁) 邱越先生 馮科博士

#### 獨立非執行董事

巫繼學先生 鄭紅亮先生

王軼博士(於二零一六年二月二十九日獲委任)

根據本公司組織章程第87(1)條,巫繼學先生、鄭紅亮先生及王軼博士須於本公司應屆股東週年大會上輪值告退。上述退任董事均符合資格並願意於本公司應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

#### 董事之服務合約

將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上提呈膺選連任之董事,概無訂立不可由本公司或其任何附屬公司於一年內,在毋須支付賠償(法定賠償除外)之情況下終止之未屆滿服務合約。

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

#### **DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS**

Save as disclosed, none of the directors had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group was entered into or subsisted during the year.

#### RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

Particulars of retirement benefit schemes are set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

(A) Interests and short positions of the Directors in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations

As at 31 December 2015, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares, or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Cap. 571, ("SFO") which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") contained in the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

#### 董事之合約權益

除披露者外,概無董事於本公司或其任何附屬公司於年度訂立,而對本集團業務有重大 影響之合約中,直接或間接擁有重大權益。

#### 管理合約

年內,概無訂立或存在任何有關本集團全部 或任何重大部份業務之管理及行政合約。

#### 退休福利計劃

退休福利計劃之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 3。

#### 權益披露

(A) 董事於公司及其相關法團之股份、相關 股份之債券之權益及淡倉

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

#### 董事會報告

#### (i) Long Positions in the Ordinary Shares of HK\$0.10 each (the "Shares") of the Company

#### (i) 於本公司每股面值0.10港元之普通 股(「股份」)之好倉

Number of issued Shares held, capacity and nature of interest 所持已發行股份數目、身份及權益性質

Percentage of
the Company's
issued Shares
as at 31 December

		Directly beneficially owned 直接實益擁有	Through spouse or minor children 透過配偶或 未成年子女	Through controlled corporation 透過受控法團	Beneficiary of a trust 信託受益人	Total 總計	2015 佔本公司於 二零一五年 十二月三十一日 之已發行股份百分比
Directors	董事						
Mr. Xie Xuan	謝暄先生	-	-	518,014,782 (Note 1) (附註1)	-	518,014,782	29.40%
Mr. Qiu Yue	邱越先生	15,430,000	-	18,620,436 (Note 2) (附註2)	-	34,050,436	1.93%

Note 1: The controlled corporation is Glamour House Limited, which is accustomed to acting in accordance with Mr. Xie Xuan's instructions who is its sole director. Mr. Chu Yat Hong holds 90% of the company shares and the company is the beneficial owner as to 67.18% of Asian Dynamics International Limited.

Note 2: The controlled corporation is Lucky Peace Limited, which is incorporated in Samoa, and which is 100% wholly-owned by Mr. Qiu Yue.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2015, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including any interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

附註1: 該 受 控 法 團 為 Glamour House Limited, 該 公 司 慣性按其唯一董事謝暄先生 指示行事。朱一航先生持 有90%公司股份且公司為 Asian Dynamics International Limited之67.18%之實益權有 人。

附註2: 該受控法團為Lucky Peace Limited,於薩摩亞註冊成立, 由邱越先生全資擁有100%。

除上文披露外,於二零一五年十二月三十一日,董事或公司行政總裁概無於公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份、相關股份等XV部第7及8分部知會公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例第352權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例第352條記錄於該條所指登記冊內之權益或淡倉;或須根據標準守則知會公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

Percentage of the Company's issued Shares

as at

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

# (B) Interests and short positions of the Substantial Shareholders in the Shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company

As at 31 December 2015, so far as was known to the Directors or chief executive of the Company, the following persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed or taken to have, an interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, were as follows:

#### (B) 主要股東於本公司之股份、相關股份及 信券之權益及淡倉

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,據董事或公司行政總裁所知,以下人士(董事或公司行政總裁除外)於股份及相關股份中擁有,或被視為或當作擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須向公司披露之權益或淡倉如下:

#### (i) Long Positions in the Shares

#### (i) 於股份之好倉

31 December 2015 佔本公司 Number of 於二零一五年 Capacity 十二月三十一日 Name of Shareholder **Shares** 股東名稱 身份 股份數目 之已發行股份百分比 Interest of a controlled corporation Glamour House Limited 518,014,782 29.40% (Note 1) 受控法團權益(附註1) Beneficial owner (Note 2) 29.39% Asian Dynamics International Limited 517,896,132 實益擁有人(附註2) Century Field Limited Beneficial owner 276,306,666 15.68% 實益擁有人 附註1: 該 受 控 法 團 為 Asian Note 1: The controlled corporation is Asian Dynamics Dynamics International International Limited, which is beneficially owned as to 67.18% by Glamour House Limited實益權有67.18%。 Limited. 附註2: 該受控法團為Glamour Note 2: The controlled corporation is Glamour House House Limited. 由 朱 一 航 先 Limited, which is beneficially owned as to 生實益權有90%,並為Asian 90% by Mr. Chu Yat Hong, and which is the beneficial owner as to 67.18% of Asian Dynamics International Limited之67.18%權益之實益 Dynamics International Limited. 擁有人。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

## (ii) Long Positions in the Underlying Shares

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2015, the Directors of the Company were not aware of any other person (other than the Directors and the Supervisors of the Company) who had an interest and short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were notified to the Company pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO and/or were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company.

## DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the period were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures in the Company or any other body corporate granted to any Directors or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or their respective spouse or minor children to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

#### **COMPETING INTERESTS**

None of the Directors or management shareholders of the Company or their respective associates had an interest in a business which competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group nor any conflicts of interest which has or may have with the Group.

#### MANAGEMENT SHAREHOLDER

As far as the Directors are aware of, other than Asian Dynamics International Limited, Glamour House Limited and Mr. Xie Xuan, there was no other person as at 31 December 2015 who was directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the shares then in issue of the Company and who was able, as a practicable matter, to direct or influence the management of the Company.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year have been audited by Cheng & Cheng Limited. Cheng & Cheng Limited retired and offers themselves for re-appointment as auditor of the Company at the next annual general meeting of the Company.

#### (ii) 於相關股份之好倉

無

除上文所披露者外,於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本公司董事政事事必然有任何人士(本公司董事及監事除外)於本公司或其任何相聯法團(具證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部知會本公司並記入根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之及期貨條例第336條須存置之接茲司之權益及淡倉,及/或直接擁有附帶任何情況下在本公司股東大會之投票權之已發行股本5%或以上。

#### 董事購入股份或債券之權利

除上文所披露外,於期內任何時間,任何董 事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女概無獲授 可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份 或債券而獲得利益之權利,彼等亦無行使任 何上述權利:本公司、其控股公司或其任何 附屬公司或同系附屬公司亦無參與訂立任何 安排,致使董事、彼等各自之配偶或未成年 子女可購入於任何其他法人團體之上述權利。

#### 競爭權益

本公司之董事或管理層股東及彼等各自之聯 繫人概無擁有與本集團業務直接或間接構成 競爭或可能構成競爭之業務權益或與本集團 有可能有任何利益衝突。

#### 管理層股東

除上文所披露Asian Dynamics International Limited、Glamour House Limited 及謝暄先生外,據董事所知,於二零一五年十二月三十一日,概無任問其他人直接或間接擁有本公司當時已發行股份5%或以上之權益及可實際主導或影響本公司管理工作。

#### 獨立核數師

本年度之綜合財務報表由鄭鄭會計師事務所 有限公司審核,而鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公 司須於應屆股東週年大會上退任,惟符合資 格且願意應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

企業管治報告

The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining a high standard of corporate governance. The Board recognises that such commitment is essential in upholding the accountability and transparency and to achieve a balance of interests between the shareholders, customers, creditors, employees as well as other stakeholders.

本公司承諾致力實現並維護高標準之企業管治。董事會認為該等承諾是維持問責及透明度,並實現股東、客戶、債權人、僱員及其他有關人士間利益平衡之關鍵。

# COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

# To ensure compliance with the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules, the Board will continue to monitor and revise the Company code to bring our corporate governance practices in line with the changes in the environment and requirements of the Code. In the opinion of the Directors, the Company has complied with all the provisions of the Code, for the year ended 31 December 2015, except:

(i) under code provision A.4.1 of the Code, non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. None of the existing Non-executive Directors of the Company are appointed for a specific term. This constitutes a deviation from the code provision. However, all the Non-executive Directors of the Company are subject to retirement by rotation at annual general meetings pursuant to the articles of association of the Company.

# CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the required standard of dealings as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors.

The Company has made specific enquiry to all Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with all the required standard of dealings as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules during the year ended 31 December 2015.

#### 遵守企業管治守則

為確保遵守創業板上市規則附錄15所載之企業管治守則(「守則」),董事會將繼續監管及修訂公司守則,以令本公司企業管治常規符合環境之變化及守則要求。董事認為,本公司於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內一直遵守各守則條文,惟下列除外:

(i)根據守則之守則條文A.4.1條,非執行董事 須有指定任期並須膺選連任。本公司現有之 非執行董事並未有指定任期,因此構成對守 則條文之偏離。然而,根據本公司之組織章 程細則,所有本公司非執行董事均須於股東 週年大會上輪值告退。

#### 董事進行證券交易之守則

本公司已採納創業板上市規則第5.48至5.67 條所載進行買賣之規定準則為董事進行證券 交易之行為守則。

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司已向所有董事作出特定查詢,並已確認彼等均已遵守創業板上市規則第5.48至5.67條所載進行買賣之所有規定準則。

企業管治報告

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board is responsible for managing the Company on behalf of the shareholders. The Board is of the view that it is the Directors' responsibility to create value for the shareholders as a whole and safeguard the best interests of the Company and the shareholders by discharging its duties in a dedicated, diligent and prudent manner on the principle of good faith.

The Board comprises a total of seven Directors, with four executive Directors, namely Mr. Xie Xuan (Chairman), Mr. Xiao Jing (Chief Executive), Mr. Qiu Yue and Dr. Feng Ke; and three independent non-executive Directors namely Mr. Wu Jixue, Mr. Zheng Hongliang, and Dr. Wang Yi (appointed on 29/02/2016 replacing Mr. Zhang Daorong who resigned on the same date.) They are professionals in different areas and provide independent opinions based on their expertise.

#### **BOARD PRACTICES AND CONDUCT OF MEETINGS**

Proposed regular Board meeting dates for a year are informed to each Director at the beginning of the year. Formal notice of at least 14 days will be given in respect of a regular meeting. For special board meeting, reasonable notice will be given. Directors participated, either in person or through other electronic means of communication in the Board meetings. The Board of Directors meets regularly at least 4 times a year. The Directors participated in person or through other means of communication. All notices of board meetings were given to all Directors, who were given an opportunity to include matters in the agenda for discussion. All Directors are kept informed on a timely basis of major changes that may affect the Group's businesses, including relevant rules and regulations. Directors can also seek independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense, if necessary. Minutes of each board meeting will be kept and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on request by any Director.

#### 董事會

董事會負責代表股東管理公司之業務及經營。董事會視董事之負責為為股東之整體利益創造價值,並在誠實之原則上,以專注, 勤務及審慎之態度,執行其職務以維護公司 及股東之最佳利益。

董事會共七位董事,四位執行董事,謝暄先生(主席),肖靖先生(行政總裁),邱越先生及馮科博士;三位獨立非執行董事,巫繼學先生,鄭紅亮先生及王軼博士(於二零一六年二月二十九日獲委任,取替於當日辭任之張道榮先生)。彼等均為不同領域之專才及根據彼等之專業知識提供獨立意見。

#### 董事會會議常規及程序

企業管治報告

#### **DIRECTORS' INSURANCE**

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of the legal action against the Directors.

#### APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The Company has established formal, considered and transparent procedures for the appointment of new directors. The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of directors are laid down in the Company's Articles of Association. According to the Company's Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not greater than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that notwithstanding anything herein, the chairman of the Board shall not, whilst holding such office, be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire in each year. Accordingly, as at the date of this report, Mr. Xie Xuan, being the chairman of the Company, is not subject to retirement by rotation. Other relevant Articles state that all Directors appointed to fill a casual vacancy should be subject to re-election by shareholders at their first annual general meeting after appointment, a retired Director shall be eligible for re-election. All Directors should retire by rotation at least once every three years. The nomination committee is mainly responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board, assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

#### 董事之保險

本公司已就其董事可能會面對之法律訴訟作出適當之投保安排。

#### 委任及重選董事

本公司已訂明一套正式、考慮周詳及具透明 度之委任新董事程序。董事委任、重選及罷 免程序及過程載於本公司之組織章程細則。 根據本公司之組織章程細則,於每屆股東週 年大會上,當時三分之一之董事(或若董事 數目並非三(3)之倍數,則以最接近惟不超逾 三分之一為準)須輪值告退,儘管組織章程 細則有此規定,董事會主席在職期間毋須輪 值告退或在釐定每年退任董事之人數時計算 在內。因此,於此報告日期,本公司主席謝 暄先生毋須受限於輪值告退。其他相關細則 訂明,所有為填補臨時空缺而獲委任之董事 應在獲委任後之首次股東週年大會上接受股 東選舉, 退任董事應合資格參與重選。每位 董事須至少每三年輪值告退一次。提名委員 會之主要功能包括檢討董事會之架構,大小 及組合,並認定具備適當資格人士進入董事 會,審核獨立非執行董事之獨立性及就董事 之委任、重委和董事之承繼計劃等向董事會 提出建議。

#### 企業管治報告

During the year, 11 Board meetings and 1 annual general meeting ("AGM") were held. Details of the attendance of the Directors are as follows.

於年內,共舉行十一次董事會會議及一次股 東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)。董事會成員 之會議出席記錄如下:

		Board of	Audit	Nomination	Remuneration	Annual general
Directors	董事	Directors	Committee	Committee	Committee	meeting
		董事會	審核委員會	提名委員會	薪酬委員會	股東週年大會
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Xie Xuan (Chairman)	謝暄先生(主席)	10/11	N/A不適用	1/1	1/1	0/1
Mr. Xiao Jing (Chief Executive)	肖靖先生 <i>(行政總裁)</i>	3/11	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/1
Mr. Qiu Yue	邱越先生	10/11	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1
Dr. Feng Ke	馮科博士	8/11	N/A不適用	1/1	N/A不適用	1/1
Mr. Chu Yat Hong (resigned on 18/05/2015)	朱一航先生 (於二零一五年 五月十八日辭任)	0/11	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/1
Independent Non-Executive	獨立非執行董事					
Director						
Mr. Wu Jixue	巫繼學先生	3/11	4/4	N/A不適用	1/1	0/1
Mr. Zhang Daorong	張道榮先生	3/11	4/4	1/1	N/A不適用	0/1
Mr. Zheng Hongliang	鄭紅亮先生	2/11	2/4	N/A不適用	1/1	0/1

On 29 February 2016, Mr. Zhang Daorang resigned and Dr. Wang Yi was appointed as Independent Non Executive Director, Chairman and member of the Audit Committee member of the Nomination Committee to replace Mr. Zhang's vacancy.

於二零一六年二月二十九日,張道榮先生辭 任及王軼博士獲委任為獨立非執行董事、審 核委員會主席及成員,以及提名委員會成 員,接替張先生之空缺。

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Board adopts a board diversity policy and discusses all measurable objectives set for implementing the policy. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of diversity of Board members. It endeavours to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. All Board appointments will continue to be made on a merit basis with due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board members. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, experience (professional or otherwise), skills and knowledge. The ultimate decision will be made upon the merits and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

#### 董事會多元化政策

董事會採納多元化政策以及討論就實施該政策所制定之所有可量度目標。本公司可確認認及信奉董事會成員多元化利益。其致力力強緩,以切合本公司之業務要求。所有董事成員多樣化所有之業務要求。所有基礎續予以委任。候選人選舉將基於多處人選舉將基於化知識會對景、經驗(專業或其他)、技能及知事會情終決定將基於所選定候選人將為董事會務於定將基於所選定候選人將為董事會務於

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

# CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF DIRECTORS

#### Directors keep abreast of responsibilities as a director of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company. Every newly appointed director will receive formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of director's responsibilities and obligations under the GEM Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements. Besides, Directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Internally-facilitated briefings for Directors will be arranged and reading materials on relevant topics will be issued to Directors where appropriate. All Directors are encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expenses.

According to the records maintained by the Company, the current Directors received the following training with an emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listing company in compliance with the CG Code on continuous professional development during the Year.

#### 董事之持續專業發展

根據本公司存置之記錄,現任董事於本年度 接受以下重點為上市公司董事角色、職能及 職責之培訓,以遵守有關持續專業發展之企 業管治守則。

企業管治報告

		Corporate Governance Updates on Laws Rules & Regulations 企業管治/有關法例、規則及 規例之最新資料 Attended		Management or Other Professional Skills	
		Materials	Seminars or Briefing		Briefings
Directors	董事	閱讀資料	出席研討會/ 簡報會	閱讀資料	出席研討會/ 簡報會
<b>Executive Directors</b> Mr. Xie Xuan <i>(Chairman)</i>	<b>執行董事</b> 謝暄先生 <i>(主席)</i>	Y/是	•	Y/是	·
Mr. Xiao Jing (Chief Executive, Mr. Qiu Yue Dr. Feng Ke	)肖靖先生(行政總裁) 邱越先生 馮科博士	Y/是 Y/是 Y/是	N/否	Y/是	N/否
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事				
Mr. Wu Jixue Mr. Zhang Daorong Mr. Zheng Hongliang	巫繼學先生 張道榮先生 鄭紅亮先生	Y/是 Y/是 Y/是	N/否	•	Y/是

#### **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE**

The Chairman of the Board is Mr. Xie Xuan and the Chief Executive is Mr. Xiao Jing, and their roles with the company are separate. The Chairman provides leadership and is responsible for the effective functioning and leadership of the Board. The Chief Executive Officer focuses on the Company's business development and daily management and operations generally. Mr. Xie Xuan and Mr. Xiao Jing does not have any material/relevant relationships.

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Under code provision A.4.1 of the Code, Non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. None of the existing Non-executive Directors of the Company are appointed for a specific term. This constitutes a deviation from the code provision. However, all the Non-executive Directors of the Company are subject to retirement by rotation at annual general meetings pursuant to the articles of association of the Company.

#### 主席及行政總裁

董事會主席及行政總裁分別為謝暄先生及肖靖先生,且彼等於公司職責分離。主席負責領導工作,並負責推使及帶領董事會有效運作。行政總裁負責本公司業務發展以及整體日常管理及營運工作。謝暄先生與肖靖先生並無任何重要/相關關係。

#### 非執行董事

根據守則之守則條文A.4.1條,非執行董事須 有指定任期並須膺選連任。本公司現有之非 執行董事並未有指定任期,因此構成對守則 條文之偏離。然而,根據本公司之組織章程 細則,所有本公司非執行董事均須於股東週 年大會上輪值告退。

企業管治報告

#### **CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE**

The Company has received from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Company considers all of the Independent Nonexecutive Directors to be independent based on the annual confirmations received.

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The remuneration committee has been established. The current chairman of the committee is Mr. Wu Jixue, an Independent Non-executive Director, and the other members are Mr. Zheng Hongliang, and Mr. Xie Xuan.

Under the code provision B.1.1, a listed issuer should establish a remuneration committee with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with its authority and duties. The Company, has established a remuneration committee as required under the code provision B.1.1. The role and function of the remuneration committee includes the determination of the specific remuneration packages of all Executive Directors, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment, and to make recommendations to the board regarding the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors. The remuneration committee should consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration.

During the year under review, one meetings of the remuneration committee was held.

#### 確認獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據創業板 上市規則第5.09條,就其獨立性而作出之年 度確認書。

根據所接獲之年度確認書,本公司認為所有 獨立非執行董事均具獨立性。

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會。薪酬委員會之現 任主席為獨立非執行董事巫繼學先生,其他 成員為鄭紅亮先生及謝暄先生。

於回顧年度內,薪酬委員會舉行了一次會議。

企業管治報告

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a nomination committee it comprised of namely Mr. Zheng Hongliang, Dr. Wang Yi (appointed on 29/02/2016 replacing Mr. Zhang Daorong who resigned on 29/02/2016) and Mr. Xie Xuan. The chairman of the committee is Mr. Zheng Hongliang, an Independent Non-Executive director. The committee considers the past performance, qualification, general market conditions and the Company's articles of association in selecting and recommending candidates for directorship during the year.

The nomination committee is mainly responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board, assessing the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

During the year, the committee considered and resolved that all the existing Directors shall be recommended to be retained by the Company. Further, in accordance with the Company's articles of association (subject to the proposed amendments at the forthcoming annual general meeting), except Mr. Xie Xuan, the Company Chairman, those who have served the Company for more than three years will retire, and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

#### 提名委員會

本公司已成立由鄭紅亮先生、王軼博士(於二零一六年二月二十九日獲委任,取替於二零一六年二月二十九日辭任之張道榮先生)及謝暄先生組成之提名委員會。委員會主席為獨立非執行董事鄭紅亮先生。委員會在篩選及推薦董事候選人時,會考慮年內表現、資歷、整體市場情況及本公司之組織章程細則。

提名委員會之主要功能包括檢討董事會之架構,大小及組合,並認定具備適當資格人士 進入董事會,審核獨立非執行董事之獨立性 及就董事之委任、重委和董事之承繼計劃等 向董事會提出建議。

於年內,委員會考慮並建議本公司留任全體 現任董事。此外,根據本公司之組織章程(須 於應屆股東週年大會根據提議修訂),除本公 司主席謝暄先生外,於本公司任職超過三年 之董事須於本公司應屆股東週年大會上輪值 告退並(如符合資格)膺選連任。

企業管治報告

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

In compliance with Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has established an audit committee comprising Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Wang Yi, Chairman of the committee, (appointed on 29/02/2016 to replace Mr. Zhang Daorong who resigned on the same date), Mr. Wu Jixue and Mr. Zheng Hongliang, and has adopted terms of reference governing the authorities and duties of the audit committee. The primary duties of the audit committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal controls of the Group. The audit committee has reviewed the draft of this Annual report and the audited financial statements and has provided advice and comments thereon. During the year under review four meetings of the audit committee was held. The audit committee has met with the auditors twice within the year under review.

#### **AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REMUNERATION**

During the year under review, Cheng & Cheng Limited have been appointed as the external auditor of the Company.

The audit committee of the Company is responsible for considering the appointment of the external auditor and reviewing any non-audit functions performed by the external auditor, including whether such non-audit functions could lead to any potential material adverse effect on the Group.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the total fee paid/payable in respect of audit and non-audit services provided by the Company's external auditor is set out below:

#### 審核委員會

本公司已遵照創業板上市規則第5.28條之規定,成立審核委員會。審核委員會由獨立非執行董事組成,包括王軼博士(委員會主席)(於二零一六年二月二十九日獲委任,接替於同日辭任的張道榮先生)、審核委員會先生,並已制定監管審員會之主要職務之職權節圍。審核委員會之主要職務計及監督本集團之財務申報程序及為監督本集團之財務申報及經審規則不審核委員會出議及意見。監務之初稿,審核委員會與核數師舉行兩議。

#### 核數師及核數師薪酬

於回顧年度內,鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司 獲委聘為本公司外聘核數師。

本公司審核委員會負責考慮委聘外聘核數師 及審核外聘核數師所進行之任何非核數工 作,包括該非核數工作會否為本集團帶來任 何潛在重大不利影響。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本公司之外聘核數師就提供審核及非審核服 務而已收/應收之費用總額如下:

20152014二零一五年二零一四年HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元

Type of Services 服務種類
Audit Service 審核服務

**700,000** 650,000

企業管治報告

# DIRECTORS' AND AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ACCOUNTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2015 and of the Group's results and cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2015 and are properly prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the applicable statutory requirements and accounting standards. The Directors were not aware of any material uncertainties which may affect the Company's business or cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Statements of Directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements and external auditor's reporting responsibilities as set out in the Independent Auditor's Report.

#### **INTERNAL CONTROLS**

On an annual basis the internal control process was performed periodically, while the Directors have reviewed and are satisfied with their ability to comply with the policies installed as part of the Group's internal control system, including, in particular, financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. Furthermore, the Directors are satisfied with the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting functions, and their training programs and budget.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The company secretary, Mr. Lo Mun Lam, Raymond, maintains a high standard of corporate governance and has complied with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

During the year under review all Constitutional documents have been filed and updated on the GEM & Company's websites.

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard shareholder interests and rights, a separate resolution is proposed for each substantially separate issue at shareholder meetings, including the election of individual directors.

#### 董事及核數師就賬目所承擔之責任

各董事確悉彼等對編製本年度本公司綜合財務報表負有責任,而該等財務報表應真實公平反映本公司及本集團於二零一五年十二月三十一日的事務狀況及本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度的業績及會計準則接適用的法定規定及會計準則按持續經營基準妥為編製。董事並不知悉有任業務,或令本公司繼續作為持續經營實體之能力受到嚴重質疑。

董事編製財務報表之責任聲明及外聘核數師報告之責任列於獨立核數師報告。

#### 內部監控

內部監控按期進行,同時,董事按年基準檢 討本集團之內部監控系統,特別是財務、營 運、合規監控以及風險管理等職能,並對本 集團遵守內部監控政策之能力感到滿意。此 外,董事信納從事本集團會計及財務申報工 作之員工有足夠資源、資歷及經驗,亦有充 足培訓課程及預算。

#### 公司秘書

公司秘書盧敏霖先生保持高水準之企業管治 並遵守創業板上市規則第5.15條。

#### 公司組成文件

於回顧年度內,所有公司組成文件均已存檔 並在創業板及本公司網頁更新。

#### 股東權利

為保障股東權益及權利,本公司將就各重大 事宜(包括選舉個別董事)於股東大會提呈獨 立決議案。

企業管治報告

According to the GEM Listing Rules, all resolutions put forward at shareholder meetings will be voted on by poll and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company after each shareholder meeting.

根據創業板上市規則,股東大會上提呈之所 有決議案將以投票方式表決,且投票表決之 結果將於各股東大會結束後在聯交所及本公 司網站上刊載。

# Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

# There are no provisions allowing shareholders to propose new resolutions at the general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law (2012 Revision). However, pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company, general meetings shall be convened on the written requisition of any two or more shareholders of the Company deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company.

# General meetings may also be convened on the written requisition of any one shareholder of the Company which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee(s)) deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionist, provided that such requisitionist held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general

meetings of the Company.

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

#### 股東召開股東特別大會之程序

開曼群島公司法(二零一二年修訂版)並無條 文批准股東於股東大會上提呈新決議案。然 而,根據本公司組織章程細則,任何兩名或 以上本公司股東可向本公司香港總辦事處(或 以上本公司股東可向本公司香港總辦事處)或 如本公司並無總辦事處,則向註冊辦事處)提 交書面呈請要求召開股東大會,書面呈請與 列明會議目的並由呈請人簽署,惟在提及 到明會議目的並由呈請人簽署,惟在提及 計當日,該等呈請人須持有可於本公司股東 大會上行使表決權之本公司繳足股本不少於 十分之一。

任何一名屬認可結算所(或其代名人)之本公司股東亦可向本公司香港總辦事處(或如本公司並無總辦事處,則向註冊辦事處)提交書面呈請要求召開股東大會,書面呈請須列明會議目的並由呈請人簽署,惟在提交呈請當日,該等呈請人須持有可於本公司股東大會上行使表決權之本公司繳足股本不少於十分之一。

倘在提交呈請當日起計21日內董事會並無正式召開大會,呈請人或彼等中持有一半總表決權以上之任何人士可盡力按相同方式自行召開股東大會,猶如董事會召開大會一樣,前提為在提交呈請當日起計三個月屆滿後並無召開大會,而因董事會未有召開大會導致是請人產生之一切合理開支須由本公司向彼等償付。

#### 企業管治報告

# Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director of the company

Pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company, if a shareholder wishes to propose a person (the "Candidate") for election as a director of the Company at a general meeting, he/she shall deposit a written notice (the "Notice") to the Company Secretary at the Company's head office.

The Notice (i) must include the personal information of the Candidate as required by Rule 17.50(2) of the GEM Listing Rules; and (ii) must be signed by the shareholder concerned and signed by the Candidate indicating his/her willingness to be elected and consent of publication of his/her personal information.

The period for lodgment of the Notice shall commence on the day after the dispatch of the notice of general meeting and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting.

In order to ensure the Company's shareholders have sufficient time to receive and consider the proposal of election of the Candidate as a director of the Company without adjourning the general meeting, shareholders are urged to submit and lodge the Notice as early as practicable preferably at least 15 business days prior to the date of the general meeting appointed for such election.

#### Procedures for sending enquiries to the board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, shareholders may send written enquiries to the Board of Directors/Company Secretary at the Company's head office. For the avoidance of doubt, shareholder(s) must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the Company's head office and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

#### 股東推選某名人士參選本公司董事之程序

根據本公司組織章程細則,如一名股東擬提名一名人士(「候選人」)於股東大會上參選本公司董事,彼須向本公司總辦事處提交書面通知(「通知」),並許明收件人為公司秘書。

通知(i)必須載列根據創業板上市規則第 17.50(2)條規定候選人之個人資料:及(ii)必須 由該名有關股東簽署,並由候選人簽署表明 彼同意參選及願意公開其個人資料。

提交通知之期限由寄發股東大會通告當日開始,並不遲於該股東大會日期前7日結束。

為確保本公司股東有足夠時間收取及考慮選任候選人為本公司董事之建議以及為免股東大會延期舉行,務請股東在切實可行情況下盡早於指定推選候選人之股東大會舉行前日期前最少15個營業日發出及提交通知。

#### 向董事會提問之程序

就向董事會提問而言,股東可向董事會/公司秘書發出書面提問,並送交本公司總辦事處。為免生疑問,股東必須提交及寄發正式簽署之書面呈請、通知或聲明或提問(視情況而定)之正本至本公司總辦事處,並提供彼等之全名、聯絡資料及身分證明,致使有關呈請、通知或聲明或提問生效。股東資料或須根據法例規定予以披露。

股東亦可於本公司股東大會上向董事會提問。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 企業管治報告

## INVESTOR RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company has disclosed all necessary information to the shareholders and investors in compliance with GEM Listing Rules and uses a number of formal communications channels to account to shareholders and investors for the Company.

These include (i) the publication of quarterly and annual reports; (ii) the annual general meeting or extraordinary general meeting providing a forum for shareholders of the Company to raise comments and exchanging views with the Board; (iii) the Company replying to the enquires from shareholders timely; (iv) updated and key information of the Company available on website of the Company; (v) the Company's website offering communication channel between the Company and its shareholders and investors; and (vi) the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong serves the shareholders regarding all share registration matters. Also, the chairman of the board would attend the annual general meeting and he would also arrange for the chairmen of the other committees to attend. In case of the absence, of the chairman of such committees, he would invite another member of the committee to attend. These persons would be available to answer questions at the annual general meeting. The chairman of the independent board committee would also be available to answer questions at any general meeting to approve a connected transaction or any other transaction that is subject to requires independent shareholders' approval. The external auditor would also be arranged to attend the annual general meeting to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the independent auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

#### **LOOKING FORWARD**

The Company will keep on reviewing its corporate governance standards on a timely basis and the Board endeavour to take the necessary actions to ensure compliance with the required practices and standards including the provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices introduced by the Stock Exchange.

#### 投資者關係及與股東之溝通

本公司已向股東及投資者披露創業板上市規 則規定之一切所需資料,並透過多種正式通 訊渠道向股東及投資者彙報本公司表現。

該等渠道包括(i)刊發季度及年度報告;(ii)召開 股東週年大會或股東特別大會,以向本公司 股東提供對董事會提出意見及交流意見之途 徑;(iii)本公司即時回應股東查詢;(iv)於本公司 網站刊登本公司之最新及主要資料;(v)本公司 網站提供本公司與其股東及投資者之溝通渠 道;及(vi)本公司香港股份過戶登記處為股東 提供所有股份登記服務。此外,董事會主席 將出席股東週年大會,且彼亦安排其他委員 會主席出席。倘有關委員會主席缺席,彼將 激請該委員會之其他成員出席。該等人士將 可在股東週年大會上回答提問。獨立董事委 員會之主席亦將在任何批准關連交易或任何 其他須經獨立股東批准之交易之股東大會上 回應問題。外聘核數師亦將安排出席股東週 年大會,以就處理審核、獨立核數師報告之 編制及內容、會計政策及核數師獨立性回答 問題。

#### 展望

本公司將繼續適時檢討其企業管治水平,而 董事會亦將竭力採取所需措施,以確保遵守 各項規定之常規及準則,包括聯交所頒佈之 企業管治常規守則條文。

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

## TO THE MEMBERS OF ASIAN CAPITAL RESOURCES (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Asian Capital Resources (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 39 to 135, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2015, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

#### 致亞洲資產(控股)有限公司 各股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師已完成審核第39至第135頁所載有關亞洲資產(控股)有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一五年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表,以及截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動報表及綜合現金流量表,連同主要會計政策概要及其他説明附註。

#### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責按照香港會計師公會頒佈 之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露 規定編製真實而意見公允之綜合財務報表, 以及維護董事認為必要內部監控,以確保綜 合財務報表之編製不會存在由於欺詐或錯誤 而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

#### 核數師之責任

本核數師之責任是根據吾等之審核工作結果,對綜合財務報表作出意見。本報告僅向整體股東報告,除此之外,本報告概不可用作其他用途。本核數師概不會就本報告之內容,向任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責任。

本核數師乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈之香港 核數準則進行審核工作。該等準則規定,本 核數師必須遵守道德規範,並規劃及進行審 核工作,以就綜合財務報表是否確無重大錯 誤陳述作出合理確認。

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion. 本核數師相信,吾等所獲得之審核憑證能充 足和適當地為吾等之保留審核意見提供基礎。

#### Basis for qualified opinion

# Up to the date of this report, we have not yet obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to satisfy ourselves as to the carrying amounts of assets classified as held for sale as mentioned in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary.

#### 保留意見基準

截至本報告日期,吾等尚未取得足夠合適之 審核憑證,讓吾等信納綜合財務報表附註21 所述分類為持作出售資產之賬面值。因此, 吾等無法確定是否需要對該等金額作出任何 調整。

#### **Qualified opinion**

In our opinion, except for the possible effect of the matters as described in the basis of qualified opinion paragraph, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2015 and of the Group's financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### 保留意見

本核數師認為,除保留意見基準一段所述事宜之潛在影響外,綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公允反映 貴集團於二零一五年十二月三十一日之財務狀況及 貴集團於截至該日止年度之財務表現及現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

#### **Emphasis of matter: Going concern uncertainty**

Without further qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 3(c) to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Group had incurred a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$11,843,000 during the year ended 31 December 2015 and sustained the net current liabilities amounting to HK\$4,457,000 as at 31 December 2015. This indicates the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### **CHENG & CHENG LIMITED**

Certified Public Accountants 10/F., Allied Kajima Building, 138 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong,

**Tong Yat Hung** 

Practising Certificate Number P01055

29 March 2016

#### 強調事項:持續經營基準之不確定因素

在不進一步發出保留意見之情況下,吾等務請閣下垂注綜合財務報表附註3(c),其説明本集團於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度產生本公司擁有人應佔虧損約11,843,000港元,以及於二零一五年十二月三十一日之流動負債淨額維持4,457,000港元。此反映存在可能對貴集團繼續以持續經營基準營運構成重大疑問之重大不確定因素。

#### 鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師 香港灣仔 告士打道138號 聯合鹿島大廈10樓

湯日烘

執業證書編號P01055

二零一六年三月二十九日

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
CONTINUING OPERATIONS Revenue Other revenue and net income Administrative and operating expenses	<b>持續經營業務</b> 收益 其他收益及收入淨額 行政及營運開支	5(a) 5(b)	23,551 9,908 (77,052)	1,939 15,506 (18,075)
Loss from operations Finance costs Share of profits less losses of associate	經營虧損 融資成本 應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損	7	(43,593) (1,105) (569)	(630) (1,139) (509)
Loss before taxation Income tax credit	除税前虧損 所得税抵免	8 10	(45,267) 12,719	(2,278) 1,060
Loss for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之 本年度虧損		(32,548)	(1,218)
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS  Loss for the year from  discontinued operations	<b>終止經營業務</b> 來自終止經營業務之 本年度虧損	11	-	(17,378)
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	本年度虧損		(32,548)	(18,596)
Other comprehensive loss: Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	其他全面虧損: 其後可能重新分類至損益之 項目: 換算海外業務所產生之 匯兑差額		(410)	(1,980)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax	本年度其他全面虧損 (扣除税項)		(410)	(1,980)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	本年度全面虧損總額		(32,958)	(20,576)
LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO:  - owners of the Company - non-controlling interests	<b>下列人士應佔虧損:</b> 一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益		(11,843) (20,705)	(11,299) (7,297)
			(32,548)	(18,596)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO: - owners of the Company - non-controlling interests	<b>下列人士應佔全面虧損</b> <b>總額:</b> 一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益		(12,007) (20,951)	(13,479) (7,097)
			(32,958)	(20,576)
			HK Cents 港仙	HK Cents 港仙
(Loss)/earnings per share: From continuing and discontinued operations Basic and diluted	每股(虧損)/盈利: 融資成本來自持續經營業務 及終止經營業務 基本及攤薄	13	(0.67)	(0.75)
From continuing operations Basic and diluted	來自持續經營業務 基本及攤薄		(0.67)	0.10
From discontinued operations Basic and diluted	來自終止經營業務 基本及攤薄		-	(0.85)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these 隨附之附註屬於本綜合財務報表之一部份。 consolidated financial statements.

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表 As at 31 December 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Goodwill Interests in associate Available-for-sale investments	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 無形資產 商譽 於聯營公司之權益 可供出售投資	14 15 16 17 18	2,793 - 195,483 5,003 -	653 50,877 198,681 5,561 71,682
			203,279	327,454
CURRENT ASSETS Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	<b>流動資產</b> 貿易及其他應收賬款 現金及現金等值物	19 20	3,736 12,383	155,696 20,316
Assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售資產	21	16,119 195,407	176,012
			211,526	176,012
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Trade and other payables  Tax payable	<b>流動負債</b> 貿易及其他應付賬款 應付税項	22	12,962	246,466 17
	<b>印八新为针/⊬川佳次文</b>		12,962	246,483
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale	與分類為持作出售資產 直接相關之負債	21	203,021	_
			215,983	246,483
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨額		(4,457)	(70,471)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		198,822	256,983
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES  Contingent consideration payable Amount due to a director  Amount due to substantial	非流動負債 應付或然代價 應付一名董事款項 應付主要股東款項	23 28	100,953 5,713	109,825 5,429
shareholder Deferred tax liabilities	應內主委放来	28 24	22,349 -	26,245 12,719
			129,015	154,218
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		69,807	102,765
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	<b>股本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	25 26	176,183 (87,164)	176,183 (75,157)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔權益 非控股權益		89,019 (19,212)	101,026 1,739
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		69,807	102,765

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註屬於本綜合財務報表之一部份。

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 March 2016.

於二零一六年三月二十九日獲董事會批准及 授權刊發。

Xie XuanQiu Yue謝暄邱越Director声事董事

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動報表 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

		1 The Lat And IN							
		Issued share capital 已發行股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份 <b>溢價</b> HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Translation reserve <b>匯兑儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>累計虧損</b> HK\$'000	Sub-total 小計 HK\$'000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	148,552	235,295	26,020	(1,407)	(390,662)	17,798	(16,369)	1,429
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	(11,299)	(11,299)	(7,297)	(18,596)
Other comprehensive loss	其他全面虧損								
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務所產生之 匯兑差額	-	-	-	(2,180)	_	(2,180)	200	(1,980)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	-	-	-	(2,180)	(11,299)	(13,479)	(7,097)	(20,576)
Non-controlling interests arising from formation of subsidiary	成立附屬公司產生之非控股權益	-	-	-	-	-	-	450	450
Non-controlling interests arising on acquisition of interests in subsidiaries	收購於附屬公司之 權益產生之非控股權益	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,755	24,755
Issue of shares on acquisition of interests in subsidiaries	收購於附屬公司之權益時發行股份	27,631	69,076	-	_		96,707	-	96,707
		27,631	69,076	-	-	-	96,707	25,205	121,912
As at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	176,183	304,371	26,020	(3,587)	(401,961)	101,026	1,739	102,765

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動報表 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

		1 = -1/4   1/7 (1/5)							
		Issued share capital 已發行股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份 <b>溢價</b> HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Translation reserve <b>匯兑儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Sub-total 小計 HK\$'000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$*000 千港元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2015	於二零一五年一月一日	176,183	304,371	26,020	(3,587)	(401,961)	101,026	1,739	102,765
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	(11,843)	(11,843)	(20,705)	(32,548)
Other comprehensive loss	其他全面虧損								
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務所產生之 匯兑差額	-	-	-	(164)	-	(164)	(246)	(410)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	-	-	-	(164)	(11,843)	(12,007)	(20,951)	(32,958)
As at 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	176,183	304,371	26,020	(3,751)	(413,804)	89,019	(19,212)	69,807

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these 隨附之附註屬於本綜合財務報表之一部份。 consolidated financial statements.

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2015 二零一五年 HK'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務產生之現金流量			
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損		(45,267)	(19,910)
Adjustments for:	就以下各項調整:			
Share of profits less losses of	分佔聯營公司溢利減虧損			
associate			569	509
Fair value changes on contingent	或然應付代價公平值變動		(0.070)	(1.5.007)
consideration payable Interest income	소마는 기는 그		(8,872)	(15,227)
Distribution from	利息收入		(62)	(24)
unlisted investments	來自非上市投資之分派		(12)	(201)
Interest expenses	利息支出		1,105	1,139
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備之折舊		1,100	1,100
plant and equipment			713	105
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷		50,877	5,254
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備撇銷			
written off			205	104
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值		3,198	_
Operation profit/(loss) before	營運資金變動前之經營			
changes in working capital	溢利/(虧損)		2,454	(28,251)
Decrease in trade and	貿易及其他應收賬款減少			
other receivables			22,940	13,121
Decrease in trade and	貿易及其他應付賬款減少		(00, 400)	(0,000)
other payables			(30,483)	(9,263)
Net cash used in operating activities	經營業務所用之現金淨額		(5,089)	(24,393)

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2015 二零一五年 HK'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM	投資活動之現金流量			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	已收利息		62	24
Distribution received from unlisted investments	收取非上市投資之分派		12	201
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale investments	出售可供出售投資之所得款項		5,185	_
Purchase of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備		,	
plant and equipment			(3,305)	(237)
Acquisition of associate	收購聯營公司		-	(3,370)
Advances to associate	向聯營公司墊款		(11)	(2,700)
Net cash inflow on acquisition of	收購附屬公司權益之 (7/4 <del>)                                   </del>			704
interests in subsidiaries (Note 32	) 現金流出淨額(附註32)		_	724
Net cash from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動所得/(所用)之 現金淨額		1,943	(5,358)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動之現金流量			
Advances from /(repayment to) a director	董事塾款/(還款予董事)		284	(108)
(Repayment to)/advances from	(還款予主要股東)/主要股東		()	
substantial shareholder	墊款		(3,896)	1,139
Interest paid	利息支出		(1,105)	(1,139)
Net cash used in financing activities	s融資活動所用現金淨額		(4,717)	(108)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值物減少淨額		(7,863)	(29,859)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	於年初之現金及現金等值物		20,316	50,175
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	於年末之現金及現金等值物			
AT END OF THE YEAR	TO THE PERSON OF	20	12,453	20,316

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these 隨附之附註屬於本綜合財務報表之一部份。 consolidated financial statements.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 1. CORPORATION INFORMATION

Asian Capital Resources (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("GEM"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section of this annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, the functional currency of the Company. All values are rounded to nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are investment holdings, private securities investment, private equity investment and venture capital investment, provision of business consultation services, and private investment fund management services.

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") that are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

HKAS 19 (2011) Defined Benefit Plans:
Amendments Employee Contributions
HKFRSs Annual Improvements to
Amendments HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle

HKFRSs Annual Improvements to
Amendments HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle

The adoption of the above new and revised HKFRSs has no material impact on these consolidated financial statements, except for as described below:

## Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle and 2011-2013 Cycle

These two cycles of annual improvements contain amendments to nine standards with consequential amendments to other standards. Among them, HKAS 24, Related party disclosures has been amended to expand the definition of a "related party" to include a management entity that provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity, and to require the disclosure of the amounts incurred for obtaining the key management personnel services provided by the management entity. These amendments do not have an impact on the Group's related party disclosures.

#### 1. 公司資料

亞洲資產(控股)有限公司(「本公司」) 為於開曼群島註冊成立之獲豁免有限公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司 創業板(「創業板」)上市。本公司註冊 辦事處及主要營業地點之地址於本年報 「公司資料」一節披露。

綜合財務報表以港元列賬,港元為本公司之功能貨幣。除非另行説明外,所有價值湊整至近千位。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之主要業務為投資控股、私人證券投資、 私人股本投資及企業資本投資、提供業 務諮詢服務以及私人投資基金管理服 務。

#### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

於本年度,本集團採用以下由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈並自二零一五年一月一日或之後開始之會計期間生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港會計準則第19號 確定福利計劃: (二零一一年)(修訂本) 員工供款 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 (修訂本) 二零一零年至

二零一二年週期的 年度改進

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 (修訂本) 二零一一年至 二零一三年週期 的年度改進

採納上述新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則對該等綜合財務報表並無重大影響, 惟下述者除外:

#### 香港財務報告準則二零一零年至二零 一二年週期及二零一一年至二零一三年 週期的年度改進

此兩個週期之年度改進包括九項準則之修訂及對其他準則之相應後續修訂。其中,香港會計準則第24號「關聯方披露」已予以修訂,藉以將「關聯方」之釋義員展至包括向申報實體提供主要管理人員服務一產生理實體提供之主要管理人員服務而產生之費用。該等修訂對本集團的關聯方披露資料概無影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these consolidated financial statements:

HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs

Amendments 2012-2014 Cycle<sup>1</sup>

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 10 and Sale or Contribution of Assets between HKAS 28 an Investor and its Associate or Joint

Amendments Venture<sup>3</sup>

HKFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests

Amendments in Joint Operations<sup>1</sup>

HKFRS 10, Investment Entities: Applying the HKFRS 12 and Consolidation Exception<sup>1</sup>

HKAS 28 (2011) Amendments

HKFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts<sup>1</sup>

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with

Customers<sup>2</sup>

HKAS 1 Amendments Disclosure Initiative<sup>1</sup>

HKAS 16 and Clarification of Acceptable Methods of HKAS 38 Depreciation and Amortisation<sup>1</sup>

Amendments

HKAS 16 and Agriculture: Bearer Plants<sup>1</sup>

HKAS 41 Amendments

HKAS 27 Amendments Equity Method in Separate Financial

Statements1

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

3 To be determined

#### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

本集團於該等綜合財務報表並無提早應 用以下已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則

(修訂本) 二零一二年至

二零一四年週期的 年度改進<sup>1</sup>

香港財務報告準則 財務工具2

第9號

香港財務報告準則第 投資者與其聯營公司或 10號及香港會計準 合營公司之間的資產

則第28號(修訂本) 出售或注資<sup>3</sup> 香港財務報告準則第 收購合資經營權益之

11號(修訂本) 入賬1

香港財務報告準則 投資實體:應用綜合 第10號、香港財務 入賬之例外情況<sup>1</sup>

報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則 第28號(二零一一 年)(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 監管遞延賬戶1

第14號

香港財務報告準則 來自客戶合約之收入2

第15號

香港會計準則第1號 披露方式1

(修訂本)

香港會計準則第16 折舊及攤銷可接受之 及香港會計準則 方法的釐清<sup>1</sup>

第38號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第16號 農業:生產性植物1

及香港會計準則 第41號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第27號 獨立財務報表的權益法1

(修訂本)

1 於二零一六年一月一日或之後開始 年度期間生效

<sup>2</sup> 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始 年度期間生效

3 待定

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was subsequently amended in 2010 to include the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition and further amended in 2013 to include the new requirements for general hedge accounting. Another revised version of HKFRS 9 was issued in 2014 mainly to include (a) impairment requirements for financial assets and (b) limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements by introducing a "fair value through other comprehensive income" ("FVTOCI") measurement category for certain simple debt instruments.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described below:

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of the subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms of financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

#### 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 2. 準則(「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

於二零零九年頒佈的香港財務報告準則 第9號引入財務資產分類及計量的新規 定。香港財務報告準則第9號其後於二 零一零年作出修訂,加入有關財務負債 分類及計量及有關終止確認的規定,並 於二零一三年作出進一步修訂,加入有 關一般對沖會計處理方法的新規定。於 二零一四年頒佈的香港財務報告準則第 9號的另一個經修訂版本主要加入(a)財 務資產的減值規定及(b)藉為若干簡單 債務工具引入透過其他全面收益按公平 值列賬(「诱過其他全面收益按公平值列 賬1)計量類別,對分類及計量規定作出 有限修訂。

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規定載 述如下:

香港會計準則第39號「財務工具:確認 及計量 | 範圍內所有已確認的財務資產 其後須按攤銷成本或公平值計量。具體 而言,於目的為收回合約現金流的業務 模式中持有的債務投資,以及合約現金 流純為支付本金及未償還本金的利息的 債務投資,一般按其後會計期末的攤銷 成本計量。於目的為同時收回合約現金 流及出售財務資產的業務模式中持有的 債務工具,以及財務資產條款令於特定 日期產生的現金流純為支付本金及未償 還本金的利息的債務工具,均按透過其 他全面收益按公平值列賬的方式計量。 所有其他債務投資及股權投資則以其後 會計期末的公平值計量。此外,根據香 港財務報告準則第9號,實體可以不可 撤回地選擇於其他全面收益內呈列股權 投資(非持作買賣)其後的公平值變動, 而在一般情况下,僅有股息收入會於損 益中確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Cont'd)

With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as at FVTPL is presented in profit or loss.

In relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

The new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting. However, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the effectiveness test has been overhauled and replaced with the principle of an "economic relationship". Retrospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is also no longer required. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 in the future may have significant impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 9 until the Group undertakes a detailed review.

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of other new and revised HKFRSs, certain of which may be relevant to the Group's operations and may give rise to changes in accounting policies, changes in disclosures and remeasurement of certain items in the consolidated financial statements. The Group is not yet to assess their impact on its results of operations and financial position.

#### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(*續*)

就財務資產的減值而言,與香港會計準則第39號項下按已產生信貸虧損模試計算相反,香港財務報告準則第9號規定按預期信貸虧損模式計算。預期信貸虧損模式需要實體於各報告日期將預期信貸虧損及該等信貸虧損的預期變動入的賬,以反映信貸風險自初始確認以事件數可確認信貸虧損。

一般對沖的新會計處理規定保留三類對沖會計法。然而,已為符合對沖會計處理的交易類型引入更大的靈活性,特別是擴闊符合對沖工具的工具類型及組內對沖壓計處理的非金融項目的風險組內的類型。此外,效益性測試已對內的類型。此外,效益性測試已對內底修改及以「經濟關係」原則取代。對外內底修改及以「經濟關係」原則取代。對外內方。

本公司董事預計未來採用香港財務報告 準則第9號可能會對本集團之財務資產 及財務負債所報告之金額構成重大影響。然而,在本集團完成詳細審閱前, 無法對香港財務報告準則第9號所造成 影響提供合理估計。

本集團已開始評估其他新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則之影響,其中若干或會與本集團業務營運有關,或會導致變更會計政策、變更披露及重新計量綜合財務報表中之有關項目。本集團尚未評估彼等對其營運業績及財務狀況帶來之影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs (which include Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretation) issued by the HKICPA and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM ("GEM Listing Rules") and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### (b) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value.

#### (c) Going concern

The Group incurred a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$11,843,000 during the year ended 31 December 2015 and sustained net current liabilities of approximately HK\$4,457,000 as at 31 December 2015. The directors of the Company endeavor to improve the Group's liquidity position and have taken measures to reduce overheads and costs to strengthen its cash flow position. Furthermore, the directors of the Company are currently exploring various options in order to provide additional equity funding to the Group. In addition, the substantial shareholder has agreed to provide continuing financial support to the Group to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

In view of the above, the directors of the Company are satisfied that the Group will be able to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors of the Company are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on the going concern basis. Should the Group be unable to operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify noncurrent assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. 重大會計政策

#### (a) 合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(包括香港會計準則[香港會計準則]及詮釋)及香港普遍採納之會計原則編製。此外,綜合財務報表亦已包括創業板證券上市規則([創業板上市規則])及香港公司條例之適用披露規定。

#### (b) 呈報基準

編製綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本法 進行,惟若干按公平值計量的財務 工具除外。

#### (c) 持續經營基準

综合財務報表附註
For the year ended 31 December 2015
截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (d) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (d) 綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬 公司控制的實體(包括結構性實體) 之財務報表。倘屬以下情況,則本 公司獲得控制權:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 因參與投資對象之業務而可 獲得或有權獲得可變回報:及
- 有能力藉行使其權力而影響 該等回報。

倘有事實或情況顯示上述三項控制 因素中,有一項或以上出現變數, 本集團會重新評估其是否控制投資 對象。

倘本集團於投資對象之投票權未能 佔大多數,但只要投票權足以賦予 本集團實際能力可單方面掌控投資 對象之相關業務時,本集團即對投 資對象擁有權力。在評估本集團於 投資對象之投票權是否足以賦予其 權力時,本集團考慮所有相關事實 及情況,包括:

- 本集團持有投票權之規模相 較其他投票權持有人所持投 票權之規模及分散度;
- 本集團、其他投票人或其他 人士持有之潛在投票權;
- 其他合約安排產生之權利;及
- 可顯示於需要作出決定時, 本公司當前能否掌控相關活動之任何其他事實及情況(包括於過往股東大會上之投票方式)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (d) Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (d) 綜合賬目基準(續)

本集團於獲得附屬公司控制權時將 附屬公司綜合入賬,並於失去附 屬公司控制權時終止入賬。具體而 言,於本年度內購入或出售之附屬 公司之收入及開支,按自本集團 得控制權當日起至本集團失去附屬 公司控制權當日止,計入綜合損益 及其他全面收入報表內。

損益及其他全面收入項目各自歸屬 予本公司擁有人及非控股權益。附 屬公司全面收益總額歸屬予本公司 擁有人及非控股權益,即使這導致 非控股權益出現虧絀。

如有需要,附屬公司之財務報表已 作適當調整,以令其會計政策與本 集團會計政策一致。

所有集團內與本集團內公司間交易 相關的資產及負債、權益、收益、 開支及現金流均於綜合賬目時全數 撤銷。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015

#### 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日十年度

#### 3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Cont'd)

#### Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

#### Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests.

All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 3.

#### (d) 綜合賬目基準(續)

#### 本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權 益變動

本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權權益 之變動如不會導致本集團失去附屬 公司之控制權,則入賬列為股權交 易。本集團之權益及非控制性權益 之賬面值應予調整,以反映其於附 屬公司相關權益之變動。非控制性 權益之調整金額與已付或應收代價 公平值之差額直接於權益確認,並 歸屬於本公司擁有人。

倘本集團失去一間附屬公司之控制 權,則於損益中確認收益或虧損, 並記為(i)所收取代價之公平值及任 何保留權益之公平值之總額及(ii)該 附屬公司先前的資產(包括商譽)的 賬面值及任何非控制權益所產生之 差額。

先前於其他全面收益確認的與該附 屬公司相關之金額予以入賬,猶 如本集團已直接出售相關資產或該 附屬公司的負債(即按適用香港財 務報告準則所指定或許可重新分類 至損益或轉撥至另一權益類別)。 於失去控制權當日於前附屬公司保 留之任何投資之公平值,根據香港 會計準則第39號於往後之會計方 法中被視為初步確認之公平值,或 (如適用)初步確認於聯營公司或合 資企業之投資成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (e) Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee Benefits" respectively; and
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment" at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that standard.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (e) 業務合併

收購業務乃採用收購法入賬。於業務合併轉撥之代價按公平值計量, 其乃按本集團轉撥之資產、本集團 產生之對被收購方前擁有人之負債 及本集團於交換被收購方之控制權 所發行之股權於收購日期之公平值 總和計算。與收購事項之有關成本 一般於產生時於損益中確認。

於收購日期,已收購可識別資產及 已承擔負債按其公平值確認,惟下 列項目除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及有關僱員福利安排之資產或負債分別根據香港會計準則第12號「所得税」及香港會計準則第19號「僱員福利」確認及計量:及
- 與被收購方以股份為基礎之 付款安排有關或訂立以本集 團以股份為基礎之付款安排 取代被收購方以股份為基礎 之付款安排的有關負債或接權 益工具,乃於收購日期按香 港財務報告準則第2號「以股 份為基礎之付款」計量:及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號 「持作出售非流動資產及終止 經營業務」分類為持作出售之 資產(或出售組別)乃根據該 準則計量。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (e) Business combinations (Cont'd)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another HKFRS.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisitiondate fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively with the corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (e) 業務合併(續)

商譽乃以所轉讓代價、任何非控股權益於被收購方中所佔金額、及之持有之被收購方股權之負擔不值(如有)之總和,超之負責。因明數分差額計量。則資產及所承擔經重五期的差額計量。則資產及所承擔經重五所收購之可識別資產及所承擔經重五所收購之可說別資產。於收購日期之淨額高於收購日期之淨額益於被以及收購方是額以及收購方之總報之公平值(如有)之總議而收購收益。

屬現時擁有權權益且於清盤時讓持有人有權按比例分佔實體資產淨值之非控股權益,可初步按公平值或非控股權益分佔被收購方可識別資產淨值之已確認金額比例計量。計量基準視乎每項交易而作出選擇。其他種類之非控股權益乃按其公平值或另一項香港財務報告準則規定之基準計量(如適用)。

倘本集團於業務合併中轉讓之代價 包括或然代價安排產生之資產或負 債,或然代價乃按其收購日期之公 平值計量並計入業務合併中所轉 代價的一部分。或然代價之公公讓 代價的一部分。或然代價之公平的 變動(如符合計量期間調整資格)可 追溯調整,並對商譽出相應調整 計量期間調整為於計量期間(計 期間不超過收購日期起計一年。) 就於收購日期存在之事實及情況獲 得額外資料而引致之調整。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (e) Business combinations (Cont'd)

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with HKAS 39, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), and additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at the date.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (e) 業務合併(續)

不合資格作為計量期間調整的或然 代價公平值變動的其後會計處理取 決於或然代價是如何分類。分類為 權益的或然代價不會在其後報告日 期重新計量以及其後之結算乃於權 益內列賬。分類為資產或負債之或 然代價乃根據香港會計準則第39 號在其後報告日期重新計量,並在 損益中確認相應的收益或虧損。

當業務合併分階段實現,本集團過往持有之被收購方股權權益須按於收購日期(即本集團取得控制權當日)之公平值重新計量,而由此產生之收益或虧損(如有)須於損益中確認。於收購日期前自由收購方權益產生且過往已於其他全面收益中確認的金額,須如以往出售權益之處理方法重新分類至損益。

當於已發生業務合併之報告期末就業務合併的初步會計處理尚未完成,則本集團須按暫定金額呈報未完成之會計處理項目。該等暫定金額可於計量期間內調整(見上文)及確認額外的資產或負債,以反映於收購日期已取得之事實及情況的新增資料(倘獲知悉)對當日已確認金額所帶來的影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (f) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

The Group's policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate is described below.

#### (g) Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (f) 商譽

收購業務所產生商譽,乃按收購業 務當日(見上文會計政策)之成本減 累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

為進行減值測試,商譽會被分配至 預期因合併之協同效應而得益之各 個現金產生單位(或現金產生單位 組別)。

處置現金產生單位之任何應佔商譽 均計入處置項目之損益內。

本集團就收購聯營公司所產生商譽 之政策載述於下文。

#### (g) 於附屬公司之投資

於附屬公司之投資按成本減減值虧損於本公司之財務狀況表內列賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (h) Interest in an associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of an associate are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of an associate used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Appropriate adjustments are made to conform the associate's accounting policies to those of the Group. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes as associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (h) 於聯營公司之權益

聯營公司指本集團對其具有重大影響之實體。重大影響指有權參與投資對象之財務及營運政策之決定, 但並非對該等政策擁有控制權或共同控制權。

於聯營公司業績及資產與負債乃以 權益會計法計入綜合財務報告。 就權益會計法之目的而言,編製聯 營公司之財務報表所用會計政策與 本集團於類似情況下進行交易及事 件所用者一致。已作出適當調整, 以令聯營公司之會計政策符合本集 團會計政策。根據該權益法,於一 間聯營公司之投資初步按成本於綜 合財務狀況表確認,另就本集團應 佔該聯營公司之損益及其他全面收 益作出調整。當本集團應佔某聯營 公司之虧損超出本集團於該聯營公 司之權益,本集團則不再確認其應 佔之進一步虧損。本集團僅會在其 須於代表該聯營公司承擔法律或推 定責任,或已代其支付款項之情況 下,方會確認額外虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (h) Interest in an associate (Cont'd)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (h) 於聯營公司之權益(續)

本集團自投資不再為聯營公司當日 起終止採用權益法。倘本集團保留 於前聯營公司之權益且該保留權益 為財務資產,則本集團會於該日按 公平值計量保留權益,而該公平值 則被視為根據香港會計準則第39 號於初步確認時之公平值。聯營公 司於終止採用權益法當日之賬面值 與出售聯營公司之任何保留權益之 公平值及任何所得款項間之差額, 會於釐定出售該聯營公司之收益或 虧損時入賬。此外,本集團會將先 前在其他全面收益就該聯營公司確 認之所有金額入賬,基準與該聯營 公司已直接出售相關資產或負債所 需基準相同。因此,倘該聯營公司 先前已於其他全面收益確認之收益 或虧損,會於出售相關資產或負債 時重新分類至損益。本集團會於終 上採用權益法時將收益或虧損由權 益重新分類至損益(作為重新分類 調整)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (h) Interest in an associate (Cont'd)

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

#### (i) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (h) 於聯營公司之權益(續)

當於聯營公司之投資成為於合營公司之投資或於合營公司之投資成為 於聯營公司之投資時,本集團繼續 採用權益法。概不會就有關擁有權 權益變更而重新計量公平值。

倘本集團削減其於聯營公司之所有 權權益而本集團繼續採用權益法 時,若有關收益或虧損會於出售相 關資產或負債時重新分類至損益, 則本集團會將先前已於其他全面收 益確認有關之收益或虧損,按其減 少擁有權益之相關比例重新分類至 損益。

倘集團實體與本集團聯營公司進行 交易,與該聯營公司交易所產生之 溢利及虧損於本集團綜合財務報告 中只會確認聯營公司權益中與本集 團無關之部份。

#### (i) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃按歷史成本減 累計折舊及累計減值虧損列賬。歷 史成本包括直接來自收購項目之開 支。

僅當與項目有關之未來經濟利益可能流入本集團及項目之成本能夠可靠計量時,其後成本計入資產之賬面值或確認作獨立資產(如適用)。 重置部分之賬面值予以終止確認。 所有其他維修及維護於其產生財政期間在損益中確認作開支。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (i) Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to write off their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold : 20%-33% or over the

improvement remaining lease terms,

whichever is shorter

Furniture and : 19%-50%

fixtures

Computer and : 19%-33%

equipment

Motor vehicles : 33%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in profit or loss in the year in which the item is derecognised.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (i) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

折舊乃採用直線法,根據其估計可 使用年期撇銷其成本至其餘值而計 得。就此而採用之主要年率如下:

租賃物業裝修 : 20%-33%或

按剩餘租期 (以較短者

為準)

傢俬及裝置 : 19%-50%

電腦及設備 : 19%-33%

汽車 : 33%

於各報告期末,資產之剩餘價值及 可使用年期進行檢討並於適當情況 下予以調整。

於出售資產或預期持續使用資產不會產生日後經濟利益時終止確認物業、廠房及設備項目。終止確認資產所產生之任何損益(按出售所得款項淨額與項目賬面值之差額計算)於終止確認資產之年度計入損益。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (j) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

#### (i) Research and development costs

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred. Expenditure on development activities is capitalised if the product or process is technically and commercially feasible and the Group has sufficient resources and the intention to complete development. The expenditure capitalised includes the costs of materials, direct labour, and an appropriate proportion of overheads and borrowing costs, where applicable. Capitalised development costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Other development expenditure is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

#### (ii) Acquired intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value as at the date of acquisition. Subsequently, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation of exclusive right of usage of Broadcast of Audio-Video Program On Web Permit is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of it over its estimated useful life of eight years. Customer relationships acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the date of acquisition. Customer relationships have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to write off the cost over the contractual periods.

Period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (i) 無形資產(商譽除外)

#### (i) 研發成本

#### (ii) 已收購無形資產

單獨收購之無形資產按成本 初步確認。業務合併所收購 之無形資產成本為收購日期 之公平值。其後,具有有限 可使用年期之無形資產乃按 成本減累計攤銷及累計減值 虧損後予以列賬。攤銷使用 網絡授權許可播放音頻及視 頻節目之專屬權乃透過採用 直線法根據其八年之估計可 使用年限將其成本分配。客 戶關係在業務合併過程中獲 得,按收購日期的公平值確 認。客戶關係的使用年期有 限,並按成本值減累計攤銷 列賬。攤銷乃以直線法按估 計可使用年期將成本撇銷。

攤銷期間及方法每年進行檢討。

綜合財務報表附註
For the year ended 31 December 2015
載至二零一五年十二月三十一日 比年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (j) Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (Cont'd)

#### (ii) Acquired intangible assets (Cont'd)

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

## (k) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### j) 無形資產(商譽除外)(*續)*

#### (ii) 已收購無形資產(續)

無形資產於出售或當預期使用時不會帶來未來經濟利益時取消確認。取消確認無形資產產生的得益及虧損按關等額與資產的與資產的共產額計算,並於實值間的差額計算,並於賬內確認。

#### (k) 商譽以外之有形及無形資產減值

於每個報告期末,本集團檢討其有 形及無形資產之賬面值,以確定該 等資產有否任何跡象顯示出現減值 虧損。倘任何該跡象存在,則估計 資產之可收回金額,以確定減值虧 損(如有)之程度。

無限可使用年期之無形資產以及尚 未可供使用之無形資產均每年,或 於顯示資產有可能減值之情況下進 行減值測試。

可收回金額乃公平值減銷售成本及 使用中價值之較高者。如果無法估 計單項資產之可收回金額,本集團 會估計該資產所屬現金產生單位之 可收回金額。如有合理及一致之分 配方法,集團之資產亦會分配到個 別之現金產生單位,或以該合理及 一致之分配方法把集團資產分配給 最小組別之現金產生單位。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## (k) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (Cont'd)

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cashgenerating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### (I) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (k) 商譽以外之有形及無形資產減值 (續)

在評估使用價值時,預計未來現金 流量按照可以反映當前市場對貨幣 時間價值及該資產之特定風險評估 (而未來現金流量之估計並無就的 調整)之稅前折現率折算至現值。 如果估計資產(或現金產生單位)之 可收回金額低於其賬面值,則將值 資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面值 至其可收回金額。減值虧損會立即 於損益確認。

倘減值虧損隨後撥回,資產(或現金產單位)之賬面值將調高至經修訂之估計可收回金額,但增加之賬面值不超過資產(或現金產生單位)假設於以往年度並無已確認減值虧損之賬面值。減值虧損撥回會即時於損益內確認。

#### (I) 財務工具

當本集團實體參與訂立有關工具之 合約時,財務資產及財務負債即確 認入賬。

財務資產及財務負債首先以公平值 計量。初步確認時,收購或發行財 務資產及財務負債直接產生之交易 成本將視乎情況加入財務資產或財 務負債之公平值或從中扣除。

綜合財務報表附註
For the year ended 31 December 2015
截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Cont'd)

#### (I) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

#### (i) Financial assets

3.

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: "loans and receivables" and "available-for-sale" ("AFS") investments. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including amounts due from subsidiaries and associate, trade and other receivables, and cash and bank balances) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment, except where the receivables are interest-free loans without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for shortterm receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (I) 財務工具(續)

#### (i) 財務資產

#### 實際利率法

#### 貸款及應收賬款

利息收入乃按實際利率基準確認,惟確認利息影響不大 之短期應收賬款除外。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- (I) Financial instruments (Cont'd)
  - (i) Financial assets (Cont'd)

AFS Investments

AFS investments are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale investments or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity investments or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Equity and debt securities held by the Group that are classified as AFS investments and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the carrying amount of AFS monetary financial assets relating to interest income calculated using the effective interest method and dividends on AFS equity investments are recognised in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of AFS investments are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

AFS equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity investments are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

- (I) 財務工具(續)
  - (i) 財務資產(續)

可供出售投資

可供出售投資乃指定為可供出售投資或並無劃分為(a)貸款及應收款項、(b)持有至到期日之投資或(c)透過損益以公平值列賬之財務資產之非衍生工具。

本集團所持之分類為可供出 售投資及於活躍市場買賣之 股權或債券證券乃於各報告 期末按公平值計算。可供出 售貨幣財務資產賬面值之變 動,如涉及利息收入者會以 實際利率法計算,而涉及可 供出售股本投資之股息者則 於損益確認。可供出售投資 賬面值之其他變動於其他全 面收益確認,並累計至投資 重估儲備項下。當投資被出 售或被決定為減值時,過往 於投資重估儲備內確認之累 計收益或虧損會於損益重新 分類(見下文有關財務資產減 值虧損之會計政策)。

綜合財務報表附註
For the year ended 31 December 2015
截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- (I) Financial instruments (Cont'd)
  - (i) Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

- (I) 財務工具(續)
  - (i) 財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值

本公司會於報告期末評估財 務資產是否出現減值。倘有 客觀證據證明初步確認財務 資產後發生之一項或多項事 件令有關投資估計未來現金 流量受到影響,則財務資產 視為已減值。

減值之客觀證據可包括:

- 發行人或交易對方出現 重大經濟困難;或
- 違約,如未能或逾期支付利息或本金;或
- 借款人可能將會破產或 進行財務重組;或
- 財務資產之活躍市場因 財務困難而消失;或
- 證券之公平值大幅或長期下跌至低於其成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- (I) Financial instruments (Cont'd)
  - (i) Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)
For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, are assessed for impairment on a collective basis even if they were assessed not to be impaired individually. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments that pass the credit period, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods (see the accounting policy below).

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

- (I) 財務工具(續)
  - (i) 財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

就若干財務資產類別(如經濟) 而言,即使適應收賬款) 而言,即使值值別減值等,因使值值,在個別減值,在個別減值,在個別,與一個學學,與一個學學,與一個學學,與一個學學,與一個學學,與一個學學,與一個學學,與一個學學,與一個學學,與一個學學,與一個學學,與一個學學,

就按成本計值之財務資產而言,減值虧損之金額按資產所,減值虧損之金額按資產之現行市場回報率折現之估計未來現金流量現值之差額計量。有關減值虧損將不會計發則間幾回(見下文會計政策)。

綜合財務報表附註
For the year ended 31 December 2015
截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- (I) Financial instruments (Cont'd)
  - (i) Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

When an AFS investment is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

In respect of AFS equity investments, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. In respect of AFS debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

- (I) 財務工具(續)
  - (i) 財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

當可供出售投資被視為出售減值時,先前於其他全面收益確認的累計收益或虧損於有關期間被分類至損益。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (I) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

#### (ii) Financial liabilities and equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or other financial liabilities.

#### Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (I) 財務工具(續)

#### (ii) 財務負債及股本

本集團發行之債務及股本工 具乃根據合約安排之性質與 財務負債及股本工具之定義 而分類為財務負債或權益。

#### 財務負債

財務負債被分類為按公平值 計入損益之財務負債或其他 財務負債。

按公平值計入損益之財務負債

屬於持作買賣或於初步確認時指定按公平值計入損益之財務負債被分類為按公平值計入損益。計入損益。

在下列情況下財務負債被分 類為持作買賣:

- 主要就於短期內購回而 招致的財務負債;或
- 於初步確認時,構成本 集團合併管理之已識別 財務工具組合一部分, 且近期出現實際短期獲 利規率;或
- 屬於未被指定之衍生工具,並可有效作為對沖工具。

綜合財務報表附註
For the year ended 31 December 2015
截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- (I) Financial instruments (Cont'd)
  - (ii) Financial liabilities and equity (Cont'd)
    Financial liabilities at FVTPL (Cont'd)

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

- (I) 財務工具(續)
  - (ii) 財務負債及股本(續)

按公平值計入損益之財務負債(續)

在下列情況下持作買賣財務 負債以外的財務負債或會於 初步確認時指定作為按公平 值計入損益:

- 該指定消除或大幅減低 將會產生的計量或確認 不一致性;或
- 該財務負債構成一組 財務資產或財務負債 或兩者的一部分,其管 理及表現評估均根實理 集團存檔的風險管理或 投資策略按公平值基準 進行,而有關編組的部提 料亦按該基準由內部提 供;或
- 其構成含有一項或多項 嵌入式衍生工具的合 約的一部分,而香港會 計準則第39號「財務工 具:確認及計量」允許 整份合併合約指定為按 公平值計入損益。

按公平值計入損益的財務負債以公平值計量,重新計量所產生的任何收益或虧損於損益確認。在損益中確認的收益或虧損淨額包括就財務負債支付的任何利息。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (I) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

#### (ii) Financial liabilities and equity (Cont'd)

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including trade and other payables, and amounts due to subsidiaries, a director and substantial shareholder) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless the effect of discounting would not be material, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

#### Convertible notes

Convertible notes issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or at the instrument's maturity date.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (I) 財務工具(續)

#### (ii) 財務負債及股本(續)

其他財務負債

其他財務負債(包括貿易及 其他應付賬款以及應付附屬 公司、董事及主要股東之款 項)其後採用實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量,惟如折現影響 並不重大則除外,在此情況 下,按成本列賬。

#### 實際利率法

利息開支乃按實際利率基準 確認。

#### 可換股票據

於發行日期,負債部份之公 平值按類似不可換股工具之 現行市場利率估算。此金額 按攤銷成本基準以實際利率 法入賬為負債,直至於換股 當日或該工具到期日註銷為 止。

綜合財務報表附註
For the year ended 31 December 2015
截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (I) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

## (ii) Financial liabilities and equity (Cont'd)

Convertible notes (Cont'd)

The conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to share premium. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible notes, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the lives of the convertible notes using the effective interest method.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instrument.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (I) 財務工具(續)

#### (ii) 財務負債及股本(續)

可換股票據(續)

被分類為權益之換股期權乃 透過從整體複合財務工具之 公平值中扣減負債部份金額 而釐定。其將於扣除所得稅 影響後在權益中確認及入 賬,且隨後不可重新計量。 此外,被分類為權益之換股 期權將一直保留於權益內, 直至換股權獲行使為止。屆 時,在權益中確認之結餘將 轉撥至股份溢價賬。倘換股 期權於可換股票據到期日仍 未獲行使,屆時在權益中確 認之結餘將轉撥至累計虧 損。在換股後或於換股期權 到期失效時,不會在損益確 認任何收益或虧損。

#### 股本工具

股本工具指能證明某實體於 扣除所有負債後之資產中擁 有剩餘權益之任何合約。本 公司發行之股本工具乃按已 收取款項扣除直接發行成本 入賬。

購回本公司本身之股本工具 會直接於權益確認及扣除。 概無就購買、出售、發行或 註銷本公司本身之股本工具 而於損益中確認任何溢利或 虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## (I) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

## (iii) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred assets, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and recognises an associated liability. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)

## (I) 財務工具(續)

## (iii) 終止確認

本集團僅在自資產收取現金 流量的合約權利屆滿或於其 轉讓財務資產而資產擁有權 的所有風險及回報其後轉讓 予另一實體時終止確認該財 務資產。倘本集團並無轉讓 或保留擁有權的絕大部分風 險及回報,並繼續控制已轉 讓資產,則本集團會繼續確 認資產,惟以其持續參與者 為限, 並確認相關負債。倘 本集團保留已轉讓財務資產 擁有權的絕大部分風險及回 報,本集團會繼續確認該財 務資產,亦會確認已收所得 款項的有擔保借款。

綜合財務報表附註
For the year ended 31 December 2015
截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (I) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

## (iii) Derecognition (Cont'd)

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

## (m) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (I) 財務工具(續)

#### (iii) 終止確認(續)

除全面終止確認外,於終止 確認金融資產時,本集團會 將金融資產的過往賬面值, 持續參與部分及不再確認部 分於轉讓日期的相對公平值 在兩者間作出分配。分配至 不再確認部分的賬面值與不 再確認部分的已收代價總和 的差額及其獲分配的已於其 他全面收入中確認的任何累 計收益或虧損,乃於損益內 確認。已於其他全面收入中 確認的累計收益或虧損,將 按繼續確認部分及不再確認 部分的相對公平值在兩者間 作出分配。

當本集團的責任解除、取消或到期時,本集團會終止確認財務負債。終止確認的財務負債的賬面值與已付及應付代價之間的差額會在損益中確認。

## (m) 現金及現金等值物

現金及現金等值物包括手頭現金、 活期存款,以及購入時期限不超過 三個月而價值變動風險不大並且可 隨時兑換成可知現金額之短期高流 通量投資,減銀行透支(須應要求 償還及構成本集團現金管理方面一 個重要部份)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (n) Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### n) 持作出售之非流動資產

倘非流動資產及出售組合之賬面值 可主要透過出售交易而非透過持 續使用而收回,則會分類為持作出 售。此情況僅限於資產或出售集里 可於現況下即時出售(惟須受武出售集出 該等資產或出售集團之一般 該等資產或出售集團之一般 該等資產或出售集團之 條款所規限)及很有可能達成 作之 管理層必須承諾銷售,而有關 銷售預期將自分類日期起計一年內 合資格確認為已完成銷售。

當本集團承諾進行涉及失去對附屬 公司控制權的銷售計劃,倘符合上 述標準,則該附屬公司的所有資產 及負債分類為持作出售,不論本集 團是否將於銷售後保留其前附屬公 司的非控股權益。

分類為持作出售之非流動資產及出 售集團乃按其賬面值及公平值兩者 中之較低者減出售成本計量。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## (o) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the services provided in the course of the ordinary activities, net of discounts. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised as follow:

- Management and consultancy fee are recognised whenever the services are rendered;
- (ii) Income from the provision of internet broadband business management and internet protocol television services is recognised in accordance with the terms of the underlying subscription agreement and when the underlying services are rendered;
- (iii) Interest income from bank deposits is recognised on a time-apportioned basis that takes into account the effective yield on the assets; and
- (iv) Distribution from investment is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (o) 收益確認

收益按日常業務過程中就所提供服務之已收或應收代價公平值計算(扣除折扣)。倘經濟溢利可能會流入本集團且收益及成本(如適用)能夠可靠計量,則收益確認如下:

- (i) 管理諮詢費於提供服務時確 認;
- (ii) 來自提供互聯網寬頻業務管 理及互聯網電視服務之收入 根據相關訂購協議之條款提 供有關服務時確認;
- (iii) 來自銀行存款之利息收入按時間比例基準確認,並計入 資產之實際收入;及
- (iv) 投資分派於確立收取付款的 權利時確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## (p) Employee benefits

#### (i) Short term employee benefits

Salaries, bonuses, paid leaves and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

#### (ii) Retirement benefits schemes

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") are members of central pension schemes operated by the local governments in the PRC and these subsidiaries make mandatory contributions to these central pension schemes to fund the employees' retirement benefits. The retirement contributions paid by the PRC subsidiaries are based on certain percentages of the employees' salaries in accordance with the relevant regulations in the PRC, and are charged to profit or loss as incurred. The Group has no further obligation for post-retirement benefits upon payment of the retirement contributions to the central pension schemes operated by the local governments in the PRC.

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme ("the MPF Scheme"), under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)

## (p) 員工福利

#### (i) 短期僱員福利

薪金、花紅、有薪假期及非 貨幣福利之成本乃於員工提 供相關服務之年度內計提。 倘付款或結算被遞延,而其 影響可能屬重大,則該等數 額乃按其現值列賬。

#### (ii) 退休福利計劃

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Cont'd)

#### Employee benefits (Cont'd)

## (iii) Share-based payments

The fair value of the share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a share-based payment reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is included in profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payment reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the sharebased payment reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the share-based payment reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to accumulated losses).

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (p) 員工福利(續)

#### (iii) 以股付款

授予僱員之購股權之公平值 確認為僱員成本,而權益中 以股付款儲備亦會相應增 加。公平值是在授出當日計 量,並考慮購股權授出條款 及條件。倘僱員須符合歸屬 條件才可無條件享有該等購 股權,經考慮購股權歸屬之 或然率後,購股權估計公平 值總額將在歸屬期內攤分入 睢。

於歸屬期內,預期歸屬之購 股權數目會予以檢討。除非 原來僱員費用合資格確認為 一項資產,而相應調整計入 以股付款儲備,否則於過往 年度內確認之累計公平值 之任何調整乃計入檢討年度 之損益。於歸屬日期,確認 為一項開支之金額會予以調 整,以反映歸屬購股權之實 際數目(於以股付款儲備內作 出相應調整),惟倘沒收僅由 於未能達到與本公司股份市 價有關之歸屬條件則除外。 權益數額於以股付款儲備內 確認,直至購股權獲行使(當 轉撥至股份溢價賬)或購股權 屆滿(當直接撥回累計虧損) 為止。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (p) Employee benefits (Cont'd)

#### (iv) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

#### (q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (r) Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)

## (p) 員工福利(續)

#### (iv) 終止福利

終止福利乃當及僅當本集團 明確地承諾自身終止僱用或 透過實際上不可能撤回之詳 細正式計劃而向自願辭職之 僱員提供福利時予以確認。

#### (q) 借貸成本

借貸成本直接來自收購事項、建築 或生產須佔用大部分時間實現其擬 定用途或銷售之合資格資產,已撥 充作該等資產部分成本,直至有關 資產實質上可作擬定用途或銷售為 止。

尚未用於合資格資產之特定借貸暫 時投資所得之投資收入由撥充借貸 成本扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均於產生期間確 認為損益。

#### (r) 所得税

所得税開支代表即期應付及遞延税 項之總額。

即期應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計算。應課税溢利與綜合損益及其他全面收益表所報之溢利有所不同,原因為其不包括其他年度應課税或可扣減之收入或開支項目,亦不包括無需課税及扣減之項目。本集團之即期税項負債乃採用於報告期末已頒佈或實質頒佈之税率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## (r) Income tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associate, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (r) 所得税(續)

遞延税項乃就綜合財務報表之資產及負債賬面值,與計算應課稅額應課稅項負債無國經稅項負債一般就所項負債一般就所項項負債一般就所項項制在應課稅強可可用以抵銷額等時差額時確認。若暫時差額時確認既不影響應課稅過可不影響會計溢利之交易(債項不影響會計溢利之交易(債項資產生,則不予確認有關遞延稅項資產及負債。

遞延稅項負債就於附屬公司之投資 所產生應課稅暫時差額確認及聯 營公司,惟集團可控制暫時差額之 撥回以及暫時差額於可預見將來可能撥回之情況除外。與該等投 可能撥回之情況除外。與該等投 及權益相關之可扣稅暫時差額所 生之遞延稅項資產僅於可能有 定 應課稅溢利可以使用暫時差額 處及預計於可見將來可以撥回時確 認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期 末審閱,並於再不可能有充裕應課 税溢利以撥回全部或部份有關資產 時作出調減。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## (r) Income tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current tax and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. When current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

#### (s) Leases (as the lessee for operating leases)

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

#### (t) Contingent liabilities

Present obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliably. Possible obligations that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as a contingent liability unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (r) 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據於報告 期末時已實施或大致上已實施之稅 率(及税法),按預期於負債清償或 資產變現期間適用之税率計算。遞 延税項負債與資產之計算,反映按 照本集團於報告期末時預期收回或 清償資產及負債賬面值之方式所產 生税務結果。即期税項及遞延税項 於損益賬確認,除非彼等它與於其 他全面收入確認或直接於權益確認 的項目有關(在該情況下,即期稅 項及遞延税項亦分別於其他全面收 益確認或直接於權益確認)。倘業 務合併之初步會計處理產生本期稅 項或遞延税項,則税務影響計入業 務合併之會計處理。

#### (s) 租賃(作為經營租賃之承租人)

經營租賃項下應付租金按直線法基 準根據相關租賃之期限於損益中扣 除。作為訂立經營租賃獎勵之已收 取及應收取溢利按直線基準根據租 賃期限確認作租金開支削減。

#### (t) 或然負債

倘可能毋須流出經濟利益以履行責任,或責任數額未能充分可靠計量,則現有責任須披露為或然負債。因過往事件產生且其存在僅以發生或不發生一項或多項未來事件確定之可能責任,亦同時披露為或然負債,除非經濟利益流出可能性極低。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## (u) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of the entity's net investment in a foreign operation, in which case, such exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary item.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during the year, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the translation reserve as a separate component of equity. Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

#### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (u) 外幣

編製個別集團實體之財務報表時, 以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外 幣)進行之交易乃以其相關功能貨 幣(即該實體營運之主要經濟環境 之貨幣)記錄,並以交易日期之現 行匯率換算。於各報告期末,以外 幣列值之貨幣項目以報告期末現行 匯率重新換算。以外幣歷史成本計 量之非貨幣項目不予重新換算。

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目 所產生之匯兑差額會於產生期間 計入損益,惟貨幣項目所產生之匯 兑差額構成該實體於海外業務之淨 投資則除外,於此情況下,該等匯 兑差額於其他全面收入中確認並由 權益重新歸類為償付貨幣項目之損 益。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團 海外業務之資產及負債均按報告期 未之現行匯率換算為本集團之呈列 貨幣(即港元)。收入及開支項目及 按年內平均匯率換算,除非年內 率出現重大波動,於此情況下,則 採用交易當日之匯率。所產生匯認 差額(如有)於其他全面收入储備。 關匯兑差額於該項海外業務出售期 間在損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (u) Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

In addition, in relation to partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates that do not result in the Group losing significant influence), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments to identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed through acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### (v) Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or a parent of the Group;

3. 重大會計政策(續)

## (u) 外幣(續)

此外,就局部出售一間附屬公司 (包含海外業務)而又不會導致本集 團失去該附屬公司的控制權,按比 例應佔的累計匯兑差異重新歸屬予 非控股權益,且不會於損益確認。 就所有其他出售(即出售聯營公司 而又不會導致本集團失去重大影響 力)而言,按比例應佔的累計匯兑 差異重新分類至損益。

透過收購海外業務收購的可識別資 產及所承擔的負債的商譽及公平值 調整被視作海外業務的資產及負債 處理,並按每報告期末的當前匯率 換算。所產生的匯兑差異於其他全 面收益確認。

#### (v) 關連人士

- (a) 某人士或該人士家族之近親 成員與本集團有關,前提為 該人士:
  - (i) 擁有控制或共同控制本 集團之權力;
  - (ii) 對本集團施加重大影響 力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團之母 公司之主要管理層人 員:

或

or

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Cont'd)

#### Related parties (Cont'd)

- An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - the entity and the Group are the (i) members of the same group;
  - one entity is an associate or joint (ii) venture of other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
  - the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person is identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of the parent of the entity).
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 3.

#### (v) 關連人士(續)

- 在以下任何情況下,某實體 與本集團有關聯:
  - 實體與本集團為同一集 團之公司成員;
  - 實體為另一實體(或另 一實體之母公司、附屬 公司或同系附屬公司) 之聯營公司或合營公 司;
  - 某實體與本集團為同一 第三方之合營企業;
  - (iv) 實體為第三者之合營公 司且另一實體為第三者 之聯營公司;
  - 實體為本集團或與本集 (V) 團有關實體之員工設立 離職福利計劃;
  - 實體由(a)所界定人士控 制或共同控制;
  - (vii) (a)(i)所界定人士對實體 有重大影響力或為該實 體(或該實體之母公司) 之主要管理層人員。
  - (viii) 該實體或該實體所屬集 團之任何成員公司為本 集團或本集團之控股公 司提供主要管理人員服 務。

近親家屬成員指預期與實體之交易中可 影響該人士或受到該人士影響之家屬成 員。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## (w) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

#### (x) Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which represents major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, if early. It also occurs when the operation is abandoned.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)

## (w) 分部報告

營運分部及綜合財務報表所呈報之 各分部項目金額,乃根據就分配資 源予本集團各項業務及地區分部及 評估其表現而定期提供予本集團最 高層管理人員之財務資料而確定。

就財務報告而言,個別重要營運分 部不會綜合呈報,除非有關分部具 有類似經濟特徵以及在產品及服務 性質、生產程序性質、客戶類型或 類別、分銷產品或提供服務所採用 之方式及監管環境性質方面類似。 倘獨立而言並非屬重要之營運分部 共同擁有上述大部份特徵,則可綜 合呈報。

## (x) 終止經營業務

終止經營業務為本集團業務之一部 分,其營運及現金流量可與本集團 其他業務清楚區分,且代表一項按 業務或地區劃分之獨立主要業務, 或作為出售一項按業務或地區劃分 之獨立主要業務之單一統籌計劃一 部分,或為一間純粹為轉售而收購 之附屬公司。

倘業務被出售或符合列為持作出售項目之準則(如較早),則分類為終止經營業務。於撤出業務時,有關業務亦會分類為終止經營業務。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, management has made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### (a) Valuation of intangible assets and useful-life

The Group has made estimations and assumptions in relation to the potential future cash flows of identifiable intangible assets acquired as part of business combinations. This assessment involves estimations and assumptions relating to potential future revenues, appropriate discount rates and the useful life of such asset. These estimations and assumptions impact the profit or loss over the useful life of the intangible asset.

#### (b) Impairment test of intangible assets

Determining whether intangible assets are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units. The value in use calculation requires management to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value.

#### (c) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account of their estimated residual value. The determination of the useful lives and residual values involve management's estimation. The Group assesses annually the residual value and the useful life of the property, plant and equipment and if the expectation differs from the original estimate, such a difference may impact the depreciation in the year when the estimate is changed and the future period.

## 4. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

本集團應用會計政策時(見附註3),管理層經已作出以下對於綜合財務報表確認之金額具有重大影響之判斷。

#### (a) 無形資產估值及可使用年期

本集團已就作為業務合併一部分所 收購之可識別無形資產之潛在未來 現金流量作出估計及假設。此項假 設涉及就潛在未來收益、適當貼現 率及有關資產之可使用年期作出估 計及假設。該等估計及假設對無形 資產可使用年期所涵蓋期間之溢利 或虧損構成影響。

#### (b) 無形資產減值測試

釐定無形資產是否減值時需估計現 金產生單位之使用價值。計算使用 價值需要管理層估計預期自現金產 生單位產生之未來現金流量以及用 以計算現值之適當貼現率。

#### (c) 物業、廠房及設備之折舊

物業、廠房及設備經考慮其估計剩餘價值後採用直線法於其估計可使用年期內折舊。釐定可使用年期及剩餘價值涉及管理層之估計。本之則餘價值及可使用年期,而倘所作之預期與原先之估計有所不同,則該差額可能對估計出現變動之年度及未來期間之折舊構成影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

## 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

## (d) Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires management to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating units and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value.

The carrying amount of goodwill as at 31 December 2015 was HK\$195,483,000 (2014: HK\$198,681,000). Details of the recoverable amount calculation are set out in note 16.

# (e) Fair value measurement and valuation processes

Some of the Group's liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. In estimating the fair value of a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The management of the Group works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

The Group uses valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data to estimate the fair value of certain types of financial instruments. Note 30(c) provides detailed information about the valuation techniques, inputs and key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of various liabilities.

## 4. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

#### (d) 商譽減值

釐定商譽是否出現減值時需要估計 該商譽獲分配的現金產生單位的使 用價值。計算使用價值需要管理層 估算該現金產生單位預期產生之未 來現金流量,加上適當的折讓,以 計算出現值。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日之商 譽賬面值為195,483,000港元(二 零一四年:198,681,000港元)。 計算可收回金額之詳情載於附註 16。

#### (e) 公平值計量及估算過程

本集團若干負債就財務申報按公平 值計量。估計負債的公平值時,本 集團使用市場可觀察數據(如有)。 倘未能取得第一級輸入數據,則本 集團會委聘第三方合資格估值師推 行估值。本集團管理層與合資格外 部估值師密切合作,以確立適合的 估值方法及估值模型的輸入數據。

本集團採用包含並非以可觀察市場數據為基礎的輸入數據的估值方法,以估算若干類別的財務工具。附註30(c)載列釐定多項負債公平值時所採用的估值方法、輸入數據及主要假設的詳細資料。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 5. REVENUE

#### **Continuing operations**

(a) An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

## 5. 收益

#### 持續經營業務

(a) 本集團年內營業額分析如下:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Management and consultancy fee	管理及顧問費用	23,551	1,939

- (b) An analysis of the Group's other revenue and net income for the year is as follows:
- (b) 本集團年內其他收益及收入淨額分析如下:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other income Distribution from unlisted investments Interest income Fair value changes on contingent	其他收益 從非上市投資分派 利息收入 或然應付代價公平值變動	962 12 62	54 201 24
consideration payable	以然感刊 八頁 4 十	8,872	15,227
		9,908	15,506

## 6. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

Segment information reported to the chief operating decision maker, directors of the Company, is based on the type of services rendered by the Group's operating division for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment.

The Group has one reporting segment, private investment fund management and consultancy services. The Group's revenue from continuing operation from external customers by location of operations is the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and the revenue from the largest customer is HK\$18,700,000 (2014: HK\$1,500,000). Non-current assets of HK\$196,826,000 (2014: HK\$250,119,000) and HK\$6,453,000 (2014: HK\$5,653,000) are located in the PRC and Hong Kong respectively.

## 6. 分部資料

就分配資源及評估表現而向主要營運決 策人,即本公司董事,呈報之分部資料 乃按本集團營運分部提供之服務類型分 類。

本集團有一個可呈報分部,即私人投資基金管理及顧問服務。本集團持續經營業務之收益來自按營運地點分析位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)之外部客戶,其中來自最大客戶之收益為18,700,000港元(二零一四年:1,500,000港元(二零一四年:250,119,000港元)及6,453,000港元(二零一四年:5,653,000港元)之所在地分別為中國及香港。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 7. FINANCE COSTS Continuing operations

# 7. 融資成本 持續經營業務

	2015	2014
	二零一五年	二零一四年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Interest on other loan 其他貸款利息	1,105	1,139
	1,105	1,139

# 8. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

The Group's loss before taxation from continuing operations is arrived at after charging:

## 8. 持續經營業務之除税前虧損

本集團來自持續經營業務之除稅前虧損 乃經扣除下列各項後得出:

		2015	2014
		二零一五年 HK\$'000	二零一四年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Staff costs (excluding directors' remuneration)	員工成本(不包括董事薪酬)		
<ul><li>wages, salaries and other benefits</li><li>retirement benefits scheme</li></ul>	一工資、薪金及其他福利 一退休福利計劃供款	5,072	1,832
contributions		141	211
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	768	650
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	50,877	4,240
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備之折舊		
plant and equipment		713	43
Operating lease rentals in respect of	土地及樓宇之經營租約租金		
land and buildings		1,025	396
Legal and professional fees	法律及專業費用	1,099	3,954
Impairment loss of goodwill	商譽之減值虧損	3,198	_

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

## **DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION**

## 9. 董事及僱員薪酬

## (a) Directors' remuneration

## (a) 董事薪酬

The details of emoluments of each director are shown below:

各董事之酬金詳情如下:

Year ended 31 December 2015

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止 年度

		As directors	As management		
		作為董事	作為管理層		
			Salaries,	Retirement	
			allowances	benefits	
			and other	scheme	
			benefits	contributions	
		Fees	薪金、津貼及	退休福利	Total
Name of director	董事姓名	袍金	其他利益	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	,				
<b>Executive directors:</b>	執行董事:				
Xie Xuan	謝暄	540	-	-	540
Xiao Jing	肖靖	120	-	-	120
Chu Yat Hong (Note)	朱一航(附註)	50	-	-	50
Qiu Yue	邱越	-	-	-	-
Feng Ke	馮科	504	-	-	504
Independent non-	獨立非執行董事:				
executive directors:					
Wu Jixue	巫繼學	30	-	-	30
Zhang Daorong	張道榮	48	-	-	48
Zheng Hongliang	鄭紅亮	18		_	18
		1,310			1,310
		1,310			1,310

Resigned on 18 May 2015 Note: 附註: 於二零一五年五月十八日辭任

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 9. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

## 9. 董事及僱員薪酬(續)

(a) Directors' remuneration (Cont'd)

(a) 董事薪酬(*續*)

Year ended 31 December 2014

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止 年度

	As direc 作為董			agement 管理層	
			Salaries,	Retirement	
			allowances	benefits	
			and other	scheme	
			benefits	contributions	
		Fees	薪金、津貼及	退休福利	Total
Name of director	董事姓名	袍金	其他利益	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	,	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
For eaching discrete	4.仁英市 .				
Executive directors:	執行董事:	F40			F40
Xie Xuan	謝暄	540	_	_	540
Xiao Jing	肖靖	120	_	_	120
Chu Yat Hong	朱一航	120	_	_	120
Qiu Yue	邱越	-	_	_	-
Feng Ke	馮科	504	_	_	504
Non-executive director:	非執行董事:				
Lo Mun Lam, Raymond	盧敏霖(附註)				
(Note)		10	-	-	10
Independent non-	獨立非執行董事:				
executive directors:					
Wu Jixue	巫繼學	30	_	_	30
Zhang Daorong	張道榮	48	-	_	48
Zheng Hongliang	鄭紅亮	18			18
		1,390	_	_	1,390

Note: Retired on 23 May 2014

附註:於二零一四年五月二十三日退 任

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2014: Nil).

年內,概無任何安排致使董事放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬(二零一四年:無)。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 9. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

## (b) Five highest paid employees

The five highest paid employees during the year included two (2014: two) directors whose remuneration is set out in directors' remuneration in (a) above. Details of remuneration of the remaining three (2014: three) non-director employees are as follows:

## 9. 董事及僱員薪酬(續)

#### (b) 五位最高薪僱員

年內,五位最高薪僱員中包括兩位 (二零一四年:兩位)董事,其薪酬 載列於上文(a)董事薪酬一節。其 餘三位(二零一四年:三位)非董事 僱員之薪酬詳情如下:

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries, allowances and	薪金、津貼及其他利益		
other benefits		1,133	941
Retirement benefits scheme	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		18	25
		1,151	966

Their emoluments fell within the following band:

彼等之酬金介乎以下範圍:

		2015 二零一五年	2014 二零一四年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	3	3

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 10. INCOME TAX CREDIT (RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS)

- (a) Income tax credit in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:
- 10. 與持續經營業務有關之所得税抵免
  - (a) 於綜合損益及其他全面收益表之所 得税抵免為:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current toy DDC Enterprise	即期税項一中國企業		
Current tax — PRC Enterprise Income Tax	所得税 所得税		
Charge for the year	本年度開支	_	_
charge for the year	本十及州文		
Current tax — Hong Kong	即期税項-香港		
Profits Tax	利得税		
Charge for the year	本年度開支	_	_
Deferred tax	遞延税項	(12,719)	(1,060)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(12,719)	(1,060)

Hong Kong Profits Tax has not been provided as the Group had no assessable profits for the year (2014: Nil).

PRC Enterprise Income Tax has not been provided (2014: Nil). Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

由於本年度本集團並無香港應課税溢利,故此並無就香港利得税作撥備(二零一四年:無)。

並無就中國企業所得税作撥備(二零一四年:無)。來自其他司法權區之税 項按有關司法權區之通行稅率計算。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 10. INCOME TAX CREDIT (RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS) (Cont'd)

- (b) Reconciliation between income tax credit and accounting loss per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income at applicable tax rates is as follows:
- 10. 與持續經營業務有關之所得稅抵免(續)
  - (b) 所得税抵免與綜合損益及其他全面 收益表所載按適用税率計算之會計 虧損之對賬如下:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before taxation from continuing operations	與持續經營業務有關之 除稅前虧損	(45,267)	(2,278)
Notional tax on loss before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to profit/loss in the jurisdictions concerned Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax purpose	按照相關司法權區之溢 利/虧損之適用税率 就除税前虧損計算之 名義税項 毋需繳税之收入 不能扣税之開支	(8,218) (5,999) 1,498	(387) (1,487) 814
Income tax credit for the year	年內之所得税抵免	(12,719)	(1,060)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 11. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 24 December 2014, the Group announced that the management agreement in respect of internet broadband business management and internet protocol television (IPTV) services provided by the Group to Guangdong Zhicheng Weiye Investment Limited would not be renewed upon its expiration.

In view of keen competitions and high costs, the Group decided not to continue (i) operations of the aforesaid business division and (ii) the business division in relation to content solution and business consultation services.

The cessation was consistent with the Group's strategies to focus its resources in the private investment fund management and consultancy business.

The combined results of the discontinued operations included in the loss for the year ended 31 December 2014 are set out below.

## 11. 終止經營業務

於二零一四年十二月二十四日,本集團 宣佈,有關本集團向廣東至誠偉業投資 有限公司提供互聯網寬頻業務管理及互 聯網電視服務之管理協議於屆滿後不會 重續。

鑑於競爭激烈及成本高昂,本集團決定 不繼續經營(i)上述業務分部:及(ii)與內 容供應解決方案及業務諮詢服務有關之 業務分部。

終止經營乃符合本集團之策略,可集中 投放資源於私人投資基金管理及諮詢業 務。

計入截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止 年度虧損之終止經營業務合併業績列載 如下。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

## 11. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Cont'd)

Loss for the year from discontinued operations

## 11. 終止經營業務(續)

終止經營業務產生之年內虧損

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue– Cost of services	收益 服務成本	=	124,456 (122,423)
Gross profit Other revenue and net income Administrative and operating expense	毛利 其他收益及收入淨額 行政及營運開支		2,033 7 (19,672)
Loss before taxation Income tax credit	除税前虧損 所得税抵免	=	(17,632) 254
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	終止經營業務產生之年內虧損	_	(17,378)

Loss before taxation from discontinued operations is arrived at after charging:

終止經營業務產生之除稅前虧損已扣 除:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Staff costs (excluding directors' remuneration)	員工成本(不包括董事薪酬)		
<ul> <li>wages, salaries and other benefits</li> <li>retirement benefits scheme</li> </ul>	-工資、薪金及其他福利 -退休福利計劃供款	-	57
contributions	12. dt 47. dt 4	-	32
Auditor's remuneration Depreciation of property, plant and	核數師酬金 物業、廠房及設備之折舊	-	34
equipment		-	62
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	-	1,014
Legal and professional fees	法律及專業費用	-	2
Business development fee Provision for guarantee income	業務發展費用 保證收入撥備	_	5,076 6,011

Cash flows from discontinued operations

終止經營業務產生之現金流量

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net cash outflows from operating	經營業務產生之現金流出淨額		(0.5)
activities  Net cash inflows from investing activities	投資活動之淨現金流入融資活動之淨現金流出	_	(25) 380
Net cash outflows from financing activities	融負活動之净况並流面	_	(8,675)
Net cash outflows	淨現金流出	_	(8,320)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 12. DIVIDEND

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividends for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

## 13. LOSS PER SHARE

## (a) Basic loss per share From continuing and discontinued operations

The calculations of the basic loss per share are based on the following data:

## 12. 股息

董事不建議就截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度派發任何股息(二零 一四年:無)。

## 13. 每股虧損

## (a) 每股基本虧損源自持續經營及已終 止業務

每股基本虧損乃根據以下數據進行 計算:

		0015	0014
		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔		
the Company	虧損	(11,843)	(11,299)
		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
Weighted average number of	普通股加權平均數目		
ordinary shares			
Issued ordinary shares	於一月一日		
at 1 January	已發行普通股	1,761,825,563	1.485.518.897
Effect of issue of shares on	因收購於附屬公司之	.,,,,	., .00,0 .0,00
acquisition of interests in	權益發行股份之影響		
subsidiaries	惟血饭门双切之彩音		25,738,155
Subsidiaries			20,730,100
Weighted average number of	於十二月三十一日之		
ordinary shares at 31 December	普通股加權平均數目	1,761,825,563	1,511,257,052

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 13. LOSS PER SHARE (Cont'd)

# (a) Basic (loss)/earnings per share From continuing operations (Cont'd)

The calculations of basis (loss)/earnings per share are based on the following data:

## 13. 每股虧損(續)

## (a) 每股基本(虧損)/盈利源自持續經 營及已終止業務(續)

每股基本(虧損)/溢利乃根據以下 數據計算:

源自持續經營業務

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company The denominators used are the same as those detailed above	本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)/溢利 所用分母與上文 詳述者相同	(11,843)	1,586

#### From discontinued operations

The calculations of basis loss per share are based on the following data:

#### 源自終止經營業務

每股基本虧損根據以下數據計算:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year from discontinued operations  The denominators used are the same as those detailed above	終止經營業務產生 之年內虧損 所用分母與上文 詳述者相同	r	(12,885)

## (b) Diluted (loss)/earnings per share

Diluted (loss)/earnings per share from continuing and discontinued operations, from continuing operations, and from discontinued operations are same as basic (loss)/earnings per share detailed above as these were no potential dilutive shares outstanding.

#### (b) 每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利

持續經營及終止經營業務之每股攤 薄(虧損)/盈利,就持續經營及終 止經營業務而言為上述之每股基本 (虧損)/盈利,因為並無潛在未獲 行使之攤薄股份。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

## 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

## 14. 物業、廠房及設備

			Computer			
		Leasehold improvement 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	and equipment 電腦及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
					-	
Cost	成本					
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	64	493	2,752	149	3,458
Additions	添置	-	192	45	-	237
Acquisition through business	經業務合併而收購					
combination		175	35	82	-	292
Written off	撇銷	-	(260)	(2,099)	-	(2,359)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	_	(7)	(50)	(3)	(60)
At 31 December 2014 and	於二零一四年十二月三十一日					
at 1 January 2015	及二零一五年一月一日	239	453	730	146	1,568
Additions		395	33	6	2,871	
						3,305
Written off	撇銷	(173)	(57)	(259)	- (0)	(489)
Exchange difference	正	(2)	(11)	(14)	(6)	(33)
Transfer to assets held for sale	轉撥至持作出售之資產		(218)	(87)	(140)	(445)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	459	200	376	2,871	3,906
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	累計折舊及減值虧損					
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	16	454	2,473	149	3,092
Charge for the year	本年度開支	10	13	82	_	105
Written back	撇銷	-	(249)	(2,006)	_	(2,255)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	-	(7)	(17)	(3)	(27)
At 31 December 2014 and	於二零一四年十二月三十一日					
at 1 January 2015	及二零一五年一月一日	26	211	532	146	915
Charge for the year	本年度開支	10	53	68	582	713
Written back	撇銷	-	(54)	(230)	-	(284)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	-	(4)	(9)	(13)	(26)
Transfer to assets held for sale	轉撥至持作出售之資產	_	(53)	(12)	(140)	(205)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	36	153	349	575	1,113
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值					
At at 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	423	47	27	2,296	2,793
At at 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	213	242	198	_	653

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

## 15. 無形資產

		Customer relationships 客戶關係 HK\$'000 千港元	Permit 許可證 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本			
At January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	_	226,668	226,668
Acquisition through business	經業務合併而收購		-,	-,
combination		56,009	_	56,009
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(892)	-	(892)
At 31 December 2014,	於二零一四年十二月三十一日、			
1 January 2015 and 31 December 2015	二零一五年一月一日及			
	二零一五年十二月三十一日	55,117	226,668	281,785
Accumulated amortisation and	累計攤銷及減值虧損			
impairment losses				
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	-	225,654	225,654
Amortisation for the year	年內攤銷	4,240	1,014	5,254
At 31 December 2014 and	於二零一四年十二月三十一日及			
1 January 2015	二零一五年一月一日	4,240	226,668	230,908
Amortisation for the year	年內攤銷	50,877		50,877
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	55,117	226,668	281,785
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值			
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	_	_	
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	50,877	-	50,877

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

## **15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (Cont'd)

- (a) Customer relationships represented cost incurred to acquire contractual relationships with customers through business combination (Note 32).
- (b) The Permit represented an exclusive right of usage of Broadcast of Audio-Video Program On Web Permit (信息網絡傳播視聽節目許可證) granted by the holder of the Permit (the "Holder") to a subsidiary of the Company under an exclusive agreement entered into between that subsidiary of the Company and the Holder. The Permit commenced on 1 October 2007 and expired on 30 September 2015. As the directors of the Company decided to discontinue the operations of internet broadband business management and IPTV services in 2014, intangible assets were fully amortised in the year ended 31 December 2014.

## 15. 無形資產(續)

- (a) 客戶關係指透過業務合併(附註 32)獲取與客戶之合約關係所產生 之成本。
- (b) 許可證指信息網絡傳播視聽節目許可證持有人(「持有人」)根據本公司附屬公司與持有人訂立之獨家協之有效期議向該附屬公司授出之獨家使用權。許可證於二零零七年十月一日開始,並於二零一五年九月三十日屆滿。由於本公司董事決定於二零一四年終止互聯網寬頻業務管理及互聯網電視服務業務,故無形資產於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度全面攤銷。

#### 16. GOODWILL

#### 16. 商譽

	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost 成本		
At 1 January 於一月一日	198,681	_
Amount arising from business	-	201,897
Exchange difference	_	(3,216)
At 31 December 於十二月三十一日	198,681	198,681
Accumulated impairment losses 累計減值虧損		
At 1 January 於一月一日	_	_
Impairment loss recognised in the year 年內已確認減值虧損	3,198	-
At 31 December 於十二月三十一日	3,198	_
Nich counties account		
Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 At 31 December 於十二月三十一日	195,483	198,681

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

## **16. GOODWILL** (Cont'd)

Goodwill arising on acquisition of interests in subsidiaries is disclosed in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

Goodwill has been allocated for impairment testing purposes to the following group of cash-generating unit:

## 16. 商譽(續)

收購附屬公司權益所產生之商譽披露於 綜合財務報表附註32。

商譽就減值測試分配至以下組別之現金 產生單位:

	2015	2014
	二零一五年	二零一四年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Private investment fund management 私人投資基金管理及		
and consultancy services 顧問服務	195,483	198,681

The recoverable amount of this group of cashgenerating unit is determined based on a value in use calculation which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by directors of the Company covering a five-year period, and a discount rate of 18.94% per annum (2014: 12.75%).

The cash flows beyond that five-year period have been extrapolated using a steady 2.77% (2014: 2%) per annum growth rate which does not exceed the long term average growth rate for the market. Due to the slow down of economic growth and increase in discount rate, the cash-generating unit has been reduced to its recoverable amount of HK\$195,483,000. Accordingly, an impairment loss of HK\$3,198,000 has been recognised and included in "administrative and operating expenses" in the profit or loss. Any adverse change in the assumptions used in the calculation of recoverable amount would result in further impairment losses.

該組別之現金產生單位之可收回金額乃根據使用價值釐定,而使用價值乃按本公司董事批准之財務預算之現金流量預測計算。該財務預算涵蓋五年期間,貼現率為每年18.94%(二零一四年:12.75%)。

五年期間之後的現金流量按穩健的增長率每年2.77%(二零一四年:2%)推算,惟增長率不超過市場的長期平均增長率。由於經濟增長放緩及貼現平率增加,現金產生單位已減至其可收回虧195,483,000港元。因此,減值虧損2,198,000港元已確認入及計入損益之「行政及營運開支」。計算可收回金額所用之假設如有任何不利變動將導致額外減值虧損。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATE

## 17. 於聯營公司之權益

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted investment	非上市投資		
Share of net assets	分佔資產淨值	2,292	2,861
Amount due from associate	應收聯營公司款項	2,711	2,700
		5,003	5,561

Amount due from associate is unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no fixed repayment terms.

應收聯營公司款項為無抵押、免息且並 無固定還款期。

Particulars of the associate are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements. 聯營公司詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 35。

Aggregate information of associate that is not individually material:

個別不重大聯營公司的合計資料:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Aggregate carrying amount of individually immaterial associate in the consolidated financial statements	綜合財務報表中個別不重大聯 營公司之賬面值總額	2,292	2,861
Aggregate amounts of the Group's share of that associate	本集團分佔該聯營公司之總額		
Loss from continuing operations Post-tax loss from discontinued operations	持續經營業務之虧損 來自終止經營業務之 除税後虧損	(569)	(509)
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive loss	其他全面收益 全面虧損總額	- (569)	- (509)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 18. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

#### 18. 可供出售投資

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted equity investments	非上市股本投資	_	71,682

These unlisted equity investments represented investments in private investment funds and were measured at cost less impairment, if any at the end of the reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates were so significant that the directors of the Company were of the opinion that their fair value could not be measured reliably.

此等非上市股本投資指私型投資基金之 投資並按成本扣除於報告期末之減值 (如有)計量,由於公平值的合理估計範 圍十分重大,本公司董事認為公平值無 法可靠地計量。

#### 19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

#### 19. 貿易及其他應收賬款

		2015	2014 二零一四年
		二零一五年 HK\$'000	_◆ <sup>_</sup> 四年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	2,290	3,509
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及		
receivables (Note)	其他應收賬款(附註)	1,446	152,187
		3,736	155,696

The credit terms granted by the Group to customers are determined on a case-by-case basis with reference to the size of service contracts, recurrent services provided to sales with the customers and their credit history. The Group makes provision for trade receivables based on specific review. Provision is made against trade receivables after considering the amount due, creditability of customers and other qualitative factors.

本集團向客戶提供之信貸條款乃參考服 務合約金額、向該等客戶持續提供之銷 售服務及彼等之借貸歷史按個別情況釐 定。本集團按個別情況就貿易應收賬款 作出撥備。本集團會於考慮到期金額、 客戶信譽及其他質量因素後對貿易應收 賬款作出撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables of the Group at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

## 19. 貿易及其他應收賬款(續)

本集團於報告期末之貿易應收賬款之賬 齡分析如下:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days	0至30天	_	3,509
Over 180 days	超過180天	2,290	-
Total trade receivables	貿易應收賬款總額	2,290	3,509

The credit period of the Group's trade receivables ranges from 60 days to 90 days. For certain customers with long-estimated relationship and good past histories, a longer credit period may be granted.

No interest was charged on the trade receivables. The Group did not hold any collateral over these balances. The management of the Group monitors the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt and considers adequate impairment loss has been recognised for irrecoverable amount, if necessary. None of the trade receivable is either past due or impaired.

#### Note:

Included in the other receivables of 2014, a balance of HK\$136,672,000 was managed receivables. Due to the restructuring of funds, the investors entrusted the Company's subsidiary to manage an amount of the other receivables ("managed receivables") and the amount of the other payables ("managed payables"), in order to utilize the Company's services to enhance the recovery process of the receivables resulting in earlier payout of the payables.

本集團之貿易應收賬款之信貸期介乎於60至90日。就若干預期維持長久關係及過往良好記錄之客戶而言,更長信貸期將獲批准。

該等貿易應收賬款乃不計息。本集團概無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。本集團之管理層監察各項個別貿易債務之可收回金額,並認為已經就無法收回之金額確認足夠減值虧損(如需要)。概無貿易應收賬款到期或減值。

#### 附註:

二零一四年之其他應收賬款中包括 136,672,000港元之受管理應收賬款。由於 重組基金,投資者已信託本公司附屬公司管 理一筆其他應收賬款(「受管理應收賬款」),以借助 本公司服務改進應收賬款收回程序,導致應 付賬款之提早派付。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### 20. 現金及現金等值物

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and bank balances Cash and bank balances included in	現金及銀行結餘 計入分類為持作出售資產之現	12,383	20,316
assets classified as held for sale	金及銀行結餘	70	_
		12,453	20,316

Bank balances comprise deposits with bank held by the Group with an original maturity of three months or less. 銀行結餘包括由本集團持有而原到期日 為三個月或更短時間之銀行存款。

#### 21. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

On 4 December 2015, the Company entered into a memorandum of understanding with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Company intended to dispose of 100% equity interest in a subsidiary, Vega International Group Limited. The major classes of assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

### 21. 分類為持作出售資產

於二零一五年十二月四日,本公司與獨立第三方訂立諒解備忘錄,據此,本公司擬出售於附屬公司Vega International Group Limited之100%股權。於報告期末之主要資產及負債類別如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Assets classified as held for sale comprise:	分類為持作出售資產包括:	
·	物業、廠房及設備	240
Property, plant and equipment		
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	66,497
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款	128,600
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	70
		195,407
Liabilities associated with assets classified	與分類為持作出售資產有關之	100,107
as held for sale comprise:	負債包括:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		000 001
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	203,021
Net liabilities	負債淨額	7,614
Translation records relating to	的八颗为牡析山焦次玄左關內	
Translation reserve relating to	與分類為持作出售資產有關之	
assets classified as held for sale	匯兑儲備 ————————————————————————————————————	323
Non-controlling interests relating to	與分類為持作出售資產有關之	
assets classified as held for sale	非控股權益	3,801
	クトリエルス TE IIII	0,001

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 <sub>截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度</sub>

#### 22. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

#### 22. 貿易及其他應付賬款

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables Accruals and other payables	貿易應收賬款 預提費用及其他應付賬款	- 12,962	_ 246,466
		12,962	246,466

As mentioned in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements, included in other payables of 2014, a balance of HK\$210,158,000 was managed payables.

如綜合財務報表附註19所述,二零 一四年之其他應付賬款中包括結餘 210,158,000港元之受管理應付賬款。

#### 23. CONTINGENT CONSIDERATION PAYABLE

#### 23. 或然應付代價

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	100,953	109,825

Convertible bonds of contingent consideration payable to be issued is based on the percentage of profit after tax of the acquired subsidiaries in each of the years 2015 and 2016 compared to HK\$25,500,000 respectively, therefore the contingent consideration payable is classified as a financial liability, measured at fair value through profit or loss within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" issued by HKICPA. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration payable is recognised in profit or loss of the Group.

將予發行之可換股債券之或然應付代價 是根據所收購附屬公司於二零一五年 及二零一六年各年之除稅後溢利比對 25,500,000港元之百分比分別計算,故 或然應付代價分類為金融負債,其按香 港會計師公會頒佈之香港會計準則第39 號「金融工具:確認及計量」範疇內以公 平值計入損益的方式計量,而或然應付 代價的其後變動於本集團損益確認。

The profit after tax of the acquired subsidiaries was below HK\$25,500,000 in the first financial year. On 24 February 2016, the Company entered into the supplementary agreement to defer the issue of convertible bonds to the next financial year.

於首個財政年度,已收購附屬公司之除 税後溢利低於25,500,000港元。於二零 一六年二月二十四日,本公司訂立補充 協議,以將發行可換股債券遞延至下一 個財政年度。

The fair value of the contingent consideration payable as at 31 December 2015 is determined by independent qualified professional valuers, Ascent Partners Valuation Service Limited using Binominal model.

於二零一五年十二月三十一日之或然應 付代價之公平值由獨立合資格專業估值 師艾升評值諮詢有限公司採用二項式定 價模型釐定。

Intangible

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 24. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

# The major deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years are summarised below:

#### 24. 遞延税項負債

本年度及過往年度已確認之主要遞延税 項負債及其變動概述如下:

		<b>assets</b> 無 <b>形資產</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	254
Amount arising from business	因業務合併產生之數額(附註32)	
combination (Note 32)		14,002
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	(1,314)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(223)
At 31 December 2014 and at 1 January 2015	於二零一四年十二月三十一日及 二零一五年一月一日	12,719
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	(12,719)
As at 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	_

At the end of the reporting period, deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses due to the unpredictability stream of future taxable profits that will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised. 於報告期末,由於無法預測將有可動用 税項虧損抵銷之未來應課税溢利來源, 故並無就未動用税項虧損確認遞延税項 資產。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 25. SHARE CAPITAL

# 25. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	<b>Amount</b> <b>金額</b> HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised (Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each):	法定股本(每股面值0.10港元之普通股):		
Balance at 1 January 2014 Increase (Note i)	於二零一四年一月一日之結餘 增加(附註i)	2,000,000,000	200,000
Balance at 31 December 2014, at 1 January 2015 and at 31 December 2015	於二零一四年十二月三十一日、 於二零一五年一月一日及 於二零一五年十二月三十一日之結餘	10,000,000,000	1,000,000
Issued and fully paid (Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each)	已發行及繳足股本(每股面值0.10港元之 普通股)		
Balance at 1 January 2014 Issue of shares (Note ii)	於二零一四年一月一日之結餘 發行股份(附註ii)	1,485,518,897 276,306,666	148,552 27,631
Balance at 31 December 2014, at 1 January 2015 and at 31 December 2015	於二零一四年十二月三十一日、 於二零一五年一月一日及 於二零一五年十二月三十一日之結餘	1,761,825,563	176,183

#### Notes:

- (i) On 29 September 2014, increase in authorised share capital from HK\$200,000,000 to HK\$1,000,000,000 by creation of 8,000,000,000 Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each was approved by shareholders.
- (ii) On 5 December 2014, 276,306,666 Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each were issued at HK\$0.45 per Ordinary share as a result of acquisition of interests in subsidiaries.

#### 附註:

- (i) 於二零一四年九月二十九日,透過增設8,000,000,000股每股面值0.10港元之普通股將法定股本由200,000,000港元增至1,000,000,000港元,已獲股東批准。
- (ii) 於二零一四年十二月五日,由於收購 附屬公司權益,已按每股普通股0.45 港元之價格發行276,306,666股每股面 值0.10港元之普通股。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 26. RESERVES

# 26. 儲備

		Share premium 股份 <b>溢價</b> HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Translation reserve <b>匯兑儲備</b> HK\$*000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	235,295	26,020	(1,407)	(390,662)	(130,754)
Loss for the year Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	本年度虧損 換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額	-	-	(2,180)	(11,299)	(11,299) (2,180)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	_	_	(2,180)	(11,299)	(13,479)
Issue of shares on acquisition of interests in subsidiaries	因收購於附屬公司之 權益發行股份	69,076	-	-	-	69,076
		69,076	-	-	-	69,076
At 31 December 2014 and at 1 January 2015	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日及 二零一五年一月一日	304,371	26,020	(3,587)	(401,961)	(75,157)
Loss for the year Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	本年度虧損 換算海外業務產生之 匯兇差額	-	-	- (164)	(11,843)	(11,843) (164)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	-	-	(164)	(11,843)	(12,007)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	304,371	26,020	(3,751)	(413,804)	(87,164)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **26. RESERVES** (Cont'd)

Under the Companies Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands, share premium, capital redemption reserve and contributed surplus are distributable to shareholders, subject to the condition that the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of share premium, capital redemption reserve and contributed surplus if:

- (i) it is, or after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realisable value of its assets would be thereby less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital account.

The capital reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the Ordinary shares issued by the Company and the aggregate of the share capital and share premium of subsidiaries acquired through an exchange of shares as at the date of the group reorganisation and the waive of loans by a related party on 1 February 2004.

The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 3(u).

At the end of the reporting period, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Company did not have any reserves available for distribution to shareholders of the Company (2014: Nil).

#### 26. 儲備(續)

根據開曼群島公司法(修訂本),股份溢價、資本贖回儲備及實繳盈餘可供分派予股東,惟於下列情況下,本公司不得宣派或派付股息,或以股份溢價、資本贖回儲備及實繳盈餘作出分派:

- (i) 現時或於分派後無法償還到期負 債;或
- (ii) 其資產之可變現價值因而減至低於 其負債與已發行股本賬之總額。

本集團之資本儲備乃指本公司已發行普通股之面值與於集團重組當日透過股份交換收購附屬公司之股本及股份溢價總額,以及關連人士於二零零四年二月一日豁免貸款之差額。

匯兑儲備包括所有因換算海外業務之財務報表所產生之匯兑差額,並且根據附註3(u)所載列之會計政策處理。

於報告期末,本公司董事認為,本公司 並無任何可供分派予本公司股東之儲備 (二零一四年:無)。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 27. SHARE OPTIONS

The Company does not currently have any employee share option scheme in effect.

#### 28. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are as follows:

- (a) Amount due to a director, Xie Xuan, of approximately HK\$5,713,000 (2014: HK\$5,429,000) is unsecured, non-interest bearing and is not due for repayment within the next twelve months.
- (b) Amount due to substantial shareholder, Asian Dynamics International Limited, of approximately HK\$22,349,000 (2014: HK\$26,245,000) is unsecured, interest bearing at the annual rate of 5% and is not due for repayment within the next twelve months.

Interest paid and payable to the substantial shareholder for the year amounted to approximately HK\$1,105,000 (2014: HK\$1,139,000).

#### 27. 購股權

本公司目前並無有效之員工購股權計劃。

#### 28. 重大關連人士交易

本公司與其附屬公司(為本公司之關連 人士)之結餘及交易已於綜合賬目時予 以撇銷,故未於本附註內披露。本集團 與其他關連人士之交易詳情披露如下:

- (a) 應 付 董 事 謝 暄 之 款 項 約 為 5,713,000 港元 ( 二零 — 四 年 : 5,429,000港元 ) 乃無抵押、免息 及毋需於未來12個月內償還。
- (b) 應付主要股東 Asian Dynamics International Limited 款項約為 22,349,000港元(二零一四年: 26,245,000港元)乃無抵押、按年 率5%計息及毋需於未來12個月內 償還。

年內,已付及應付主要股東之利息 約為1,105,000港元(二零一四年: 1,139,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 28. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 28 (Cont'd)

- On 31 December 2012, the Group entered into the management agreement ("Management Agreement") with Guangdong Zhicheng Weiye Investment Limited ("Guangdong Zhicheng"), a company controlled by Mr. Chu Yat Hong who was a substantial shareholder and a director of the Company, pursuant to which the Group agreed to provide management services to Guangdong Yingxin Xinxi Investment Limited ("Guangdong Yingxin"), a whollyowned subsidiary of Guangdong Zhicheng. Accordingly, the Management Agreement constituted continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules and was properly disclosed thereunder. The Group would entitled the operating profit of Guangdong Yingxin in respect of multimedia and internet services as service fee. In 2014, the Group charged internet broadband business management service fee of HK\$124,456,000 to Guangdong Yingxin and reimbursed Guangdong Yingxin cost of such services of HK\$122,423,000. The amount of HK\$2,009,000 was unsettled at 31 December 2014 and included in trade receivables. In addition, Guangdong Yingxin charged business development fee of HK\$5,076,000 to the Group during the year of 2014.
- (d) Included in prepayment, deposits and other receivables of 2014 was an amount of approximately HK\$2,903,000 due from Guangdong Yingxin. The amount was unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.
- (e) In 2009, the Group entered into cooperation agreement with Guangdong Yingxin, a company controlled by Mr. Chu Yat Hong, to operate and develop the business of the internet protocol television services. Pursuant to the agreement, the Group guaranteed Guangdong Yingxin that its profit sharing compensated its initial costs. In this respect, the Group made provision for guarantee income of HK\$4,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2012. In 2014, the Group further provided guarantee income of HK\$6,011,000.

# 28. 重大關連人士交易(續)

- 於二零一二年十二月三十一日, (c) 本集團與廣東至誠偉業投資有限 公司(「廣東至誠」,由本公司主要 股東及董事朱一航先生控制的公 司)訂立管理協議(「管理協議」), 據此,本集團同意向廣東盈信資 訊投資有限公司(「廣東盈信」,廣 東至誠的全資附屬公司)提供管理 服務。因此,管理協議構成創業 板上市規則第20章所界定之持續 關連交易,並已據此作出適當披 露。本集團有權就廣東盈信多媒體 及互聯網服務享有廣東盈信的經 營溢利,作為服務費用。於二零 一四年,本集團向廣東盈信收取 124,456,000港元之互聯網寬頻業 務管理服務費,並補償廣東盈信有 關服務之成本122,423,000港元。 於二零一四年十二月三十一日,約 2,009,000港元尚未結清並計入貿 易應收款項。此外,廣東盈信於二 零一四年向本集團收取服務發展費 5,076,000港元。
- (d) 約2,903,000港元計入二零一四年 之預付款項、按金及其他應收款項 之款項,乃為廣東盈信所結欠。該 等款項為無抵押、不計息及須應要 求償還。
- (e) 於二零零九年,本集團與廣東盈信 (由朱一航先生控制之公司)訂立 合作協議,以經營及發展互聯網電 視服務。根據協議,本集團保證 其溢利分成將可補其初步成本。 就此,本集團於截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度為保證收入 4,000,000港元作出撥備。於二零 一四年,本集團進一步為保證收入 進一步撥備6,011,000港元。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日十年度

# 28. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

# On 10 January 2014, the Group and connected persons, Mr. Xie Xuan and his spouse, entered into the sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Group agreed to purchase 40% equity interest in Best Concept Limited and 40% of loan (equivalent to HK\$2,700,000) owed by Best Concept Limited, from Mr. Xie Xuan and his spouse at consideration of HK\$6,070,000. Mr. Xie Xuan was an Executive director and Chairman of the Company and a substantial shareholder of Best Concept Limited. Accordingly, the transaction constituted a connected transaction as defined in Chapter 20 of GEM Listing Rules and was properly disclosed thereunder. Best Concept Limited owned two office property units located in Guangzhou, PRC. Upon the completion of the transaction, the Group had the right to use one of the property units as the office for its operations in Guangzhou free of any rental charges for such period the Group would determine as long as the Group's shareholding in Best Concept Limited would not fall below 40%. The transaction was completed on 14 February 2014. Further details are set out in the Company's announcements dated 10 January 2014 and 14 February 2014.

# 28. 重大關連人士交易(續)

於二零一四年一月十日,本集團 與關連人士謝暄先生及其配偶訂 立買賣協議,據此,本集團同意 向謝暄先生及其配偶收購恒利創 建有限公司40%之股權及恒利創 建有限公司所結欠貸款之40%(相 當於2,700,000港元),代價為 6,070,000港元。謝暄先生為本公 司執行董事兼主席並為恒利創建有 限公司之主要股東。因此,該交易 構成創業板上市規則第20章所界 定之關連交易並已據此作出適當披 露。恒利創建有限公司擁有位於中 國廣州市的兩個辦公室物業單位。 待交易完成後,本集團有權使用物 業甲作為其廣州業務之辦事處,而 毋須繳交任何租金,只要買方於恒 利創建有限公司的股權不跌至低於 40%,則有關使用期限由本集團 釐定。該交易已於二零一四年二月 十四日完成。更多詳情載於本公司 日期為二零一四年一月十日及二零 一四年二月十四日之公告。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 28. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 28. 重大關連人士交易(續) (Cont'd)

- On 26 May 2014, the Group and a connected person. Mr. Wang Qiang, entered into the sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Group agreed to acquire 51% equity interest in Shanghai Zero2ipo M&A Fund Management Co. Ltd. and 100% equity interest in ACR Capital Management Limited (formerly known as Joint Victory Inc.) (the "Acquisition") from Mr. Wang Qiang at maximum consideration of HK\$255,000,000 subject to adjustment. Mr. Wang Qiang was a director and shareholder of a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and was a controlling shareholder of Shanghai Zero2ipo M&A Fund Management Co. Ltd. and ACR Capital Management Limited (formerly known as Joint Victory Inc.). Accordingly, the Acquisition constituted a connected transaction as defined in Chapter 20 of GEM Listing Rules and was properly disclosed thereunder. The Acquisition was completed on 28 November 2014. Further details are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements and the Company's announcements dated 26 May 2014, 8 September 2014 and 5 December 2014.
- (h) The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year is as follows:
- 於二零一四年五月二十六日,本集 (q) 團與王强先生(為關連人士)訂立買 賣協議,據此,本集團同意向王强 先生收購上海清科凱盛投資管理有 限公司之51%股權及ACR Capital Management Limited (前稱 Joint Victory Inc.)之100%股權(「收購 事項1),代價上限為255,000,000 港元(可予調整)。王强先生為 本公司一間非全資附屬公司之董 事及股東,及為上海清科凱盛投 資管理有限公司及ACR Capital Management Limited (前稱 Joint Victory Inc.)之控股股東。因此, 根據創業板上市規則第20章之定 義, 收購事項構成本公司之關聯交 易,並已就此作出適當披露。收購 事項於二零一四年十一月二十八日 完成。更多詳情載列於綜合財務 報表附註32及本公司日期為二零 一四年五月二十六日、二零一四年
- (h) 各董事及主要管理人員於年內之薪 酬如下:

之公告。

九月八日及二零一四年十二月五日

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Short-term benefits	短期福利	1,722	1,791
		1,722	1,791

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

各董事及主要管理人員之薪酬乃由薪酬 委員會經考慮各人之表現及市場趨勢後 釐定。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 29. COMMITMENTS

#### **Operating lease commitments**

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

# 29. 承擔

#### 經營租賃承擔

於報告期末,本集團根據不可撤銷經營 租賃須於日後支付之最低租賃款項總額 如下:

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive	一年內 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	957 3,093	1,062
		4,050	1,062

The Group's operating leases are for terms of 1 to 5 years.

本集團之經營租賃為期介乎1至5年。

#### **30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

#### (a) Categories of financial instruments

# 30. 財務工具

#### (a) 財務工具之類別

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets Amount due from associate Available-for-sale investments Trade and other receivables Cash and bank balances	財務資產 應收聯營公司款項 可供出售投資 貿易及其他應收賬款 現金及銀行結餘	2,711 66,497 131,317 12,453	2,700 71,682 155,696 20,316
		212,978	250,394
Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Contingent consideration payable Amount due to a director Amount due to substantial shareholder	財務負債 貿易及其他應付賬款 應付或然代價 應付一名董事款項 應付主要股東款項	215,983 100,953 5,713	246,466 109,825 5,429 26,245
		344,998	387,965

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Cont'd)

#### (b) Financial risk management and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include available-for-sale investments, amount due from associate, trade and other receivables. cash and bank balances, trade and other payables, contingent consideration payable, amount due to a director and amount due to substantial shareholder. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### (i) Market risk

Foreign currency risk

The Company's functional currency is Hong Kong dollar and the functional currency of the majority of the subsidiaries is Renminbi. The Group's transactions, trade receivables and trade payables are mainly denominated in these currencies.

Entities within the Group are exposed to foreign exchange risk from future commercial transactions and monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. However, as the net foreign exchange exposure is not significant, the Group does not actively hedge this foreign exchange exposure and no foreign currency risk sensitivity is disclosed.

## 30. 財務工具(續)

#### b) 財務風險管理及政策

#### (i) 市場風險

外幣風險

本公司之功能貨幣為港元, 而大部分附屬公司之功能貨 幣為人民幣。本集團之交 易、貿易應收款項及貿易應 付款項主要以該等貨幣計值。

本集團旗下實體就未來業務 交易及並非以實體功能貨幣 計值之貨幣資產及負債而承 擔匯兑風險。然而大,故 匯風險淨額並不重大,故 集團並無主動對沖外匯風 險,亦並無披露外匯風險敏 感度。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

## Financial risk management and policies (Cont'd)

#### (i) Market risk (Cont'd)

The Group periodically reviews monetary assets and liabilities held in currencies other than the functional currency to ensure that net exposure is kept at an acceptable level, and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### Interest rate risks

The Group's fair value interest rate risk relates primarily to fixed rate borrowings from substantial shareholder (see note 28). The Group's cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to bank balances (see note 20). The management considers the Group's exposure of the bank balances to interest rate risk is not significant as they have a short maturity period.

#### Credit risk management

As at 31 December 2015, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to perform an obligation by the counterparties, is the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk in relation to trade and other receivables, the management has strengthened the credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the management reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at each reporting date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

#### 30. 財務工具(續)

#### 財務風險管理及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

本集團定期檢討以功能貨幣 以外貨幣持有之資產及負 債,確保風險淨額維持於可 接受水平並將於有需要時對 沖外幣風險。

#### 利率風險

本集團之公平值利率風險主 要與來自主要股東之固定利 率借貸有關(見附註28)。本 集團之現金流利率風險主要 指銀行結餘(見附註20)。管 理層認為,由於銀行結餘之 到期時間短,故本集團面對 銀行結餘之利率風險不大。

#### 信貸風險管理

於二零一五年十二月三十一 日,倘若交易對手未能履行 自身責任而將會對本集團造 成財務損失之最高信貸風 險,為綜合財務狀況表中相 關之已確認財務資產之賬面 值。

為了盡量減低應收貿易及其 他賬款之信貸風險,管理層 已加強信貸限額、信貸審批 及其他監察程序,確保會採 取跟進行動收回逾期未還債 務。此外,管理層審視每筆 個別之貿易債務於報告期末 之可收回金額,確保就未能 收回之款項作出足夠之減值 虧損撥備。就此而言,管理 層董事認為本集團之信貸風 險已大為減輕。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Cont'd)

# (b) Financial risk management and policies (Cont'd)

#### (ii) Credit risk management (Cont'd)

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the majority of the counterparties are reputable banks or banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

#### (iii) Liquidity risk management

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group relies on issuing of shares and borrowings from related parties as a significant sources of funding.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for their financial liabilities which are based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities and the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

#### 30. 財務工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理及政策(續)

#### (ii) 信貸風險管理(續)

流動資金之信貸風險有限, 此乃由於交易對手主要是獲 國際信貸評級機構給予高評 級並且具信譽之銀行。

#### (iii) 流動資金風險管理

本集團管理流動資金風險 時,會監察現金及現金等便 物之水平,將其保持在管理 層認為合適之水平,以發明 本公司之營運所需,減行股切 金流波動之影響。發行股份 及來自關連人士之借貸 集團之主要資金來源

下表詳列本集團之財務負債 之餘下合約到期情況,其基 於本集團可被要求還款之最 早日期而計算之財務負債未 貼現現金流。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Cont'd)

# (b) Financial risk management and policies (Cont'd)

(iii) Liquidity risk management (Cont'd)

# 30. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理及政策(續)

(iii) 流動資金風險管理(續)

2015	二零一五年	On demand or less than 3 months 按要求或 少於3個月 HK\$'000 千港元	More than 3 months but less than 1 year 三個月以上 但少於一年 HK\$*000 千港元	More than 1 year 超過一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Total carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	215,983	-	-	215,983	215,983
Contingent consideration payable	應付或然代價	-	-	124,338	124,338	100,953
Amount due to a director	應付一名董事款項	-	-	5,713	5,713	5,713
Amount due to substantial shareholder	應付主要股東款項	-	-	23,466	23,466	22,349
		215,983	-	153,517	369,500	344,998
2014	二零一四年					
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	246,466	-	_	246,466	246,466
Contingent consideration payable	應付或然代價	-	-	124,338	124,338	109,825
Amount due to a director	應付一名董事款項	-	_	5,429	5,429	5,429
Amount due to substantial shareholder	應付主要股東款項	-	_	26,245	26,245	26,245
		246,466	-	156,012	402,478	387,965

In the opinion of the directors, the Group should have adequate resources to meet its obligation in the forthcoming year on the basis set out in note 3(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

董事認為,根據綜合財務報 表附註3(c)所載之基準,本 集團擁有充足資源於來年履 行其責任。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Cont'd)

#### (c) Fair values

The directors of the Company have considered that the carrying amounts of all financial assets and liabilities, other than available-for-sale investments described in notes 18 and 21 to the consolidated financial statements, approximate their fair values at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014.

The following table sets out the carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 using the three-level hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13.

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

# 30. 財務工具(續)

#### (c) 公平值

本公司董事認為所有財務資產及負債(綜合財務報表附註18及21所述可供出售投資除外)之賬面值與其於二零一五年十二月三十一日及二零一四年十二月三十一日之公平值相若。

下表載列按公平值計量之財務工具 於二零一五年十二月三十一日及 二零一四年十二月三十一日之賬面 值,其中使用香港財務報告準則第 13號界定之三個層級:

第一層:實體於計量日期可獲取 之相同資產或負債之活 躍市場報價(未經調整)。

第二層:除第一層之所報價格 外,資產或負債之直接 或間接可觀察輸入數 據:及

第三層:資產或負債之不可觀察 輸入數據。

	<b>Level 1</b> 第一層 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Level 2</b> 第二層 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Level 3</b> 第三層 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
2015 二零一五年 Recurring fair value measurement 經常性公平值計量 Liabilities 負債 Contingent consideration payable 應付或然代價	-	-	100,953	100,953
2014     二零一四年 Recurring fair value measurement   經常性公平值計量 Liabilities   負債 Contingent consideration payable  應付或然代價	-	_	109,825	109,825

綜合財務報表附註
For the year ended 31 December 2015
截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Cont'd)

#### (c) Fair values (Cont'd)

During the years ended 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

The fair value of contingent consideration payable has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by Ascent Partners Valuation Service Limited, independent qualified professional valuers not connected to the Group, using Binominal model. The significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement is expected volatility.

If 10% increase/decrease in fair value of contingent consideration payable while all other variable held constant, the loss for the year would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$10,095,300 (2014: 10,982,500).

The movements during the year in the balance of the Level 3 fair value measurement are as follows:

#### 30. 財務工具(續)

#### (c) 公平值(續)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日及 二零一四年十二月三十一日止年 度,第一層及第二層之間並無轉 移,第一層及第二層亦無轉入或轉 出第三層。本集團政策為在報告期 末出現公平值層級之間轉撥時確認 該轉撥。

應付或然代價之公平值按獨立合資格專業估值師艾升評值諮詢有限公司(與本集團無關聯)採用二項式定價模型作出之估值而達致。所使用之重要不可觀察輸入數據為預期波幅。預期波幅若有任何升/降,均會影響年度虧損數字。

倘若應付或然代價公平值增加/減少10%而其他可變數保持不變,年度虧損會增加/減少約10,095,300港元(二零一四年:10.982,500港元)。

年內公平值計量第三層結餘之變動 列載如下:

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
1 January	一月一日	109,825	_
Amount arising from business	業務合併產生之款額		
combination		_	125,052
Fair value changes	公平值變動	(8,872)	(15,227)
At 31 December	十二月三十一日	100,953	109,825

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 <sub>截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度</sub>

#### 31. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the directors of the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders and issue of new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the total capital plus net debt. Net debt includes trade and other payables, contingent consideration payable, loan from third party and shareholders, less cash and cash equivalents. Capital includes equity attributable to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interests. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### 31. 資本管理

本集團管理其資本架構,並因應經濟狀況之變動對資本架構作出調整。為維持或調整資本結構,本公司董事或會調節支付予股東之股息數目、退還股東資本及發行新股份。於截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度內,有關目標、政策或程序維持不變。

本集團利用資產負債比率來監察資本情況,即負債淨額除以總資本加負債淨額。應付或然代價、負債淨額包括貿易及其他應付賬款、第三者及股東貸款,減現金及現金等值物。資本包括本公司擁有人及非控股權益應佔權益。於報告期末之資產負債比率如下:

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	215,983	246,466
Contingent consideration payable	應付或然代價	100,953	109,825
Amount due to a director	應付一名董事款項	5,713	5,429
Amount due to substantial	應付主要股東款項		
shareholder		22,349	26,245
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等值物	(12,453)	(20,316)
Net debt	負債淨額	332,545	367,649
Equity attributable to:	下列人士應佔權益:		
<ul> <li>owners of the Company</li> </ul>	一本公司擁有人	89,019	101,026
<ul> <li>non-controlling interests</li> </ul>	一非控股權益	(19,212)	1,739
Total equity	總權益	69,807	102,765
Capital and net debt	資本及負債淨額	402,352	470,414
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	82.65%	78.15%

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 32. BUSINESS COMBINATION

On 26 May 2014, the Group entered into the sale and purchase agreement in which several terms were subsequently amended by a supplemental agreement dated 8 September 2014, (the "Agreements") for the acquisition of 51% equity interest in Shanghai Zero2ipo M&A Fund Management Co., Ltd. and 100% equity interest in ACR Capital Management Limited (formerly known as Joint Victory Inc.) (the "Acquisition") at maximum consideration of HK\$255,000,000 subject to adjustment. The principal activities of these two subsidiaries are disclosed in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements. The Acquisition was completed on 28 November 2014. Further details are set out in the Company's announcement dated 26 May 2014, 8 September 2014 and 5 December 2014.

The Acquisition was to allow the Group to pursue its long term business diversification strategy by entering into the investment management and consultancy industry.

Pursuant to the Agreements, the maximum consideration for the Acquisition of HK\$255,000,000 comprised the initial consideration of HK\$130,662,000 (the "Initial consideration") and contingent consideration up to a maximum of HK\$124,338,000 (the "Contingent consideration payable"), and was to be satisfied as follows:

- RMB5,100,000 (equivalent to HK\$6,324,000) in cash upon completion of the Acquisition;
- (ii) a maximum of HK\$124,338,000 by allotment and issue of 276,306,666 Ordinary shares of the Company at the issue price of HK\$0.45 per share: and
- a maximum of HK\$124,338,000 (subject to adjustment) by issue convertible bonds upon the fulfillment of profit guarantees.

According to the Agreements, Contingent consideration payable would be paid based on the percentage of profit after tax of the acquired subsidiaries in each of the years 2015 and 2016 compared to HK\$25,500,000 respectively.

#### 32. 業務合併

於二零一四年五月二十六日,本集團訂 立買賣協議,其後通過日期為二零一四 年九月八日之補充協議修訂買賣協議項 下之多項條款(「協議」),內容有關收 購上海清科凱盛投資管理有限公司之 51%股權及ACR Capital Management Limited (前稱 Joint Victory Inc.) 之 100%股權(「收購事項」),代價上限為 255.000.000港元(可予調整)。該兩間 附屬公司之主要業務披露於綜合財務報 表附註34內。收購事項已於二零一四 年十一月二十八日落實。更多詳情載列 於本公司日期為二零一四年五月二十六 日、二零一四年九月八日及二零一四年 十二月五日之公告。

收購事項是要讓本集團誘過進入投資管 理及顧問行業,實行其長遠業務多元化 策略。

根據協議,收購事項之代價上限為 255,000,000 港 元 , 包 括 初 步 代 價 130,662,000港元(「初步代價」)及或然 代價最高上限為124,338,000港元(「應 付或然代價」),將以下列方式結付:

- 人民幣5,100,000元(相當於約 (i) 6,324,000港元) 將於收購事項完 成後以現金支付;
- 最高124,338,000港元將透過配發 (ii) 及發行276,306,666股本公司普通 股支付,發行價每股0.45港元;及
- 最高124,338,000港元(可予調整) 將於溢利保證實現時透過發行可換 股債券支付。

根據協議,應付或然代價將會根據所收 購附屬公司於二零一五年及二零一六年 各年之除税後溢利比對25,500,000港元 之百分比分別計算支付。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **32. BUSINESS COMBINATION** (Cont'd)

# On 28 November 2014, the Acquisition was completed and the fair values of the consideration are as follows:

#### 32. 業務合併(續)

於二零一四年十一月二十八日,收購事項已完成,代價之公平值如下:

		HK\$'000
		千港元
Initial consideration	初步代價	
Cash	現金	6,436
Ordinary shares	普通股	96,707
		103,143
Contingent consideration payable	應付或然代價	
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	125,052
Total consideration	總代價	228,195

The directors of the Company engaged an independent qualified professional valuers, Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited to determine fair value of Ordinary shares (market value of Ordinary shares) of Initial consideration and convertible bonds of Contingent consideration payable to be recognised in accordance with HKFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" issued by HKICPA. The Contingent consideration payable was classified as financial liability, measured at fair value through profit or loss within the scope of HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

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中。

Acquisition-related costs amounting to HK\$1,160,000 were recognised and included in administrative and operating expenses.

於收購事項日期,可資識別之已收購資 產及所承擔負債之確認金額如下:

收購相關成本之金額為1,160,000港

元,已於行政及營運開支確認及納入其

The recognised amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of Acquisition are as follows:

本公司董事委聘獨立合資格專業估值師 威格斯資產評估顧問有限公司,以釐定 初步代價之普通股(普通股市值)及應付 或然代價之可換股債券之公平值及根據 香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準 則「公平值計量」確認公平值。應付或然 代價分類為香港會計準則第39號「財務 工具:確認及計量」範疇內之透過損益

按公平值計量之財務負債。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **32. BUSINESS COMBINATION** (Cont'd)

# 32. 業務合併(續)

		Shanghai Zero2ipo M&A Fund Management	ACR Capital Management Limited (formerly known as Joint	
		Co. Ltd. 上海清科凱盛	Victory Inc.)	Total
		<b>投資管理</b> 有限公司 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>(前稱Joint</b> <b>Victory Inc.)</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	295	_	295
Intangible assets	無形資產	56,009	-	56,009
Available-for-sale investments Current assets	可供出售投資 流動資產	22,366	-	22,366
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款	197,231	_	197,231
Cash and cash equivalents Current liabilities	現金及現金等值物 流動負債	724	_	724
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	(211,058)	_	(211,058)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	非流動負債	(14,002)		(14,002)
Net assets acquired	已收購資產淨值	51,565	_	51,565

Goodwill arising on Acquisition was calculated as follows:

收購事項產生之商譽計算如下:

		Shanghai Zero2ipo M&A Fund Management Co. Ltd. 上海清科凱盛 投資管理 有限公司 HK\$'000	ACR Capital Management Limited (formerly known as Joint Victory Inc.)  (前稱Joint Victory Inc.)  HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Total consideration Non-controlling interest	總代價 非控股權益	228,195 25,267	_ _	228,195 25,267
		253,462	_	253,462
Less: net assets acquired	減:已收購資產淨值	51,565	-	51,565
Carrying amount of goodwill	商譽之賬面值	201,897	_	201,897

Goodwill arose on the Acquisition because the business potential of the acquired subsidiaries could provide consultancy and fund management services in the PRC.

收購事項能產生商譽之原因是所收購附 屬公司能於中國提供顧問及基金管理服 務。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 32. BUSINESS COMBINATION (Cont'd)

# 32. 業務合併(續)

None of the goodwill was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

預期概無商譽將就税項作出扣減。

HK\$'000 千港元

Net Cash inflow on acquisition of subsidiaries

收購附屬公司之現金流入淨額已收購

之現金及

Cash and cash equivalent acquired

現金等值物

724

The non-controlling interests of 49% in Shanghai Zero2ipo M&A Fund Management Co. Ltd. at the date of Acquisition was measured at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of identified net assets of Shanghai Zero2ipo M&A Fund Management Co. Ltd.

The Acquisition contributed revenue of HK\$1,813,000 and increased net loss of HK\$4,230,000 to the Group for the period from 29 November 2014 to 31 December 2014. If the Acquisition had occurred on 1 January 2014, the revenue and loss of the Group would have increased by HK\$21,893,000 and decreased by HK\$7,983,000 respectively.

Trade and other receivables acquired in these transactions with the fair value of HK\$197,231,000 which was same as gross contractual amount. No contractual cash flows were expected to be uncollectible.

於收購日期,在上海清科凱盛投資管理有限公司之49%非控股權益按非控股權益於上海清科凱盛投資管理有限公司已識別資產淨值確認金額之比例分額計算。

於二零一四年十一月二十九日至二零一四年十二月三十一日期間,收購事項貢獻本集團收益1,813,000港元及虧損淨額4,230,000港元。倘收購事項於二零一四年一月一日進行,本集團之收益及虧損將分別增加21,893,000港元及減少7,983,000港元。

該等交易中所收購之貿易及其他應收賬款之公平值為197,231,000港元,與總合約金額相同。預期概無合約現金流量不可收回。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 33. COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL 33. 公司財務狀況表 POSITION

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Interests in subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司之權益	196,698	268,807
CURRENT ASSETS Trade and other receivables	<b>流動資產</b> 貿易及其他應收賬款	60	53
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Trade and other payables  Amounts due to subsidiaries	<b>流動負債</b> 貿易及其他應付賬款 應付附屬公司款項	676 3,775	794 1,956
		4,451	2,750
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨額	(4,391)	(2,697)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債	192,307	266,110
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES  Contingent consideration payal  Amount due to a director  Amount due to substantial	<b>非流動負債</b> ble 應付或然代價 應付一名董事款項 應付主要股東款項	100,953 68	109,825 46
shareholder	悠刊工女放木派为	22,369	26,264
		123,390	136,135
NET ASSETS	資產淨額	68,917	129,975
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves (Note)	<b>股本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備(附註)	176,183 (107,266)	176,183 (46,208)
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	68,917	129,975

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註屬於本綜合財務報表之一部份。

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 March 2016.

於二零一六年三月二十九日獲董事會批 准及授權刊發。

Xie Xuan Qiu Yue Director Director

 謝暄
 邱越

 董事
 董事

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 33. COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL 33. 公司財務狀況表(續) POSITION (Cont'd)

Note:

附註:

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	235,295	13,882	(337,549)	(88,372)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	(26,912)	(26,912)
Issue of shares on acquisition of interests in subsidiaries	因收購於附屬公司之權益 發行股份	69,076	_	_	69,076
At 31 December 2014 and at 1 January 2015	於二零一四年十二月三十一日 及二零一五年一月一日	304,371	13,882	(364,461)	(46,208)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損			(61,058)	(61,058)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	304,371	13,882	(425,519)	(107,266)

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the nominal value of the Ordinary shares issued by the Company and the net asset value of a subsidiary acquired through an exchange of shares as at the date of the group reorganisation.

本公司之實繳盈餘指本公司已發行普通股之 面值與於集團重組當日透過交換股份收購之 附屬公司之資產淨值之差額。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 34. SUBSIDIARIES

# 34. 附屬公司

(a) Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Company are as follows:

(a) 本公司之附屬公司詳情如下:

	Place of incorporation/	Form of	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及	interes the Co 本公司	rtion of t held by ompany 引持有之 註比例	
Name 名稱	operation 註冊成立/經營地點	legal entity 法人實體形式	線足股本/ 註冊資本	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Principal activities 主要業務
Asian Information Resources (BVI) Limited*	The British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	International business company 國際商業公司	US\$200 200美元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Asian Information Resources Limited* 亞洲訊息有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability 有限責任公司	HK\$11,228,290 11,228,290港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Asian Information Resources Finance Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability 有限責任公司	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Investment holding and provision of treasure functions to group companies 投資控股及為集團公司提供庫務服務
Asian Information Resources Investment Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability 有限責任公司	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Provision of administration services to group companies 為集團公司提供行政服務
Asian Information Resources Marketing Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability 有限責任公司	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100%	Inactive 並無營業
Biztech Company Limited 博慧科技有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability 有限責任公司	HK\$100,000 100,000港元	-	91%	Investment holding 投資控股
Vega International Group Ltd.*	The British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	International business company 國際商業公司	US\$5 5美元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Vega Capital Ltd.* 廣州維嘉投資顧問有限公司*	The PRC 中國	Limited liability 有限責任公司	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	-	100%	Provision of corporate finance and management consultancy services 提供企業融資及管理諮詢服務
Guangzhou Wavecorn Communications and Advertising Limited* 廣州濤視傳播廣告有限公司*	The PRC 中國	Limited liability 有限責任公司	RMB10,500,000 人民幣10,500,000元	-	100%	Inactive 並無營業
South Pearl Limited* 廣州南方明珠網絡科技 有限公司*	The PRC 中國	Limited liability 有限責任公司	RMB20,000,000 人民幣20,000,000元	-	55%	Inactive 並無營業

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **34. SUBSIDIARIES** (Cont'd)

# 34. 附屬公司(續)

(a) Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Company are as follows: (Cont'd)

(a) 本公司之附屬公司詳情如下:(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/經營地點	Form of legal entity 法人實體形式	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊資本	Propor interest the Co 本公司 權益 Directly 直接	held by mpany 持有之 比例	Principal activities 主要業務
Shanghai Zero2ipo M&A Fund Management Co., Ltd* 上海清科凱盛投資管理有限公司*	The PRC 中國	Limited liability 有限責任公司	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	-	51%	Provision of private investment fund management services, private securities, private equity and venture capital investments 提供私人投資基金管理服務、私人證券、私募股權及風險資本投資
ACR Capital Management Limited (formerly known as Joint Victory Inc.)* (前稱Joint Victory Inc.)	Samoa 薩摩亞	Limited liability 有限責任公司	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Provision of business management and consulting services in Asia Pacific region 於亞太區提供業務管理及 顧問服務
Kasun Asian Capital Resources Management Limited* 凱盛亞洲資產管理有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability 有限責任公司	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	-	55%	Inactive 並無營業
深圳亞信股權投資管理有限公司*	The PRC 中國	Limited liability 有限責任公司	U\$\$400,000 400,000美元	-	100%	Provision of investment management and consulting services 提供投資管理及顧問服務
Asian Capital Resources (PTC) Limited*	The British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability 有限責任公司	US\$100 100美元	-	100%	Inactive 並無營業
深圳亞信凱瑞投資合伙企業*	The PRC 中國	Limited liability 有限責任公司	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	-	100%	Inactive 並無營業

<sup>\*</sup> Companies not audited by Cheng & Cheng Limited

該等公司並未由鄭鄭會計師事務所有 限公司審核。

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 34. SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

# (b) Details of non-wholly owned subsidiary that has material non-controlling interests

The following table lists out the information relating to each of subsidiaries of the Group which has material non-controlling interests (NCI). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

#### 34. 附屬公司(續)

# (b) 非全資附屬公司(擁有重大非控股權益)之詳情

下表載列與本集團擁有其重大非控 股權益之各附屬公司有關之資料, 下表呈列之財務資料概要指任何公 司間對銷前之金額。

Biztech Company Limited		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000
博慧科技有限公司		千港元	千港元
NCI percentage	非控股權益百分比	9%	9%
Current assets	流動資產	12,609	19,838
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,308	19
Current liabilities	流動負債	(185,754)	(204,372)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	-	_
Net liabilities	負債淨值	(170,837)	(184,515)
NCI	非控股權益	-	3,905
Deficit attributable to owners of	博慧科技有限公司擁有人		
Biztech Company Limited	應佔之虧絀	(170,837)	(180,610)
Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益之賬面值	15,375	16,255
Revenue	收益	_	124,463
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(2,879)	(14,164)
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額	(2,675)	(14,141)
Loss attributable to NCI	非控股權益應佔之虧損	259	1,276
Total comprehensive loss	非控股權益應佔全面		
attributable to NCI	虧損總額	241	1,273
Dividend paid to NCI	支付予非控股權益之股息	-	_
Cash flows (used in)/from operating	經營業務(所用)/產生之		
activities	現金流量	(1,661)	(4,699)
Cash flows used in investing	投資活動產生之現金流量		
activities		(2,871)	(25)
Cash flows (used in)/from financing	融資活動(所用)/產生		
activities	現金流量	_	(3,597)

綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 34. SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

# 34. 附屬公司(續)

- (b) Details of non-wholly owned subsidiary that has material non-controlling interests (Cont'd)
- (b) 非全資附屬公司(擁有重大非控股權益)之詳情(續)

Shanghai Zero2ipo M&A Fund Management Company Limited 上海清科凱盛投資管理有限公司		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
NCI percentage Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Net (liabilities)/assets Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益百分比 流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債 (負債)/資產淨值 非控股權益之賬面值	49% 128,470 66,560 (202,788) – (7,758) 3,801	49% 144,618 123,125 (210,198) (12,719) 44,826 (21,965)
Revenue Loss for the year Total comprehensive loss Loss attributable to NCI  Total comprehensive loss attributable to NCI Dividend paid to NCI	收益 年內虧損 全面收入總額 非控股權益應佔之 虧損 非控股權益應佔全面 虧損總額 支付予非控股權益之 股息	3,002 (52,515) (52,303) 25,732 25,629	313 (5,722) (5,693) 2,804 2,790
Cash flows (used in)/from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows used in financing activities	經營業務(所用)/ 產生之現金流量 投資活動產生之現金 流量 融資活動所用現金 流量	(3,303) 2,396 (7)	242 - -

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 35. ASSOCIATE

#### 35. 聯營公司

Particulars of the associate of the Company are as follows:

本公司聯營公司之詳情如下:

	Place of incorporation	/	Issued and fully paid share capital	Proportion of interest held by the Company 本公司持有之權益比例		
Name 名稱	operation 註冊成立/ 經營地點	Form of legal entity 法人實體形式	已發行及繳足 股本/註冊 資本	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Principal activities 主要業務
Best Concept Limited 恒利創建有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability 有限公司	HK\$10 10港元	-	40%	Property investment 物業投資

#### 36. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 24 March 2016, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Company agreed to dispose of 100% equity interest in a subsidiary, Vega International Group Limited upon the terms and conditions as set out therein.

#### 37. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with current year's presentation.

#### 38. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 29 March 2016.

# 36. 報告期後事項

於二零一六年三月二十四日,本公司 訂立一份買賣協議,據此,本公司同 意出售一間附屬公司Vega International Group Limited之100%股權,並依據買 賣協議所載之條款及條件行事。

#### 37. 比較金額

若干比較金額已重新分類以與本年度之 呈列保持一致。

#### 38. 財務報表之批准

此等綜合財務報表已於二零一六年三月 二十九日獲本公司董事會批准並授權刊 發。

# SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

財務資料概要

The table set out below summaries the results and the assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the Group's published consolidated financial statements of the respective years. This summary is not part of the audited financial statements.

非控股權益,摘錄自本集團於相應年度已刊發之綜合財務報表。此概要並非經審核財務報表之部分。

			2015 -쪻			2014 一零一四年			2013 -零-二年			2012 -零年			2011 -零年	
		Continuing Discontinued	Discontinued	Total	Continuing	Discontinued onerations	Total	Continuing	Discontinued	Tet to	Continuing	Discontinued	Teta	Continuing	Discontinued	Eto
		本	额		本	1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	3	本			本		3	本	出線	-
		絕營業務 HK\$'000	<b>營工                                    </b>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	經營業務 HK\$,000	簡	# 線 HK\$,000	網營業務 HK\$'000	經營業務 HK\$'000	二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二	經營業務 HK\$'000	經營業務 HK\$1000	二 章 和 W W H W W H	擔營業務 HK\$,000	經營業務 HK\$:000	□ \$\dagger{\pmax}{\pmax} \\ \pmax \\ \max \\ \pmax \\ \
		出	出来	上海		十沸元	比拠十	千沸元	出搬士	11年十	上海上	十沸元	千沸元	工業上	比拠十	千沸元
Results	雑															
Revenue	松崇	23,551	,	23,551	1,939	124,456	126,395	1	153,756	153,756	6,574	1	6,574	6,964	ı	6,964
(Loss)/profit attributable to 本公司擁有人應估owner of the Company (虧損)/溢利	,本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)/溢利	(11,843)		(11,843)	1,586	(12,885)	(11,299)	(2,866)	(5,728)	(13,594)	(13,687)	ı	(13,687)	(23,264)	24,110	846
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債															
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總額 負債總額	414,805 (344,998)		414,805 (344,998)	491,832 (374,762)	11,634 (25,939)	503,466 (400,701)	46,498 (40,570)	25,338 (29,837)	71,836 (70,407)	41,099 (79,185)	1 1	41,099 (79,185)	50,559 (137,785)	1 1	50,559
Net assets/(liabilities)	資產/(負債)淨額	69,807	•	69,807	117,070	(14,305)	102,765	5,928	(4,499)	1,429	(38,086)	1	(38,086)	(87,226)	1	(87,226)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	19,212	•	19,212	(6,109)	4,370	(1,739)	15,054	1,315	16,369	(6,858)	1	(6,858)	(11,948)	1	(11,948)
Equity/(deficit) attributable 本公司擁有人 to the owners of 應佔權益/ the Company (虧绌)	本公司擁有人 應佔權益/ (虧絀)	89,019	•	89,019	110,961	(9,935)	101,026	20,982	(3,184)	17,798	(44,944)	1	(44,944)	(99,174)	1	(99,174)

ACR